\bigcirc

 \bigcirc

 \circ

 \bigcirc

绝密★启用前

 \bigcirc

爱智康 2017-2018 学年第一学期期中模拟考

| | | 初三英语 | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----|--|
| | | | 时间:120分钟 满分:100 | 2分 | |
| 一、单项填空 (共 15 | 小题;每小题 1 分, | 共 15 分) | | | |
| l. Nanjing, | old capital of the s | ix dynasties, becomes | more beautiful city | in | |
| Autumn. | | | | | |
| A . a, a | B. the, the | C. the, a | D. an, the | | |
| 2. How lucky Peter w | vas! Some policemen | arrived in time and _ | | | |
| A. tried to help | | B. managed to help l | nim out | | |
| C. tried helping | | D. succeeded to hel | D. succeeded to help | | |
| 3. I still like those g | ood old songs I ofte | n listen to | _ myself in my spare time. | | |
| A. enjoy | B. enjoying | C. to enjoy | D. enjoyed | | |
| 4. We're going to Su | zhou Amusement Pai | rk in Linda's card. You | can come with us you | car | |
| neet us there later. | | | | | |
| A. or | B. but | C. and | D. then | | |
| ō Excuse me, wil | l the plane for Beiji | ng within | an hour? | | |
| I'm not sure. Y | ou can go to the Inf | ormation Desk for hel | p. | | |
| A. get off | B. take off | C. turn off | D. show off | | |
| 6. This problem worn | ried her so much tho | it she didn't know | with it. | | |
| A. what she can do | | B. what she could de | eal | | |
| C. how to do | | D. how to deal | | | |
| 7. Your plan is not so | good so you must _ | more time o | and energy to it. | | |
| 4. want | B. spend | C. devote | D. waste | | |
| 3 You made so m | any spelling mistake | s again, Mary. You wor | n't learn English if your | | |
| spelling | | | | | |
| Sorry, Mr. Wu | I will be more care | ful. | | | |
| A. won't be paid attention | | B. isn't paid attention to | | | |
| C. doesn't pay attention to | | D. isn't paid attention | | | |
| 9. "Eddie promised <u>t</u> | <u>o run</u> for an hour ev | ery day." The underlir | ned part is | | |
| A. subject | B. object | C. predicative | D. object complement | | |
| lO Wow, | useful and fashi | onable Iphone 8 you h | ave bought! | | |
| Ves it is | areat help to | ne T must | say it also cost me a lot | | |

| A. what, a, But | | B. what an, the, And | | | |
|---|---|------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| C. what a, a , And | | D. how, a, But | | | |
| 11 I didn't go to Tom's birthday party | | y yesterday. What ab | out you? | | |
| , b | ecause I was prepari | ng for the exam all th | e time. | | |
| A. Nor do I | B. Neither did I | C. Neither I did | D. Nor was I | | |
| 12 Why did you | buy one more tie? Yo | ou have got more thar | n ten ties. | | |
| A man can nev | ver have m | any ties. | | | |
| A. enough | B. too | C. so | D. such | | |
| 13 you d | can understand how t | he human body works, | you need to have some | | |
| knowledge of chem | istry. | | | | |
| A. As soon as | B. Though | C. So that | D. Since | | |
| 14 Could you te | ll me? I am | n going to pick you up | at the airport. | | |
| At 15:45 this | Friday. | | | | |
| A. where you meet | me | B. who you are comi | B. who you are coming with | | |
| C. when you came h | ere | D. what time you ar | e arriving | | |
| 15 Would you m | ind stepping forward | a bit? I'm afraid it's | too crowded here. | | |
| | | | | | |
| A. Never mind. | B. Not at all. | C. Of course. | D. Don't mention it. | | |
| | | | | | |
| 二、完形填空 (共 1 | 0 小题;每小题 1 分, | 共 10 分) | | | |
| It's not easy b | eing a teenager-nor i | s it easy being a pare | nt of a teenager. You can make your | | |
| child feel angry, hu | rt, or16 by w | hat you say without re | ealizing it yourself. | | |
| It is important | to give your child th | e space he needs to g | row and17 let him know that | | |
| you'll still be there for him when he needs you. | | | | | |
| Expect a lot from your child, but not everything. Consider everything else open to discussion. | | | | | |
| If your child is unwilling to discuss something, don't18 he should tell you what's on his mind. | | | | | |
| The more you insist, the more likely that he'll clam up19, let him attempt to solve the | | | | | |
| problems by himself. At the same time,20 him that you're always be there for him when he | | | | | |
| asks for advice or help. Show respect for your teenager's privacy (隐私) . Never read his21 | | | | | |
| or listen in on his personal conversations. | | | | | |
| Teach your tee | Teach your teenager that the family phone is for the whole family. If your child22 in | | | | |
| the family's telephone for too long, tell him he can talk for 15 minutes, but then he must stay off | | | | | |
| the phone for at least23 period of time. This not only frees up the line so that other fami | | | | | |

