

2017~2018学年北京西城区北京市第四中学高二上学期期末英语试卷

单选

1. Having suffered several financial difficulties, the company decided to _____ a new management team.
A. bring up B. bring in C. bring out D. bring back
2. The pilot asked all the passengers on board to remain _____ as the plane was making a landing.
A. seat B. seating C. seated D. to be seated
3. Hurry up! Tom _____ for us at the gate.
A. must wait B. must be waiting C. can be waiting D. must have waited
4. ---Peter, you delivered a wonderful speech today.
---Thanks, but I think I _____ more attention to my stage manners during that time.
A. must pay B. should pay C. must have paid D. should have paid
5. The organizer decided to invite Johnny, _____ president of the group, to deliver _____ third speech as his first two were so well received.
A. the; the B. a; the C. /; a D. the; /
6. Life is like _____ ocean. Only _____ strong-willed can reach the other shore.
A. an; the B. the; a C. the; / D. /; a
7. _____ the students' real life, the movie is said to be fantastic.
A. Based by B. Basing by C. Based on D. Basing on
8. Appreciating poetry is _____ getting to know the structure of every sentence.
A. much more B. more than C. rather than D. no more than
9. He may not be good-looking but he _____ that by _____.
A. makes for; caring B. makes up for; being caring

C. makes for; careful

D. makes up for; being careful

10. It seems that she will never _____ her mother's death.

A. go through

B. go over

C. get over

D. get down

11. A bad fire _____ in the basement of the supermarket last week.

A. broke up

B. was broken up

C. was broken out

D. broke out

12. I wish I _____ able to tell him all about it last night.

A. should be

B. were

C. had been

D. was

13. — Would you mind if I _____ the window?

— Not at all. In fact, I was going to suggest you _____ it.

A. open; did

B. opened; to do

C. open; doing

D. opened; do

14. Sometimes it is hard to tell how a quarrel _____ .

A. comes out

B. comes across

C. comes about

D. comes up with

15. Exercise is the key _____ your health.

A. to improve

B. to improving

C. in improving

D. of improving

16. He felt rather _____ after _____ the important match.

A. depressing; losing

B. depressed; lost

C. depressed; losing

D. depressing; having
lost

17. The crazy fans _____ patiently for two hours, and they would wait till the movie star arrived.

A. were waiting

B. had been waiting

C. has waited

D. would waited

18. _____ the news that he had eaten 10 hamburgers in one meal, a(n) _____ expression swiftly appeared on her face.

A. After she heard; astonished

B. Hearing; delightful

C. After she heard; astonishing

D. Hearing; delighted

19. The wild population of pandas is in danger of _____ .

A. dying down

B. dying out

C. dying away

D. dying for

20. Words couldn't _____ how delighted she was when she received the letter of invitation.
A. drop B. command C. convey D. deliver
21. We'd better do our Christmas shopping right now; time _____.
A. run out B. is running out C. is run out of D. run out of
22. _____ his head high, the manager walked into the room to attend the meeting _____ then.
A. Holding; being held B. Held; holding C. Having held; held D. Held; to be held
23. Whatever trouble Mr. White had _____ with the case, he would stick to his own opinion.
A. deal B. to deal C. dealt D. dealing
24. It is one of the important problems _____ tomorrow.
A. to solve B. to be solved C. solved D. solving
25. _____ maps properly, you need a special pen.
A. Drawn B. Drawing C. To draw D. Be drawing

完形填空

26. It was 4 o'clock in the morning, when I received the phone call.
"This is the emergency room calling and your son was just 1 in with severe burns on his face, neck and arms. We have called for a (n) 2 and are going to fly him to the burn unit in Seattle." Seattle was 350 miles from his college. so we knew immediately this was 3 .
The doctor described the 4 , which caused the burns. At 6 am, our son and his friends decided to barbecue hamburgers in the courtyard of their apartment. When they 5 the charcoal (木炭) , it burst into flames because they had sprayed too much gasoline (petrol) . The flames 6 my son's shirt tail and shot from his waist to well over his head .
7 , one of the boys was quick-minded, grasped my son, and 8 him on the grass. While it saved his life, it was not in 9 to save him from severe burns and the terrible scars (伤疤) .
After he 10 from the treatments, the doctors told him they would not do plastic surgery (整容) for 6 months 11 it takes that long for the skin to stop shrinking and wrinkling. So, he had to return to college with scars typical of severe burns.

When I was a child, my mother told my sister, who had a 10-inch very ____12____ scar on her arm, "Nancy, if you ignore the scar, other people will ignore it. It does not mean they will not ____13____ it, but it means it will not matter to them if it doesn't matter to you."

