

高一英语期中试题

本试卷分第 I 卷（选择题）和第 II 卷（非选择题）。第 I 卷 1 至 10 页，第 II 卷 11 至 14 页。满分 150 分，考试时间 120 分钟。考试结束后，将第 II 卷和答题卡一并交回。

第 I 卷（共 105 分）

注意事项：

1. 答第 I 卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考号、考试科目涂写在答题卡上。
2. 每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题号的答案标号涂黑。如需改动，用橡皮擦干净以后，再选涂其他答案标号。不能答在试题卷上。

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

做题时，先将答案划在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. How much is the watch?
A. Fifty dollars. B. Forty dollars. C. Ten dollars.
2. What does the woman mean?
A. A true friend should tell the truth.
B. A friend in need is a friend indeed.
C. A friend should share the same ideas.
3. What do we know about Jack?
A. He might be ill in hospital.
B. He has been abroad for a long time.
C. He often sends cards to his friends.
4. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?
A. Writer and reader. B. Salesman and customer. C. Husband and wife.
5. Where does the conversation most probably take place?
A. In an office. B. At home. C. In a restaurant.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的做答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 7 题。

6. Where are the two speakers?
A. In a bank. B. In a store. C. In an office.
7. How much is the woman's new bill?
A. \$42 B. \$24.10 C. \$6.10

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8 至 10 题。

8. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. At a party. B. In a company. C. In a conference room.
9. What is the relationship between the speakers?
A. Friends. B. Strangers. C. Classmates.
10. Where is the man from?

A. China. B. Japan. C. The US.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 11 至 13 题。

11. What is the girl?

- A. She is a new student.
- B. She is a new teacher.
- C. She is a new Internet manager.

12. What did the girl do at home a week ago?

- A. She paid her tuition fees at the bank.
- B. She got her receipt from the bank.
- C. She registered for classes on the Internet.

13. What does the girl have to do now?

- A. To go to the classroom. B. To get the course list. C. To have the first class.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 16 题。

14. What do the woman and her husband mainly argue about?

- A. Housework. B. Money matters. C. Children's education.

15. What did the woman persuade her husband to do?

- A. Give up his job. B. Come to see the man. C. Collect their children from school.

16. What does the woman think of her husband?

- A. He is forgetful. B. He is clever. C. He is lazy.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What is the speaker doing?

- A. Reporting a football game.
- B. Telling a story of a football fan.
- C. Giving a special report about a football team.

18. How did the captain feel about the next day's game?

- A. Excited. B. Worried. C. Confident.

19. What did Carlo say about the cup?

- A. He was not very sure of winning the cup.
- B. His team would try their best though there was little chance of winning the cup.
- C. His team would win the cup even if they lost the game.

20. Why did Carlo keep the names of starting players a secret?

- A. He wanted every player to be fully prepared for the game.
- B. He hadn't made the final decision about it yet.
- C. He wanted to give the fans a surprise.

第二部分 词汇知识运用（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节 单项选择（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

21. —Do you know Ann Watterson very well?

—Yes, she used to be _____ coach and in _____ charge of our school team.

- A. a; the B. the; the C. a; 不填 D. 不填; 不填

22. Tom was _____ that he couldn't understand _____ difficult sentence.

- A. so a stupid boy; such B. a so stupid boy; a such
- C. so stupid a boy; a such D. so stupid a boy; such a

