



2012 年北京市春季普通高中会考

英 语 试 卷

考生须知	1. 考生要认真填写考场号和座位序号。 2. 本试卷共 10 页，五道大题（共 100 分）。 3. 试题所有答案必须填涂或书写在答题卡上，在试卷上作答无效。选择题必须用 2B 铅笔作答；非选择题必须用黑色字迹的签字笔作答。 4. 考试结束后，考生应将试卷和答题卡按要求放在桌面上，待监考员收回。
------	---

一、听力理解（共 20 小题，20 分。每小题 1 分）

第一节：听下面八段对话或独白，从各题 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出能回答问题的最佳答案。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 1 题。

1. Where was the man born?
A. In France. B. In America. C. In Poland.

听下面一段对话，回答第 2 题。

2. Where does the conversation take place?
A. In a hotel. B. In a hospital. C. In a police station.

听下面一段对话，回答第 3 题。

3. What's the between the two speakers?
A. Teacher and student. B. Manager and secretary. C. Customer and saleswoman.

听下面一段对话，回答第 4 题至第 5 题。

4. What does the man do now?
A. A lawyer. B. A policeman. C. A driver.
5. What does the man think of his job?
A. Boring. B. Dangerous. C. Helpful.

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 题至第 7 题。

6. What's the woman doing?
A. Giving suggestions. B. Making comments. C. Asking for information.
7. What's the woman going to do?
A. Give a performance. B. Watch a Chinese Opera. C. Talk about traditional music.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 题至第 10 题。

8. When was the camp held?
A. On Friday. B. On Saturday. C. On Sunday.
9. Why didn't the woman go to the camp?
A. She didn't like the weather.
B. She went to another camp.
C. She was ill.
10. What're the two speakers going to do?
A. Deliver a thank-you card.
B. Go to the hospital.
C. Have a barbecue.



听下面一段对话，回答第 11 题至第 13 题。

11. Who is the birthday party for?
A. Jack. B. Andy. C. John.
12. Where will they have the party?
A. At home. B. At a restaurant. C. In the classroom.
13. What time will the birthday party start?
A. Around 12:00. B. Before 6:00. C. At 7:00.

听下面一段独白，回答第 14 题至第 16 题。

14. What should you do if you want to play volleyball?
A. Take a lesson. B. Book in advance. C. Notice the opening time.
15. When does the cycling track close?
A. At 8:00 pm. B. At 6:00 pm. C. At 12:00 noon.
16. Who might be the speaker?
A. A person who sells tickets at the gate.
B. A person who guides visitors in the camp.
C. A person who takes care of the football field.

第二节：听下面一段对话，根据题目要求在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下第 17 题至第 20 题的关键信息。此段对话你将听两遍。

Lost & Found Report Form	
Date:	18 th July
Name:	Mr. David (17)
Telephone:	(18)
Description:	a (19) suitcase
When:	the (20) for Central from Bullinton at 8:45 am

二、单项填空（共 15 小题，15 分。每小题 1 分）

从各题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

21. – What do you think of the two ties?
– Perfect. But I don't know which is better, so I'll take _____ of them.
A. both B. none C. all D. neither
22. I wrote a letter to the car rental agency, explaining _____ had happened.
A. how B. what C. why D. that
23. – What bad weather!
– Yes. The radio says it will be even _____ later on.
A. good B. better C. bad D. worse
24. People can find almost whatever they need at the new shopping mall, _____ is always busy at weekends.
A. which B. where C. that D. as
25. – Do you like the scarf?
– Yes, it _____ very soft.
A. smells B. gets C. feels D. becomes



