



四、单项填空(本大题共 10 题,每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

从下面各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选择可以填入空白处的最佳选项.

21. Miss Zhang is our English teacher. We all like \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. her                      B. him                      C. me                      D. us
22. The children plant trees in the park \_\_\_\_\_ March 12 every year.
- A. at                      B. on                      C. in                      D. to
23. Jack didn't come to school today \_\_\_\_\_ he was ill.
- A. so                      B. but                      C. or                      D. because
24. — \_\_\_\_\_ do you visit your grandparents, Tony?  
— Oh, once a month. My grandparents live in Tianjin.
- A. How long                      B. How far  
C. How often                      D. How many
25. — Which sport is \_\_\_\_\_, swimming or skating?  
— Swimming.
- A. popular                      B. more popular  
C. most popular                      D. the most popular
26. — We \_\_\_\_\_ the Summer Palace next Sunday.  
— Have a good trip.
- A. visit                      B. visited  
C. have visited                      D. will visit
27. Peter \_\_\_\_\_ a lot about Chinese culture since he came to China.
- A. learns                      B. learned  
C. will learn                      D. has learned
28. — Must I finish my homework now?  
— No, you \_\_\_\_\_. You can do it tomorrow.
- A. needn't                      B. mustn't  
C. couldn't                      D. wouldn't
29. — How clean your car is!  
— Thank you. It \_\_\_\_\_ often.
- A. washes                      B. washed  
C. is washed                      D. was washed
30. — Your book is very interesting. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
— I bought it in Xinhua Bookstore last Sunday..
- A. where did you buy it                      B. where will you buy it  
C. where you bought it                      D. where you will buy it

五、完形填空 (本大题共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

阅读下面的短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

**Never Too Late**

The morning Sean checked the email as usual. Then he found an unexpected email in his inbox. Could he realize his dream late? Sean was now nearly 40, alone and poor. He dreamed of being a police





officer for a long time and never made it. Was it possibly \_\_\_\_\_(31) this time?

When Sean was only a 5-year-old boy, his father's friend Paul once \_\_\_\_\_(32) the little boy home in his police car. Sean was interested in the car, the lights and the uniform (制服). He decided to be a hero like Paul.

However, a high school English teacher \_\_\_\_\_(33) his dream. She argued that he had a true gift for writing and should not waste it being a police officer. Sean followed his teacher's advice and finally he became a \_\_\_\_\_(34) for a newspaper and married. During the years, he changed several jobs but nothing made him really \_\_\_\_\_(35). His heart really wasn't in the job or marriage. Actually, he had never really given up his childhood \_\_\_\_\_(36) to become a policeman. His wife could not bear this and left him when Sean was 39 years old. Sean was \_\_\_\_\_(37) to move back to St. Ignace, where his dad lived. "I feel like a failure," Sean says. He was sad and lost 25 pounds in a few months.

When his father encouraged him to search for a new job, the opportunity came. Phoenix was in great need of police officers and one of Sean's old friends emailed him, "Do you still want to be a police officer?" "Phoenix was a world away - 2100 miles from St. Ignace," says Sean. "But here, at least, was one more \_\_\_\_\_(38) I felt reborn."

In order to pass the test to enter the police academy (学院). Sean \_\_\_\_\_(39) began training, setting a daily running rule of a mile and a half. Three weeks later when he arrived in Phoenix, Sean was a man physically and emotionally changed. Finally, Sean passed the written exam and completed the physical test. On Nov. 16, 2015, Sean finished his education in the police academy.

The following year, Sean got a prize because of his excellent job. "It took me 35 years. But a promise is a promise. How many people can say they \_\_\_\_\_(40) their life's dream? Sean says, "I did it. It just proves that it's never too late."

