天津市新华中学 2016-2017 学年度第一学期高二级部第一次检测

英语试卷

第一项　听力（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

第一节：听下面 5 段对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题，每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the man advise the woman o do?

A. Go to bed　　B. Go to the concert　　C. Go to the hospital

2. How long does it take the slow train to get to New York?

A. Two hours　　B. Three hours　　C. Four hours

3. What will the woman probably do?

A. Leave for home　　B. Check the lab　　C. Do her experiment

4. What do we learn about the woman?

A. She is upset about the bill

B. She misunderstands the waiter

C. She complains about food

5. What does the man imply?

A. He will be playing baseball

B. He will be seeing the game

C. He will be studying

第二节 听下面几段材料。每段材料后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段材料前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段材料读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 至第 8 小题。

6. How does the man go to work?

A. By bus　　B. By car　　C. By train

7. How far is it from the man's home to his workplace?

A. Fifteen miles　　B. Forty-five miles　　C. Fifty-five miles

8. When is the worst traffic time during the day for the man?

A. In the morning B. At noon C. At the end of the day

听下面一段对话，回答第 9 至第 11 小题。

9. What is the conversation mainly about?

A. A party for a TV job

B. A job opportunity at a TV station

C. A successful TV job experience

10. Why does the man want to get the job?

A. To earn a high wage

B. To improve his study

C. To gain working experience

11. How will the woman help the man?

A. Give some advice to him B. Write a play for him C. Offer a job to him

听下面一段独白，回答第 12 至第 15 小题。

12. What is the Student Union responsible for?

A. Medical care B. Social life C. Registration

13. What is the last step of becoming a member of the Student Club?

A. Getting a Student Union membership

B. Getting a registration receipt

C. Getting a student card

14. When can a student go to the student health centre?

A. 10:00 a.m. Wednesday B. 8:45 a.m. Thursday C. 3:00 p.m. Friday

15. What is the speech mainly about?

A. School size B. Teacher activities C. Student services

第二项　单项填空（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

16. After working abroad for some years, Gill wants to settle down to a(n)_____job in Britain

A. permanent B. profound C. temporary D. essential

17. _____all of them have excellent language skills, only one will be chosen for the post.

A. Since B. As C. If D. While

18. He will be punished by law because he made no _____at all to save the dying boy.

A. remark B. attempt C. sign D. action

19. We camped in a place which the local people _____ as LAVA.

A. signed B. took C. referred to D. related to

20. One of the requirements for being admitted to the university is that you _____the English test organized by it.

A. pass B. have to pass C. will pass D. must pass

21. To keep healthy, he _____ cycling as a regular form of exercise.

A. turned up B. set up C. took up D. made up

22. Cathy had to idea what difficulty she might have _____ that knowledge to use.

A. put B. putting C. to put D. puts

23. ----What have you been doing? You have bought nothing. -----I arrived at the shop only_____ I had left all my money a home.

A. found B. to find C. finding D. to have found

24. George took all _____ his parents did for him for granted.

A. that B. what C. which D. it

25. There are plenty of jobs _____in the west part of our country.

A. convenient B. present C. available D. accessible

26. He will stop showing off, if no notice _____of him.

A. is taken B. will be taken C. takes D. has taken

27. His new house is like a huge palace, _____ with his old one.

A. comparing B. compares C. to compare D. compared

28. He nodded his head and smiled, which suggested that he _____what I said.

A. would understand B. had understood C. should understand D. has understood

29. _____your advertisement in the newspaper, I wish to _____for the position of clerk.

A. In demand for, call B. In response to, apply

C. In return for, care D. In need of , beg

30. Do you wake up every morning _____ energetic and ready to start a new day?

A. feel B. to feel C. feeling D. felt

第三项　完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

Jame's New Bicycle

James shook his money box again. Nothing! He carefully ___31___the coins that lay on the bed. $24.52 was all he had. The bicycle he wanted was least $ 90! ___32___on earth was he going to get the __33___of the money?

He knew that his friends all had bicycles. It was __34__ to hang around with people when you were the only one without wheels. He thought about what he could do. There was no __35__ asking his parents, for he knew they had no money to __36__.

There was only one way to get money, and that was to __37__ it. He would have to find a job. __38__ who would hire him and what could he do? He decided to ask Mr. Clay for advice, who usually had __39__ on most things.

"Well, you can start right here," said Mr. Clay. "My windows need cleaning and my car needs washing."

That was the __40__ of James's odd-job（零工） business. For three months he worked every day after finishing his homework. He was surprised by the __41__ of jobs that people found for him to do. He took dogs and babies for walks, cleared out cupboards and mended books. He couldn't remember the __42__ of cars he washed and windows he cleaned, but the __43__ increased and he knew that he would soon have __44__ for the bicycle he longed for.

