

2016~2017学年广东广州越秀区广州市第十六中学初一下学期期中英语试卷

语音题

1. 请找出选项中划线部分的字母组合与所给音标发音相同的单词

(1) 请找出选项中划线部分的字母组合与所给音标发音相同的单词[k]

- A. beach B. watch C. school D. change

(2) 请找出选项中划线部分的字母组合与所给音标发音相同的单词[dʒ]

- A. get B. greeting C. encourage D. grandma

(3) 请找出选项中划线部分的字母组合与所给音标发音相同的单词[z]

- A. bites B. fields C. lifts D. bikes

(4) 请找出选项中划线部分的字母组合与所给音标发音相同的单词[ə]

- A. stairs B. here C. dear D. cure

2. 找出下列句子中重读音节与其他不同的单词:

(1) 找出下列句子中重读音节与其他不同的单词:

Alice is probably the best person in the world, so I hope we will always remain friends.

- A. probably B. person C. always D. remain

(2) 找出下列句子中重读音节与其他不同的单词:

She seldom practice playing guitar after school.

- A. seldom B. practice C. guitar D. after

(3) 找出下列句子中重读音节与其他不同的单词:

The photo is important because it make me remember my school life.

- A. photo B. important C. because D. remember

3. 找出下列单词中划线部分的发音与其他不同的单词:

(1) 找出下列单词中划线部分的发音与其他不同的单词:

- A. sure B. tour C. poor D. wore

(2) 找出下列单词中划线部分的发音与其他不同的单词:

- A. blind B. apologize C. strict D. climb

(3) 找出下列单词中划线部分的发音与其他不同的单词:

- A. person B. perfect C. furniture D. tower

语法选择

14. I started ____1____ at a young age. I loved to race my father and my sister around the backyard. I wished I could run in the Olympics and win lots of medals.

One day, my mother saw ____2____ advertisement for a race in a newspaper. "Would you be interested in ____3____ part in this race?" she asked me, pointing to the advertisement. "Yes, of course. " I answered.

I ____4____ the next few days practicing for my big race. My sister set up a table in the backyard so she could ____5____ me water and time.

____6____ the day of the race, just before the race, my Dad said to me, "Don't use up all your energy at the beginning of the race. You need to have energy, ____7____ you can run much faster at the end of the race. "

The race began. Following Dad's words, I didn't run as ____8____ as I could. Then other runners started passing me. I began to feel tired, and I started slowing down and breathing hard. Just at that moment, I heard, "Come on, Kelly! You can do it! Don't give up. Keep running!" I saw dad ____9____ beside me around the outside of the track. At last, I didn't win the race. I came fifth, but I felt like a winner. I tried ____10____ best, and I didn't give up.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. A. ran | B. run | C. to run | D. to running |
| 2. A. a | B. an | C. the | D. / |
| 3. A. took | B. takes | C. taking | D. to take |
| 4. A. spent | B. took | C. paid | D. cost |
| 5. A. to offer | B. offer | C. offering | D. offers |
| 6. A. At | B. In | C. For | D. On |
| 7. A. because | B. since | C. but | D. so |
| 8. A. fester | B. fastest | C. fast | D. fastly |
| 9. A. running | B. to run | C. run | D. ran |
| 10. A. me | B. mine | C. my | D. I |

完形填空

15. We all know about penguins. They are fat and lovely animals that live in ____1____ places. They are black and white and it ____2____ they wear a suit

But do you know penguins were once ____3____ and brown? And they lived in warm weather? Scientists say penguins from a long time age were very different ____4____ what they are now.

A group of scientists ____5____ a fossils (化石) of a penguin. It lived more than 36 million years ago. Scientists named the penguin the " Water King" . They found it was twice the size of modern penguins. It was red and brown in ____6____ .

It lived between the end of the dinosaurs (恐龙) ____7____ beginning of humans. At that time, the Earth was much ____8____ than it is now. ____9____ modern penguins, the "Water King" lived in warm places. But like modern penguins, it was good at ____10____ and catching fish from the sea.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| 1. A. warm | B. hot | C. cold | D. small |
| 2. A. would like | B. feels like | C. likes | D. looks like |
| 3. A. yellow | B. red | C. green | D. blue |
| 4. A. in | B. with | C. for | D. from |
| 5. A. looked for | B. saw | C. found | D. bought |
| 6. A. size | B. color | C. type | D. height |
| 7. A. and | B. to | C. for | D. with |
| 8. A. cooler | B. colder | C. warmer | D. larger |
| 9. A. like | B. As | C. Unlike | D. to |
| 10. A. flying | B. walking | C. jumping | D. swimming |

阅读理解

16.