I ____14____ this wisdom on to my son. He took my advice to ____15____ and returned to school with his head held high-glad he was alive.

By the end of the six-month waiting period, he decided that the scars did not ____16____. So he made the ____17____ to give up any plastic surgery.

We all have "scars" that we believe ____18____ people to keep away from us. And we spend a lot of time thinking that if only we looked differently, or dressed differently, people would like us better.

But you see, people will only judge you by your looks, or your clothes, if you are judging yourself by these same ____19____ standards. Put your imperfections out of your mind and concentrate on what you value ____20____ yourself, and your beauty will shine through.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1. A. brought | B. given | C. turned | D. showed |
| 2. A. doctor | B. hospital | C. aircraft | D. ambulance |
| 3. A. serious | B. terrible | C. dangerous | D. important |
| 4. A. event | B. process | C. reason | D. accident |
| 5. A. got | B. lit | C. burned | D. moved |
| 6. A. took | B. held | C. caught | D. attracted |
| 7. A. Fortunately | B. Surprisingly | C. Happily | D. Slowly |
| 8. A. pushed | B. threw | C. dropped | D. rolled |
| 9. A. shape | B. place | C. fact | D. time |
| 10. A. benefited | B. recovered | C. suffered | D. relaxed |
| 11. A. if | B. while | C. because | D. although |
| 12. A. normal | B. violent | C. obvious | D. popular |
| 13. A. mention | B. notice | C. laugh | D. hide |
| 14. A. sent | B. kept | C. handed | D. passed |
| 15. A. heart | B. life | C. practice | D. considerate |
| 16. A. grow | B. matter | C. exist | D. appear |
| 17. A. mistake | B. effort | C. decision | D. request |
| 18. A. invite | B. cause | C. allow | D. remind |
| 19. A. false | B. strict | C. moral | D. general |
| 20. A. by | B. over | C. beyond | D. within |

阅读理解

Things Your Pilot Won't Tell You

You may not be getting the airline you paid for.

You may go to an airline website and buy a ticket, and get onto an airplane that has a similar name painted on it, but half the time, you've really on a regional (地方的) airline. The regionals aren't held to the same safety standards as the majors: their pilots aren't required to have as much training and experience, and the public doesn't know that.

---Captain at a major airline

If you're a nervous flier, book a morning flight.

The heating of the ground later causes bumpier (颠簸的) air, and it's much more likely to thunderstorm in the afternoon.

---Jerry Johnson, pilot, Los Angeles

The smoothest place to sit is often over or near the wing.

The bumpiest place to sit is in the back. If you're in the middle, you don't move as much.

---Patrick Smith, pilot and author of Cockpit Confidential

Sit in the front if you want fresher air.

The general flow of air in any airplane is from front to back. So if you're really concerned about breathing the freshest possible air or not getting too hot, sit as close to the front as you can. Planes are generally warmest in the back.

---Tech pilot at a regional airline, Texas

You never know where the safest seat is.

There is no safest place to sit. In one accident, the people in the back are dead; in the next, it's the people up front.

---John Nance, aviation safety analyst and retired airline captain, Seattle

I've been struck by lightning twice.

Most pilots have. Airplanes are built to take it. You hear a big boom and see a big flash and that's it. You're not going to fall out of the sky.

---Charlotte, pilot for a regional carrier, North Carolina

People don't understand why they can't use their cell phones.

Well, what can happen is 12 people will decide to call someone just before landing, and I can get a false reading on my instruments saying that we are higher than we really are.

---Jim Tilmon, retired American Airlines pilot, Phoenix

(1) Jerry Johnson advises nervous fliers to _____ .

- A. sit in the back
- B. fly in the morning
- C. fly with major airlines
- D. avoid flying in bad weather

(2) The best seats for those who need fresh air are _____ .

- A. in the front
- B. in the middle
- C. in the back
- D. near the wing

(3) Passengers' use of cellphones before landing is likely to _____ .

- A. increase the risk of being struck by lightning
- B. make it difficult for pilots to control the plane
- C. cause the instruments of the plane to break down
- D. affect pilots' judgment about the height of the plane

28.

B

My daughter Kelly is a cautious person. She needs to warm up to situations, who is hesitant to try new things. When with close friends, she becomes a leader who laughs loudly and chants. "Girls rule, boys drool." But when that comfort zone is not around her, she is shy and nervous.

