

2017-2018学年度上期期末学业水平阶段性监测

九年级英语

全卷分为A卷和B卷，A卷含听力测试。A卷满分100分，B卷满分50分。考试时间120分钟。每位同学有一张答题卷，请将所有答案直接涂和写在答题卷相对应的题目后，收卷只收答题卷。

A卷(选择题 计100分)

注意事项：

1. A卷共8页，在答A卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考号、考试科目涂写在答题卷上。
2. 解答A卷时，在每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卷上对应题目的答案标号涂黑，如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其它答案，答在试卷上无效。

第一部分 听力测试 (共30小题，计30分)

一、听录音，根据你所听到的句子选择正确答语。每小题念两遍。(共5小题，每小题1分；计5分)

- | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. It's black. | B. It's cheap. | C. It belongs to Mary. |
| 2. A. What's that? | B. In 1876. | C. Well, OK. |
| 3. A. Me, too. | B. Me, neither. | C. Yes, I do. |
| 4. A. You're right. | B. At 6:30. | C. Sure, you can. |
| 5. A. They bow. | B. What happened? | C. That's unusual! |

二、听录音，选择与你所听到的句子意思相符的图片，每小题念两遍。(共5小题，每小题1分；计5分)



A.



B.



C.



D.



E.

6. A 7. C 8. E 9. B 10. D

三、听录音，根据对话内容及问题选择正确的答案。每段对话及问题念两遍。(共10小题，每小题1分；计10分)

- | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 11. A. It's sunny. | B. It's rainy. | C. It's windy. |
| 12. A. About 5:30 p.m. | B. About 6:30 a.m. | C. About 7:30 p.m. |
| 13. A. To wear her own clothes. | B. To bring her smart phone. | C. To read her own books. |



14. A. Traveling around. ~~not~~ ^{one with} B. Studying at a school. ☒ C. Looking after her aunt.
15. A. Going out. B. Ordering drinks. C. Preparing for a party.
16. A. The cinema. ^{buy a phone} B. The library. ^{for books} C. Her workplace.
17. A. Silk. ^{made of} B. Cotton. C. Wood.
18. A. To bow. ^{have} B. To kiss. ☒ C. To shake hands. ☒
19. A. Music that he can dance to. ^b B. Music that is awful. ☒ C. Music that he can sing along with. ^g
20. A. Calling her father. B. Asking for leave. C. Planning a tour.

四、听短文，根据短文内容选择正确的答案。短文念两遍。(共5小题，每小题1分；计5分)

21. For whom is the boy's family having the birthday party?
A. Mary. B. His parents. C. His grandparents.
22. Who will sing songs at the beginning of the party?
A. A singer. B. Two boys aged 8. C. Tom and his family.
23. What time will the dinner begin?
A. At around 6:30 pm. B. At around 8:00 pm. C. At around 8:00 am.
24. When are they taking some photos together?
A. After the concert. B. After dinner. C. Before dinner.
25. What can every friend get before leaving?
A. Some photos. B. Some fruit. C. A beautiful pen.

五、听短文，根据短文内容完成表格中所缺信息，并将答案填写在答题卡相应题号后。短文念三遍。(共5小题，每小题1分；计5分)

Topic: Justin's 26. holiday

Leaver Day

Lower
~~box~~

What's the name of the festival?	27. <u>Leaver day</u> Leaver day <u>Leaver day</u>
When is it?	It's on the first Monday of September.
What do people do?	People usually hold 28. <u>lots</u> . They have pig catches, food growing contests, horse pulls and so on.
Why do people like it?	Because it's 29. <u>the last</u> holiday before school begins, and everyone just wants to have a good time.
How does it make the writer feel?	It makes him feel 30. <u>relax</u> and <u>happy</u> .



B 35. ---You _____ be Lily. You haven't changed a bit after all these years.
---Thank you!
A. can B. must C. will

B 36. ---Mary, I don't know how to _____ my trouble and become worried.
---I think you should ask your English teacher for help.
A. talk with B. deal with C. play with

A 37. She is an honest girl. I have no reason to _____ what she said.
A. doubt B. believe C. hear

A. 从各题A、B、C三个选项中选择正确的答案。(共10小题, 每小题1分; 计10分)

A. a B. the C. /

A. with B. by C. for

A. himself B. them C. him

—I'm coming, Mom.