※请※※不※※要※※在※※装※※订※※线※※内※※答※※题※※

:

 \bigcirc

:

:

鈛

 \bigcirc

:

:

江

:

:

装

:

:

 \bigcirc

:

:

:

 \pm

:

:

 \bigcirc

members can make and ___24__ calls, but teaches your teenager moderation (调节). Or allow your teenager to ___25__ for his own phone with his own pocket money if you are open to the idea.

16. A. misunderstood B. understood C. happy D. surprise 17. A. rudely B. cheerfully C. friendly D. gently 18. A. remind C. insist D. admit B. expect 19. A. However B. Instead C. Thought D. Otherwise 20. A. consider B. remind C. make D. remember 21. A. mind B. heart C. mail D. eyes 22. A. stays B. talks D. shuts C. speaks 23. A. an equal D. a good B. a same C. a part 24. A. answer C. solve D. own B. receive

三、阅读理解(共20小题;每小题1分,共20分)

B. pay

25. A. save

Α

C. care

D. charge

With long curly blond hair and an amazing voice, Taylor Swift has stolen the hearts of millions of people around the world.

Born on December 13th, 1989, Taylor grew up in Pennsylvania, in the US. <u>Singing seems to be in her blood because she started writing songs and singing them at the age of ten</u>. At about eleven years old she was asked to perform at the U.S. Open Tennis Tournament (竟标赛). She started to become well-known from then on and gave her first concert at Bloomsbury Fair at the age of 12. When Taylor was 13 years old, she began to work with a famous record company, RCA Records. Two years later, she left, because the company wanted her to sing the work of other songwriters, but she wanted to sing her own songs. At 15, Swift signed with Scott Borghetto, who planned to start a new recording company, Big Machine Records.

Swift's first song with Big Machine Records was *Tim McGraw* in 2006. Later in the same year she began her first album, *Taylor Swift*. The album broke many records and reached the top of the Billboard Top 200 Album charts. Her second song, *Teardrops on My Guitar* released in February 2007, reaching Number 2 on Billboard Hot Country Songs charts. The third song, *Our Song*, was reached Number 16 on Billboard's Hot 100 charts.

Her second album, Fearless, released (发行) on November 11th, 2008, was well received by people around the world. The most famous songs from that album were Love Story and Romeo and

Juliet. So far, she has achieved a lot, both as a songwriter and singer. What's more, she acted in the movie Valentine's Day, in 2010.

- 26. How long did Taylor work with RCA Records?
- A. One year.
- B. Two years.
- C. Three years.
- D. Four years.
- 27. What does the underlined sentence in paragraph 2 probably mean?
- A. Taylor is a hard-working girl.
- B. Taylor has a great talent for music.
- C. Taylor suffers from a strange illness.
- D. Taylor practises singing every day.
- 28. Why did Taylor leave the company, RCA Records?
- A. Because she wanted to sing her own songs.
- B. Because she was too young to write songs.
- C. Because the company didn't give her very much money.
- D. Because RCA Records was a new recording company.
- 29. Which song is included in Taylor's album, Fearless?
- A. Teardrops on My Guitar.
- B. Tim McGraw.

C. Our Song.

- D. Love Story.
- 30. In what order did the following take place in Taylor's life?
- a. Released her first album.
- b. Signed with Big Machine Records.
- c. Acted in the movie Valentine's Day.
- d. Gave her first concert at Bloomsbury Fair.
- e. Performed at the U.S. Open Tennis Tournament.
- A. b, e, d, c, a
- B. b, e, c, d, a
- C. e, b, d, a, c
- D. e, d, b, a, c

В

If you bought some candy months ago but never ate it, how can you tell whether it's still eatable? The easiest way is to check the "expiration date (保质期)" printed on the wrapper. If that date has already passed, you're likely to throw the candy away. But is that really necessary?

According to a new report from the US Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC), tons of food is wasted each year, largely because people don't fully understand what expiration dates, or "use-by dates", actually mean.