- |                |              |             |                |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| 31. A. new     | B. different | C. strange  | D. interesting |
| 32. A. guided  | B. led       | C. carried  | D. drove       |
| 33. A. broke   | B. made      | C. kept     | D. supported   |
| 34. A. teacher | B. driver    | C. reporter | D. manager     |
| 35. A. rich    | B. happy     | C. famous   | D. lucky       |
| 36. A. life    | B. work      | C. wish     | D. idea        |
| 37. A. invited | B. forced    | C. asked    | D. ordered     |
| 38. A. chance  | B. time      | C. job      | D. dream       |
| 39. A. busily  | B. carefully | C. quietly  | D. immediately |
| 40. A. know    | B. have      | C. live     | D. meet        |

六、阅读下列短文，根据短文内容，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选择最佳选项。(共 26 分，每题 2 分)

A

**Four Famous Places of Interest in Shanghai**



Shanghai Zoo

The zoo was finished in November 1995. It has an area of about 47 thousand square meters. You can see more than 400 kinds of animals. It is not only a zoo but also a scientific park about animals. Both adults and children enjoy visiting the zoo.

**Phone:** 62687775



Bund Beach

It was given back to China in August 1943. This beach is a good place for partying and beach sports. During the summer, people come here drinking, eating and having a party. There is also a pool for children.

**Phone:** 63586888



Happy Valley

The huge park was built in September 2009 in Shanghai. It's famous for large roller coasters (过山车). On the weekends in summer, there's a lot to see and do. But there are too many people on a sunny day. So you have to be patient to wait.

**Phone:** 33552222



Shanghai Xin  
Hongqiao  
Center Garden

The garden was built in September 2000. It covers an area of 130 thousand square kilometers. There are many kinds of green trees and beautiful flowers. It is a good place for taking a walk or having a picnic.

**Phone:** 62753869

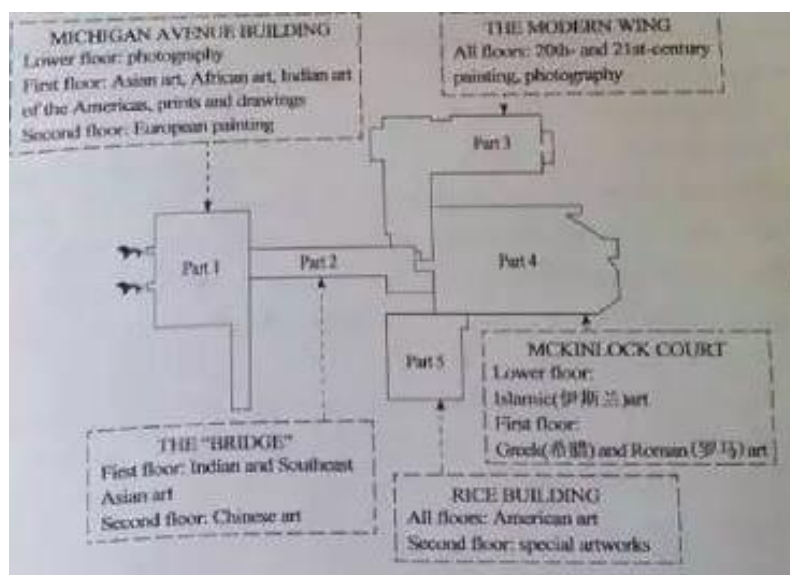
41. If you want to go Shanghai zoo, you can call \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. 63586888                                              B. 62687775  
 C. 33552222                                              D. 62753869
42. Bund Beach is a good place for \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. partying and beach sports                      B. having a picnic  
 C. seeing animals                                      D. taking a walk
43. Happy Valley is famous for \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. a scientific park about animals              B. a deep pool to get wet  
 C. large roller coasters                              D. many kinds of green trees
44. Shanghai Xin Hongqiao Center Garden was built \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. in August, 1943                                      B. in November, 1995  
 C. in September, 2009                                D. in September, 2000

B

### Welcome to the Art Museum

You've just step into one of the world's greatest collections of art, covering centuries of human creativity from around the world. With thousands of works on show, you may wonder how to start your visit, but we are here to help. On the back of this Visitor Guide, you'll see the "don't miss" list for the Art Museum. It shows some must-see works. It's a great choice to start if you are new to the museum.