26. I really don't like the weather in the north as it _____ be quite windy, especially in spring.
A. must B. can C. should D. shall
27. John _____ in his room when he heard someone yelling and screaming.
A. had studied B. studied C. was studying D. would study
28. – Hello. Is Tom there?
– Hold on, please. I _____ if I can find him for you.
A. would see B. see C. have seen D. will see
29. – How about _____ Christmas party?
– I would say it was _____ success.
A. the; a B. a; a C. a; 不填 D. the ; 不填
30. Peter was late for the business meeting because his flight _____ by a heavy storm.
A. delays B. delayed C. is delayed D. was delayed
31. People say Vancouver is Canada's most beautiful city, _____ by mountains and the Pacific Ocean.
A. surrounded B. surrounding C. being surrounded D. to surround
32. Native English speakers from different countries can understand each other _____ they don't speak the same kind of English.
A. so that B. even if C. in case D. as though
33. – Can David take charge of the international department?
– I'm afraid it's _____ his ability.
A. under B. within C. over D. beyond
34. Don't respond to any e-mails _____ personal information, no matter how official they look.
A. requested B. request C. requesting D. to be requested
35. _____ a world of fantasy about ancient England, come to Camelot Park!
A. Entering B. Enter C. To enter D. Entered

三、完形填空（共 15 小题，15 分。每小题 1 分）

阅读下面短文，从各题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

A Special Birthday Party

I teach a bilingual kindergarten class. One Monday I noticed that two of my students, Juna and Cynthia, had a shared 36 on Friday of that week. I informed both their moms that they could bring in 37 to celebrate their children's birthdays.

I wondered whether either 38 to bring in a birthday treat for the kids. On Thursday, I asked Juan and Cynthia about it, but they didn't know anything about their parents' plans. Both children, however, were very 39 about having a birthday party the next day in class. As I was tired after work, I decided to 40 it until the next day.

The next morning my first 41 was: What should I do about the cake? It would be terrible if there was nothing for the kids to 42 at the party. The thought worried me as I approached the Mexican bakery on my drive to school.

The shop had four large pieces of cake for a dollar each. The only thing was I was 43 on cash. I needed the five dollars in my purse to 44 until payday. However, I decided the 45 was the most important.

The school day went well. After story time, I told the students, "Today we are celebrating the double birthdays of Juan and Cynthia."

I brought out the cake and lit the candles, and then we sang *Happy Birthday*. Cynthia and Juan smiled happily. After the candles were blown out, I cut each of the four pieces of cake into five little pieces. It was just 46, all 20 of my students had come to class that day.

At the end, Juan said to me, "Miss Jones, I 47 had a birthday party before!" As I watched him walk away, still 48, tears came to my eyes. When Cynthia came up moments later, I asked her if she'd ever had a birthday party before.

"No", she said, "But I loved my birthday today! Thank you, Miss Jones."

I later learned, after talking with their parents, that our simple celebration had, 49, been both Cynthia's and Juan's first birthday party. I had to 50 the last couple of days of that month on the one dollar—but it was certainly worth it!



- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 36. A. birthday | B. interest | C. room | D. feeling |
| 37. A. toys | B. parents | C. cakes | D. friends |
| 38. A. required | B. happened | C. pretended | D. intended |
| 39. A. excited | B. disappointed | C. relaxed | D. puzzled |
| 40. A. try | B. leave | C. keep | D. change |
| 41. A. plan | B. suggestion | C. thought | D. experience |
| 42. A. see | B. say | C. play | D. eat |
| 43. A. weak | B. short | C. hard | D. out |
| 44. A. save | B. make | C. last | D. owe |
| 45. A. class | B. party | C. life | D. salary |
| 46. A. half | B. over | C. all | D. enough |
| 47. A. ever | B. seldom | C. even | D. never |
| 48. A. smiling | B. dreaming | C. singing | D. shouting |
| 49. A. certainly | B. indeed | C. anyway | D. naturally |
| 50. A. struggle | B. occupy | C. labour | D. spare |

四、阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 30 分。每小题 2 分)

第一节: 阅读下面短文, 从各题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案。

A

Around the world by wheelchair

Rick Hansen was always an active kid and loved to fish. When returning in a truck one day from a fishing trip, he had an accident and suffered injuries to his spine (脊柱). This 15-year-old young man awoke to find that he had lost the use of his legs. However, he didn't give up. Many months later he began to compete in wheelchair sports. At the age of 27, he decided to wheel around the world to raise awareness and money for spinal cord research. His tour took him through 34 countries around the world between 1985 and 1987. In this Man of Motion World Tour, he wheeled 24,901.55 miles, which is equal to the distance around the earth.