23. Hearing the boring news, I was too distracted (心烦意乱) to _____ my attention on my homework.
A. attract B. draw C. concentrate D. pay
24. —Jack, your father has gone out without this umbrella!
—Well, take it easy. _____ he comes back for it.
A. It is long before that B. It won't be long since
C. It will be long before D. It won't be long before
25. I will be away for at least one year and I'd appreciate _____ from you now and then.
A. having heard B. hearing C. heard D. hear
26. —Ouch! You hurt me!
—I am sorry. But I _____ any harm. I _____ to drive a rat out.
A. didn't mean; tried B. don't mean; am trying
C. haven't meant; tried D. didn't mean; was trying
27. Her valuable advice _____ to be taken, or you will suffer more loss.
A. deserves B. survives C. serves D. proves
28. The factory produces half a million pairs of shoes every year, 80% _____ are sold abroad.
A. of which B. which of C. of them D. of that
29. At a beach or a swimming pool a lifeguard is a person who is responsible for _____ other swimmers and protecting them from accidents.
A. turning to B. watching over C. watching out D. digging out
30. _____ the rain falling so hard, it becomes more and more difficult to carry on the rescue work.
A. Since B. As C. With D. For
31. Rainforests _____ and burned at such a speed that they will disappear from the earth in the near future.
A. cut B. are cut C. are being cut D. had been cut
32. The English in the future will be quite different from the English of today. It is possible that some English words may even _____ completely.
A. die down B. die out C. die off D. die of
33. It is uncertain _____ side effect the medicine will bring about, although about two thousand patients have taken it.
A. what B. that C. how D. whether
34. When first _____ to the market, these products enjoy great success.
A. introducing B. introduced C. introduce D. being introduced
35. —He failed in the exam again.
—He _____ his teacher's advice.
A. should not have followed B. should not follow
C. mustn't follow D. should have followed

第二节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给四个选项 (A、B、C、D) 中选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Sam's uncle had an old bird which sat in its cage all day. One day his uncle said, "It is too expensive to 36 that bird. We will get rid of it." But Sam wanted to 37 the bird.

Sam's grandfather told him that the bird was once a famous 38 bird. Now 39 people knew it.

His grandfather took the bird out, and then quickly took his arms away. The bird opened its huge 40 and flew into the sky. After a few minutes, it 41 with a small rabbit, cut it open and started to 42 it.

The next morning, Sam asked his uncle out. Sam did 43 his grandfather had done, but the bird 44 to the ground and stood still. Sam's uncle 45. Later his grandfather told him that the bird only hunted in late afternoon when light was less 46. Sam asked his uncle to come out before 47. This time the bird caught a mouse. His uncle was quiet with 48, but laughed again, "We can't eat mice, so this bird is 49." And he sold the bird without telling Sam.

Before Sam found the bird was 50, two angry men arrived in a car. They 51 his uncle and said, the bird couldn't hunt and they wanted their money back. Sam's uncle looked 52 and said, "I have spent it. But... don't worry!" He 53 at Sam, "Sam will show you 54 to make the bird hunt! It's a great bird, isn't it, Sam?" Sam opened the door of the car and took out the 55. It flew away and disappeared forever.

36. A. feed B. buy C. wash D. sell
 37. A. know B. find C. keep D. buy
 38. A. singing B. sleeping C. eating D. hunting
 39. A. some B. no C. many D. few
 40. A. mouth B. wings C. tail D. eyes
 41. A. dealt B. returned C. met D. parted
 42. A. watch B. search C. eat D. help
 43. A. as B. for C. since D. after
 44. A. fell B. rose C. walked D. ran
 45. A. shouted B. cried C. laughed D. nodded
 46. A. attractive B. pleasant C. poor D. strong
 47. A. bed B. supper C. lunch D. breakfast
 48. A. patience B. surprise C. joy D. sadness
 49. A. harmful B. strange C. cheap D. useless
 50. A. leaving B. gone C. dying D. cooked
 51. A. shouted at B. smiled at C. looked after D. took after
 52. A. impressed B. worried C. satisfied D. bored
 53. A. waved B. pointed C. aimed D. jumped
 54. A. what B. why C. where D. how
 55. A. money B. coat C. bird D. everything

第三部分 阅读理解（共 20 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 40 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

I'm sure you know the song "Happy Birthday". But do you know who wrote the song and for whom it was written?