The following pages include a clear floor plan of the museum and its collections. But because we have five buildings, the overlook below might be helpful. Enjoy your visit and feel free to ask for help and directions at any point during your stay.



45. The passage is a page from \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. a magazine.                                                B. a newspaper.  
 C. a visitor guide.                                            D. a picture book.
46. The “don’t miss” list for the Art Museum shows \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Some free paintings.                                        B. Some must-see works.  
 C. Some new collections.                                      D. Some museum buildings.
47. How many parts does the overlook of the museum include?
- A. Two                                                              B. Three                                                              C. Four                                                              D. Five
48. Which part of the museum shows Chinese art?
- A. THE “BRIDGE”                                                B. RICE BUILDING  
 C. THE MODERN WING                                            D. MCKINLOCK COURT

### C

#### Think Before Keeping Pets

More and more people like to keep pets. In their eyes, keeping pets has many advantages. It can teach people a sense of responsibility. What’s more, it can drive away the loneliness. It can also reduce people’s stress.

But I’d like to voice different opinions.

A recent survey in the United States showed that the common family spent more money on its pets than on its children. Although to some degree unbelievable, it should not surprise anyone who has seen the doggy parlors (客厅) where loved pets rest. Are Americans different from others in treating their little friends in this way? No, the English, too, pay more attention to their pets.



This can clearly be seen when we look at pet foods, which often provide more vitamins (维生素) than human food. They certainly cost much. Last year the British public spent two hundred million pounds on pet food alone, to say nothing of medical bills or animal furniture (家具). It is difficult to feel happy about this when considering what that money could do for the hungry and the poor, so it is not unusual for me to **get hot under collar** when I read an old man left all his money to his dog instead of his children.

There are some reasons why I find pet-raising worrying. They lead to physical problems. An

example of this is New York where it is difficult to deal with the mess that dogs leave on the streets. Many people find this funny, but in a number of large cities it is a big problem. Animals can cause illness, too.

Another problem is the carelessness of pet owners. Most little children want a dog or a cat, and they continually push their mothers and fathers until they get one. It is only when the “sweet little thing” has been brought home that the parents realize how much time and money must be spent on “Rover” or “Bonzo”. Then they just leave the pets they keep. As a result, they are allowed to run free. English farmers lose hundreds of sheep a year, killed by someone’s pet and you must have read of children being hurt by some pets of their own.

So please have a second thought before you keep a pet.

49. According to the passage, keeping pets have many advantages except \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. reducing the stress
  - B. driving away the loneliness
  - C. being good for the environment
  - D. teaching the sense of responsibility
50. The doggy parlors are mentioned in the 3rd paragraph to show \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. how much money pet owners spend on pets
  - B. how much pets depend on their owners
  - C. why children love their pets so much
  - D. where Americans keep their pets
51. In the 4th paragraph “**get hot under the collar**” probably means \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. staying cool
  - B. feeling very angry
  - C. becoming excited
  - D. getting quite satisfied
52. According to the passage which of the following is true?
- A. Pets can do harm to people’s health.
  - B. The writer thinks it is good to keep pets.
  - C. Pet owners can take good care of their pets all the time.
  - D. Americans spend more money on their children than on pets.

#### D

#### How to Improve Your Memory

Man still has a lot to learn about the most powerful and complex (复杂的) part of his body - the brain.

