



海淀区高三年级第二学期期中练习

英 语

2017.4

学校_____ 班级_____ 姓名_____ 成绩_____

本试卷共 12 页, 共 150 分。考试时间 120 分钟。

注意事项:

1. 考生务必将答案答在答题卡上, 在试卷上作答无效。
2. 答题前考生务必将答题卡上的姓名、准考证号用黑色字迹的签字笔填写。
3. 答题卡上选择题必须用 2B 铅笔作答, 将选中项涂满涂黑, 黑度以盖住框内字母为准, 修改时用橡皮擦除干净。非选择题 1 必须用黑色字迹的签字笔按照题号顺序在各题目的答题区域内作答, 未在对应的答题区域内作答或超出答题区域作答的均不得分。

第一部分: 听力理解 (共三节, 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一道小题, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话你将听一遍。

1. What's the man's Chinese animal?



A.



B.



C.

2. How does the woman want the beef?

A. Rare.

B. Medium.

C. Well-done.

3. What time does the meeting start?

A. At 9:30am.

B. At 10:00am.

C. At 10:15am.

4. How does the woman feel about the news?

A. Excited.

B. Terrified.

C. Disappointed.

5. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. At a store.

B. At a bank.

C. In a police station.

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几道小题, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读每小题。听完后, 每小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白你将听两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. What class did the man like best?

A. Science.

B. Biology.

C. Public speaking.

7. What is the woman probably doing?

A. Asking for information.

B. Offering help.

C. Giving advice.

高三英语试卷 第 1 页 (共 12 页)





听第7段材料, 回答第8至9题。

8. Where does Yeliz live now?
 A. In Los Angeles. B. In Istanbul. C. In Scotland.
9. What is Yeliz planning to do next?
 A. Start her tour. B. Make another CD. C. Meet more people.

听第8段材料, 回答第10至12题。

10. Where is Mike now?
 A. In his bedroom. B. At the barber's. C. In a changing room.
11. How is Mike going to get rich and famous?
 A. By becoming a race car driver.
 B. By becoming a great writer.
 C. By becoming a rock star.
12. What does the woman think of Mike's ideas?
 A. Ridiculous. B. Inspiring. C. Fantastic.

听第9段材料, 回答第13至15题。

13. How many solar terms were used in the Zhou Dynasty?
 A. 4. B. 8. C. 24.
14. Why were the 24 solar terms created?
 A. To record changes in human life.
 B. To guide farming activities.
 C. To show the sun's position.
15. What did people usually do on the day of the Beginning of Summer?
 A. They ate dumplings. B. They ate cold food. C. They drank tea.

第三节 (共5小题; 每小题1.5分, 共7.5分)

听下面一段对话, 完成第16至20五道小题, 每小题仅填写一个词。听对话前, 你将有20秒钟的时间阅读试题, 听完后, 你将有60秒钟的作答时间。这段对话你将听两遍。

ABC Car Rental Form	
Name	<u>16</u> Lee
Type of Vehicle	A car of <u>17</u> size
Time of Rental	From <u>18</u> 14th to 23rd
Location for Car Pick-up	Los Angeles <u>19</u> Station
Rental Fee	\$ <u>20</u> per day
Identity Documents Needed	Valid driving license



第二部分: 知识运用 (共两节, 45 分)

第一节 单项填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. —What do you think of the two designs?
—Frankly, I like _____ of them. Please show me a third one.
A. any B. either C. neither D. both
22. Mobike is a popular service _____ brings convenience to our life.
A. which B. where C. when D. who
23. Your attitude _____ life determines how happy or unhappy you are.
A. towards B. with C. on D. for
24. —You're so excited. What's up?
—I _____ as a volunteer in the coming Art Festival.
A. had been accepted B. have been accepted C. had accepted D. have accepted
25. Like great athletes or scientists, great teachers have the ability _____ others as well.
A. inspiring B. inspire C. inspired D. to inspire
26. The newly-published dictionary will be of great help to foreigners _____ Chinese.
A. learn B. learnt C. learning D. having learnt
27. Chinese poetry _____ the focus of attention in February, 2017 due to the hit TV show *Chinese Poetry Conference*.
A. is becoming B. has become C. becomes D. became
28. At this time tomorrow I _____ on the beach in Sanya, enjoying the sunshine there.
A. will be lying B. lie C. will lie D. am lying
29. When _____ in a traffic jam, I often listen to my favorite music to relax.
A. trapping B. trapped C. to trap D. having trapped
30. Enjoying a fresh morning is important _____ it can set the mood for the rest of the day.
A. unless B. if C. because D. although
31. Zheng He's ships _____ the west coast of Africa long before Europeans arrived there.
A. will visit B. has visited C. would visit D. had visited
32. Have you ever wondered _____ you can feel the wind but cannot see it?
A. why B. how C. what D. whether
33. My mother wants to decorate our rooms in a modern way _____ my father prefers a traditional style.
A. as long as B. as C. while D. now that
34. —Could we phone our English teacher now?
—Not now. I'm afraid he _____ be driving.
A. shall B. may C. will D. can
35. Waiters are requested to treat every customer as if they _____ guests in their own house.
A. are B. were C. would be D. had been