The retired professor, Archibald A. Hill in Lucasville, USA could tell us the story. Ninety-seven years ago, two of Mr. Archibald Hill's aunts, Miss Patty Hill and Miss Mildred Hill were asked to write some songs for a book called "Song Storied for the Sunday Morning". Miss Patty Hill and Miss Mildred Hill were both kindergarten teachers then. They loved children very much and wrote many beautiful songs

for the book. One of them was the famous “Good Morning to You.” The song said, “Good morning to you, good morning to you, dear children, good morning to all.” This song was very popular at that time among kindergarten children. But not many grown-ups knew it. A few years later little Archibald was born. As his aunt, Miss Patty Hill sang the song “Happy Birthday” to the melody (曲调) of “Good Morning to you” to her little nephew (侄子). She sang the song like this: Happy birthday to you! Happy birthday to you! Happy birthday, dear Archie! Happy birthday to you!

Miss Patty Hill and her sister had never expected that this song would become so popular, but it really did. People all over the world like the song because of its simplicity in tune (曲调简单) and friendliness in words.

56. Archibald A. Hill was _____.
- A. English B. Russian C. American D. Australian
57. Professor Archibald A. Hill was Miss Mildred Hill’s _____.
- A. son B. student C. brother D. nephew
58. The song “Happy Birthday” has a history of _____ years.
- A. 97 B. about 90 C. more than 90 D. less than 90
59. Why did Miss Hiss wrote songs?
- A. Because they are musicians.
- B. Because they love children.
- C. Because they were asked to write for a book.
- D. Because their nephew asked them to do so.
60. The sentence “it really did” means _____.
- A. The song really became popular
- B. Their wish would really come true
- C. People all over the world like to listen to the song
- D. Yes, but the song didn’t become popular

B

Why did the chicken cross the road? To get to the other side.

Most people know this joke. But recently, some people have been much more worried about how the grizzly bear and mountain lion can cross the road.

“Millions of animals die each year on U.S. roads,” the Federal Highway Administration reports. In fact, only about 80 ocelots, an endangered wild cat, exist in the U.S. today. The main reason? Roadkill.

“Eco-passages” may help animals cross the road without being hit by cars. They are paths both over and under roads. “These eco-passages can be extremely useful, so that wildlife can avoid road accidents,” said Jodi Hilty of the Wildlife Protection Society.

But do animals actually use the eco-passages? The answer is yes. Paul Beier of Northern Arizona University found foot marks left by mountain lions on an eco-passage that went under a highway. This showed that the lions used the passage.

Builders of eco-passages try to make them look like a natural part of an area by planting trees on and around them. Animals seem to be catching on. Animals as different as salamanders (火蜥蜴) and grizzly bears are using the bridges and underpasses.

The next time you visit a park or drive through an area with a lot of wildlife, look around. You might see an animal overpass!

61. The writer uses the example of “ocelots” to show that _____.

- A. wild animals have become more dangerous
B. the driving condition has improved greatly
C. an increasing number of animals are killed in road accidents
D. the measure for protecting wildlife fails to work
62. From the story, we know an eco-passage is _____.
- A. an underground path for cars
B. a fence built for the safety of the area
C. a bridge for animals to get over a river
D. a path for animals to cross the road
63. When the writer says that “animals seem to be catching on” (Para. 6), he means _____.
- A. animals begin to realize the dangers on the road
B. animals are crossing the road in groups
C. animals are increasing in number
D. animals begin to learn to use eco-passages
64. The writer asks visitors and drivers to look around when traveling because _____.
- A. wild animals may attack cars B. they may see wild animals on eco-passages
C. they may see wild animals in the park D. wild animals may jam the road
65. The best title for the passage is _____.
- A. Special bridges help animals cross the road
B. Endangered animals increase because of roadkill
C. Animals fail to cross the road
D. Take steps to protect animals in danger
- C

I began to grow up that winter night when my parents and I were returning from my aunt's house, and my mother said that we might soon be leaving for America. We were on the bus then. I was crying, and some people on the bus were turning around to look at me. I remember that I could not bear the thought of never hearing again the radio program for school children to which I listened every morning.

