

## 2017~2018学年北京东城区高一上学期期末英语试卷

### 阅读理解

1.

A

Attention Residents (居民) !

Spring is here and the office of Loveland Housing is happy to announce the dates for the 2018 Spring Cleanup!

The cleanup in Loveland will take place on Saturday May 5<sup>th</sup>, beginning at 9:00a.m. We will also do pick up for Dove Valley, Windsor Meadows, and Century III on the same day. The cleanup at Lone Tree in Estes Park will be done on Sunday May 6<sup>th</sup>, 2018. If you have something that you would like to be picked up, please call the Spring Cleanup line at 970-635-5958. Please leave your name, complete address, phone number, and a list of the items that you wish to be picked up. If you do not call or provide all of this information, your items will not be picked up. You can leave a message up until Friday May 4<sup>th</sup>, 2018.

If you are in a townhouse, please leave all household items outside in front of your unit on the sidewalk. If you are in an apartment, leave all household items in front of the building in the grass areas. All items must be outside by 9:00a.m. on the morning of pick up.

Non-acceptable items include: televisions, air conditioners, washing machines, refrigerators, or other electrical products; dangerous materials such as motor oil, paint, auto batteries, cleaning products, chemicals; other everyday household rubbish. If you have any of these items and you do not know what to do with them, turn to the local resource disposal (处置) office for help.

The City of Loveland has provided a truck for the cleanup and the Loveland Housing staff members have volunteered their time so that we can offer this service free of charge! So get your items ready and call to take advantage while you still can. Thanks!

( 1 ) Where will a pick up be done on Sunday May 6<sup>th</sup>?

- A. In Windsor Meadow
- B. At Dove Valley
- C. In Loveland
- D. At Lone Tree

( 2 ) If you live in an apartment, you should leave all household items \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. in front of the building in the grass areas
- B. in the office of Loveland Housing
- C. behind your unit on the sidewalk

D. outside your own house

( 3 ) What will probably be collected during the 2018 Spring Cleanup?

A. Food waste

B. Televisions

C. Furniture

D. Chemicals

( 4 ) The notice is announced mainly to \_\_\_\_ .

A. have the residents know the date of the 2018 Spring Cleanup

B. tell the residents the pick service is free of charge

C. show the residents a list of non-acceptable items

D. get the residents prepared for the cleanup

2.

B

One June 4th, my family and I decided to go white water rafting ( 急流泛舟 ) down the Nantahala River in Western North Caroline. It was a perfect day to be out on the water. My father thought that we could all deal with a new situation, so he decided to bring us to go without a guide at this new, hard course. My mom and I were upset by my dad's decision, but my brother was pleased with it. We got life jackets, our raft and paddles that are used to row it, and then took a bus to the drop point where we carried the raft to the icy cold water. Having finished the training, we were on our own.

Within the first hour, we got stuck on two rocks. Another raft had to hit ours to get us off the rocks. After about two hours, we saw a huge rock on the right side of the river. It was coming out of the water about ten feet high an fifteen feet wide. Somehow, we ended up on top of this rock. After about a minute, water started rushing in where my brother was sitting. When he started falling into the water, I tried to pull him back. Unfortunately, we fell off together. My mother jumped in after us, but she could only get to my brother because he was closer than I was. My dad jumped out and ran up the bank of the river to get to the road, so he could see where I was. Little to his knowledge, I was picked up after about two minutes by a stranger in another raft and was heading down the river toward a little resting spot. I kept crying because I was so frightened and worried about my family. Thankfully, everyone was fine, just a little shaken up and very cold.

When we got back in our raft, we had only paddles for four people. We all knew that it was going to take a very long time to get to the end. One of the guides for another raft told us that there was an earlier place we could get out, but we would have to carry raft about a quarter of a mile. At that point, no one really cared if we had to do anything after we got out of the water. We finally got to the ending point. We got out of the water, wet and cold.

To this day, I have never been so cold in my life. I have not been rafting again because of this terrible experience. All of this happened because my dad not hire a guide.

( 1 ) How did the writer feel about his father's decision?