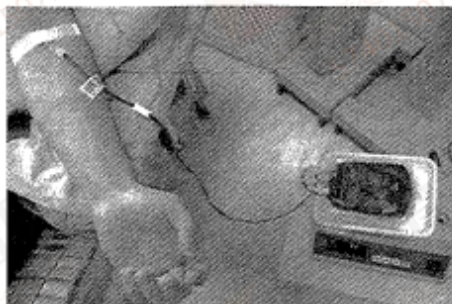


第二节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A Commitment to Life

The snow was falling and the roads had become dangerous. The schools were dismissed early, but much to my surprise, my 36 wasn't canceled. So I went, feeling especially heroic. As far as I could see, I was risking my life to keep my 37. Snow or no snow, I would be on time for my scheduled donation at the local 38 center.



When I got there, I discovered I wasn't 39. Four more "hero-types" were already lying back in donor chairs with lines 40 to their veins, and machines quietly pumping away to 41 their lifesaving gifts.

Seeing my fellow donors honoring their own commitments, I realized why I was there. I lay back in my donor chair, ready to make a difference in the life of someone I would never 42.

To be honest, I'd never really thought about why I donate. I just do it. But a few months ago, during one of my 43 donations I learned that my blood was specifically for a cancer patient and for a newborn baby—both patients needed what I would give in order to live. I've viewed my visits to the blood center 44 ever since.

My wife Karen is a 45, too. And more importantly, she has been on the bone marrow(骨髓) list for fifteen years, ever since she signed up to provide bone marrow to a kindergartner with leukemia(白血病). That little girl died before Karen's bone marrow could help her, 46 Karen was called again recently. Her test results were still on file, and it turned out she was a potential 47 for someone else. The caller asked Karen if she would still be willing to become a bone marrow donor. "Yes," she said and then immediately began answering questions on the pages of paperwork for further testing. It was a race 48 time.

I wish I could say that this 49 was won. It wasn't. The caller later thanked Karen for her participation and asked a few more questions—including whether or not she'd 50 on the donor list. "Of course," Karen answered.

Last week Karen gave blood and next week I'll make my usual donation. I'll 51 an afternoon from my schedule and make an appointment. I don't know whose life my donation may 52. Most likely it will be a 53, but on any day the person needing a blood product could be you or me or maybe a loved one. It is worthwhile to 54 our time to donate.

I really do feel 55 every time I donate. And I like the feeling.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| 36. A. appointment | B. class | C. meeting | D. flight |
| 37. A. secret | B. balance | C. shape | D. word |
| 38. A. service | B. shopping | C. blood | D. care |
| 39. A. alone | B. welcome | C. late | D. lucky |
| 40. A. exposed | B. attached | C. applied | D. added |
| 41. A. examine | B. produce | C. collect | D. clean |



- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 42. A. meet | B. forget | C. miss | D. recognize |
| 43. A. regular | B. unexpected | C. special | D. pleasant |
| 44. A. wisely | B. differently | C. hesitantly | D. carefully |
| 45. A. receiver | B. doctor | C. patient | D. donor |
| 46. A. or | B. but | C. and | D. for |
| 47. A. risk | B. customer | C. match | D. partner |
| 48. A. beyond | B. with | C. against | D. of |
| 49. A. honor | B. test | C. prize | D. race |
| 50. A. rank | B. sign | C. appear | D. remain |
| 51. A. clear | B. separate | C. lose | D. remove |
| 52. A. touch | B. affect | C. create | D. enrich |
| 53. A. child | B. stranger | C. hero | D. friend |
| 54. A. waste | B. save | C. kill | D. take |
| 55. A. empty | B. grateful | C. proud | D. nervous |

第三部分: 阅读理解 (共两节, 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

I am Henry Jekyll. I was born in the 1800s. I inherited(继承) a large fortune, a healthy body and an excellent mind. I was naturally hard-working and soon I was very successful in my job. So the outside world saw a serious, hard-working, successful doctor. Behind this quiet character, however, was a wild, fun-loving, irresponsible young man. Both of them were me. They lived together in the same body.

"Was it possible," I wondered, "to find a drug that could give each side of my character its own separate face and body?"

After much thought and careful study I believed I had found the answer. I had read many scientific books and spent many hours in my laboratory, searching for the right mixture of chemicals to make my drug. At last I got everything ready.

Late one night, I mixed everything together and prepared my drug. I watched the smoke rising from the liquid as its color changed from red to purple and at last to green. Then, bravely, I drank every bitter drop.