I do not remember myself crying for this reason again. In fact, I think I cried very little when I was saying goodbye to my friends and relatives. When we were leaving I thought about all the places I was going to see—the strange and magical places I had known only from books and pictures. The country I was leaving and never to come back was hardly in my head then.

The four years that followed taught me the importance of optimism (乐观), but the idea did not come to me at once. For the first two years in New York I was really lost—having to study in three schools as a result of family moves. I did not quite know what I was or what I should be. Mother remarried, and things became even more complex for me. Some time passed before my stepfather and I got used to each other. I was often sad, and saw no end to “the hard times.”

My responsibilities in the family increased a lot since I knew English better than everyone else at home. I wrote letters, filled out forms, translated at interviews with Immigration officers (移民局官员), took my grandparents to the doctor and translated there, and even discussed telephone bills with company representatives.

From my experiences I have learned one important rule: Almost all common troubles go away at last! Something good is certain to happen in the end when you do not give up, and just wait a little! I believe that my life will turn out all right, even though it will not be that easy.

66. How did the author get to know America?
A. From radio programs B. From books and pictures
C. From her mother D. From her relatives
67. Upon leaving for America the author felt _____.
A. excited B. confused C. worried D. amazed
68. For the first two years in New York, the author _____.
A. often lost her way
B. did not think about her future
C. studied in three different schools
D. got on well with her stepfather
69. What can we learn about the author from Paragraph 4?
A. She worked as a translator.
B. She attended a lot of job interviews.
C. She paid telephone bills for her family.
D. She helped her family with her English.
70. The author believes that _____.
A. her future will be free from troubles
B. it is difficult to learn to become patient
C. there are more good things than bad things
D. good things will happen if one keeps trying

D

When did you last see a polar bear? On a trip to a zoo, perhaps? If you had attended a winter activity in New York a few years ago, you would have seen a whole polar bear club. These "Polar Bears" are people who meet frequently in the winter to swim in freezing cold water. That day, the air temperature was 3°C, and the water temperature was a bit higher. The members of the Polar Bear Club at Coney Island, New York are usually about the age of 60. Members must satisfy two requirements. First, they must get along well with everyone else in the group. This is very important because there are so many different kinds of people in the club. Polar Bears must also agree to swim outdoors at least twice a month from November through February.

Doctors do not agree about the medical effects of cold-water swimming. Some are worried about the dangers of a condition in which the body's temperature drops so low that finally the heart stops. Other doctors, however, point out that there is more danger of a heart attack during summer swimming because the difference between the air temperature and water temperature is much greater in summer than in winter.

The Polar Bears themselves are satisfied with the benefits (or advantages) of cold-water swimming. They say that their favorite form of exercise is very good for the circulatory system (循环系统) because it forces the blood to move fast to keep the body warm. Cold-water swimmers usually turn bright red after a few minutes in the water. A person who turns blue probably has a very poor circulatory system and should not try cold-water swimming.

The main benefits (or advantages) of cold-water swimming are probably mental. The Polar Bears love to swim year-round; they find it fun and relaxing. As one 70-year-old woman says. "When I go into the water, I pour my troubles into the ocean and let them float away."

71. The members of the Polar Bear Club must meet the following requirements except that _____.
- A. they must reach the age of 60
B. they should be easy to make friends with
C. they must swim outdoors at least 8 times in the four cold months
D. they must agree to swim outdoors from November through February
72. Doctors _____.
- A. encourage people to take part in cold-water swimming actively
B. point out the possible danger of blood illness during cold-water swimming
C. believe swimming is helpful both in winter and in summer
D. have different ideas about the medical effects of cold-water swimming
73. According to the passage, some doctors believe it is true that _____.
- A. you are healthy if cold-water swimming turns your skin color blue
B. cold-water swimming causes more heart attacks in summer than in winter
C. cold-water swimming can make the body temperature dangerously high
D. Polar Bears are bears swimming in freezing water
74. The Polar Bears like to swim all the year round, for _____.
- A. they can remain young B. it is an easy way to keep the body warm in winter
C. they find it enjoyable and interesting D. they might meet fewer troubles in life
75. The passage is mainly about _____.
- A. a group of cold-water swimming lovers
B. the polar bears' life
C. doctors' ideas about cold-water swimming
D. the requirements of the Polar Bear Club