The day __45__ came when James counted his money and found $94.32. He __46__ no time and went down to the shop to pick up the bicycle he wanted. He rode __47__ home, looking forward to showing his new bicycle to his friends. It had been hard __48__ for the money, but James knew that he valued his bicycle far more __49__ he had bought it with his own money. He had __50__what he thought was impossible, and that was worth even more than the bicycle.

31. A. cleaned B. covered C. counted D. created

32. A. How B. Why C. Who D. What

33. A. amount B. part C. sum D. rest

34. A. brave B. hard C. smart
D. unfair

35. A. point B. reason C. result
D. right

36. A. break B. look C. spare
D. speak

37. A. borrow B. earn C. raise
D. collect

38. A. Or B. Because C. For
D. But

39. A. bikes B. books C. opinions
D. covers

40. A. beginning B. demand C. requirement
D. ending

41. A. similarity B. quality C. suitability
D. variety

42. A. brand B. number C. size
D. type

43. A. effort B. pressure C. money
D. trouble

44. A. all B. enough C. much
D. some

45. A. finally B. firstly C. normally
D. regularly

46. A. gave B. left C. looked
D. wasted

47. A. patiently B. proudly C. silently
D. tiredly

48. A. applying B. asking C. looking
D. working

49. A. because B. whether C. so D. though

50. A. interested B. benefited C. achieved D. lost

第四项 阅读理解（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

A

Growing up in New York, Tom started cooking with his stay-at-home dad when he was seven. His food-loving family had two kitchens, and he quickly learned what was the best way to bake his cakes. He improved his kitchen skills greatly during a year abroad before college, learning from a cook in Italy and studying local specialties（地方特色菜）in Germany, Spain and France. At Yale, he was known for throwing dinner parties, single-handedly frying and baking while mixing drinks for dozens of friends. Just for fun, he and some friends decided to tape a show named *Campus Cuisine* about his cooking. He was a real college student showing his classmates how to do things like make drinks out of dining-hall fruit. That helped the show become very popular among the students.

They would stop Tom after classes to ask for his advice on cooking. Tapes of the show were passed around, with which his name went beyond the school and finally to the Food Network.

Food Network producer Peter hopes the young cook will find a place on the network television. He says Lieberman's charisma is key. "Food TV isn't about food anymore," says Peter. "It's about your personality and finding a way to keep people's eyeballs on your show."

But Tom isn't putting all his eggs in one basket. After taping the first season of the new show, he was back in his own small kitchen preparing sandwiches. An airline company was looking for someone to come up with a tasteful, inexpensive and easy-to-make menu to serve on its flights, he got the job.

51. We can learn from the text that Tom's family ____.

A. have relatives in Europe B. love cooking at home

C. often hold parties D. own a restaurant

52. The Food Network got to know Tom ____.

A. at one of his parties B. from his teachers

C. through his taped show D. on a television talk show

53. What does the word “charisma” underlined in the text refer to?

A. A natural ability to attract others. B. A way to cook dinner

C. Tom’s after-class interest. D. Tom’s fine cooking skill.

54. Why did the airline company give Tom the job?

A. He could prepare meals in a small kitchen.

B. He was famous for his shows on Food TV.

C. He was good at using eggs to make sandwiches.

D. He could cook cheap, delicious and simple meals.

55. What can we learn about Tom from the text?

A. He is clever but lonely. B. He is friendly and active.

C. He enjoys traveling around. D. He often changes his menus.

B

Why play games? Because they are fun, and a lot more besides. Following the rules…planning your next move…acting as a team member…these are all “game” ideas that you will come across throughout your life.

Think about some of the games you played as a young child, such as rope-jumping and hide-and-seek. Such games are entertaining and fun. But perhaps more importantly, they translate life into exciting dramas that teach children some of the basic rules they will be expected to follow the rest of their lives, such as taking turns and cooperating(合作).

Many children's games have a practical side. Children around the world play games that prepare them for work they will do as grown-ups. For instance, some Saudi Arabian children play a game called bones, which sharpens the hand-eye coordination (协调) needed in hunting.

Many sports encourage national or local pride. The most famous games of all, the Olympic Games, bring athletes from around the world together to take part in friendly competition. People who watch the event wave flags, knowing that a gold medal is a win for an entire country, not just the athlete who earned it. For countries experiencing natural disasters or war, an Olympic win can mean so much.

Sports are also an event that unites people. Soccer is the most popular sport in the world. People on all continents play it-some for fun and some for a living. Nicolette Iribarne, a

Californian soccer player, has discovered a way to spread hope through soccer. He created a foundation to provide poor children with not only soccer balls but also a promising future.

Next time you play your favorite game or sport, think about why you enjoy it, what skills are needed, and whether these skills will help you in other aspects of your life.