I felt a violent sickness in my stomach and a terrible pain in all my bones. The room seemed to turn round and round and I trembled with fear. Then the fear and pain disappeared and a strange, sweet feeling took its place. Wild thoughts danced through my mind—the wild passions of an evil and cruel stranger. But inside myself I felt younger, lighter, more carefree than ever before. "If this is pure evil," I thought, "I like it."

I stood there, enjoying these strange new thoughts and passions and suddenly realized that I was shorter. So I decided to go to my bedroom in my new body and take a look at myself in the mirror there. As I came into my room, I saw Edward Hyde for the first time.



At that time, the good side of my character was stronger than the evil side. Henry Jekyll had his faults, but he was mostly a good, kind man. I believe that is the reason why Edward Hyde was so much smaller than Henry Jekyll. But that was not the only difference between the two men. Henry Jekyll had a kind, open, honest face. But pure evil stared out of Edward Hyde's eyes. I felt no dislike, however. Indeed, I welcomed him. Edward Hyde was me, young and strong and full of life.

56. In others' eyes, the writer was _____.
A. wild and successful
B. fun-loving and responsible
C. quiet and irresponsible
D. serious and hard-working
57. The writer wanted to find a drug to _____.
A. discover the right mixture of chemicals
B. create separate bodies for both sides
C. observe the change of the chemicals
D. make himself smaller but stronger
58. From the passage we can learn that the writer _____.
A. felt quite delighted right after taking the drug
B. preferred kind Henry to pure evil Edward
C. was very sick of the shorter Edward Hyde
D. was satisfied with both of his bodies

B

Four years ago, we asked ourselves: what if we could create a shopping experience with no waiting in lines and no checkout? Or could we create a physical store where customers could simply take what they want and go? Our answer to those questions is Amazon Go, where you could experience the idea of "just walk out shopping".



Amazon Go is a new kind of store with no checkout required. We created the world's most advanced shopping technology, so you never have to wait in line. With our "just walk out shopping" experience, simply use the Amazon Go app to enter the store, take the products you want, and go! No lines, no checkout.

Our checkout-free shopping experience is made possible by the same types of technologies used in self-driving cars: computer vision, sensor fusion, and deep learning. Our "just walk out technology" automatically detects when products are taken from or returned to the shelves and keeps track of them in your virtual cart. When you're done shopping, you can just leave the store. Shortly after, we'll charge your Amazon account and send you a receipt.

We offer delicious ready-to-eat breakfast, lunch, dinner, and snack options made fresh every day by our on-site chefs and favorite local kitchens and bakeries. Our selection of foodstuff ranges from bread and milk to cheeses and locally made chocolates. You'll find well-known brands we love, plus special finds we're excited to introduce to customers. For a quick home-cooked dinner, pick up one of our chef-designed Amazon Meal Kits, and you can make a meal for two in about 30 minutes.



Our 1,800-square-foot shopping space is conveniently compact(紧凑的), so busy customers can get in and out fast. It is located at 2131, 7th Ave, Seattle, WA, on the corner of 7th Avenue and Blanchard Street. All you need is an Amazon account, a supported smartphone, and the free Amazon Go app.

Amazon Go is currently only open to Amazon employees in our testing program, and will be open to the public soon.

59. From the passage, we can learn that Amazon Go _____.
 A. is a checkout-free store
 B. sells all kinds of goods
 C. is open to the public
 D. uses unknown technologies
60. What is mainly discussed in Paragraph 3?
 A. When Amazon Go charges.
 B. How Amazon Go works.
 C. Where Amazon Go lies.
 D. What Amazon Go sells.
61. Customers pay for the products from Amazon Go by _____.
 A. paying cash at the counter
 B. walking out of the store
 C. using their Amazon accounts
 D. scanning smartphones when leaving
62. The main purpose of the passage is to _____.
 A. encourage people to shop online
 B. advise people to work for Amazon
 C. inform people of a new concept store
 D. tell people of the shopping experience

C

Runners who encounter visual and auditory(听觉的) distractions(分心) may be more likely to suffer leg injuries, according to a research by the Association of Academic Physiatrists in Las Vegas. Runners often seek distractions from the task at hand. Whether it is music, texting, daydreaming, taking in the sights, or propping a book up on the treadmill(跑步机), more often than not a distraction is welcome. But, researchers from the University of Florida have recently discovered that those distractions may lead to injury.

Daniel Herman, MD, PhD, assistant professor at University of Florida, and his team conducted a research on the effect of visual and auditory distractions on 14 runners to determine what effect, if any, these distractions would have on things such as heart rate, how much a runner breathes per minute, how much oxygen is consumed by the body, the speed in which runners apply force to their bodies, and the force the ground applies to the runners' bodies when they come in contact with it.