It may be surprising to learn that it isn’t age that makes you lose your memory. The reason could be that you have a “lazy” memory, not an old one. Like your body, your memory improves with exercise. Once given plenty of exercise, the brain keeps its power. Before discussing how to improve the memory, let’s look at how the brain works. There are two sides to the brain, the left and the right. The right side deals with senses (what we see, hear, feel and smell). It’s the creative and imaginative side. The left side is related to logical (逻辑的) thinking, which analyzes (分析) information and put it in order. Some recent research suggests that we remember everything that happens to us. The problem most of us have is recalling (回忆) events. Most forgetting takes place immediately after learning. An hour after learning something new, more than 50% has been forgotten. After a month, 80% has been forgotten, and so on.

This research is very important. It shows if you review new material you have learnt, you remember much more. So it’s of the greatest importance to review newly learned material often, and have breaks often. You best remember what you learn at the beginning of a learning period and at the point where we stop. After the break, review what was learned before the break and then



continue learning the new material. These breaks should happen every 20 or 45 minutes.

Other experiments have shown the brain needs time to take in what has been learned. The time necessary for this is 5 to 10 minutes. After the break, the memory will have taken in what it has just learned, and more will be remembered. During this period it is important to exercise the right side of the brain, because the left side is used during the learning period. Therefore you should relax. Listening to music, breathing in fresh air, and looking at a picture are all ways of using the other side of the brain. So when you are studying alone, make a plan which shows when to have breaks and to review newly learned material immediately before you begin studying again. If you do in this way, your memory will improve.

53. To fight forgetting better, we're advised to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. break down materials into small prices
  - B. use two sides of the brain together
  - C. make proper use of our senses
  - D. go over what was learned often
54. During the learning process the brain needs breaks to \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. use the right side of the brain
  - B. review newly learnt materials
  - C. take in what has been learnt
  - D. relax the left side of the brain
55. What can we learn from the passage?
- A. Old age makes people lose their memory and forget the past.
  - B. People can remember 20% an hour after learning something new.
  - C. Listening to music is the best way to use the left side of the brain.
  - D. Memory works best at the beginning and the end of a learning period.

七、阅读短文，根据短文内容，从短文后的五个选项中选出能填入空白处的选项。（本大题共5小题，每小题2分，共10分）

People are always afraid of making mistakes. But sometimes it's not bad to make mistakes, and here is why.

At first, mistakes are a clear sign that you are trying new things. So go bravely and make mistakes. In fact when you are trying new things, you are growing. \_\_\_\_\_ (56), how can you improve? How can you create? The simple answer is, "You can't." Look around you, everything you see is the result of someone trying new things. \_\_\_\_\_ (57): When you are making mistakes, you are learning. Consider this: Edison failed 10,000 times before he invented the light bulb (灯泡). When he was asked how he felt to fail that many times, he said that he hadn't failed 10,000 times, but had learned 10,000 things that didn't work.

Finally, when you make a mistake, you are much closer to success. Why? \_\_\_\_\_ (58), and you have done what you should do. But it doesn't mean that you can make mistakes without thinking. Instead, it's necessary for you to think them over when you try new things. (59).

We shouldn't spend all our time and money on the only one way, but use them correctly. (60). There is an old saying, "If you are not making mistakes, you are not trying hard enough." It's always good to try new things.

- A. If you never try new things
- B. After all, our time and money are limited
- C. Because you have said what you should say
- D. The second good thing about mistakes is this
- E. In this way, you can avoid some unnecessary mistakes



八、阅读短文，根据短文内容回答问题（本大题共 5 小题，每题 2 分，共 10 分）

Keep Air Clean in Your Home

Have you ever got a bad cough that won't go away? do you have trouble breathing? Do your eyes hurt when your parents are cooking? The air in your home could cause these problems. Everyone knows that there is air pollution in the street, but it is surprising to discover that you are also in danger of air pollution in your own home.

Many people, especially those who live in villages in the countryside, burn coal or wood in the open air. This can be really dangerous, because there are harmful chemicals in the smoke and they can seriously pollute the air in your home. Fuels (燃料) that people use for cooking can also be harmful. Again, the problem is that fresh air doesn't get into the area where the cooking place. When you breathe in bad air in your home, it can harm your lungs (肺部) and other parts of your body.