高一年级第二学期期中测试英语试题

第Ⅱ卷（共 45 分）

2011.04

注意事项：

1. 用黑色或蓝色钢笔、圆珠笔答题。
2. 答卷前将密封线内的项目填写清楚。

评卷人得 分

第四部分 写作（满分 45 分）

第一节 单词拼写（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

根据下列句子及所给汉字注释或首字母提示，在句子后边的横线上，写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。（每空只写一词）

76. We should not judge a person by his _____ (外表). 76. _____

77. How did the people _____ (反应) to the latest news? 77. _____

78. Schools need _____ (志愿者) to help children to read. 78. _____

79. It was said that the little child had been _____ (咬) by the fierce dog.

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79. _____
80. Police asked _____ (过路人) if they had seen the accident. 80. _____
81. I like to read books on _____ (电子的) music. 81. _____
82. We may _____ (自信地) look forward to the future. 82. _____
83. Lesinko is quite f_____ with China Central Television. He worked there for 25 years. 83. _____
84. I don't like b_____ with the sellers over the price of the goods. 84. _____
85. The scientist encourages the young to e_____ unknown fields. 85. _____
86. The hotel bill c_____ every fee, including the broken glass. 86. _____
87. The doctor p_____ the operation successfully. 87. _____
88. It is a_____ to the weather forecast that we know there will be a heavy snow in 3 days. 88. _____
89. Both the Winter and the Summer Olympics are held every four years on a r_____ basis. 89. _____
90. To be honest, some parents don't a_____ great importance to their children's character training. 90. _____
- 评卷人 得 分

第二节 书面表达 (满分 30 分)

“五·一”小长假即将开始, 请根据提示写一篇英语短文, 谈谈你打算如何安排你的假期生活。内容要点应包括:

- *和同学一起野餐
- *反思半学期以来的高中生活, 确定新的学习目标, 改进学习方法
- *补习弱科
- *帮助家长做家务活

①短文的内容要连贯、完整;

②短文单词数: 120—150 词。

③参考词汇: 去野餐 go for a picnic 反思 reflect on 学习方法 studying method

④首句已经给出, 不计入总词数。

题
号 得分
第一节
第二节
总
分
合
分人

The May Day holiday is coming.

高一年级第二学期期中测试

英语试题参考答案

2011.04

第一部分 听力 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

1~5 ABACC 6~10 ABABC 11~15 ACBAB 16~20 CCCCCA

第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 语法和词汇知识 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

21~25 CDCDB 26~30 DAABC 31~35 CBABD

第二节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

36~40 ACDDDB 41~45 BCAAC 46~50 DBBDB 51~55 ABBDC

第三部分 阅读理解 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

56~60 CDBCA 61~65 CDDBA 66~70 BACDD 71~75 ADBCA

第四部分 书面表达 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 单词拼写 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

1. appearance 2. respond 3. volunteers 4. bitten 5. passers-by 6. electronic
7. confidently 8. familiar 9. bargaining 10. explore 11. contains 12. performed
13. according 14. regular 15. attach

第二节 写作 (满分 30 分)

One possible version:

The May Day holiday is coming. We all feel excited about it. After all, after two months' study, we are all very tired.

First, I will go for a picnic with my classmates. The weather in May is always very fine. I'm sure we'll have great fun and relax ourselves a lot. Second, I will reflect on my study in the last two months to find my shortcomings. Then, I will set a new goal and improve my studying method in order to make greater progress in the near future. The third thing I want to do is to learn some English, because my English is not very good. But I know it is very important if I'm to succeed. Of course, I am also going to help my mother do some housework.