- A. Worried
- B. Excited
- C. Surprised
- D. Pleased

( 2 ) After falling into the river, the writer was saved by \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. his father
- B. his mother
- C. a stranger
- D. a guide

( 3 ) We can infer from the underlined sentence in Paragraph 3 that the writer and his family \_\_\_\_\_

- A. felt so tired that they wouldn' t want to carry the raft
- B. wanted to get out of the water as soon as possible.
- C. were so careless that they noticed nothing
- D. were too frightened to do anything

( 4 ) What does the passage mainly talk about?

- A. Difficulties in finding a rafting guide.
- B. One's attitude towards rafting
- C. A family's rafting experience
- D. An introduction to rafting

### 3.

### C

There was a time in the 1960's and 1970's when some people believed that coffee would replace tea as Britain's favorite drink ,but that did not happen, and today ,tea remains Britain's favorite drink.

To say that the British are fond of tea is something of an understatement. From the Royal ( 皇室的 ) Family down to the homeless and the out-of-work, tea is more than just a pleasure. It is an important part of life!

The popularity of tea in the United Kingdom has a long history. It was in 1657 that Thomas Garway, the owner of a coffee house, sold the first tea in London. The drink soon became popular as another choice besides coffee.

In those days, however, tea was not something for anyone. For a century and a half, it remained an expensive drink. Many bosses served a cup of it to their workers in the middle of the morning, thus inventing a lasting British **institution**, the "tea break" . But as a social drink outside the workplace, tea was served for the nobility ( 贵族 ) and for the growing middle classes. Among those who had the money for tea, it became very popular as a drink to be enjoyed in cafes and "tea gardens".

It was the 7th Duchess of Bedford who, in around 1800, started the popular "afternoon tea" , which took place at about four o'clock. At about the same time, the Earl of Sandwich popularised a new way of eating bread

with something(e. g. jam) between them, and before long, a small meal at the end of the afternoon with tea and sandwiches had become part of way of life.

As tea became much cheaper during the nineteenth century, it's popularity spread right through British society. In working class households, it was served with the main meal of the day, eaten when workers returned home after a day's labour. This meal has become known as "high tea" .

Today, tea can be drunk at any time of day. Most people in Britain drink tea for breakfast. The mid-morning "tea break" is an institution in British offices and a factories. Later in the day, "afternoon tea" is still a way of life in the south of England and among the middle classes, while "high tea" has remained a tradition in the north of Britain.

( 1 ) Who played an important part in the beginning of tea time in England?

- A. Thmoas Garway
- B. The Royal Family
- C. The Earl of Sandwich
- D. The Duchess of Bedford

( 2 ) What does the underlined word "institution" mean in Paragraph4?

- A. drink
- B. workplace
- C. tradition
- D. order

( 3 ) What can we learn from the passage?

- A. The "tea break" kept the workers from being sleep after lunch.
- B. Workers could enjoy a cup of tea in "tea gardens" at their workplace
- C. "High tea" was usually served with the man meal for the middle classes
- D. The "afternoon tea" together with sandwishes became popular in around 1800

( 4 ) What is the best title of the passage?

- A. The Popularity of Tea
- B. Tea and the British
- C. Tea an the Middle Class
- D. The History of Tea

## 完形填空

### 4.

#### The French Punishment

One day, Jim played basketball in the living room after school. When he was playing in high spirits, his basketball   1   a vase off the shelf by accident and the mouth of it knocked off a large piece. What made him

more \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_ was that the vase was rare and valuable. To cover the great \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_ he caused, he glued the pieces together and put the vase back to its place.

While cleaning the vase after work, his mother \_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_ the change on it. At dinnertime, she asked Jim if he \_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_ the vase. Being afraid of punishment, Jim said a wild cat jumped in from the window and knocked the vase off the shelf. His mother was quite clear that he was \_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_ for all the windows were closed before she went to work. However, before the frightened boy and the other family members, his mother just remained \_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_ and said it was her carelessness not to have the window closed.

Before going to bed, Jim's mother asked him to go to the study. He felt he couldn't \_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_ the punishment.