There are things you can do to reduce the amount (数量) of bad air in your home. Of course, you have to keep warm and you can't stop cooking, but you can reduce the amount of bad air you breathe in.

First of all, avoid smoky areas as much as you can. Although it's important for adults to stay away from smoke, it's especially important for children. Secondly, find some ways to fix the problem if an open fire or cooking causes smoke in your home. To remove (除去) the smoke, you can turn on the smoke lampblack machine (油烟机) and open the window more often, even in winter. You'll be glad you did it!

61. Is there air pollution in your own home?
62. Why is it dangerous to burn coal or wood in the open air?
63. What can it harm when you breathe in bad air?
64. What can you do to remove the smoke?
65. What is the passage mainly about?

九、文段表达（15 分）

66 从下面两个题目中任选一题，根据中文和英文提示，完成一篇不少于 50 词的文段写作。文中已给出单词不计入总词数。所给提示词语仅供选用。请不要写出你的校名和姓名。

**题目 1**

假如你叫李华，你们学校将要开展“外国友人进校园”的开放日 (Open day) 活动。你想邀请笔友 Tom 来参加。请你用英语写一封邮件，告诉他活动的时间，活动的内容，以及他需要做哪些准备。

提示词语: show.....around, history, English songs, Chinese traditional food, camera

提示问题: When will you have the open day?

What will you do that day?

What do you advise him to prepare for the day?

Dear Tom,

How is it going?

I'm writing to invite you to our school Open Day that I suppose you will be interested in. \_\_\_\_\_

---



---



---



---



---

Looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,  
Li Hua

**题目 2**

幸福无处不在。幸福是父母为你营造的温馨的家，幸福来自老师赞许的目光，幸福是孤独时朋友送来的一杯奶茶，幸福是..... 每个人都有自己的幸福。某英语网站正在征集英文稿件，请以 **My happiness** 为题，写一件曾经发生过的令你感到幸福的事。它是什么时候发生的，发生了什么让你感到幸福，以及你现在对幸福的看法。

提示词语： mark, be afraid, encourage, be moved, love

提示问题： When did it happen?

What happened to make you feel happy?

What do you think of happiness now?

As we know, happiness is everywhere and it may be not the same for everyone. \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---





爱智康

# 中考拼了!

## 2017中考点睛课

——为你的中考画龙点睛

考点	难点	重点		
2017				
语文	数学	英语	化学	物理

为了帮助考生全力冲刺2017年中考，爱智康中考研究中心团队历经4个月的潜心研究，特推出2017中考点睛课。点睛课分为线上直播课和线下班课两种课程。  
线上直播课专注知识梳理，把握考试方向。  
线下班课专注重难点，锁定范围，直接击破。





## 产品一：线上直播课

线上直播课以2017年中考考纲为依据，包括：考纲要求、知识梳理、考试方向总结、历年真题、2017中考演练、中考点睛等6大模块。为了更好地落实学习效果，配套《2017中考点睛宝典》，归纳近4年考点和考法。购买线上直播课，即可循环往复播放，直到将名师点睛的内容学会。

**课程价格：**120元/时 每次课2小时，每科1次课240元

**上课方式：**爱智康在线直播

**上课时间：**

时间	科目	讲师
5月29日 9:00-11:00	语文	刘聪漪
5月29日 13:00-15:00	物理	张鹏飞
5月29日 16:00-18:00	数学	郝昕
5月30日 9:00-11:00	化学	李秀佳
5月30日 13:00-15:00	英语	李佳