Bad weather and difficult, rocky roads often provided challenges for Rick, but he continued to push himself to complete the trip. He was determined to succeed. Even mountains did not stop Rick Hansen. He wheeled himself up the Rocky Mountains and several other major mountains in the world. He even wheeled himself along the Great Wall of China!

"Never Give up on Your Dreams" was his motto and he hasn't given up yet. He completed his world tour raising \$24 million. He continues to work to increase knowledge of spinal cord injury. He is a true Canadian hero who shows what determination can achieve.

51. What happened to Rick after the accident?

- A. He lost the ability of living.
- B. He has to spend his life in hospital.
- C. He couldn't walk anymore.
- D. He couldn't do sports any more.

52. When did Rick begin his tour around the world?

- A. At the age of 15.
- B. Soon after the accident.
- C. A year after the accident.
- D. At the age of 27.

53. Why did Rick take his tour around the world in his wheelchair?

- A. To gather money for the spinal cord research.
- B. To learn about the people of other countries.
- C. To travel to different countries for fun.
- D. To take photos of beautiful mountains.



54. From the passage we can see Rick is a(n) _____ person.

- A. unhappy B. determined C. careful D. quiet

B

Wilson Middle School

To: All students

From: Agnes Smith, Secretary of the Computer Club

Date: 8th September

Subject: A New Year for the Computer Club

Welcome back to school. It is a new year for the Computer Club, and there are lots of things to tell you about, so here goes.

First of all, we have redesigned the school website home page. It is now more interesting, and contains information about updates to the school website. You can now click on the right places to see our new school motto, the information about our 25th School Anniversary and a Chinese version. Why not have a look at it, and tell your friends about it as well? The school website address is <http://school.web/wms/index.html>.

Secondly, the 15th Joints School Computer Exhibition will be held from the 3rd to the 10th of July next year. The theme of the exhibition is "Computer Technology 20 Years from Now". All participating schools must submit a project (方案) by the 28th of April next year. We want our school to participate in the exhibition, and we will prepare a project proposal for the school to submit before the deadline. If you have an idea for a proposal, please e-mail Kevin Shum or Amy Yale.

Finally, the Computer Club will hold a Get-Acquainted lunch on Saturday, the 20th of September, at 12:30 pm in Room 12. We invite you all to the lunch, and we welcome you to come whether you are interested in joining the Computer Club, or you just want to learn something about computers.

We look forward to seeing you here!

55. What can we learn from paragraph 2?

- A. The school has a new website address.
B. The students can see the old school motto on the home page.
C. The school will celebrate their anniversary on September 25th.
D. The students can read the information in Chinese on the school website.

56. You can go and enjoy the 15th Joints School Computer Exhibition on _____ next year.

- A. April 28th b. July 3rd C. September 8th D. September 12th

57. What will the Computer club do on September 20th?

- A. Redesigned a home page.
B. Hold a computer exhibition.
C. Offer a special lunch.
D. Submit a project proposal.

58. What's the purpose of the letter?

- A. To report what the Computer Club did last year.
B. To tell about the activities of the Computer Club.
C. To teach the students how to learn computer well.
D. To persuade the students to join the Computer Club.

C

The history of inventions leading up to the modern computer is a story of people trying hard to create machines that complete many tasks automatically, such as adding up large numbers, controlling airplanes in flights, etc. many of the earliest methods of recording and counting data still remain mysteries (something that is not understood).

In England you can visit Stonehenge, where a mysterious collection of large stones has stood since 1,500 BC.





Scientists have never discovered the stones purpose. However, by observing the way the sun shines between the stones, many people believe Stonehenge was used to predict the seasons and eclipses (蚀) of the sun and the moon.

Another early method of computing was a brass calculator, which existed in Spain nearly 1,000 years ago. The machine was shaped like a human head, with numbers instead of teeth. The shape became its undoing; some people were afraid the machine was supernatural, and destroyed it. In early recorded history, calculators that used the sun, or objects in the night sky, were developed to be used on ships to explore the world beyond the Tigris-Euphrates Valley of southwestern Asia. One such device, dating from the first century, worked with a system of gears designed to track the orbits of stars and planets. These orbits became the marked routes for ships.