(A)

Why do you remember Hello Kitty, Snoopy and all the other playful animals? What makes you love them? Well, maybe because they're like the people around you. Think about it! You may just find a friend or classmate who is like them. Is he or she:



As sweet as Hello Kitty: She likes to eat cakes. She loves to make new friends. She asks friends to her tea parties. She is warm and sunny. and will always help you.



As clever as Snoopy: He went to school when he was nine. He learned to use a typewriter (打字机) in two years! He thinks a lot. He is so clever that you like to be with him.



As sarcastic (讽刺的) as Garfield: He sits happily in the seat and says sharp (刺耳的) words to you. Sometimes he is not nice. He doesn't really like you? He thinks you're a fool. No, in his heart, he loves you. He is a friend with hard words but a warm heart.



As naughty (淘气的) as Mashimaro: He doesn't look like a good boy. He has sleepy eyes and looks naughty. He always plays tricks on people. So you get angry with him and don't like him very much ; His mind is active and full of ideas. He tries to be big and catch your eye. However, he's still a child.

(1) If you want to make a friend like Snoopy, he or she must be ____ .

- | | | | |
|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|
| A. clever | B. naughty | C. active | D. sweet |
|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|

(2) Tom's friend is always warm-hearted with sharp words. He is just like ____ .

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| A. Hello Kitty | B. Mashimaro | C. Snoopy | D. Garfield |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|

(3) The underlined words "plays tricks on" probably mean ____ .

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| A. plays games with | B. helps | C. plays jokes on | D. makes friends with |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------|

(4) Cathy is a kind-hearted girl. She is always ready to help others. Her favourite food is cake. Her friends all call her _____. .

- A. Hello Kitty B. Snoopy C. Mashimaro D. Garfield

(5) According to the passage, people love cartoon animals because _____. .

- A. they are the animals that often make people laugh
B. their personalities (个性) are like the people around them
C. the cartoon animals are sunny, warm and full of ideas
D. they always help people, think a lot and try to be big

17.

(B)

There are only a few American large cities which still have some policemen on horseback. New York is one of those cities. The New York police have 170 horses working in the city. The horses are expensive to feed, but it is even more expensive to look after them. Because the horses need special horseshoes to walk on the streets. In they need more than 8,000 of shoes each year. Every police horse in New York gets new shoes every month. The shoes are made and repaired (修理) by six men, they are called blacksmiths. There are only about thirty-five of these blacksmiths in the whole United States.

The cost of making a pair of shoes for a horse is between twenty dollars and thirty-five dollars, and it takes a good blacksmith two or three hours to do the job.

A blacksmith's job is not easy. He must be able to shape a shoe from a piece of metal (金属) and then fit it to the horse's foot. The blacksmith must bend over all the time when he is fitting the shoe and must hold the weight (重量) of the horse's leg while he works. So a blacksmith must be very strong. But even more importantly, he must be very clever - because before the blacksmith can begin his work, he has to make the horse lift its leg.

One of the blacksmiths in New York is James Corbin. He came to America from Ireland in 1948. He not only makes horseshoes for the police but also works for a group of horse owners near the city. Corbin became interested in blacksmithing because his father did it. He just wants to follow his father's example.

(1) According to the passage, to make a horse follow his order and lift its leg, a blacksmith is probably a _____ man.

- A. clever B. rich C. healthy D. lucky

(2) James Corbin became a blacksmith because _____. .

- A. he wanted to make a living B. he was needed by the policemen
C. he drew a picture of the horseshoe D. his father was a blacksmith

(3) What is the meaning of the underlined word blacksmith?

- A. the policeman on horseback B. someone who feed the horses
C. someone who makes and repairs horseshoes D. someone who draws pictures of the shoes

(4) According to the passage, which of the following is TRUE?

- A. New York is the only city in America to have some policemen on horseback.
- B. Not every large city in America has policemen on horseback.
- C. Policemen on horseback enjoy travelling around the United States.
- D. Policemen on horseback are less expensive than those in cars.

(5) The best title for the passage is " _____ " .

- A. Blacksmiths and Horseshoeing
- B. Policemen on Horseback
- C. James Corbin, a Blacksmith
- D. The Best Way to Make a Living

18.

(C)

Have you planted any trees on Tree Planting Day last month? On the 22nd day of this month we will have Earth Day. How are you and your family going to celebrate Earth Day? It's great day to get outside and ride a bike, but there are other ways you could spend the day. Here are four books. You can learn more about the earth and the animals that make the world a special place to live.

The Busy Beaver, by Nicholas Oldland

Beaver is very busy, and he doesn't always think carefully. As a result, he makes a mess (搞得一团糟) of the forest and ends up in hospital. Finally, he realizes how careless he is and decides to make things right when he returns to the forest.

Lessons from Mother Earth, by Elaine McLeod

Five-year-old Tess is visiting her grandmother and, for the first time, she visits the garden. Along the way, Tess's grandmother tells her the rules of the garden, "You must always take good care of our garden. Never throw rubbish around. There is plenty for everyone to share if we don't destroy the soil. " The story is beautifully told as a caring (关爱的) conversation between a child and her grandmother.