**缴费方式：**扫描以下二维码，即可实现线上缴费



## 产品二：线下班课

线下班课专注重难点，锁定范围，直接击破。例如：物理、化学只讲实验，数学只讲最后3道题，专而精。

**课程价格：**210元/时 每次课2小时，每科1次课420元

**上课方式：**线下50人班（每科仅限50个名额）

**上课时间：**

时间	科目	讲师
6月10日 10:00-12:00	语文	刘聪漪
6月10日 13:00-15:00	物理	张鹏飞
6月10日 15:00-17:00	数学	郝昕
6月11日 10:00-12:00	化学	李秀佳
6月11日 13:00-15:00	英语	李佳



课程详细请扫描二维码

**授课地址：**海淀区中关村大街18号中关村科贸大厦B座1503室

**缴费方式：**爱智康各服务中心前台缴费

**咨询电话：4000-121-121**

北京市朝阳区 2017 年初三一模英语  
试题答案

四、单项选择

ABDCB DDACC

五、完形填空

BDACB CBADC

六、阅读理解

A 篇: BACD

B 篇: CBDA

C 篇: CABA

D 篇: DCD

七、五选四

ADCEB

八、任务型阅读

61. Yes.

62. Because there are harmful chemicals in the smoke and they can seriously pollute the air in our home.

63. It can harm our lungs and other parts of our bodies.

64. We can turn on the smoke lampblack machine and open the window.

65. The air pollution in our home and ways to keep air clean in our home.

九、文段表达

题目1

Dear Tom,

I'm writing to invite you to our school Open Day that suppose you will be interested in. It will be held next Friday from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m..

First, some teachers will show you around our school. You'll know about its history. Then, you will enjoy an English party at 9:00. Some students will sing English songs. Lunch is served at 12:00 in the dining hall. We will prepare some Chinese traditional food such noodles and dumplings. Hope you enjoy them! By the way, don't forget to take your camera.

Looking forward to your early reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

题目二

As we know, happiness is everywhere and it may be not the same for everyone.

I will never forget what happened when I was in Grade 9. I had a bad mark at a math test. I was too afraid to tell my parents. But when I got back home late, my parents knew what happened. Then they told me that they believed I could do better the next time. They also encouraged me to keep on trying was moved and made up my mind to work harder.

I think happiness is the deep love from parents.

## 北京市朝阳区 2017 年初三一模英语试题解析

### 单项填空

21. 考查人称代词。Miss Zhang 为女性第三人称单数，又动词后用宾格 her，故选 A。
22. 考查介词。在具体日期前用时间介词 on。故选 B。
23. 考查连词。because 表示因果(原因)。句意为 Jack 今天没来学校因为他生病了。故选 D。
24. 考查特殊疑问句。由回答 once a month 可知表的是频率。How long 问时间长短，How far 问空间距离，How often 问频率，How many 问数量。故选 C。
25. 考查形容词比较级。由 swimming or skating 可知句子表达的是两者之间的比较，句意为“游泳和滑冰哪个更受欢迎？”因此应该填 popular 的比较级形式 more popular。故选 B。
26. 考查一般将来时。由上文 next Sunday 可知是一般将来时。故选 D。
27. 考查现在完成时。由句中的 since 可知，句子应使用现在完成时。因此。故选 D。
28. 考查情态动词。由 must 提问的一般疑问句做否定回答时用 No, you needn't。故选 D。
29. 考查一般现在时的被动语态。由 often 可知是一般现在时态，又 car 和 wash 之间是被动关系。故选 C。
30. 考查宾语从句，根据时间状语 last Sunday 可知时态为一般过去时，同时宾语从句语序应为陈述语序。故选 B。