In ancient Rome and Greece, one of the earliest machines ever used for processing numbers was the abacus. This simple collection of beads has been used for centuries in China and other Asian countries. The abacus is built with columns of beads attached to a rectangular wooden frame. Inside the wooden frame is a crossbar that separates each column of beads into two sections. In the Chinese version there are two beads above the bar and five below. Each column of beads means a different range of numbers. The first column from the right represents ones, the second tens, the third hundreds, etc. By moving beads, calculations are quickly completed. Because values are shown by positions, the abacus is very valuable in teaching arithmetic to blind students.

Experienced users operate the abacus very quickly. After World War II, a speed competition was arranged in Japan between the fastest calculator operator in the US Army and an employee of the Japanese Post Office using an abacus. The American was defeated easily by the moving beads of his opponent.

59. What does the author mainly talk about in this passage?

- A. Old methods to manage data.
- B. The great inventions in science.
- C. The mysterious historical events.
- D. Theory and practice in computing.

60. How does the author try to prove his point?

- A. By making comparisons.
- B. By analyzing the cause.
- C. By telling a true story.
- D. By giving example.

61. The underlined word “undoing” in Paragraph 3 probably means _____.

- A. cause of bad luck
- B. reason for change
- C. way to escape
- D. loss of power

62. What will the author most probably discuss in the paragraph that follows?

- A. The fast development of computer science.
- B. The use of abacus in Japanese Post Office.
- C. The inventor of the first modern computer.
- D. The invention of the first analytical engine.

第二节：阅读下面短文和问题，根据短文内容和每小题后的具体要求，在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下相关信息，完成对该问题的回答。答语要意思清楚，结构正确，书写工整。

Every year in the town of Dalware, a group of people who enjoy the outdoors have a very interesting contest (比赛). It's a pumpkin-throwing contest! The rules of the competition are easy. First, the pumpkins must weigh at least eight pounds. Second, no explosives, or dangerous materials, are allowed.

People come from all over the country to see the competition. Some of them take it very seriously. The people who compete in the event tend to have two things in common: they all love the outdoors, and they all love contraptions.

There are several teams that take part in the contest. Some teams have been coming to the contest for many years. What do they call this strange contest that keeps people coming year after year? This fun annual contest's unusual name is the “Punkin’ Chunkin’ Contest”. The aim of the contest is simple: to make a machine that can throw a pumpkin through the air. The machine that throws—or chunks—a pumpkin the



farthest wins. The teams make these contraptions themselves. They work hard to make original machines that will chunk a pumpkin a long way.

Some women compete in the event, but not many. However, the contest does affect the men's wives — especially while the men prepare for the Punkin' Chunkin' Contest. One team member explains, "The ladies don't like to get involved. They know right around September ... October, that it's about time to become a Punkin' Chunkin' widow."

The unusual sport of Punkin' Chunkin' began over 20 years ago. In those days, there were only three teams and a few friends who came to watch. But now, more than 20 years later, this strange contest has really grown. It's becoming very popular. Today, the contest attracts more than 80 teams, and more than 20,000 people come to watch it!

按具体要求回答下面问题，在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下相关信息。

63. Who can take part in the contest? (不多于七个单词)

64. What is the contraption? (不多于六个单词)

65. What title would you give for the passage? (不多于三个单词)

五、书面表达 (共 20 分)

根据题目所提出的具体要求，在答题卡上写出一篇连贯完整的短文。词数不少于 60。

假如你是李华，你校将在寒假举办外国人学韩语的短期培训班，并为学员安排周末“北京一日游”活动。作为志愿者，请你根据下表提供的信息，向他们介绍旅游活动安排，并对他们的出行提出建议。讲稿的开头已为你写好。

One-day tour in Beijing	
Place to visit:	the Forbidden city, the Temple of Heaven, the Summer Palace
Price:	\$70
Transport:	bus
Lunch:	traditional Chinese food
Time to start:	8:30 am
Time to return:	5:30 pm

Ladies and gentlemen. Attention, please. I'd like to introduce to you the one-day tour for the coming Saturday.