Food dating was introduced in 1970s because customers wanted more information about the

 \bigcirc

:

:

:

:

鉄

:

:

:

0

:

:

:

: 户

:

:

:

 \circ

:

:

:

:

装

:

:

:

:

 \bigcirc

:

:

:

:

 $\overline{\mathbb{K}}$

:

: :

:

0

:

 \bigcirc

线

:

 \bigcirc

0

:

:

:

:

 \bigcirc

*

 \bigcirc

things that they were eating. When they first showed up, use-by dates only showed freshness because producers wanted their products to be tasted in their best conditions.

However, most customers mistakenly believed that use-by dates showed how safe the food was, and they still largely do. But the truth is that these dates aren't related to the danger of food poisoning (中毒), according to Time News. Eggs, for example, can still be eaten three to five weeks after being bought, even though the use-by date is much earlier. When their use-by dates pass, strawberry-flavored cookies may lose their crunch (松脆的口感) , but they are not harmful.

"It's an unclear subject, the difference between food quality and food safety," said Jena Roberts, vice president of National Food Lab, a US food testing company. "Even in the food industry has workmates who are not sure about it."

This is why scientists are calling for a standard explanation to be printed following the use-by dates. "We want this to be clearly communicated so customers are not misinterpreting the information and wasting a lot of food," said Dana Gunders, a staff scientist with the NRDC.

But this won't be a mistake that is easy to correct since people have believed it for so long. Another problem is that the quality levels of different foods change differently- some are still eatable long after their use-by date while others are not.

As a result, food factory officials are now thinking of changing the use-by date to a date showing when food is most likely to be thrown away.

- 31. Every year, why is tons of food thrown away?
- A. Because it is no longer delicious.
- B. Because it is no longer fresh.
- C. Because the use-by dates are wrongly printed.
- D. Because people think it's not safe to eat.
- 32. Which of the following pictures can show the meaning of "expiration date (EXP)"?
- A. __



- BETTER IF USED BY 11 APR 2015 JK 1 A 04:36 D.
- 33. What did the use-by dates show at first according to the passage?
- A. Food freshness. B. Food quality. C. Food safety. D. Food producer

- 34. What can we learn from Paragraph 4?
- A. Most customers care more about freshness than food safety.
- B. Most customers fully understand what expiration dates mean.
- C. Even after their expiration dates pass, some foods are still safe to eat.
- D. "Expiration dates" were first used to show when food was likely to go bad.
- 35. What is probably the best title for this passage?
- A. Customers and food

B. Food quality and freshness

C. Food dating

D. Expiration dates and food safety

My mom isn't fancy like other moms. They wear fancy clothes and drive fancy cars. My mom wears her gardening clothes when she walks me to school.

When fancy moms laugh, their laughs sound soft and whisper. You can hear my mom's laugh from down the hall. I show her how to laugh quietly and she practices. But before long she starts laughing even harder than before.

At the talent show, my mom cheers loudly, "Bravo, everyone! Bravo!" instead of clapping politely the way fancy moms do.

For our class hike, parents are invited. At breakfast I go over my rules for Mom, "Please don't whistle. Don't laugh loudly. No clapping. And stay in line."

The other moms show up wearing fancy jackets and sneakers. My mom wears cutoffs, a floppy straw hat, and her old hiking boots.

We hike along, all in a line. Soon Mom starts to whistle her hiking songs, She'll Be Coming Round the Mountain, I shake my head at her. She stops and whispers, "Oops. Sorry, Jane."

We keep hiking. Everything is perfect until...

Our teacher, Ms. Steele, stops and points, "A snake!" All the moms hold their kids' hands and back up, except my mom. "Watch out! It might be poisonous!"

I shut my eyes. I know what's coming next. Mom makes a sudden attack. "Got it!" she says. The other moms scream, not sounding fancy at all.

Kids gather around as Mom examines the snake. "It's OK to touch," she says. Everyone's too scared, but I go first. "Snakes aren't slimy," I tell them. Right away, others line up. A couple of the fancy moms come up to touch the snake's tail.

Later, Ms. Steele tells us to draw our favorite part of the hike. After a while, I look around quickly. Everyone's picture is of Mom and me with the snake.

※请※※不※※要※※在※※装※※订※※线※※内※※答※※题※※

 \bigcirc

:

:

鉄

 \bigcirc

:

:

:

江

:

:

装

:

:

 \bigcirc

 $\overline{\mathbb{K}}$

 \bigcirc

As we hike back to the bus, I squeeze Mom's hand. "I'm glad I didn't tell you my don't-catch-snakes rule." She smiles. But soon, she's whistling her hiking songs again!

I start to make her silent, then stop. Instead, I take a deep breath and sing out too. Everyone joins in, even the fancy moms.