### 完型填空：

31. 考查形容词辨析。根据前文“Sean has dreamed of being a police officer for a long time, and never made it”，可知 Sean 梦想成为一名警察但一直没能实现。“这次有可能不一样吗？” new “新的”，different “不同的”，strange “奇怪的”，interesting “有趣的”。故选 B。
32. 考查动词辨析。根据文章内容，小时候 Sean 的父亲的朋友 Paul 曾经用他的警车送这个小男孩回家。guided “引导”，led “领导”，carried “携带”，drive “驾驶，驾驶交通工具送”。故选 D。
33. 考查动词辨析。根据文章内容“However, a high school teacher his dream.”中的转折词“however”可知，一个高中老师并没有帮助他实现梦想。故选 A。
34. 考查名词辨析。根据上文可知，学校英语老师认为 Sean 在写作方面有天赋，所以不该把天赋浪费在成为警察这件事情上，Sean 顺从了老师的建议，成为了一名报纸的记者。故选 C。
35. 考查形容词辨析。根据后文内容“His heart really wasn't in the job or the marriage.”“他的心没有真正的在工作和婚姻里”，可知他对于现在的工作和生活感到并不快乐。rich “富有的”，happy “快乐的”，famous “著名的”，lucky “幸运的”。故选 B。
36. 考查名词辨析。根据上文可知 Sean 的愿望是当一名警察，下文也描写了他为了成功成为一名警察所做的努力。所以此题应为他没有放弃自己的心愿。故选 C。
37. 考查动词辨析。根据上文“His wife could not bear this and left him when Sean was 39 years old.”可知 Sean 此时处于糟糕的处境，并且前文提到他是“alone and poor”，所以他是被生活所迫，必须搬回他爸爸住的地方。故选 B。
38. 考查名词辨析。当父亲鼓励 Sean 去找新工作时，机会来了。根据上文“when his father encouraged him to search for a new job, the opportunity came”，可知这里的 opportunity 是名词的同义复现。故选 A。
39. 考查副词辨析。此句副词用来修饰动作 began。根据文意可知 Sean 为了通过考试，立即开始训练。busily “忙碌的”，carefully “仔细地”，quietly “悄悄地”，immediately “立即，马上”。故选 D。
40. 考查动词辨析。根据上文知道，Sean 在工作中获得了优秀奖，并且花费了 35 年的时间，但要信守对自己的诺言，多少人能说他们他们一生的梦想。“live one's dream”是固定搭配，



表示实现某人的梦想。故选 C。

**阅读理解：**

**A 篇 应用文**

- 41. 考查细节题。根据文章的第一个表格黑体字部分 Phone:62687775”可知，故选 B。
- 42. 考查细节题。根据第二个表格第二句 “This beach is a good place for partying and beach sports.”可知，故选 A。
- 43. 考查细节题。根据第三个表格第二句 “It’s famous for large roller coasters”可知，故选 C。
- 44. 考查细节题。根据第四个表格第一句 “The garden was built in September2000”可知，故选 D。

**B 篇 说明文**

- 45. 考查细节题。根据文章第一段第二句话 “With thousands of works on show, you may wonder how to start your visit, but we are here to help”可知此文是关于游客指南的，故选 C。
- 46. 考查细节题。根据第一段第三、四两句: you’ll see the “don’t miss” list for the Art Museum. It shows some must-see works, 可知故选 B。
- 47. 考查细节题。根据题干中的关键词 “How many parts” 定位图表，表中有 5 个 part, 故选 D。
- 48. 考查细节题。根据题干中的关键词 “Chinese art” 定位到表格 Part 2。由此确定，故选 A。

**C 篇 议论文**

- 49. 考查细节题。根据题干关键信息 “keeping pets have many advantages” 养宠物有很多好处，可定位至文章第一段第二句，根据本段后文可确定 A、B、D 选项均有提及，只有 C 选项 “being good for the environment” 对环境有好处未提及。故选 C。
- 50. 考查细节题。根据文章第三段第一句，明确本段观点为 “the common family spent more money on its pets than on its children”。意思是一般家庭花费在宠物身上的钱比花在孩子身上的钱多，而关键词 “doggy parlors” 所在句为本段观点的具体例子。对比选项，确定 A 项 “how much money pet owners spend on pets”，宠物拥有者花费多少钱在宠物身上为正确答案。故选 A。
- 51. 考查猜词题。根据划线处前一句 “It’s difficult to feel happy about this when considering what that money could do for the hungry and the poor”，意思是：当考虑这些钱本可以为穷苦和饥饿的人做些什么的时候，是很难感到开心的，可知作者不赞同给宠物花很多钱。根据本句后连接词 so，可知此句与划线句子整句是因果关系，所以划线句子整句的情绪也是负面的。故选 B。
- 52. 考查细节题。根据第五段最后一句 “Animals can cause illness, too”，意思是动物也会引起疾病，确定 A 选项 “Pets can do harm to people’s health.”意思是宠物对人们的健康有害，选项表述与原文一致。故选 A。