A. washed B. have washed C. am washing

---Thank you!

A. can B. must C. will

— I think you should ask your English teacher for help.

A. talk with B. deal with C. play with

A. doubt B. believe C. hear

—No, not this one but that one.

A. whose B. who C. which

— Yes, luckily no one

A. hurt B. was hurt C. has hurt

— Sure, She is our math teacher.

A. who is your teacher

C. who is the woman wearing red coat



R. 根据对话内容, 从方框中选出适当的选项补全对话, 并将选项的编号填在横线上。(共5小题, 每小题2分; 计10分)

Son: Mum, It's a weekend again. 41 C

Mother: I think there is no need. We can stay at home and watch films online. A

Son: 42 D

Mother: And the price... E

Son: Only 10 yuan more than last year.

Mother: 43 B I can't stand them. Go with your friends, OK?

Son: OK, thank you, Mum!

A. It's convenient with our new and faster network.

B. But it feels good in a cinema.

C. Shall we go and see a film tonight?

D. But some films are just boring.

E. We have to pay 50 yuan a ticket.

41. _____ 42. _____ 43. _____ 44. _____ 45. _____

七、完形填空。通读下面两篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从A、B、C三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。(A篇5小题, 每小题2分, 计10分; B篇10小题, 每小题1分, 计10分; 共计20分;)

A.

The Spring Festival of 2018 in China is coming. It falls on February 16th. Usually people will have a seven-day 46 _____ to celebrate the Spring Festival. During the holiday, I plan to visit my grandparents in the countryside first. I'm 47 _____ happy to meet them. Also, I'm taking the high-speed rail to Xi'an with my friends. I feel so 48 _____ about it. At the same time, many people will come to Chengdu. They want to know some places of interest in this city. I strongly 49 _____ Kuan' and Zhai Alley(宽窄巷子). It's near the People's Park. There are many historical buildings there. They can learn the history of Chengdu there. 50 _____, people can also taste the local snacks when they visit Kuan and Zha Alley. I think it's a good place for people to visit.

B 46. A. meeting

B. holiday

C. class

A 47. A. really

B. politely

C. exactly



C 48. A. nervous

B. worried

C. excited

B 49. A. support

B. suggest

C. remember

C 50. A. Excuse me

B. For example

C. What's more

B.

Dear Future Me,

At this moment, you are taking the final English exam. I hope you will try your best to 51. _____ the test papers well.

After the Spring festival, almost about three months, you will ~~face one of the greatest~~ 52. _____ in your life, you are leaving school and stepping into a 53. _____ world. You will be able to enter a fantastic high school. Are you nervous? Keep calm and study harder. 54. _____ you have strong will, I'm sure you will pass all your 55. _____.

I'm writing this letter to remind you again of all the things 56. _____ you wanted to do before. I want you to make sure that before you leave school, you will 57. _____ your dream as Footballer of the School. Remember that you wanted to be a famous singer? Well, I hope you will win the first place in the school 58. _____ show next term.

If you have done 59. _____ you wanted to do, you'll now be a popular and clever student, with a bright future ahead of you.

Don't let 60. _____ down!

Yours sincerely,

Li Lei

B 51. A. copy

B. complete

C. correct

52. A. challenges

B. interviews

C. punishments

A 53. A. boring

B. dangerous

C. new

A 54. A. As long as

B. As soon as

C. As well as

C 55. A. surveys

B. regrets

C. exams

B 56. A. what

B. that

C. who

A 57. A. realize

B. come true

C. give up

C 58. A. talk

B. game

C. talent

A 59. A. everything

B. nothing

C. anything

B 60. A. them

B. me

C. him



第三部分 阅读理解 (共15小题, 计30分)

八、阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容判断句子的正误。正确的写“A”, 错误的写“B”。

(共5小题, 每小题2分; 计10分)

“USA? Britain? Which country is better to study in?” We often hear such discussions. As China opens its door, many Chinese students dream to study abroad. They want to learn about the outside world.