- 36. The word "fancy" in this passage is close to "______".
- A. fashionable or expensive
- B. energetic or valuable
- C. modern or comfortable
- D. common or popular
- 37. Jane tries to make some rules for her mom because _____
- A. she expects her mom not to catch snakes
- B. she is afraid her mom will make her lose face
- C. she wants her mom to be different from others
- D. she wishes her mom to act more politely than the other moms
- 38. Jane begins to feel proud of her mom when ______
- A. she goes first to touch the snake and other kids follow her
- B. she joins her mom in singing together with the other moms
- C. she tries to stop her mom whistling but later she give up
- D. she finds everyone drawing about her mom and her with the snake
- 39. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. Jane's mother is not popular with others.
- B. Jane's mom is a selfish woman.
- C. Jane's mom usually dresses casually.
- D. Jane's mom is a woman who doesn't pay attention to safety.
- 40. The best title for the passage can be
- A. My Mom Isn't Fancy

- B. Our Hike Isn't Perfect
- C. An Unpleasant Talent Show
- D. An Unforgettable Experience

D

Homestay provides English language students with the opportunity to speak English outside the classroom and the experience of being part of a British home.

What to expect

The host will provide accommodation (住宿) and meals. Rooms will be cleaned and bedcovers changed at least once a weak. You will be given the house key and the host in there to offer help and advice as well as to take an interest in your health.

Where to live

Homestays are located in London mainly in Zones 2,3 and 4 of the transport system. Most hosts do not live in the town centre as much of central London is business area. Zones 3 and 4 often offer larger accommodation in a less crowded area. It is very convenient to travel in London by underground.

Meals

Continental Breakfast and Dinner

Breakfast, Packed Lunch and Dinner

It's important to note that few English families still provide a traditional cooked breakfast. Your accommodation includes Continental Breakfast which normally consists of fruit juice, cereal, bread and tea or coffee. Chinese, fruit and cold meat are not normally part of a Continental Breakfast in England. Dinners usually consist of meat or fish with vegetables followed by desert, fruit and coffee.

Friends

If you wish to invite a friend over to visit. You must first ask your host's permission. You have no right to receive friends in a family home as home as some families don't like it.

Accommodation in Private Homes

This kind of accommodation offers an independent lifestyle and is more suitable for the long-stay student. You can share the host's kitchen and bathroom and often a main living room. However, it does not provide the same family atmosphere as an ordinary homestay and may not benefit those who need to practise English at home quite as much.

- 41. The passage is probably written for ______.
- A. host willing to receive foreign students
- B. foreigners hoping to build British Culture
- C. travellers planning to visit families in London
- D. English learners applying to live in English homes
- 42. Which of the following will the host provide?
- A. Room cleaning

B. Medical care

C. Free transport

- D. Physical training
- 43. What can be inferred from Paragraph 3?
- A. Zone 4 is more crowded than Zone 2.
- B. The business centre of London is in Zone 1.
- C. Hosts dislike travelling to the city centre.

0

江

柒

 \bigcirc

 \bigcirc

:

| 五、 根据所给中文完成句子 (共 5 小 | N题;每小空 1 分,共 5 分) | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 61. 历史上的第一个风筝是由木头做成 | 的吗? | | | | |
| Was the first kite | ? | | | | |
| 62. 他对研究古钱币比对手机邮票更感兴趣。 | | | | | |
| He is | _ coins than in collecting stamps | | | | |
| 63. 我想知道这个演讲是否值得一听。 | | | | | |
| I wonder | | | | | |
| 64. 这些疾病与噪音污染无关。 | | | | | |
| The diseases | <u>_</u> . | | | | |
| 65. 老师们对他很满意,因为他取得了 | "很大的进步。 | | | | |
| | | | | | |

六、阅读填空 (共 20 小题 ; 每小题 1 分 , 共 20 分)

The teacher are _____

A) 请认真阅读下列短文,并根据所读内容在文章后的表格里填入一个最恰当的单词。

Do you know Bai Yansong? He was a famous TV host, expressing his support for students wearing green scarves at a primary school in Xi'an. He wore a green tie on a TV program.

"I just want the students to know that I'm also wearing green. And we are all great people and are as good as those wearing red scarves," he said.

The First Experimental Primary School in Xi'an made children with poor schoolwork and behaviors wear green scarves. Parents whose children wore green scarves were angry. "The punishment is too bad. All the children need their self-esteem (自尊) even though they are very young, and they know the green scarf means something is not quite right. It does harm to students' self-esteem," said one mother.