56. Through playing hide-and-seek, children are expected to learn to _____

A. be a team leader B. obey the basic rules

C. act as a grown-up D. go sightseeing with friends

57. The underlined part in Paragraph 2 most probably means that games can _____.

A. describe life in a boring way

B. help parents with the housework

C. make learning life skills more interesting

D. change people's views of sporting events

58. According to the passage, why is winning Olympic medals so encouraging?

A. It inspires people's deep love for the country.

B. It proves the exceptional skills of the winners.

C. It helps the country out of natural disasters.

D. It earns the winners fame and fortune.

59. Iribarne's goal of fortning the foundation is to _____.

A. bring fun to poor kids B. provide soccer balls for children

C. give poor kids a chance for a better life D. appeal to soccer players to help poor kids

60. What can be inferred from the passage?

A. Games benefit people all their lives.

B. Sports can get all athletes together.

C. People are advised to play games for fun.

D. Sports increase a country's competitiveness.

C

A small piece of fish each day may keep the heart doctor away. That's the finding of an extensive study of Dutch men in which deaths from heart disease were more than 50 percent lower

among those who consumed at least an ounce of salt water fish per day than those who never ate fish.

The Dutch research is one of three human studies that give strong scientific backing to the long-held belief that eating fish can provide health benefits, particularly to the heart.

Heart disease is the number-one killer in the United States, with more than 550, 000 deaths occurring from heart attacks each year. But researchers previously have noticed that the incidence (发生率) of heart disease is lower in cultures that consume more fish than Americans do. There are fewer heart disease deaths, for example, among the Eskimos of Greenland, who consume about 14 ounces of fish a day, and among the Japanese, whose daily fish consumption averages more than 3 ounces.

For 20 years, the Dutch study following 852 middle-aged men, 20 percent of whom ate too fish. At the start of the study, the average fish consumption was about two-thirds of an ounce each day with more men eating lean(瘦的)fish than fatty fish.

During the last two decades, 78 of the men died from heart disease. The fewest deaths were among the group who regularly ate fish, even at levels far lower than those of the Japanese or Eskimos. This relationship was true regardless of other factors such as age, high blood pressure, or blood cholesterol (胆固醇) levels.

61. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A. The Dutch research has proved that eating fish can help to prevent heart disease.

B. You won't have heart disease so long as you keep eating fish each day.

C. Among all the diseases heart disease is the most dangerous in America.

D. There is a low incidence of heart disease in such countries as Japan and Greenland.

62. The phrase "this relationship" refers to the connection between _____ and the incidence of heart disease.

A. the country of the people

B. people of different regions

C. the drinking water

D. regular fish-eating

63. The passage is mainly about _____.

A. the high incidence of heart disease in some countries

B. the effect of fish-eating regularly on people's health

C. the changes in people's diet

D. what people eat in different cultures

64. Why is heart disease the most dangerous killer in the United States?

A. Because American people drink too much water.

B. Because there are a great number of people there.

C. The author doesn't give a definite answer.

D. Because American people eat too much fish every day.

65. How many lives could probably be saved each year in the United States by eating fish according to the Dutch study?

A. 600, 000.　　B. 275,000.　　C. 852　　D. 20

第五项 阅读表达（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

We often focus on building relationships with others, and forget the essential first step: being friends with ourselves. That is the first step in having good relationships with others. How can one have a good relationship with others if one doesn't even have a good relationship with oneself?

This might be more of a problem than we realize. It's possible to dislike oneself without even knowing it. Fortunately, there are ways of fixing the situation. Here are some tips on being friends with yourselves.

1. Forgive yourself

No doubt, like everyone else, you're made some mistakes in the past. Is there anything you can do about them now? I don't think so, except to learn from them. It's true that you are not perfect, and neither is anybody else. It's normal to make mistakes, so do yourself a favor, and forgive yourself.

2. Accept the things you can't change

No one can change his or her background or past. Learn to accept them. You'll feel happy once you start treating the things you can't change the way they deserve(应得), by accepting them, smiling, and moving on.

3. Focus on your strengths

Most people spend all too much time focusing on their weaknesses. Yet every person has a unique combination of strengths that nobody else has. Recognize these, and build your life around them.

4. Stop comparing yourself with others

You are unique. You can never be like other people, nor can they be like you. You can't measure your own success against the success that others have. Success can only be measured in relation to a person's own purposes. Your goals are your own, and you have what you need to achieve them, so why waste time comparing yourself with others?

66. What would be the best title for the passage? (No more than 8 words)

67. Which word has the opposite meaning of "Weaknesses"? (No more than 1word)

68. Why should we forgive ourselves?(No more than 10 words)

69. According to the passage, how should one measure one's success? (No more than 10 words)

70. Which tip do you think would be the most useful for you and why?(No more than 20 words)

英语答案

1-5CBAAC 6-10BACBC 11-15ABCAC 16-20ADBCA 21-25CBBAC

26-30ADBBC 31-35CADBA 36-40CBDCA 41-45DBCBA 46-50DBDAC

51-55BCADB 61-65BDBCB

66-70 略