The runners were all injury free at the time of the study and ran 31 miles each week. Dr. Herman's team had each participant run on a treadmill three separate times. The first time was without any distractions. The second time added a visual distraction, during which the runners concentrated on a screen displaying different letters in different colors with the runners having to note when a specific letter-color combination appeared. The third time added an auditory distraction similar to the visual distraction, with the runners having to note when a particular word was spoken by a particular voice.

When compared to running without distractions, the participants had faster application of force to their left and right legs, called loading rate, with auditory and visual distractions. They also experienced an increased amount of force from the ground on both legs, called ground reaction force, with auditory distractions. Finally, the runners tended to breathe heavier and have higher heart rates with visual and auditory distractions than without any distractions at all.



“Running in environments with different distractions may unfavorably affect running performance and injury risk,” explains Dr. Herman. “Sometimes these things cannot be avoided, but you may be able to minimize potentially cumulative(累积的) effects. For example, when running a new route in a chaotic environment such as during a destination marathon, you may want to skip listening to something which may require more attention—like a new song playlist.”

Dr. Herman’s team will continue to investigate the potential relationship between distracted running and leg injuries, and any effect this relationship has on different training techniques that use auditory or visual cues.

63. Paragraph 2 tells us the research _____.
 A. process B. questions C. results D. reflection
64. Based on the research, runners with auditory distractions tended to _____.
 A. breathe heavier and have lower heart rate
 B. gain a faster speed with slower loading rates
 C. apply more force with less oxygen consumption
 D. get an increased amount of ground reaction force
65. What can we infer from the passage?
 A. Running with distractions becomes uncommon nowadays.
 B. Listening to a new song while running guarantees performance.
 C. Runners are advised to minimize distractions in a destination marathon.
 D. Runners are more likely to get injured in an environment without distractions.
66. What is probably the next task for Dr. Herman’s team?
 A. What determines training techniques.
 B. What effective ways can cure leg injuries.
 C. Why runners use auditory and visual cues.
 D. How distractions should be used in training.

D

Integrity

Integrity is the quality of being honest and strong about what you believe to be right. The concept of integrity has played a key role in moral philosophy throughout history and is promoted in all societies because of its importance to social relations. Individual integrity is vital to society, one that enables people to make use of their capacity for critical reflection, does not force people to take up particular roles and does not encourage individuals to betray each other. Besides, societies can be favorable to the development of individual integrity.

Individual integrity can lift up the spirits of the entire society. It can shape the lives of people living in a particular society, the lives of all fellow people and, in its broadest sense, even the destiny(命运) of a nation. By contrast, if those living in the society are corrupt, it could have bad effects, jeopardizing the healthy morality of the society.

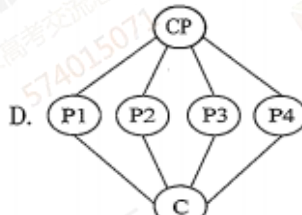
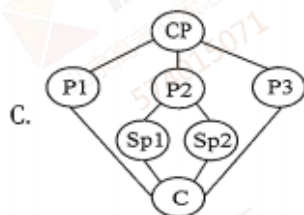
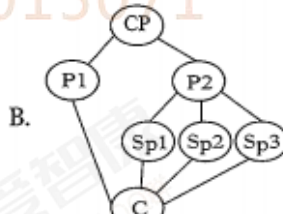
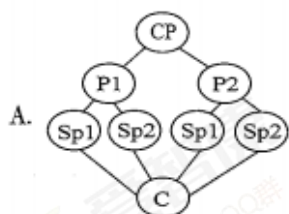
On the other hand, a society can be favorable to the development of individual integrity. Society expects and requires integrity. A society consisting of people of integrity, and people who never compromise on their principles, could have a positive mark on the personal development of its members. Being a part of such a morally lively community could serve as a basis for absorbing traits of good character. This could be of a distinct advantage to any individuals in the society.



However, some social structures are of the wrong sort for some individuals to pursue (追求) integrity. If that is the case, we have to ask questions about the moral nature of society first before raising questions about individual integrity. Questions about integrity may turn out to be about what kind of society it is, rather than about the relationship between individual interests and characteristics of a society. The pursuit of adequate individual integrity often depends, not so much on understanding who one is and what one believes and is committed to, but rather understanding what one's society is and imagining what it could be.

Under no circumstances can we underestimate the importance of human integrity in a society. People, who are honest, trustworthy, compassionate and caring, are the factors decisive in the growth of individuals as well as the development of a society.

67. Individual integrity has been valued in society because _____.
 A. it helps develop philosophy
 B. it is the basis of critical thinking
 C. it is important for social relations
 D. it ensures people's particular roles
68. The underlined word "jeopardizing" in Paragraph 2 probably means _____.
 A. destroying B. strengthening C. assessing D. influencing
69. The writer believes that _____.
 A. social structures guide the formation of individual integrity
 B. the nature of society is decided by economic development
 C. the pursuit of individual integrity changes with time
 D. individual integrity depends on what one believes
70. Which of the following shows the development of ideas in this passage?