Luz See the Light, by Claudia Davila

When Luz's community (社区) experiences a lot of black-outs (停电) , she quickly comes to understand the need to save energy and find other ways of doing things . With the help of her friends and neighbors, she creates (创建) a community garden and park that everyone can use. The book attracts (吸引) many young readers.

The Lorax, by Dr. Seuss

A young boy learns of the role of the Lorax as protector of the trees, and how his home became polluted. The book reminds people of the importance of saving the trees.

(1) When is Earth Day?

- A. On March 22.
- B. On April 22.
- C. On May 22.
- D. On November 22.

(2) We can learn from the passages that Beaver _____ .

- A. always plans things carefully
- B. hates taking care of the forest
- C. decides to leave the forest forever
- D. gets hurt because of his carelessness

(3) Which of the following words can best describe Luz?

A. Stubborn. (固执的)

B. Creative. (有创造力的)

C. Beautiful.

D. Unfriendly.

(4) Which of the following books focus on the protection of forest?

A. The Busy Beaver and The Lorax.

B. Luz Sees the Light and The Lorax.

C. The Busy Beaver and Lessons from Mother Earth.

D. Lessons from Mother Earth and Luz Sees the Oght

(5) What is the writer's purpose in writing this passage?

A. To provide some activities to celebrate Earth Day.

B. To recommend (推荐) some books to young children.

C. To tell readers how to write children's books.

D. To teach readers how to protect our environment

还原句子

19. Potatoes are very popular today. ____1____ Potatoes grew in South America 5 , 000 years ago. But they only became popular in other places 200 years ago.

In the 16th century, the Spanish took the potato from South America to Europe. ____2____ Some people thought that their skins would look like the skin of the plant if they ate the potato. ____3____ This made them sick because there is poison in the leaves.

In the 1800s , people started to eat potatoes. Potatoes became the main food in Ireland. ____4____ In 1845, a disease killed all the potatoes In Ireland. Two million people died because they didn't have enough potatoes to eat.

Today, each country has its potato dish. Germans eat potato salad, and the US has the baked potato. ____5____ .

A. Then something unlucky happened.

B. So they only ate the leaves.

C. But in the past this was not true.

D. Of course, the French have their French fries.

E. But European people didn't like this vegetable.

首字母填空

20. 根据下列句子及所给单词的首字母写出所缺单词, 使句子的语法意义通顺。在填写答卷时, 要求写出完整单词。(每空只写一词)

(1) We can't c _____ any more things. Our bags are very heavy.

- (2) Guide dogs help b _____ people a lot and make their lives more convenient.
- (3) We don't a _____ pets to come to many public areas.
- (4) You can learn English from this English TV p _____ .
- (5) The farmers are d _____ holes on the hill to plant trees.
- (6) The rescue team came and s _____ the old women's life.
- (7) The Amazon Rainforests l _____ in South America.
- (8) The twentieth floor is too high. You had better take the l _____ to go upstairs.
- (9) The teacher asked a very difficult question and all students r _____ silent because they didn't know the answer.
- (10) Our parents always encourage us and give us s _____ when we have problems.

完成句子

21. 完成句子(按中文提示完成句子，每横线只填一词，每空格1分，满分15分)

- (1) 我们更喜欢坐火车去旅行。
We _____ go on holiday by train.
- (2) 我的祖母虽然对我严格，但也总是给我讲笑话。
My grandma is _____ me , but always _____ me _____ .
- (3) 他从来都没有放弃学习英语。
He never _____ English.
- (4) 她一到家，就会给我打电话。
She will give me a call _____ she arrives home.
- (5) 晚上睡前吃太多对健康有害。
_____ for us _____ eat too much before sleeping at night.

书面表达

22. 现在，我们生活中出现了越来越多的共享单车服务(Public Bicycle Service),例如，摩拜。它们为我们的生活提供了不少的便利。更重要的是，它们可以使我们的环境(environment)变得更美丽。在我们的日常生活中，我们述可以在许多方面保护我们的环境。请你根据以下的表格要求写一篇以 "Lower Carbon (低碳) , Happy Life" 为题的英语短短文。

目的

措施

- | | |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| 1. 保持空气清新 | 走路或骑自行车上学。 |
| 2. 保护树木 | 停止砍伐过多的树木；双面使用纸张。 |
| 3. 减少垃圾 | 购物时不用塑料袋(plastic bags)。 |

要求：1. 词数为80个以上。

2. 必须包括以上所有要点，但不能逐词翻译。

3. 在文中不要提及真实的校名和姓名。

Lower Carbon, Happy Life

Nowadays, we have popular Public Bicycle Service, such as Mobike.