Now, I am looking forward to enjoying my life in the holiday. I believe it can be very wonderful.

附: 听力录音文稿

(Text 1)

M: The watch is \$50, but I have only \$40.

W: Don't worry. I'll lend you \$10.

(Text 2)

M: What's the most important thing in a friend?

W: For me, a friend is always around when I need them. If I feel sad, they won't leave me alone.

(Text 3)

M: I have a card for Jack. Would you like to write something on it?

W: Yes, of course. What should I write?

M: Just say we miss him very much. We hope he'll be well soon and we are looking forward to seeing him.

W: That sounds great.

(Text 4)

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M: Which bed would you like? They both seem very comfortable.

W: If you don't mind, I'd like the bed with the bedside light so I can read. I've almost finished that detective story I started yesterday.

M: That's fine by me. I'm too tired to read anyway.

(Text 5)

M: Here is a menu printed in English. What would you like, Judy?

W: Well, I think I'll have fried oysters first.

M: That's a good choice, since this is the season for oysters.

(Text 6)

W: Excuse me. I just received my telephone bill, and there's a problem with it.

M: May I see your bill, please?

W: Certainly. There it is. On July 1 st, I really don't know anybody in Finland.

M: OK, don't worry, I'll take the call off . Let's see... it was \$42. Your bill was \$66. 10, minus \$42, so your new total is \$24. 10. I'm very sorry about the mistake.

W: That's OK. It wasn't your fault.

(Text 7)

W: This is a great party, isn't it?

M: Oh, yeah. Bill's parties are always good.

W: So, you are a good friend of Bill.

M: Yes, you may say that.

W: You know, you look really familiar. Don't I know you somewhere?

M: I am not sure.

W: I think we met at a conference held by my company.

M: What's your company?

W: China International Travel Service, Beijing Branch.

M: Oh, I See.

W: My name's Li Hua. I am an interpreter.

M: I am Thomas Johnson from Maryland. Call me Tom.

(Text 8)

W: Good to see you! I am a new student here, and I'm not sure what I'm supposed to do.

M: Well, have you paid your tuition fees at the bank yet?

W: Yes, I have.

M: Did you get a receipt?

W: I think so. But I can't understand all of these papers because they are all written in Chinese.

M: Let me help you look through them. Here's your receipt from the bank. Have you registered for the classes you are going to take this term on the Internet?

W: Yes, I did it at home last week.

M: OK! What you have to do now is to get the course list. If it shows all the courses you take this term correctly, then you shouldn't have any problem.

W: Really? I don't need to do anything else?

M: No.

W: Thanks for your help.

M: My pleasure.

(Text 9)

M: Take a seat, please.

W: Thanks. Well, let me get started. Malcolm and I have been married for fifteen years. For quite some time we haven't been very happy. We argue all the time.

M: What do you argue about?

W: Oh, everything. For example, when the children started school, I got a job. Well, anyway, by the time I pick up the children from school, I only get home about half an hour before Malcolm...

M: Yes?

W: Well, when he gets home, he expects me to run around and make dinner. He never does anything in the house. After all, I'm not his servant.

M: I see. Is your husband here?

W: Yes, he is waiting outside. He didn't want to come here, but... well, I persuaded him to do it.

M: OK. If you don't mind, I'd like to talk to him for a moment.

W: No, not at all.

(Text 10)

M: I spoke to Carlo Rovel, the Springfield captain at his hotel last night. I asked him if he expected to win tomorrow's game. Carlo told me that his team was in very good condition, that they were playing very well and that he felt they definitely deserved to win. He said it would be a terrible surprise if they didn't. He knew it was going to be a hard game, but he was looking forward to it. He wasn't worried, and the other players weren't especially nervous. I then asked him about the cup. He said they could lose the game and still win the cup, but that was not what he wanted. He told me the team was training this afternoon to get used to the field. When I asked him who would play, he said that it was a secret, and we would know it an hour before the game started. He said that sometimes people became too careless because they thought they were going to be a starting player.

学而思对