CP: Central Point

P: Point

Sp: Sub-point(次要点)

C: Conclusion





第二节 (共5小题; 每小题2分, 共10分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的七个选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Freshers' Week

In British universities, new students have a special name: they are called Freshers. After their A-level exams, young people in the UK often make a fresh start by going to university, which can involve leaving their family and moving to a new city. 71

Freshers' Week is a chance to make lots of new friends and try out different hobbies. Most universities in the UK have a Union building: a place where students go to have fun. 72 It also hosts various societies, including sports teams, political groups, etc. Students buy a membership to be part of a society and go to social events to meet others with similar interests. Sometimes there are quite a lot of students in lectures so it is difficult to get to know people in class. Therefore, each subject has its own club, such as the English Society and the Philosophy Society.

73 Tours of the town, creative workshops and parties are great ways to socialize with others. Sometimes famous singers come and play concerts especially for the new students of the university. There are also opportunities to go on trips to theme parks or other big cities nearby.

Students often move into "halls of residence" in their first year. 74 This is an excellent way to make friends but sometimes it can be difficult if you don't get along with your new flat-mates or if the shared area gets very messy.

Freshers' Week can be quite an exhausting experience because so many activities happen at once. A lot of students feel homesick when they first arrive on campus and keep themselves very busy to avoid feeling sad about leaving their family. Some students use their new liberty to drink a lot of alcohol and eat unhealthy food during Freshers' Week. 75 However, it is supposed to be the best week of your life, and it is also an opportunity to make friends. Remember that it is only the beginning of your time at university and that you have three years ahead of you.

- A. Usually it has shops, bars and even underground nightclubs.
- B. They live in apartments with their own bedrooms but share a kitchen.
- C. The best part of it is that you can share your interests with people around.
- D. In Freshers' Week, lots of activities are organized for Freshers to meet each other.
- E. Then comes the great opportunity to make friends, join clubs and settle into university life.
- F. This can cause "Freshers' flu": people get ill after a week of late nights and non-stop parties.
- G. The first week of university life is called Freshers' Week and is both an exciting and scary experience.