This has been challenging for me at times. "Shy" is not a word that I think has ever been used to describe me. But this has been a year of firsts for my girl that has filled her with a new sense of confidence. This year she moved to lap lane in swimming where she was preparing for a swim team. This year she learned to ride a bike without training wheels. And this year she completed her first kids' triathlon (三项全能) .

On Saturday, with a thunderstorm coming soon and my sons birthday party later in the day, we all went out in the dark of the morning for Kelly to participate in her first triathlon. We practiced transitions from swim to bike to run with her, we got all the equipment she'd need, and we kept talking about the race. But as we waited the two hours for the older kids to finish before her turn, she held my leg a little harder and told me she loved me a few too many times. She was nervous but trying to keep it together.

And then it was her turn. From the second she jumped into the water, my heart soared. My daughter transformed into the most confident human being I had ever seen. She dominated (主宰) that swim, crushed that bike ride and ran to the finish with the biggest smile on her face.

I can honestly say that I never felt so proud of someone in my entire life. It wasn't because she did a sport or anything like that. It was because she was afraid of something and conquered that fear with confidence and a fire I hadn't seen before.

All day I would find myself just looking over at her and smiling. She might be wearing the finalist medal but I felt like I won that day. I won the chance to see my girl shine.

Shine on, sweet baby.

(1) Kelly is nervous when _____ .

- A. situations are new to her
- B. boys are around her

C. she changes into a leader

D. she is away from her mom

(2) We can know from Paragraph 3 _____ .

A. the race began in the early morning

B. the whole family gave Kelly support

C. Kelly was eager for her turn in the race

D. Kelly prepared for her brother's birthday party

(3) Seeing Kelly's performance in the race, the author felt _____ .

A. excited and proud

B. anxious and uneasy

C. curious and concerned

D. worried and hesitant

29.

C

Mars on Earth

Devon Island has always been a cold and uninhabited (无人居住的) place in the Canadian Arctic. Day after day there are high winds and the temperature is below freezing. But for the first time, despite the terrible weather conditions, Devon Island is the new home for a group of explorers from NASA. They are living here for a few months in order to train and learn how to live and work on Mars. The group's members come from various backgrounds and nationalities, but they all have the same purpose: to find out how people can live on Mars in the future.

They have chosen Devon Island because the environment and landscape is similar in many ways to Mars. The surface is freezing cold and the ground is rough. However, there are some differences on Mars, where the atmosphere is poisonous to breathe. Devon Island is easier to travel to and it has its own dangers that you won't find on Mars. For example, you might meet a hungry polar bear on Devon Island!

One thing the team wants to develop is suitable clothing for Mars. This includes a space suit. The suit they are testing at the moment is strong enough but it's too difficult to put on and take off. It's very big and bulky, which means that just walking around is very difficult and tiring. In addition, people will need to do experiments on Mars while wearing the suit so they have to be able to move around easily. One team member, Andy Overbeeke, specializes in space suit engineering. He explains, "You have to think about what they're really going to operate in."

Another part of daily life on Mars will be meals and food. Creating a new home on Mars requires a lot of food. So the big question is: can you grow plants in order to survive? Scientists believe that growing plants on Mars might be possible. Mars and Earth have many similarities. They both have about the same amount of dry land and a 24-hour day. However, the atmosphere on Mars is totally different, so Canadian scientist Alain

Berinstain is attempting to grow plants in a special greenhouse that you could also build on Mars. The greenhouse needs to run 365 days a year, so it uses a combination of solar energy and wind power.

People living on Mars will also want their own transportation. For this, the team on Devon Island have built the "Martian Rover". It's a huge heavy vehicle that can travel over rocks and rough terrain. This kind of testing takes many days but so far the work has been valuable and effective. As a result the whole team now believes their work is crucial and that it's possible for humans to land on the planet Mars and create a home there. Addy Overbeeke adds: "We know that it's man's destiny to go out and do space exploration. It's always time to think about what you want to do in the future."

(1) The explorers are living on Devon Island to ____ .

- A. receive a training in astronomy
- B. set up an advanced research lab
- C. learn how to live and work on Mars
- D. make a living in an uninhabited land

(2) To keep food supply on Mars, people should ____ .

- A. create a new home
- B. improve the atmosphere
- C. build special greenhouses
- D. reduce the area of dry land

(3) According to the passage, we know that ____ .

- A. man may live on Mars in the future
- B. Martian Rover has failed to stand the test
- C. Mars and Devon Island have the same soil condition
- D. scientists have mastered the method to grow plants on Mars

30.

D

Chinese Emoji (表情符号) Circles Globe

"Funny", a made-in-China emoji, seems to have recently moved beyond China, Now, it is more than an emoji, but a cultural expansion.