It's true that studying abroad can help students to develop themselves in the future. Their foreign language skills will be improved and it may be easier to find jobs.

But there are problems that should be considered. Language is the first. Students must spend a lot of time learning another language. Students must also learn to deal with all kinds of things that their parents do for them before, like taking care of themselves. Finally, studying abroad adds a heavy burden (负担) to the family. For most Chinese parents, the expense (花费) of studying abroad is very high.

We know that there are many people who have achieved success through their hard work. Liu Xiang is a good example. Once an American teacher invited him there, but he refused. He kept training hard with his Chinese teacher. He surprised the world when he won a gold medal at the Athens Olympic Games. So when you wonder which country is better to study in, think it carefully.

- A 61. It is a dream for many Chinese students to study abroad.
B 62. Studying abroad can't help students to develop themselves in the future.
A 63. Parents have to spend much money on children's studying abroad.
B 64. The topic of the passage is about the disadvantages of studying abroad.
A 65. The purpose of writing the passage is to tell us to keep a clear head when considering whether to study abroad.

九、阅读下面A、B两篇短文, 根据短文内容选择正确答案。(共10小题, 每小题2分; 计20分)

A.

A young couple were having a romantic dinner at an expensive restaurant on a snowy weekend. They saw an old lady sitting alone, looking at them. They smiled politely, but were a little surprised when the old lady came over to their table. The old lady told the young woman that she looked like her daughter who she said died one year ago. She said it would make her happy if they said “Goodbye, Mum” when she left the restaurant. How could they refuse? A few minutes later, the



old lady stood up to leave. The young couple waved, as she had asked them, and said "Goodbye, Mum" as the old lady walked out. When the young couple received their bill, however, they saw that it included the cost of the old lady's meal. They called over the manager and asked him what had happened. "The bill includes the charge of your mother's meal," he explained, "she said she was your mother."

A 66. What were the young couple doing?

- A. Having dinner at a restaurant.
- B. Looking for their mother.
- C. talking with the old lady.

C 67. What was the weather like that weekend?

- A. It was sunny.
- B. It was windy.
- C. It was snowy.

B 68. Who was sitting alone, looking at the young couple?

- A. An old lady's daughter.
- B. An old lady.
- C. The manager.

C 69. Why did the old lady ask the young couple to call her "Mum"?

- A. Because she was their mother.
- B. Because the young lady looked like her daughter.
- C. Because she wanted to have her bill paid by the young couple.

A 70. Who was the old lady?

- A. A cheat.
- B. The couple's mother.
- C. The manager's relative.

B.

Do you love the summer holidays but hate being bored? Then why don't you enter the Film Street Summer Shorts Competition by making a short film this summer with your family and friends?

What you have to do

To enter the competition, you have to make a short film that is around 5 minutes long (It can be shorter but not longer!) on a camera, or mobile phone.

Awards

The best short film which has entered into our competition will be shown in Film Street's Cinema and you will win a Cinemas pass for yourself and three more for other members of your film-making team. If you have a Cinemas pass, you can watch many films as you like for a year, for



free, at any Cinema!

Rules

- We can't show films that tell others about either your or any other kids' name or address.
- We can't show films that hurt, harm other people.
- We can't show films that have bad language.
- Your film is original and you can't copy ~~someone else~~.

Address and date

Post your finished film on tape, CD or DVD by Monday, October 1st, 2017 to:

Film Street Summer Shorts Competition

First Light Movies

Unit 6, Third Floor, The Bond

So what's stopping you? Start making your Film Street Summer Show now!

B 71. Who is the passage written for?

A. Children.

B. Parents.

C. Teachers.

C 72. How many Cinemas passes will the winner of the competition be awarded in all?

A. One.

B. Three.

C. Four.

C 73. From the third passage, we can learn that _____

A. the winner's short film can be shown in any cinema

B. the winner will be paid for his short film

C. the winner can watch films for free for one year at any Cinema

A 74. The underlined word "original" means _____

A. made by yourself

B. good for children

C. interesting enough

P 75. What's the best title for the passage?

A. How to make a camera.

B. Make a five-minute film and win.

C. How to make a short film.



B 卷 (非选择题: 计50分)

注意事项: B卷共五大题, 用蓝、黑钢笔或圆珠笔直接将答案写在答题卷相对应题后。

一、根据首字母及句意补全单词, 并将单词完整地写在答题卡相应题号后 (共5个小题, 每小题1分, 计5分)

1. What she said today was totally different from what she said yesterday.
2. To be a gentleman, you should learn to how to behave well at the dinner table.
3. In order to have cleaner air, our government has taken many actions to protect our environment.
4. The film "Youth", directed by Feng Xiaogang, has an extensive popularity among our old generations.
5. It was quite difficult for me to be used to speaking German, but now I'm gradually getting used to it.

二、完成对话。在对话的空格中填上适当的单词, 使对话完整正确。一空一词。(共10个小题, 每小题1分, 计10分)

- Lily: Wang Lei, how many units have you studied by the end of this term?
- Wang Lei: About twelve units. How about you?
- Lily: Eleven units in all. So which unit do you think is the most helpful in your life?
- Wang Lei: I think Unit 10 impresses me most. You know the 2. topic of this unit is about customs around the world. So I've learned a lot from it. But it gave my friend Lin Lin a good lesson.
- Lily: Why do you think so? Any 3. examples?
- Wang Lei: Sure. Last week, two groups of foreign students came to visit our school. So our school held a welcome party for them. And yet, a funny thing happened.
- Lily: 5. What happened?
- Wang Lei: When we went in, we met a Korean student, so I bowed. As a 6. result, he bowed, too.
- Lily: That's how people in Korea are expected to greet each other. It's 7. impolite if you don't bow.
- Wang Lei: Yes, you're right. But just at that moment, to my great surprise, my friend held out his hand. He just stood there with his hand out! How 8. surprised we felt!
- Lily: So he was. Maybe he didn't know that. I remember when I first met a French friend last year, I did the same thing. I held out my hand and to my surprise, she kissed me on both 9. sides of my face.
- Wang Lei: I wouldn't mind that!
- Lily: Haha... You're very funny. Each country has different rules about 10. each situation. So it's useful for us to learn as many of these customs as possible.



三、短文填空。从下面方框中选择适当的单词并用其正确形式填入短文空格内，使短文意思正确、通顺。(每词限用一次)。按编号将答案依次填入下边表格内。(共10小题，每小题1分；计10分)

country side twenty pollute advantage different greatly change dream child surprised cost travel

When I was a child, I often dreamed of the time when I could leave home and escape to the city. We lived on a farm, in the winter especially, we wear quite different from the outside world. As soon as I left school, I packed my bags and moved to the capital.

However, I soon discovered that one big disadvantage is money. It cost so much to go out, not to mention basics like food and housing. Another disadvantage is pollution. I suffer from asthma (哮喘), and the air is so bad that I am afraid to go outside. Then there is the problem of travelling. Although I have a car, I seldom use it because of the traffic jams. One choice is to go by bicycle, but that can be quite dangerous.

Of course there are advantages. First, there is so much to do in the city, whatever your tastes in culture or entertainment. Besides, there are wonderful jobs and opportunities of moving to a more important job or position. Finally, if you like shopping, the variety of goods is very great and, what is more, shops are often only a short walk away.

Is life better then, in the city? Perhaps it is, when you are in your teens or childhood. However, as you get older, and especially if you have small children, the peace of the countryside becomes preferable. I certainly hope to move back there soon.

四、任务型阅读 (共10小题；计10分)

A. 补全短文：阅读下面短文，从短文后的A-F选项选出适当的选项补全短文(有一多余选项)，并将选项的编号依次填入题后表格中。(共5小题，每小题1分；计5分)

As traditional Chinese art, paper cutting has a long history. The first and earliest paper cutting was found in China 1,500 years ago. But this traditional art is at risk of disappearing now. 1. F

One Saturday in 2014, Ms Woo held a paper cutting show at a shopping center near Washington. She got much fun and peace doing it. 2. D A

Ms Woo began to study the art of paper cutting as a 14-year-old girl in her hometown in China. She said all the students at school had to learn paper cutting. But she had a deep love for it. 3. B Later, she won the second prize in a national painting and art competition. Ms Woo went to America after she finished college in 2008. Soon after that, she took part in an activity to promote (宣传) Chinese paper cutting. 4. A It is important to promote this art to Americans or anyone who is interested in it. Maybe it will make this art more popular." Woo said.



From the art of paper cutting, people can know about Chinese cultural values, history and stories of people's life. 5. E Chinese art is not only for Chinese, but also for people all over the world.

A. She hoped more people would enjoy it.

B. So her teacher spent more time teaching her after class.

C. Paper cutting sounds very easy but it can be difficult to do.

D. And then she was invited to show the art in many important activities.

E. Ms Woo uses the art as a tool to show Chinese culture to people who know little about it.

F. Luckily, Ms Woo, a Chinese immigrant (移民) in America, is trying to bring this art back to life.

B. 完成表格：阅读下面短文，补全表格中所缺的信息。按编号把答案依次填在题后的横线上。（共5小题，每小题1分；计5分）

Many countries all over the world have National Parks. There are about 7000 National Parks around the world. Most of them protect natural settings as well as the plants and animals that live there, but a few are in towns and cities.

Are there National Parks in England?

There are nine National Parks in England. The first three were the Peak District, the Lake District and Dartmoor, which were all named as National Parks in 1951. Others followed afterwards, such as the North York Moors in 1952, the New Forest in 2005 and the South Downs in 2010.

Are National Parks in England the same as those in other countries?

Many National Parks around the world cover huge areas of land where nobody lives, but in England most of the countryside within them is used for farming and other activities. As a result, National Parks in England include places where people live and work, as well as wild and beautiful areas where there is little sign of human life.

Why do visitors go to the national Parks?

There are plenty of activities to do in all of the National parks in England. Visitors can walk or cycle, following marked routes, and many of the parks organize activities for families.

Are there any problems in the National Parks?

There are about 110 million visitors to the parks every year, bringing many benefits to the areas but creating problems too. Many popular towns and villages can be swamped (充斥) by visitors. This results in overcrowded car parks and roads are full of traffic. Life can be difficult for people who live there, as more and more gift shops and cafes are opened instead of those everyday shops, in popular areas, house prices can become too high for local people making it hard for them to stay in the area.

How can people help?



All National Parks in England promote the Countryside Code, which tells people how to take care of their surroundings. If these rules are followed, the National parks will be protected and continue to give pleasure to many people for a very long time.

National Parks in England	
Purpose	● Most National Parks around the world are built to <u>protect natural settings</u>.
2. <u>Notes</u>	● Nine parks were named as National Parks in England in different periods.
Differences	● Many National Parks around the <u>world</u> are <u>3 covering huge forests</u> but without any people. ● Most of the countryside in National Parks in England is used for farming and other activities.
Reasons	● Visitors can walk or cycle, following marked routes, and families <u>4 go to the park</u> with organized activities.
Problems	● Too many visitors can cause heavy traffic. ● The disappearance of everyday shops makes life difficult. ● Local people can <u>5 hardly afford</u> to buy houses in popular areas.
Way out	● People should obey the rules of the Countryside Code.

五、书面表达 (计15分)

假如你是初三学生李华, 本期学习压力大, 近期你班全体师生将举行一次远足活动来解压, 请你给外教Tom写一封邮件邀请他一起参加。内容要点如下表:

出发	目的地	活动安排
本周六上午8点; 校门口	银江公园 (距离你校约10公里), 约2小时路程	1. 参观景区 2. 合影留念 3.

注意: 1. 词数100左右;

2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

3. 邮件的开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

Dear Tom,

We would feel much honored if you could make it.

Sincerely yours,

Li Hua