第四部分：书面表达（共两节，35 分）

第一节（15 分）

假设你是红星中学高三学生李华。你的英国笔友 Jim 在给你的邮件中提到他很了解你的职业规划。请你给 Jim 回信，内容包括：

1. 你希望从事的职业；
2. 你选择该职业的原因；
3. 你打算为之做何准备。

注意：1. 字数不少于 50；
2. 开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

Dear Jim,

Yours,
Li Hua

北京高考交流总QQ群
574015071

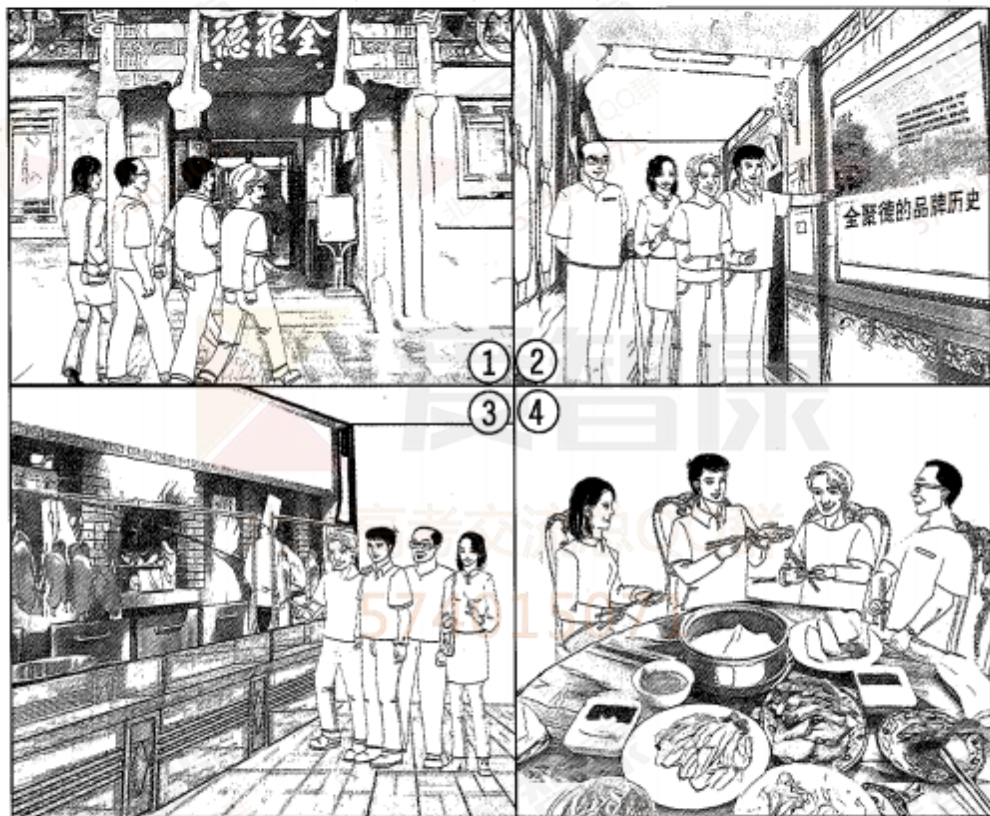
（请务必将作文写在答题卡指定区域内）



第二节 (20 分)

假设你是红星中学高三一班的学生李华。上周你接待了加拿大交换生 Jack。请按照以下四幅图的先后顺序,以“A Taste of Beijing Roast Duck”为题,给校刊“英语园地”写一篇稿件,介绍你和家人陪 Jack 去了解、品尝北京烤鸭的过程。

注意: 词数不少于 60。



(请务必将作文写在答题卡指定区域内)



海淀区高三年级第二学期期中练习

英 语

参考答案及评分标准

2017.04

第一部分：听力理解（共三节，30分）

第一节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，共7.5分）

1. A 2. C 3. C 4. A 5. B

第二节（共10小题；每小题1.5分，共15分）

6. C 7. A 8. C 9. B 10. A 11. B 12. A 13. B 14. B 15. C

第三节（共5小题；每小题1.5分，共7.5分）

★每小题超过一个词不计分；★拼写错误不计分；★16、18、19题首字母不大写不计分。

16. Aubrey 17. middle 18. August 19. Airport 20. 66/sixty-six

第二部分：知识运用（共两节，45分）

第一节 单项填空（共15小题；每小题1分，共15分）

21. C 22. A 23. A 24. B 25. D 26. C 27. D 28. A 29. B 30. C
31. D 32. A 33. C 34. B 35. B

第二节 完形填空（共20小题；每小题1.5分，共30分）

36. A 37. D 38. C 39. A 40. B 41. C 42. A 43. A 44. B 45. D
46. B 47. C 48. C 49. D 50. D 51. A 52. B 53. B 54. D 55. C

第三部分：阅读理解（共两节，40分）

第一节（共15小题；每小题2分，共30分）

56. D 57. B 58. D 59. A 60. B 61. C 62. C 63. B 64. D 65. C
66. D 67. C 68. A 69. A 70. A

第二节（共5小题；每小题2分，共10分）

71. G 72. A 73. D 74. B 75. F

第四部分：书面表达（共两节，35分）

第一节（15分）

一、评分原则：

1. 本题总分15分，按4个档次给分。
2. 评分时，先根据文章的内容和语言质量初步确定其档次，然后以档次的要求来衡量，确定或降低档次，最后给分。
3. 评分时应考虑：内容是否完整，条理是否清楚，交际是否得体，语言是否准确。



4. 拼写、标点符号或书写影响内容表达时，应视其影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可以接受。

5. 词数少于 50，从总分中减去 1 分。

二、各档次的给分范围和要求：

分值	评分标准说明
第一档 (13 分--15 分)	完全完成了试题规定的任务。 内容完整，条理清楚； 交际得体，表达时充分考虑到了交际的需求；体现出较强的语言运用能力。 完全达到了预期的写作目的。
第二档 (9 分--12 分)	基本完成了试题规定的任务。 内容、条理和交际等方面基本符合要求； 所用语法和词汇满足了任务的要求； 语法和用词方面有一些错误，但不影响理解。 基本达到了预期的写作目的。
第三档 (4 分--8 分)	未恰当完成试题规定的任务。 内容不完整； 所用词汇有限，语法或用词方面的错误影响了对所写内容的理解。 未能清楚地传达信息。
第四档 (1 分--3 分)	未完成试题规定的任务。 写了少量相关信息； 语法或用词方面错误较多，严重影响了对所写内容的理解。
0	未能传达任何信息；写的内容与要求无关。

One possible version:

Dear Jim,

How is everything going? I am glad to receive your e-mail, in which you asked me about my career plan for the future. Now I am writing to share it with you in details.

I made up my mind to be a journalist when I visited the Xinhua News Agency, the top one in China, last year. I chose it as my career based on the following two reasons. First, it is a job that can get me exposed to new things every day and thus keep me energetic and passionate all the time since I really hate to follow the same routine every day. Second, working as a journalist can help realize my childhood dream of being a hero by fighting against evil and spreading justice.

To achieve this goal, I plan to apply for the Communication University of China, whose major, Journalism, has been ranked the first for many years in a row across the whole country. After getting my Bachelor Degree of Journalism, I will continue my study in a world-famous university to broaden my horizons to better fit my future post.