**D 篇 议论文**

- 53. 考查细节题。根据第四段第二句 “It shows if you review new material you have learnt you remember much more”，这里的 “review”是 “复习” 的意思，本句话的意思是：这表明如果你复习你学到的新的知识，你会记得更多。D 项符合文意。故选 D。
- 54. 考查细节题。根据第五段第三句 “After the break, the memory will have taken in what it has just learned”，可知大脑需要时间去吸收我们所学的知识。故选 C。
- 55. 考查细节题。第四段第三句 “You best remember what you learn at the beginning of a learning period and at the point where we stop”，选项表述与文章一致。故选 D。

**任务型阅读：**



56. 选项 A 译为“如果你永远不尝试新鲜事物”。前文 when you are trying new things, you are growing”译为“当你尝试新的事物时,你就可以成长”。后文说到你就不会进步,就不会有创新,可知正确答案。

57. 由于此空设在首句,又因上一段首句用到 At first, 下一段首句用到 Finally, 所以此空应该选择一个与上下文一致的逻辑顺序词,又 D 选项中的 this 为指示代词,代指冒号之后的好处“when you are making mistakes, you are learning”。故选 D。

58. 空格之前出现特殊疑问词 why 询问原因,所以选择 Because 进行回答。且 C 选项的 you have said what you should say”与 and 后的“you have done what you should do”并列。故选 C。

59. 前文中说“当你尝试新鲜事物的时候,反复思考是十分必要的”,选项中的 this 代指前文的方法:“仔细思考十分有必要”。故选 E。

60. 前文中首次出现了名词“时间”和“金钱”。故选 B。

### 阅读短文,回答问题

61. 根据关键词“air pollution”,在文章第一段最后一句话,可得到答案。

62. 根据关键词“dangerous”和“burn coal or wood”,可知答案在文章第二段第二句话,故 because 后面为答案。

63. 根据关键词“harm”和“when you breath in bad air”,可知答案在文章第二段最后一句话。

64. 根据关键词“remove the smoke”,在文章最后一段倒数第二句话,可得到答案。

65. 本文结构清晰明了,前两段介绍的是我们家里空气污染的现状,作为导入部分代入文章的主旨。最后两段介绍了减少污染的方式。所以本篇大意能够很明确的概括为以上两点内容。

## 书面表达

### 题目 1

按照题目要求,第一段确定活动的时间,“It will be held next Friday from 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.”

第二段阐述活动的内容以及要做的准备。一是: some teachers will show you around our school. You'll know about its history.二是: you will enjoy an English party at 9:00. Some students will sing English songs.。三是: Lunch is served at 12:00 in the dining hall. We will prepare some Chinese traditional food such noodles and dumplings.。

最后告知要准备的东西“don't forget to take your camera.”对应作文题目中的要点三。

### 题目 2

这篇文章为写事类话题,需要回答三方面的问题。

首先第一段中,写出幸福无处不在“happiness is everywhere and it may be not the same for everyone”。第二段作者阐述了件让他觉得幸福的事。在一次数学考试中他表得不好,回家得到了父母的理解和鼓励,这让他觉得十分幸福。最后一段表达了自己的观点:幸福就是来自父母的爱,“I think happiness is the deep love from parents”。