When he entered the study in fear, his mother's face appeared no sense of \_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_. Instead, she took a chocolate box out of the drawer and \_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_ one piece to him. "Jim, this chocolate is a reward for you, for you \_\_\_\_11\_\_\_\_ a cat that could open the window, with your imagination." Then, she put another chocolate in his hand. "This chocolate is a reward for your topping \_\_\_\_12\_\_\_\_ to restore (修复). You restored with glue, the cracks were fitted almost perfectly. \_\_\_\_13\_\_\_\_ remember, to restore a vase needs more powerful glue and higher \_\_\_\_14\_\_\_\_ skill. Tomorrow, let's bring the vase to the artists to see \_\_\_\_15\_\_\_\_ they'll make it as it was." With that, his mother took the third chocolate, "The \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_ chocolate stands for my deep apology (歉意) to you. \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_ your mother, I shouldn't have put a vase in a place where it could so \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_ fall down, especially when there is a boy fond of sports."

"But, Mum, I..." His mother \_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_ him and said. "My chocolate box has been empty, so our talk is over, too. Now, go to bed!" Then she left for her own bedroom.

The following days were the same as before. The only \_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_ was that Jim never told a lie since then.

- |                  |              |              |              |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. A. hit        | B. cut       | C. held      | D. pulled    |
| 2. A. moved      | B. tired     | C. upset     | D. devoted   |
| 3. A. injure     | B. pain      | C. disease   | D. trouble   |
| 4. A. noticed    | B. enjoyed   | C. marked    | D. described |
| 5. A. saw        | B. broke     | C. cleaned   | D. hid       |
| 6. A. explaining | B. dreaming  | C. lying     | D. thinking  |
| 7. A. shocked    | B. angry     | C. silent    | D. calm      |
| 8. A. know       | B. avoid     | C. receive   | D. decide    |
| 9. A. surprise   | B. suffering | C. anger     | D. decide    |
| 10. A. gave      | B. returned  | C. paid      | D. sold      |
| 11. A. fed       | B. drew      | C. bought    | D. created   |
| 12. A. ability   | B. speed     | C. chance    | D. time      |
| 13. A. So        | B. And       | C. But       | D. For       |
| 14. A. new       | B. special   | C. important | D. basic     |
| 15. A. how       | B. why       | C. what      | D. that      |
| 16. A. most      | B. best      | C. last      | D. smallest  |

- |                  |           |            |               |
|------------------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| 17. A. To        | B. With   | C. For     | D. As         |
| 18. A. hurriedly | B. easily | C. eagerly | D. carelessly |
| 19. A. stopped   | B. forgot | C. beat    | D. drove      |
| 20. A. power     | B. report | C. idea    | D. change     |

## 阅读简答

### 5. A Life in Sport

Li Ning was called the prince (王子) of gymnasts. When he retired (stopped being a gymnast) at the age of 26, he had won 106 gold medals in major competitions across the world. He was the best. But even though he had won everything it was possible to win in his sport, Li Ning retired with the feeling that he had failed. He was disappointed because he had not performed well in the 1988 Seoul Olympics.

But it was this sense of failure that made him determined to succeed in his new life. A year after his retirement, Li Ning began a new career — as a businessman. But he didn't forget his sporting background. He decided to set up a sportswear company, competing with global giants like Nike and Adidas. He chose his own name as the brand mark. The bright red logo is made up of the first two pinyin letters of Li Ning's name, L and N.

Li Ning's sports clothes came onto the market at just the right time. The number of young people with money to spend was on the increase — and sport had never been so popular. Li Ning's designs were attractive, and they had a major advantage over their better-known rivals (竞争对手) like Nike and Adidas—they were cheaper.

A pair of Nike trainers, for example, could cost up to five times as much as a similar Li Ning product. Success for Li Ning was guaranteed (保障), and it came quickly.

In just a few years, Li Ning won more than fifty percent of the national market. Today a Li Ning product is purchased every ten seconds. But the clothes are not only worn on the athletics track or the football pitch. If you go into a school or university anywhere, you will see students in Li Ning tracksuits with the familiar logo. The company has also grown internationally. The Spanish and French gymnastics teams wear Li Ning clothes, while Italian designers are employed by the company to create new styles. Whenever Chinese athletes step out onto the track during the 2008 Olympics, they will be wearing Li Ning tracksuits.