That is all about my career plan. What do you think of it? I am looking forward to hearing yours if you have got one.

Yours,
Li Hua

第二节（20 分）

一、评分原则：

1. 本题总分为 20 分，按 5 个档次给分。
2. 评分时，先根据文章的内容和语言质量初步确定其档次，然后以该档次的要求来衡量，确定或调整档次，最后给分。
3. 评分时应考虑：内容要点的完整性、上下文的连贯、词汇和句式的多样性及语言的准确性。
4. 拼写、标点符号或书写影响内容表达时，应视其影响程度予以考虑。英、美拼写及词汇用法均可接受。
5. 词数少于 60，从总分中减去 1 分。

二、内容要点：

1. 到达全聚德；
2. 介绍品牌历史；
3. 观看烤鸭制作；
4. 品尝烤鸭。

三、各档次的给分范围和要求：

第一档	完全完成了试题规定的任务。 • 覆盖了所有内容要点； • 运用了多样的句式和丰富的词汇； • 语法或用词方面有个别错误，但为尽可能表达丰富的内容所致；体现了较强的语言运用能力； • 有效地使用了语句间的连接成分，所写内容连贯、结构紧凑。完全达到了预期的写作目的。
18 分—20 分	
第二档	完全完成了试题规定的任务。 • 覆盖了所有内容要点； • 运用的句式和词汇能满足任务要求； • 语法和用词基本准确，少许错误主要为尽可能表达丰富的内容所致； • 使用了简单的语句间连接成分，所写内容连贯。达到了预期的写作目的。
15 分—17 分	
第三档	基本完成了试题规定的任务。 • 覆盖了内容要点； • 运用的句式和词汇基本满足任务要求； • 语法和用词方面有一些错误，但不影响理解。基本达到了预期的写作目的。
12 分—14 分	
第四档	未恰当完成试题规定的任务。 • 漏掉或未描述清楚主要内容； • 所用句式和词汇有限； • 语法或用词方面的错误影响了对所写内容的理解。未能清楚地传达信息。
6 分—11 分	



第五档	未完成试题规定的任务。
1 分—5 分	• 明显遗漏主要内容; • 句式单调、词汇贫乏; • 语法或用词方面错误较多, 严重影响了对所写内容的理解。
0 分	未能传达任何信息; 所写内容与要求无关。

四、One possible version:

Last week, my family hosted an exchange student Jack from Canada and together we explored many places in Beijing, among which the experience of tasting Beijing Roast Duck in Quanjude stood out.

When we arrived at the gate of Quanjude, Jack was immediately attracted by its Chinese-style architecture design. And as we walked in, he was even more surprised to find a photo wall. Seeing his confusion as well as interest, I introduced to him the long history of Beijing Roast Duck and how this time-honored brand pursued perfection in cooking, which made Jack more eager to have a try.

After entering the dining hall, we immediately ordered an all-duck banquet and before it was served, the ducks being processed drew our attention. The shining color of the ducks in the hung oven was so mouth-watering and the chef's skill of slicing the duck was just like an art performance. Seeing all these, Jack couldn't help expressing his amazement from time to time.

The moment finally came for us to really have a try! Considering Jack's inexperience, pancake in hand, I led him to take a piece of meat, dipping it in the sweet bean sauce, and then put it in with some spring onion and cucumber. With just one bite, he fell in love and shared with us the taste of its crispy skin and tender meat melting in his mouth. We were so glad that he loved it and talked merrily over the whole dinner.

This meal left Jack a deep impression and inspired his love for Chinese food as well as respect for Chinese people's pursuing perfection, which I can't help feeling proud of and will try my best to inherit and promote.

听力录音稿

Text 1

W: This year is the Chinese Year of the Rooster. Do you know your Chinese animal?

M: I do. I was born in the Year of the Rabbit. What about you?

W: I was born in 1977. That was the Year of the Snake.

Text 2

M: Are you ready to order now, Madame?

W: Yes. I'll have some salad, roast beef, and fries.

M: How do you want the beef? Rare, medium, or well-done?

W: Well-done. And easy on the salt, please.

Text 3

W: I can't find the Darwin Building on the map. That's weird!

M: It's 9:30am right now. I think the meeting starts at 10:00am.

W: Actually, it starts at 10:15am. Don't worry. We still have 45 minutes to find it.

**Text 4**

M: I really don't know how to break this to you, but it's eating me alive!

W: Come on, just tell me!

M: Well...hum...We've won two free tickets to Hawaii for a seven-day vacation!!!

W: What? Are you serious? Oh, so good!

Text 5

W: What can I do for you, sir?

M: My wallet was stolen. I need to cancel my credit card and get a new one.

W: I'm sorry to hear that. OK, what is the name on the credit card?