Educational expert Li Zhenxi said that primary and junior high school students have strong self-esteem. They hope to be respected (尊重) and understood. Punishment will hurt them. "It's better to encourage them rather than call them 'bad' students," he said. Now, the school has stopped the practice.

Some schools think more of students' self-esteem and have done better in protecting students' privacy (隐私) and encouraging them. In American schools, teachers post test results on the wall. Instead of using students' names, they use secret numbers. This way, students know their secret numbers and can check their own grades only. Many teachers in China tell students their grades by sending text messages to their students.

%请※※不※※要※※在※※装※※订※※线※※内※※答※※题※

:

 \bigcirc

:

:

:

鉄

:

 \circ :

江

:

装

:

:

:

:

:

 $\overline{\mathbb{K}}$

:

 \bigcirc

School and teachers are doing more for students' self-esteem. But it is a long way. Both teachers and parents should realize that tests scores are not the only measure(标准) of a student's ability. Everyone has his own strengths and everyone can make great progress by working hard. Adults should make students get to know their own value. The most important is to make students believe in themselves.

Green scarves and self-esteem

| BaiYansong's support | He supported green scarves by wearing a green66 He wanted to tell the students that there are no67 between green and red. | |
|----------------------|---|--|
| | A primary school in Xi'an made students with68 | |
| The origin (起源) of | schoolwork and behavior wear green scarves, which is a kind of | |
| green scarves | 69 Both parents and experts think it is70 to | |
| | students' self-esteem. | |
| Good practice in | Some American schools71 children's privacy by using | |
| some school | secret numbers. Many Chinese teachers tell students their | |
| | grades by sending | |
| | text72 to them. | |
| | Test73 are not the only measure. Adults should help | |
| A long way to go | students74 their own value. | |
| | To make students believe in themselves is of great75 | |

| 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | |
|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| | | | | | |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | |

B) 请根据短文内容及首字母提示填写所缺单词。

Many teenagers don't get along well with their parents and they don't know what to do. If you f__76__ such a problem, what I'm saying now might be helpful to you.

Have you ever thought of t__77__ to your parents to find out why you don't get along well with each other? When I was a teenager, I didn't get on well with my parents, either. We sometimes a__78__ with each other. I am sorry that I had such an e__79__. Now I'm a mother of four girls. Of course we have different opinions, but I e__80__ them to communicate with me openly and honestly. In this way I make sure that they t__81__ me and come to me for anything. As a result, we get along very well.

Arguing with your parents will make them angry and you won't feel good. Also, remember that the most important thing is to solve problems. Try your best to be calm. If you cannot c__82__ your feelings, you can go to a doctor or your teacher who could give you a__83__ on your problem.

Remember that your parents love you. Sometimes they do something that you find h_84_ to understand. For example, you may want to be singer in the future, but your parents want you to do something else. If so, try to think in their s_85_.

Life is too short and family is important! Try your best to get along well with your parents.

| 76 | _ 77 | _78 | _79 | 80 |
|----|------|-----|-----|----|
| 81 | 82. | 83. | 84. | 85 |

七、书面表达(满分15分)

学校开展"How to Solve the Exam Stress"征文比赛,请你根据图片和表格中提示的内容,简要描述并适当发表自己的观点,写一篇英语短文。

| 适当的压力 | 积极思考,认真学习。及时复习,防止遗忘。 |
|-------|------------------------|
| 过重的压力 | 无法入睡,非常疲惫。害怕考试,导致失败。 |
| 应对的措施 | 合理计划,准备充分。(你的 2-3 条建议) |

注意:

- 1. 词数 80 左右 (文章的开头已给出,不计入词数)
- 2. 不得透露学校、姓名等任何个人信息, 否则不予评分

| - | | |
|---|--|--|
| | | |

| | : | |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| | | |
| | : | |
| | 0 | |
| | : | |
| | | • |
| | | |
| | | • |
| | : | |
| | 왫 | |
| | : | |
| | : | |
| | | |
| | | |
| , | : | |
| | 0 | |
| | : | |
| | : | |
| | : | • |
| יי | | |
| 老. | : | |
| | 江 | |
| | : | |
| | : | |
| | | |
| ×. | : | |
| 班级: | | |
| | | |
| | : | |
| | : | |
| | : | |
| .NJ | | |
| 姓名: | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | : | |
| | | |
| | : | |
| | : | |
| ٠ : | : | |
| 学校 : | 0 | |
| | : | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | : | |
| | 七 | |
| | | |
| | : | |
| | | |
| | : | |

::::

:

:::

※

··· ··· ··· ···

: 0

: :

:

 \circ

:

: