

锦江区初 2015 级适应性考试试题
英语

注意事项：

- 1.全卷分 A 卷和 B 卷，A 卷满分 100 分，B 卷满分 50 分；考试时间 120 分钟。
- 2.作答前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考号涂写在答题卡上。
- 3.选择题部分请在答题卡使用 2B 铅笔填涂；非选择题部分请在答题卡使用 0.5 毫米黑色的签字笔书写，字体工整、笔迹清楚。
- 4.请按照题号在答题卡上各题目对应的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域书写的答案无效；在草稿纸、试卷上答题无效。
- 5.保持答题卡面（机读卡加答题卷）清洁，不得折叠、污染、破损等。

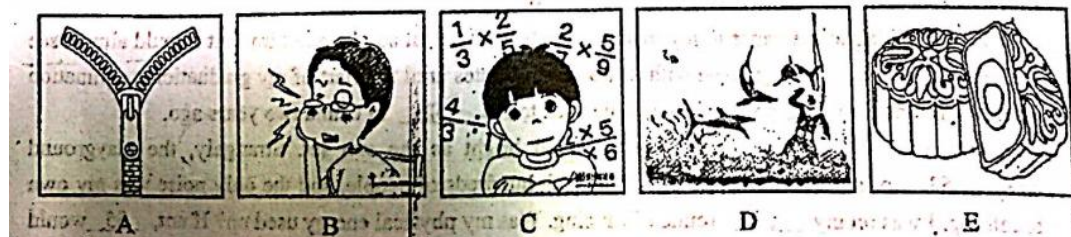
A 卷（共 100 分）

第一部分 听力测试（共 30 小题，计 30 分）

一、听句子，根据所听到的内容选择正确答案。每小题念两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 1.A.Yes,I could. | B.No,I couldn't. | C.Sure,just over there. |
| 2.A.Silk. | B.In Guangzhou. | C.By hand. |
| 3.A.In August. | B.For a week. | C.Once a week. |
| 4.A.I think so. | B.IFS mall. | C.I'd love to. |
| 5.A.Thank you. | B.Sounds great. | C.Good luck. |

二、听句子，选择与所听句子内容相符的图片，并将代表图片的字母填在答题卡的相应位置。每小题念两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）



6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

三、听对话，根据对话内容及问题选择正确答案。每小题念两遍。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

- | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| 11. A. Shops | B. Chats with friends. | C. Watches movies. |
| 12. A. More understanding. | B. More careful | C. More careless. |
| 13. A. A watch. | B. A cup. | C. A book. |
| 14. A. At Bill's home. | B. In the classroom | C. In the library. |
| 15. A. 55 yuan. | B. 60 yuan. | C. 65 yuan. |
| 16. A. Brown. | B. Black. | C. White. |
| 17. A. Two kilometers. | B. Three kilometers. | C. Five kilometers. |
| 18. A. Sitcoms. | B. Talk shows. | C. Soap Operas. |
| 19. A. 7:45. | B. 8:30. | C. 8:45. |

20. A. Because she hurt her leg.

B. Because she has to read a book.

C. Because she helps clean the classroom.

四、听短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案。选文念两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

21. Where did Li Ming visit when he was in America?
A. A space station. B. A space center. C. A space ship.
22. Mike stayed in the International Space Station for _____.
A. 13 days. B. one month C. 3 years
23. What should an astronaut do before he can go into the space?
A. Take years of training. B. Wait for a long time. C. Visit a space center.
24. How did Mike feel before take-off according to the passage?
A. Interested B. Nervous C. Amazed.
25. Mike didn't see _____ from the outer space.
A. the sun B. the earth C. the Great Wall

五、听下面一段短文，根据内容补全所缺信息。短文念三遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

The clever use of ____26____	
Accident	◆ A boy ____27____ a teacher in the hallway.
Invention	◆ A company think up a new way to make people ____28____ in the hallway.
	◆ It seems that there is ____29____ in the floor.
Results	◆ People wouldn't run on the floor without ____30____.

第二部分 基础知识运用（共 30 小题，计 40 分）

六、选择填空。（共 15 小题，计 20 分）

A. 从以下各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确答案。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

31. ---Did you listen to _____ news program of FM101.7?

---Of course. It kills most of my boring time on the busy streets in the morning.

A. a B. the C. /

32. The movie Forever Young _____ showing until January 12, 2018 for some reasons.

A. put off B. was put off C. will be put off

33. Lots of people are busy planning to buy one more apartment, _____ the housing prices are quite high.

A. even B. because C. though

34. ---Let's eat outside to celebrate your graduation. Would you like to try Thai food or Korean food?

---Thanks, mom. Either is OK. I really don't _____ it.

A. mind B. like C. expect

35. ---Mom, do you need me to do anything to help clean up the house?

---Thanks, honey, but _____ is ready.

A. something B. nothing C. everything

36. ---Does your father smoke _____ than before, Judy?

---Yes. He's trying hard to give it up. And his health is much better now.

A. less B. more C. fewer

37. ---Excuse me. Baidu Maps says there is a flower shop near here. Could you please tell me _____?

---Sure. It's about ten minutes' walk.

A. how I can get there B. how far it is from here C. how long it takes me to find it

38. The Lohas Green Way is very _____ my home, so my father and I often exercise there.

- A. far from B. close to C. similar to

39. ---When will they finish rebuilding the flyover? It's too noisy outside.

---It's said that it will be done _____ one month.

- A. in B. during C. after

40. If you want to _____ an activity, like playing the piano, you have to hold on to it.

- A. put up B. set up C. take up

B. 补全对话。根据对话内容，从下边方框中选出适当的选项补全对话。（共5小题，每小题2分；计10分）

A: What can I do for you?

B: ____41____

A: For your daughter? Look, the shoes are nice for girls. Do you like them?

B: Yes. But she'll take a PE test next Friday. The shoes need to be soft enough. ____42____

A: Sure. There are many kinds of shoes over there. And what color does she like?

B: ____43____ But she can't stand green.

A: What size does she need?

B: Size 6. Let me see, this pair of shoes must fit her well. ____44____

A: They are not expensive, only \$15.

B: That would be fine. ____45____ Here's the money. Thanks for your help.

A: You are welcome!

- A. May I have a look at other shoes?
B. How much are they?
C. I'll take them.
D. I'd like a pair of sports shoes for my daughter.
E. The color doesn't really matter.

七、完形填空。阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容，从A、B、C三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。（共15小题，计20分。A篇每小题2分，计10分；B篇每小题1分，计10分）

A

A group of American people did a survey. They asked a lot of people what their greatest ____46____ is. And according to their survey, 75% of the people said that they didn't work hard enough when they were young and as a result they had achieved ____47____.

Nowadays it seems popular for young people not to live an appropriate life on purpose and do nothing ____48____. 45m 电叫 purpose and do. That's really sad. Being young is the most valuable thing you have. And it's the most valuable resource(资源) at your hand. Stay busy when you are young. Fight as much as you can. Life is already ____49____ enough even if you try. Let alone if you don't. Like what they say in Game of Thrones, winter is coming. Winter full of challenges is coming for everyone, all the time. This winter's name is Time.

Chances are only for those who always have themselves ____50____ well. Are you one of them?

46. A. regret B. achievement C. dream
47. A. everything B. nothing C. something
48. A. quickly B. seriously C. beautifully
49. A. busy B. easy C. hand
50. A. prepared B. accepted C. improved

B

I was looking at the paper in my math teacher's hands. I sat so close to him that I could almost see the questions I was ___51___ to deal with. It was five minutes until the start of my graduation examination at my high school in Singapore. It brought me back to the ___52___ in China two years ago.

The brick red playground no longer looked bright as the sun set. Strangely, the playground was ___53___ of sound although it was filled with hundreds of people and the only noise was my own breathing. I was on my ___54___ round of running. Was my physical energy used up? If not, ___55___ would it be? I thought about it but then realized that I didn't care. I had to finish the run, since it was part of my senior high school entrance (入口) examination. "Fifteen seconds left!" The sentence reached me as if it came from somewhere far away. As I finished, it began to rain, and I rushed to the teaching building. The rain outside was cold, while it made the classroom feel ___56___. The classroom was crowded as always, and the exercise books marked by our teacher lay in the corner. The day's tasks were written on the blackboard. I still miss the ___57___ I had with my friends and the gifts I received and gave on that last school day. We all made predictions of our marks we would get and then we went ___58___. At that time, I ___59___ thought I would soon be so far away from home, studying in a school in Singapore.

The more I thought of the fun past days, the more I wished I could go back. But I knew that life was a one-way road. With each small step, I become even ___60___ from my past.

- | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|
| 51. A. able | B. about | C. afraid |
| 52. A. examination | B. playground | C. classroom |
| 53. A. short | B. full | C. empty |
| 54. A. first | B. final | C. second |
| 55. A. where | B. what | C. when |
| 56. A. warmer | B. colder | C. wetter |
| 57. A. sadness | B. laughs | C. courage |
| 58. A. away | B. cut | C. in |
| 59. A. already | B. never | C. always |
| 60. A. different | B. closer | C. further |

第三部分 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 30 分)

八、阅读下面短文, 根据短文内容判断句子的正误。正确的涂“A”, 错误的涂“B”。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分; 计 10 分)

At the age of 84, Elsie Eiler is still the mayor (镇长) of her hometown of Monowi in the Midwestern United States. But not only is she the mayor, she is also the clerk and the secretary.

This isn't because she is the oldest woman in the town, but she is the only person that still lives in the town. Monowi had a population of 150 in the 1930s. As more and more people moved away in search of jobs in other towns and cities the population dropped to 18 in 1980. Finally, there were only two people left in Monowi. They were Eiler and her husband. Eiler decided to stay in the town after her husband died in 2004, which made her the only resident (居民) of the town.

Eiler lives alone, but she is not lonely. She works twelve hours a day in a bar in Monowi. This is the only business in town; the post office and the three shops closed between 1967 and 1970, followed by the school in 1974.

She served hamburgers, hot dogs and drinks in her bar. Most of her customers live within 20 to 30 miles; she has known them for much of her life. Others drive 200 miles from nearby cities to

have a drink or play cards in the bar. There are also visitors coming from around the world to see her.

Eiler says that she is happy to live in Momovi because she grew up there. She also keeps list of the abandoned(废弃的) houses here, for someone who wants to move into one of them and doubles the town's population.

61. Elsie Eiler is a mayor as well as a clerk and a secretary in Monowi.

62. Elsie Eiler has been living alone since 1980.

63. Visitors can send letters in a post office and visit a local school in Monowi now.

64. The visitors from all over the world come to see her.

65. Elsie Eiler keeps a list of the abandoned houses in order to make the visitors have a place to live in.

九、阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案。（共 10 小题，每小题 2 分；计 20 分）

A

It was again time for my school autumn field trip. As always, I was made group leader by my teacher, working with another male student to make sure everyone on the group didn't go missing or play computer games when they were supposed to be lining up.

Anyway, what could I have done? Should I have told the teacher that I was too scared to be a leader? Probably not. So I just peacefully accepted the fact. On the day of the trip as we all got on the bus, I managed to announce loudly to my schoolmates that it was time to begin our trip to the Great Wall.

Organizing the students on the school bus was tiring. Students didn't feel like talking or playing games, because our class was divided into several groups, with each other, everyone was quiet... What's more, they couldn't eat, drink or play with cellphones on the bus. But I saw some boys drinking milk. Because I'm always kind to my classmates, the boys were friendly to me and didn't treat me as they did to the male group leader. They just nodded at me, finished drinking the milk and put it away. Should I have pointed out they behaved wrong? After I thought about it, I decided that I shouldn't break the rules. Nervous and embarrassed, I touched the classmate sitting right next to me and asked her in a low voice to tell the boys next to her not to drink their milk.

Just from being in charge of the group on this short bus trip, I could feel the tiredness and difficulty of being a leader. After the journey was finally over, at least I'd made a little progress to speak out bravely.

66. As group leaders we should make sure _____.

A. everyone knows each other

B. nobody in the group will get lost

C. everyone in the group lines up all the time.

67. The students were allowed to _____ on the bus.

A. play games

B. drink milk

C. play with cellphones

68. The male group leader probably is a _____ person.

A. shy

B. strict

C. popular

69. The underlined sentence I decided that I shouldn't break the rules means _____.

A. I shouldn't drink milk

B. I should allow the boys to drink milk

C. I should stop the boys drinking milk

70. After this trip, I would _____.

- A. never be a group leader again
- B. always point out others' bad actions
- C. not be afraid to speak out in front of others

B

British roads are some of the safest in the world. A study in 2010 that compared more than 30 countries found that 3.8 people per 100,000 died in traffic accidents in the UK. This number was lower than any other country. So, what did British drivers do to achieve this? What are they doing differently? Here are five top tips for drivers who are planning a trip to the UK.

People in Britain drive on the left side of the road. In fact, a long time ago people drove on the left in most countries, but now only a few countries have this. Don't forget that this also means you must drive the other way around roundabouts(环岛).

British people feel that waiting should be fair for everybody. If you are in a line of traffic, then don't try to push past the cars in front of yours. This is called "cutting in line" You must wait for your turn, or people may get angry with you.

Pedestrians(行人) must stop at traffic lights when they are red. In many countries, it is OK to go past red lights if you are turning a corner or if there isn't any other traffic around. In the UK you could have lots of trouble if you do this.

If another driver flashes their car's lights at you then they are probably trying to tell you that they will wait for you to go first. British people don't like to use their car horn(喇叭) much and they think people who do are quite impolite.

If you get into a traffic accident, then don't try to pay the police. The police in the UK never take money, and if you try to offer them some you could end your holiday visiting a British prison.

71. When you are driving in the UK, you _____.

- A. can sometimes pay the police to stay away from trouble
- B. cannot go past red lights even when turning a corner.
- C. should drive on the right side around roundabouts

72. If a driver flashes their car's light at you when you are driving, it means _____.

- A. they would like you to go first
- B. you have done something impolite
- C. there are possible dangers ahead

73. Which is NOT the reason for the lower number of people dying in traffic accidents in UK?

- A. British roads are some of the safest in the world.
- B. Both drivers and pedestrians have strict rules.
- C. British drivers drive on the left side of the road.

74. From the passage we learn that _____.

- A. people used to drive on the right in most countries
- B. you can't drive past cars in front of yours in the UK
- C. you can go past red lights when no other cars come round in the UK

75. The article is mainly about _____.

- A. How to deal with the traffic accidents in the UK
- B. Tips for making UK travel plans
- C. Special traffic rules in the UK

B 卷 (共 50 分)

注意事项：请用蓝、黑钢笔或圆珠笔在答题卡上作答

一、根据首字母填写单词。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

1. In the modern society, you can buy things more c_____ on line than in the shop.

2. Students usually like h_____ teachers, who can make them laugh often.

3. In order to stay healthy, we should avoid eating something that can make us s_____.

4. Because I o_____ this morning, I missed the school bus.

5. During the recent years, the p_____ of the pop stars has risen widely among teenagers.

二、完成对话。在对话空格中填上适当的单词，使对话完整正确。一空一词（含缩写词）。
（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

W--William A--Alice

W: I am preparing for the English competition of Star of Outlook. Do you have any god idea? I am afraid I can't decide what to talk about.

A: Let me see, how about talking about Created in China? The development of China has ___1___ the world. Chinese brand names are becoming more well-known in other countries.

W: I don't really know much about it, But it seems easy to ___2___ the listeners who'd like to get more information about it.

A: Sure, have you ever heard the term Made in China It is really common to see that ___3___ your clothes or shoes. It used to be a sign of bad ___4___ and cheapness, not comparable to that of famous brands in Europe.

W: It took my ___5___ back o the movie-Amazing China I watched last Saturday. This 90-minute documentary showed us high-speed railway, Hongkong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge Project and the largest single-dish telescope FAST. I'm really proud of being a Chinese!

A: Yes, In the past what kind of projects we took up was ___6___ by what kind of equipment we had. But nowadays, no matter what kind of projects we are ___7___ from others, we can develop the technology to complete it with creative minds.

W: That's true. One of the most ___8___ moments in the film was probably the interview of Nan Rendong, often called the "father of FAST".

A: Oh, tell me more about his story, please.

W: After more than 20 years of working at the site, the chief scientist and engineer of the project passed away last year because of lung cancer, a badly serious illness, and then I couldn't stop crying.

A: Sorry to hear that. But thanks to their creative minds, we make it ___9___ to achieve our goals, which makes foreigners admire it a lot.

W: I totally agree. Anyway, thank you for your great ideas. I know what my ___10___ should be about.

A: My pleasure. Hope you win the competition.

三、短文填空。从下面方框中选出 10 个单词并使用其适当形式填入短文空格内，使短文意思正确、通顺（每次限用一次）。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

accept alone compare crowd four hot include inspire nine study tour

Where did you go during the summer holidays? Some of you may have visited Tsinghua and Peking universities. And you weren't ___1___. This summer, crowds of tourists traveled to the campuses of these two universities, reported China Youth Daily. "Tsinghua University opens to the public at 8:30 am, however, many people start to line up at 3-4 am, because people who come at 6

am may be too late and can only enter in the afternoon,” a guard told People’s Daily.

In fact, it’s not only Chinese universities that are ___2___ in summer. Cambridge and Oxford in the United Kingdom also come across the same problem. According to The Guardian, the road in front of King’s College, Cambridge is usually filled with tourists, ___3___ Chinese schoolchildren in uniforms, before most coach tours have even arrived. Universities in the United States are also popular among Chinese tourists. US tourism company Attract China did a survey in 2014 -- ___4___ out of ten Chinese visitors to the US want to visit a university.

So what makes visiting famous universities this ___5___?

One reason is that many parents hope to get their children ___6___ into a top university in the future, according to People’s Daily. For example, Su Chanyi, a mother from Hunan province, walked her 14-year-old son around the campuses of Tsinghua and Peking universities this summer. “I brought him here to see what top universities look like, ___7___ them with those of our hometown. I hope he can learn something and be ___8___ to come here to study in the future,” she told China Daily.

And it’s not just aspiring (有抱负的) students and parents you’ll find ___9___ campuses. Wang Yuntao, 31, who comes from Xi’an, visited two famous US universities in 2014.

“American universities are much ___10___. There are no walls,” he told The New York Times. “I was excited. I felt this urge to have a free exchange of ideas with someone.”

四、阅读表达（共 10 小题；计 10 分）

A. 补全短文。根据短文内容，从短文后的 A-F 选项中选出适当的选项补全短文，并将代表句子的字母填涂在答题卡相应题号的位置上。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

US writer Henry Rollins once wrote: “Loneliness adds beauty to life. It puts a special burn on sunsets and makes night air smell better.” ___1___ There are paintings that were made from the experience of loneliness, songs that are created by loneliness, and many works of literature (文学) that center around this theme. However, in the UK, loneliness is far from beauty. Instead, it has become a serious problem in the country. So just how serious is it? On Jan 17, UK Prime Minister Theresa May chose politician Tracey Crouch as the country’s very first “Minister for Loneliness” to take away the loneliness that the country’s been feeling. ___2___ And it is even more harmful to one’s physical and mental health than smoking 15 cigarettes a day.

___3___ Although most of the world now is taking the advantage of the Internet, which has enabled us to be more connected than ever, what we need is to have proper human connections. Our lives nowadays are so busy. ___4___ People need to press STOP on that and actually sit down and speak to human beings more often.

We need to end up the loneliness. ___5___ After all, without loneliness, many beautiful paintings, songs, and works of literature even wouldn’t be there. And a serious problem or not, being lonely is simply part of the experience of being human.

- | |
|--|
| <p>A. We spend lots of our time on our smart phones.</p> <p>B. In fact, we’re all standing the loneliness now more than ever.</p> <p>C. The problem is causing influence on more than 9 million people.</p> <p>D. Actually, in the eyes of artists, loneliness never seems to go out of style.</p> <p>E. But the very first steps to fighting this problem are to accept it that is being around us.</p> <p>F. A survey carried out by a newspaper finds that British people are less likely to get to know their neighbors.</p> |
|--|

B.完成表格。阅读下面短文，根据其内容，完成表格中所缺的信息，并将答案填写在答题卡相应的题号位置上。（共5小题，每小题1分；计5分）

Ways to Overcome Procrastination

When things get busy, we all have tasks we put off. If you always put off doing things to a later time, maybe you have procrastination. Sometimes these things were put off unnecessarily. If you are putting off the right things. It can be a good way to lower your pressure from your work. If the item doesn't need to be done at very first, then it should wait. Other times, we put things on the back burner(次要位置), being out-of-sight and out-of mind, just because we are trying to avoid them. Maybe it is something you don't want to do, or something you think you are not ready for yet. In these situations, putting things on the back burner that shouldn't be there can lead to trouble down the road. Important tasks can be forgotten, chances missed, and bigger Problems created, and it will cause even more difficulties than if you had dealt with them in the first place.

Here are ways to avoid putting off the right tasks.

◆ Focus on your priorities(优先)

If you want to succeed in managing your tasks and fighting procrastination, you are to focus on the things which are prior. Think carefully about your activities that lead to a problem and avoid all the possibilities causing procrastination. The main thing is to be well cheered up to reach all your goals.

◆ Visual board

Visual board is considered to be the best way to excite you in difficult situations. Write down your plans on small pieces of paper and put them on the board of your needs. This way, you'll be able to see this set of dreams hundred times a day.

◆ Start doing smaller tasks

Sometimes we take up challenging tasks at the very beginning and feel upset if something is wrong. Not to get in such a difficult situation, start doing small things and then move to the next level and deal with more challenging ones. Bit by bit you will manage procrastination.

◆ Plan your day

All successful people plan their day ahead. As a result, they have a possibility to do more tasks, making their common days more valuable. When having a plan, the main thing is to follow it and be sure that everything would be on your schedule. Try to focus directly on the task you need and don't let anything trouble you.

◆ Get up early

Get up earlier and you'll be able to increase your chances to overcome procrastination. An early riser is sure to be in luck and it's usually so. If you have difficulties with getting up early in the morning, you should cheer yourself up to do it by all means. In 21 days you'll get used to such a schedule.

So always keep your most important tasks front-and-center where you can see and act on them now. Hold the back burner for the low priority items that can afford to sit and wait.

Title: Ways to Overcome Procrastination		
Introduction to procrastination	Causes	◆ People have too much work to do. ◆ Being ___1___ of themselves, people want to run away from what they have to do.
	___2___	◆ Important tasks can be forgotten. ◆ Chances missed.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Bigger problems and more difficulties created
Solutions	Focus on your priorities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Focus on the things which has to be done firstly. ◆ Stay away from the possibilities which lead to procrastination with your careful ___3___.
	Visual board	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Write down your plans on small pieces of paper and put them on the board of your needs.
	Start doing smaller tasks	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Try not to make yourself feel more stressed when ___4___ to finish the challenges.
	Plan your day	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Make your common days more valuable through scheduling it carefully.
	Get up early	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ 21 days early rising makes you be better at overcoming.
Conclusion		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Keep your most important tasks in the first place and act on them. ◆ Put ___5___ things out-of-sight and out-of-mind for the time being.

五、书面表达。（计 15 分）（请直接书写在答题卡的相应位置）

Stephen Hawking is one of the great scientists in the history. He gave me three suggestions to his children. The first suggestion is to remember to look up at the stars and not down at your feet. The second is to never give up work. Work gives you meaning and purpose and life is empty without it. The last is that if you are lucky enough to find love, remember it is valuable, and don't throw it away.

The three suggestions are just from a common father. He just wishes his kids can enjoy the life and find their own value in the world.

请仔细阅读上文并以 Enjoy the Life, Find the Value 为题写一篇英语作文。

要求：1. 请逐条陈述你对霍金给儿子建议的理解；

2. 结合霍金的建议，谈谈自己将如何享受生活，并实现自我人生价值（至少三条措施）；

3. 词数：110 词左右；

4. 注意：价值观正确，不得照抄原文。