● Reaching Global Markets

A series of "funny" emoji-based bolsters (抱枕) have attracted the attention of Japanese customers. Even if one bolster is more than three times as expensive as in China, it doesn't kill their desires to buy it. One Japanese customer Miki said, "They are just so cute and I bought three bolsters at one time for my family. And every time I see them, my mood just brightens suddenly."

A Japanese netizen Kiro Kara said, "I think the emoji implies very complicated meanings. My dad will send it when he doesn't agree with someone but he has to say something and behave politely."

● Addition to Domestic Social Media

Compared with Japanese impressions of the "funny" emoji, Chinese netizens prefer to use the emoji to tease one another on social media.

One commonly seen online comment is, "We strongly suggest stopping the usage of the emoji. Because every time other people send me the emoji, I feel very uncomfortable and consider myself as a fool."

Regarded as the most popular emoji, the "funny" emoji has received much attention since its release in 2013. In fact, the "funny" emoji is the updated version of its original one; "funny" has a smiley mouth, two eyebrows and a naughty look. All these characteristics present users a sense of satire (讽刺).

• In Everyday Use Abroad

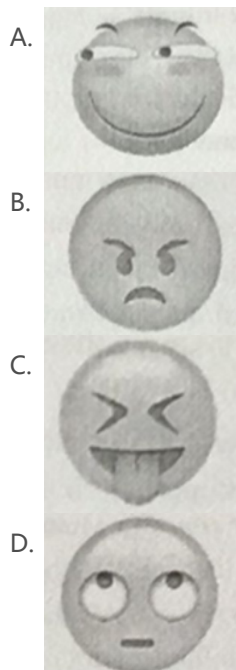
It's not the first time the Chinese emoji takes the world stage. Earlier this year, one emoji from the Chinese basketball celebrity Yao Ming has been spread through the Middle East region. In a city in southern Egypt, Yao's smiling emoji has appeared frequently in local traffic signs to remind people the road ahead is one-way. Many locals do not know Yao Ming but are familiar with his emoji and nickname "Chinese Funny Face".

As a new online language, emojis have become a necessary part of people's daily life, helping people express their views in a more vivid and precise way. Also, it can help foreigners learn about Chinese culture. But how to properly use "the fifth innovation in China" without hurting others and turn them into commercial advantages still need answers.

(1) Why do the bolsters attract Miki's attention?

- A. They are inexpensive.
- B. They help reach an agreement.
- C. They help brighten the mood.
- D. They are helpful to express desire.

(2) According to the passage, which of the following is the latest "funny" emoji?



(3) Emojis are so popular worldwide mainly because people use them to ____ .

- A. express their views more vividly

- B. present their sense of satire directly
- C. imply very complicated meanings properly
- D. tease one another on social media purposely

31.

E

Earthquake in Japan. Donald Trump is accused of planting story about actress's height after she rejected him. Mexico arrests ex-police chief in case of 43 missing students. Do you really need to know all these things?

Three years ago, I began an experiment. I stopped reading all newspapers and magazines. Televisions and radios were rejected. I deleted the news apps from my iPhone. I didn't touch a single free newspaper and deliberately looked the other way when someone tried to offer me any such reading material. The first weeks were hard. Very hard! I was constantly afraid of missing something. But after a while, I had a new understanding. The result after three years: clearer thoughts, more valuable ideas, better decisions, and much more time. And the best thing? I haven't missed anything important.

A dozen reasons exist to give news a wide berth. Here are the top three: First, our brain reacts differently to different types of information. Shocking, people-based, fast-changing details all appeal to us. News producers capitalize on this. The result: Everything complex, abstract, and profound (深刻的) must be systematically singled out, even though such stories are much more relevant to our lives and to our understanding of the world. As a result, we walk around with a misrepresented mental map of the risks and threats we actually face.

Second, news is irrelevant. In the past year, you have probably consumed about ten thousand pieces of news. Be very honest: Name one of them, just one that helped you make a better decision---for your life, your career, or your business---compared with not having this piece of news. No one I have asked has been able to name more than two useful news stories---out of ten thousand. News organizations claim that their information gives you a competitive advantage. Too many fall for this. If news really helped people advance, journalists would be at the top of the income pyramid.

Third, news is a waste of time. An average human being spends half a day each week reading about current affairs. This is a huge loss of productivity. Take the 2008 terror attack in Mumbai. Let's say a billion people viewed the minute-by-minute updates and listened to the chatter of a few "experts" and "commentators." Thus our conservative calculation: One billion people multiplied by an hour's distraction equals one billion hours of work stoppage. News wasted around two thousand lives---ten times more than the attack.