英语试卷答案及评分参考

一、听力理解 (共 20 小题, 20 分。每小题 1 分)

第一节:

1.C 2.A 3.C 4.B 5.A 6.C 7.B 8.B 9.C 10.A 11.A 12.B 13.C 14.B 15.A 16.B

第二节:

17. Halpern 18. 91463578 19. black 20. train

二、单项填空 (共 15 小题, 15 分。每小题 1 分)

21.A 22.B 23.D 24.A 25.C 26.B 27.C 28.D 29.A 30.D 31.A 32.B 33.D 34.C 35.C

三、完形填空 (共 15 小题, 15 分。每小题 1 分)

36.A 37.C 38.D 39.A 40.B 41.C 42.D 43.B 44.C 45.B 46.D 47.D 48.A 49.B 50.A

四、阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 30 分。每小题 2 分)

第一节:

51.C 52.D 53.A 54.B 55.D; 56.B 57.C 58.B 59.A 60.D; 61.A 62.D

第二节:

63. Who can take part in the contest? (不多于七个单词)

Anyone who enjoys the outdoors and contraptions.

64. What is the contraption? (不多于六个单词)

A machine to throw a pumpkin.

65. What title would you give for the passage? (不多于三个单词)

Punkin' Chunkin' Contest.

五、书面表达 (共 20 分)

Possible version:

Ladies and gentlemen. Attention, please. I'd like to introduce to you the one-day tour for the coming Saturday.

This one-day tour will cover some famous scenic spots such as the Forbidden City, the Temple of Heaven and the Summer Palace. All are among the dream places you want to visit. The total fee for the tour is only \$ 70.

We'll leave at 8:30 in the morning. Our school bus will pick you up. About 12:30, we'll have lunch at a local restaurant for Chinese dishes, including Beijing Roast Duck. We'll end up the day at 5:30 in the afternoon.

I strongly advise you to take enough batteries with you because there are so many things that you can record in your camera. I'm sure everybody will have a good time. (113 words)



书面表达评分参考：

1. 第一档: (20~18 分) (很好)

完全完成试题规定的任务。运用了多样的句式和丰富的词汇，语法或用词方面有个别错误，但为尽可能表达丰富的内容所致；体现了较强的语言运用能力。全文结构紧凑，逻辑清楚、合理。

2. 第二档: (17~15 分) (好)

完成试题规定的任务。运用的句式和词汇能满足任务要求，语法和用词基本准确，少许错误主要为尽可能表达丰富的内容所致。使用了简单的语句间连接成分，内容连贯，逻辑清楚、合理。

3. 第三档: (14~12 分) (及格)

基本完成试题规定的任务。运用的句式和词汇基本满足任务要求，语法和用词方面有一些错误，但不影响理解。内容基本连贯，逻辑清楚、合理。

4. 第四档: (11~6 分) (较差)

未恰当完成试题规定的任务。所用句式和词汇有限，语法或用词方面的错误影响了对所写内容的理解。信息未能清楚地传达给读者。

5. 第五档: (5~1 分) (差)

未完成试题规定的任务。句式单调，词汇贫乏，语法或用词方面错误较多，严重影响了对所写内容的理解。信息未能传达给读者。

6. 0 分

未能传达任何信息；写的内容与要求无关。

7. 书写或标点符号不规范在 4 处以上（含 4 处），或字迹潦草，在得分中再扣除 1 分（第四、五档文不扣此项分数）。重复错误只扣一次分数。

2012 年北京市春季普通高中会考

英语试卷听力录音材料

一、听力理解

第一节：听下面八段对话或独白，从各题 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出能回答问题的最佳答案。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答第 1 题。

Text 1

M: You have an unusual accent. Where're you from?

W: Well, I was born in Poland, but I spent most of my life in France, and five years ago I moved to the US.



听下面一段对话，回答第 2 题。

Text 2

M: Good afternoon, sir.

W: Good afternoon. My name is Bob Smith. I made a reservation here a week ago.

M: Oh, yes, Mr. Bob Smith, a single room with a bath.

W: That's me. And I'll stay here five nights.

听下面一段对话，回答第 3 题。

Text 3

W: Good morning, can I help you?

M: Hum, yes. I'm looking for a sweater.

W: This way please, here are all our sweaters.

M: Have you got this one in size 10?