Text 6

W: Hey Jack. How were your classes this semester?

M: They were not too bad. I really liked my science class.

W: Would you consider it your favorite class?

M: I don't know if I would call it my favorite, but it ranks up there, like biology class.

W: What class was your favorite then?

M: I took a public speaking class and it was terrific.

W: Thanks for your information. That helps a lot.

Text 7

M: And welcome back to KPLX Radio in Los Angeles. We're talking this morning with Europe's hottest singer, Yeliz. Thanks for joining us.

W: Sure! Hello Los Angeles!

M: So, tell us a little about yourself, Yeliz. Where are you from exactly?

W: I was born in Istanbul, but I live in Scotland now. My dad's Scottish. My mom's Turkish.

M: You're only 17. What's it like being successful at your age?

W: It's pretty exciting. I get to travel, and meet some interesting people.

M: You're touring now, but what are your plans for the future?

W: After the tour, I want to take a break. Then later this year, I plan to make a new CD.

M: Great. Do you have any advice for other young artists?

W: Well, I'd say follow your dreams. Work hard, and you can be successful.

Text 8

W: Uh, Mike? What are you doing? It's already 7:30am.

M: Mum, I'm thinking. I need a big change. I'm going to get a haircut.

W: Oh, Yeah. That's a really big change.

M: A haircut is just the beginning. I'm going to quit some of my bad habits, too.

W: Uh-huh. How is it possible?

M: I'm not kidding! I really want to change. And when I'm rich and famous...

W: Really? Oh, I remember, you're going to become a famous race car driver.

M: No. That was last week.

W: You're going to be a rock and roll star?

M: No way! I can't sing. I'm going to write a book that sells a million copies.

W: That sounds great. So what's it going to be about?



M: I don't know yet. But I know it starts with a guy who wants to get a haircut. And then maybe he becomes a super cool movie star or...

W: I really can't stand those daydreams of yours any more. Maybe I need a change first. Get out of bed now or you need me to get you out?

Text 9

Today, we'll focus on the Chinese 24 solar terms. Nowadays the year consists of 24 solar terms, but during the Shang Dynasty people only used four; the Zhou Dynasty, eight; but it was in the Western Han Dynasty that the 24 terms were finally decided upon.

The 24 solar terms were created by farmers in ancient China to guide farming activities. They were based on the sun's position and reflected the changes in climate, natural phenomena, agricultural production, and other aspects of human life, including clothing, food, housing, and transportation.

There were many customs about these terms. For example, on the Winter Solstice, Dongzhi, people in northern China ate steaming hot dumplings to keep warm. On the day of the Beginning of Summer, people drank tea to fight the hot weather. And Pure Brightness was also called "Cold Food Festival". On that day cooking was forbidden and people could eat only cold food. Interesting, isn't it? Next, let's look at...

Text 10

W: Hello, ABC Car Rental. How can I help you?

M: Hi. I'd like to make a reservation.

W: What location would you like to rent from?

M: I am flying into Los Angeles Airport. Do you have a station there?

W: Yes we do. What date are you flying in?

M: I am arriving on August 14th, at around 2:00pm.

W: How long would you like to rent the vehicle?

M: I will need it for 10 days.

W: What size car would you like?

M: Middle size, please.

W: Can I get your name?

M: Yes. My name is Aubrey Lee. A-U-B-R-E-Y, Aubrey.

W: Great. Thank you. I have reserved a middle-sized car for you from August 14th to 23rd at Los Angeles Airport. Is there anything else I can do for you?

M: What is the rental fee, please?

W: For middle-sized cars, you need to pay \$66 per day. And you must take your valid driving license with you when you come to pick up the car.

M: OK, thanks!

W: Thanks for calling. Bye.

M: Bye-bye.



爱智康

爱智康是好未来（前学而思教育）旗下高端品牌，从 2007 年开始探究 K12 有效的 1 对 1 教学模式，先后在北京、上海、广州、深圳、天津、杭州、成都、西安、南京、武汉、苏州、郑州，十二个城市地成立分支机构。目前已开设 1 对 1、5-7 人小组学习和在线学习等多种授课模式。爱智康在全国已有近 100 所辅导中心，数千名教职员工，成为美誉度颇高的 K12 辅导品牌之一。

二模 1 对 1 短期冲刺课

课程亮点

二模 1 对 1 短期冲刺课的内容安排可以有效的帮助同学高效复习。以专题模块形式呈现重难点。有针对性的对试卷中 40%-50%的基础题、20%-30%的中档题、20%-30%的难题，分配对应的学习时间和强度。每个专题都是为了解决考生在冲刺阶段最急切的重难点问题，命中考生急需提升的薄弱环节，帮助考生高效备考。

课程安排

二模 1 对 1 短期冲刺课
课次：4 次课
开课时间：二模考试前
开课校区：所有学习中心
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