But Li Ning's goal when he retired was not to make money. His dream was to open a school for gymnasts. He was able to do this in 1991. Since then, he has continued to help young people to achieve their sporting ambitions. Like Pele and Muhammad Ali before him, who have worked with the United Nations for children's rights and peace, Li Ning has discovered that the work of a great sportsman does not finish when he retires from the sport. It starts. And if you are a great sportsperson, anything is possible, as Li Ning's advertising slogan says.

(1) Why was Li Ning called the prince of gymnasts?

(2) What made him start his new job as a businessman?

- ( 3 ) Why did Li Ning do sportswear business?
- ( 4 ) Why did he open a school for gymnasts?
- ( 5 ) What kind of person do you think Li Ning is? Why do you think so?

## 选词填空

6. 根据句意，选择方框中的单词，用其正确的形式填入下列句子的空白处。

attack persuade settle recognize destroy survive admit

- ( 1 ) The family chose to \_\_\_\_\_ down in a small town after a long trip.
- ( 2 ) The waiter \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Green because he often had lunch in this restaurant.
- ( 3 ) The purpose of the article is to \_\_\_\_\_ the readers to buy the new product.
- ( 4 ) An earthquake sometimes can \_\_\_\_\_ the whole city.
- ( 5 ) The professor had a heart \_\_\_\_\_ when he was giving the lecture.
- ( 6 ) All the passengers \_\_\_\_\_ the car accident this morning.
- ( 7 ) Only ticket-holders will be \_\_\_\_\_ into the concert hall.

## 单词填空

7. 阅读下面短文，在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Amber Room was given this name \_\_\_\_1\_\_\_\_ several tons of amber were used to make it. The amber which was selected \_\_\_\_2\_\_\_\_ (have) a beautiful yellow brown color like honey. The design of the room was in the fancy style popular in those days. It was also a treasure decorated with gold and jewels, \_\_\_\_3\_\_\_\_ took the country's best artists about ten years \_\_\_\_4\_\_\_\_ (make).

The Amber Room \_\_\_\_5\_\_\_\_ (design) for the palace of Frederick I. Later, the Amber Room belonged to the next king of Prussia, Frederick William I, but he gave it to Peter the Great. So the Amber Room became part of the Czar's winter palace and \_\_\_\_6\_\_\_\_ (serve) as a small reception hall for important \_\_\_\_7\_\_\_\_ (visitor). In 1941, when the two countries were at war, the Amber Room was \_\_\_\_8\_\_\_\_ (secret) stolen by the Nazis. After that, what happened to the Amber Room remains a mystery. Recently, the Russians and Germans \_\_\_\_9\_\_\_\_ (build) a new Amber Room by \_\_\_\_10\_\_\_\_ (study) old photos of the former Amber Room.

## 完成句子

8. 根据每小题的中文提示，完成句子。

- ( 1 ) 你们应该互帮互助，和谐相处。

You should help each other and \_\_\_\_\_

- ( 2 ) 他大学毕业后利用业余时间继续学习英语。

He \_\_\_\_\_ to go on studying English after graduating from college.

(3) 我们计划暑假期间沿湄公河骑行

We \_\_\_\_\_ along the Mekong River during the summer vacation.

(4) 救援人员正在为地震中失去家园的人们搭建避身处。

The rescue workers are building shelters for those \_\_\_\_\_

(5) 我弟弟已经下决心要到西藏去工作

My brother \_\_\_\_\_ to go to work in Tibet.

(6) 学英语遇到苦难的时候，不要失去信心

\_\_\_\_\_ when you have difficulty in learning English.

(7) 校长对志愿者的付出给予高度评价

Our principal \_\_\_\_\_ the efforts made by the volunteers.

(8) 现在男女有平等的权利参加社会活动

Men and women have the equal rights \_\_\_\_\_ the social activities nowadays.

## 书面表达

9. 假如你是高一(1)班李华，你校英语报刊近期征稿，题为“A(n) Interesting/Unforgettable/... Trip”，请你根据提示，用英语写一篇稿件介绍自己的一次旅行，内容包括：

1. 时间，目的地

2. 交通工具

3. 活动或景点

4. 你的收获或感受

要求：1. 词数不少于60

2. 使用恰当的语言手段，使表达连贯。