W: Let me see, yes! But only in blue. You can try it on.

M: Thank you.

听下面一段对话，回答第 4 题至第 5 题。

Text 4

W: I can't believe you're a police officer, Peter. I remember in high school you always wanted to be a lawyer

M: Yeah, I guess it was all those TV shows about lawyers. I started law school but then I realized it just wasn't the right career for me.

W: But don't you think being a policeman is dangerous? All those criminals out there, guns ...

M: Sometimes I wish it were a little dangerous. Right now all I do is to write traffic tickets. It's kind of boring, actually.

听下面一段对话，回答第 6 题至第 7 题。

Text 5

M: Is there something I can help you with, ma'am?

W: Oh, yes. I'm looking for a brochure on cultural events here.

M: Is there something in particular you are interested in?

W: I'm not sure. What about traditional music? Do they have any performances I could attend?

M: I'd remember the Chinese Opera. There's a schedule right here. The performances are held at the Cultural Centre.

W: Sounds good. It's really worth trying.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 题至第 10 题。

Text 6

W: David!

M: Hello, Jane. How are you?

W: Fine, thank you. What about the camping on Saturday?

M: Great. But I didn't see you in the camp, Jane. Did you go?

W: No, I didn't. I was sick on Friday night and didn't get better until Sunday.

M: Oh, no! It's a pity that you missed the barbecue there. The weather was perfect for barbecue — warm and sunny, but not too hot.

W: Lucky you! By the way, where are you going now?

M: I have a thank-you card for Mrs. Brown—the nice camp organizer. I'm going to deliver it to her house. Do you want to come with me?

W: Sure, I'd like to.

听下面一段对话，回答第 11 题至第 13 题。

Text 7

W: Hi, John. It's Andy. Next Friday is Jack's birthday. We're having a birthday party for him. Do you want to come?



M: Sure, are you going to have the party at home?

W: No, we aren't. We'll have the party at my uncle's restaurant. He's making a huge apple pie at lunch time. It's Jack's favorite food.

M: Your uncle is so kind. Is he going to prepare a birthday cake too?

W: No, he isn't. I am! I'm baking a chocolate cake.

M: The party sounds fantastic. What time does it start?

W: It starts at seven o'clock. Jack has a music lesson on Friday which finishes at six, so the party can't start earlier.

听下面一段独白，回答第 14 题至第 16 题。

Text 8

Hello, everyone. Welcome to Camp Evergreen.

Now I'm going to show you around the camp. Then I'll take you to the holiday rooms. After that, we'll have lunch.

OK. Let's start the tour. At the moment, we are standing outside the sports center. Inside, you'll find the basketball and the volleyball courts, they are often very busy. You have to book in advance if you want to play.

If we walk across this bridge, you can see the cycling track on the other side. The cycling track opens at twelve noon and closes at eight o'clock in the evening. You can also see the football field behind the cycling track. Mr. Green is in charge of it. That's his motor cycle over there. I know it looks interesting but you mustn't touch it. It's forbidden.

Now I'll take you to the holiday rooms, and you may have a rest there. Follow me, please!

第二节：听下面一段对话，根据题目要求在答题卡相应题号后的横线上写下第 17 题至第 20 题的关键信息。此段对话你将听两遍。

Text 9

W: Good morning. Lost and Found Office.

M: Yes, I want to report a missing article.

W: What sort of article, sir?

M: A suitcase. It's black, and it's got a belt.

W: A black suitcase. Right.

M: You see, I was going from Bullington to Central, and I'm sure I felt it on the train when I got off.

W: What time did you get on the train?

M: Er, 8:45 in the morning.

W: All right, let me note this down under "remarks" ... train for Central ... from Bullington ... at 8:45 am. Got it. Now, could you tell me your name, please?

M: David Halpern.

W: David ... Halpern? Could you spell your last name, please?

M: Yes, it's H-A-L-P-E-R-N ... Halpern.

W: Thank you. And your phone number?

M: My phone number is 91463578.

W: 91463578. Right. OK, Mr. Halpern. We'll call you as soon as we hear anything.

M: Thank you. Goodbye.

请将你的答案填涂或书写在答题卡上。