I would predict that turning your back on news will benefit you as much as removing any of the other ninety-eight errors we have covered in the pages of this book. Read long background articles and books. Nothing beats books for understanding the world.

(1) What does the underlined phrase in Paragraph 3 probably mean?

- A. Refuse to read news.
- B. Select news carefully.
- C. Question news.

D. Help spread news.

(2) In the author's opinion, news _____ .

A. represents a competitive advantage

B. offers a mental map of the world

C. leads to a loss of productivity

D. brings journalists' income up

(3) What's the main purpose of writing the passage?

A. To offer tips on choosing news.

B. To advocate (支持) giving up reading news.

C. To share experiences on avoiding news.

D. To criticize media's misleading choice of news.

七选五

32.

Freshers' Week

In British universities, new students have a special name: they are called Freshers. After their A-level exams, young people in the UK often make a fresh start by going to university, which can involve leaving their family and moving to a new city. ____1____

Freshers' Week is a chance to make lots of new friends and try out different hobbies. Most universities in the UK have a Union building: a place where students go to have fun. ____2____ It also hosts various societies, including sports teams, political groups, etc. Students buy a membership to be part of a society and go to social events to meet others with similar interests. Sometimes there are quite a lot of students in lectures so it is difficult to get to know people in class. Therefore, each subject has its own club, such as the English Society and the Philosophy Society.

____3____ Tours of the town, creative workshops and parties are great ways to socialize with others. Sometimes famous singers come and play concerts especially for the new students of the university. There are also opportunities to go on trips to theme parks or other big cities nearby.

Students often move into "halls of residence" in their first year. ____4____ This is an excellent way to make friends but sometimes it can be difficult if you don't get along with your new flat-mates or if the shared area gets very messy.

Freshers' Week can be quite an exhausting experience because so many activities happen at once. A lot of students feel homesick when they first arrive on campus and keep themselves very busy to avoid feeling sad about leaving their family. Some students use their new liberty to drink a lot of alcohol and eat unhealthy food during Freshers' Week. ____5____ However, it is supposed to be the best week of your life, and it is also an opportunity to make friends. Remember that it is only the beginning of your time at university and that you have three years ahead of you.

- A. Usually it has shops, bars and even underground nightclubs.
- B. They live in apartments with their own bedrooms but share a kitchen.
- C. The best part of it is that you can share your interests with people around.
- D. In Freshers' Week, lots of activities are organized for Freshers to meet each other.
- E. Then comes the great opportunity to make friends, join clubs and settle into university life.
- F. This can cause "Freshers' flu": people get ill after a week of late nights and non-stop parties.
- G. The first week of university life is called Freshers' Week and is both an exciting and scary experience.

选词填空

33.

beautiful	difference	wide	deepen	length
poor	pleasant	popular	annoy	competition

- (1) American 3D computer-animated musical fantasy film Coco has enjoyed great _____ among viewers.
- (2) He was always a good boy, very friendly and eager to _____ .
- (3) According to World Bank figures, 41 percent of Brazilians live in _____ .
- (4) I'm _____ grateful to you for all that you've done for me over the years.
- (5) Only by keeping down costs will America maintain its _____ advantage over other countries.
- (6) There is a plan to _____ the three-year course to four years.
- (7) It's really _____ when a train is late and there's no explanation.
- (8) She was a great _____ when she was young and she got many admirers then.
- (9) It is _____ believed that the more you practice, the more fluent your oral English will be.
- (10) The story he told the police _____ from the one he told his mother.

语法填空

34. 美文填空

- (1) Memories _____ his mind like an old newsreel as he sat quietly _____ his childhood days.
- (2) _____ his fingers slowly _____ the finely etched casing, he unlatched the coven.
- (3) Most of us would surely think we go to school in order to be _____ , to be a _____ man, and to be useful when we complete our studies.
- (4) He _____ to eat it, but it is clear from the look on his face that he finds it truly _____ .
- (5) Rowan's career change was partly _____ some speaking problems in his childhood. He _____ this by talking very deliberately.

完成句子

35. 请把下列句子翻译成英语 (括号中的提示词必须用 , 不用作零分记) 。

- (1) 他兴趣广泛，从国际象棋到踢足球。(使用range的非谓语形式)
- (2) 请记住，任何领域(field)的成功都需要努力。(bear; call)
- (3) 请想出一个办法来解决剩下的问题。(figure; remain)
- (4) 旅行时，我们应该重视安全。(attach)
- (5) 这个年轻演员试图给观众留下深刻印象，但是没能成功。(attempt; impress)

