

# 2015~2016学年广东广州越秀区广州市第二中学 初三上学期开学考试英语试卷

## 一、单选

1 These days, I like watching \_\_\_\_\_ exciting TV show and \_\_\_\_\_ name of this show is Dad, where are we going.

- A. an; a                      B. the; the                      C. a; the                      D. an; the

2 --- Excuse me, could you tell me where the school library is?

--- It's on \_\_\_\_\_ floor.

- A. five                      B. the five                      C. the fifth                      D. fifth

3 I like \_\_\_\_\_ of the two stories, for this story is \_\_\_\_\_ than that one.

- A. both; not more interesting                      B. neither; more interesting  
C. neither; not more interesting                      D. either; more interesting

4 —It's 8 p.m. now. Who is still in the office?

—It \_\_\_\_\_ be Mr. Brown. Only he works till 9 p.m. every day.

- A. must                      B. might                      C. can                      D. should

5 \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher at a Spring Bud school is really great.

- A. To work like                      B. Working as                      C. Worked at                      D. work for

6 — \_\_\_\_\_ will he stay here?

—For about 2 weeks then he will go to Shanghai.

- A. How soon                      B. How long                      C. How often                      D. When

- 7 This teaching building \_\_\_\_\_ 20 years ago. Next year, our school will \_\_\_\_\_ a new one.  
A. was building, build    B. was built, be built    C. built, built    D. was built, build
- 8 I'd like to have \_\_\_\_\_ to eat, but I don't know what I want to have.  
A. anything    B. everything    C. something    D. nothing
- 9 The way that people communicate \_\_\_\_\_ a lot in the past few years.  
A. has changed    B. changes    C. changed    D. changing
- 10 The plane to Hong Kong \_\_\_\_\_ at this time every day.  
A. takes off    B. gets to    C. leaves for    D. takes away

## 二、语法填空

- 11 How many things can you see in the night sky? A lot! \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ a clear evening you might see the Moon and some planets. And thousands of sparkling stars \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_, too.

You can see even \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ with a telescope. You might see stars where you only saw dark space before. You might see that many stars look larger than \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_. You might see that some stars which look white are really red or blue.

\_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ scientists believe there are some things in the sky that we \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_. We can't see them with the biggest telescope in the world, even when it is the \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ night of the year. That's \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_ they're invisible (看不见的). They're the mysterious dead stars \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ black holes. You might find \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ hard to imagine that stars die. After all, our Sun is a star. Year after year we see it up in the sky, burning \_\_\_\_\_ 11 \_\_\_\_\_, giving us heat and light. The Sun certainly doesn't seem \_\_\_\_\_ 12 \_\_\_\_\_ getting old or weak. But stars do burn out and die after billions of years. As a star's gases burn, they give off light and heat. But when the gas runs \_\_\_\_\_ 13 \_\_\_\_\_, the star stops \_\_\_\_\_ 14 \_\_\_\_\_ and begins to die.

So the next time you stare up at the night sky, remember: there's more in the sky than meets the eye. \_\_\_\_\_ 15 \_\_\_\_\_ amazing space it is!

- |                 |                |                |            |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------|
| 1. A. On        | B. In          | C. At          | D. For     |
| 2. A. see       | B. were to see | C. can be seen | D. be seen |
| 3. A. much      | B. many        | C. most        | D. more    |
| 4. A. the other | B. others      | C. any other   | D. other   |

- |                 |              |               |                   |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|
| 5. A. And       | B. So        | C. Then       | D. But            |
| 6. A. never see | B. never saw | C. didn't see | D. had never seen |
| 7. A. clear     | B. clearest  | C. clearly    | D. clearer        |
| 8. A. when      | B. how       | C. because    | D. so             |
| 9. A. calls     | B. called    | C. calling    | D. are call       |
| 10. A. it       | B. you       | C. yourself   | D. itself         |
| 11. A. brightly | B. bright    | C. brighter   | D. brightest      |
| 12. A. to be    | B. being     | C. been       | D. is             |
| 13. A. around   | B. up        | C. away       | D. out            |
| 14. A. to burn  | B. burn      | C. burning    | D. burns          |
| 15. A. How      | B. What      | C. What an    | D. How an         |

### 三、完形填空

12

Bob was staying at home one night while his parents were out for the evening. He had often stayed alone at home before, so he wasn't at all 1. As he waited for his parents to return home, he watched the late movie on television. His eyelids became heavier as the 2 passed.

Suddenly Bob opened his eyes. What was that 3 in the next room? Bob listened carefully and heard the window slowly being moved open. For a minute Bob was so 4 that he could not move, and his body felt like a 5.

He knew that he couldn't lose his head and began to think of things he could do. He couldn't reach the door, neither could he reach the telephone in the kitchen because any sound he made would betray (暴露) him. He 6 his breath and listened carefully. Again he heard the sound of someone trying to enter his home 7 the window.

Bob's drums (鼓) were standing in the corner near the TV. "Wait, maybe there is something I can do," thought Bob.

He held the drumsticks and beat on his drums as he had never beaten before. The noise was so 8 that Bob scared even himself. He also 9 the person in the window, who turned tail and ran for all he was worth. The burglary was nipped in the bud.

Bob had just used his drums in a very 10 way. "Maybe drums aren't such a bad instrument after all," thought Bob with a sigh of relief.

- |               |               |               |            |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|
| 1. A. happy   | B. lonely     | C. afraid     | D. lucky   |
| 2. A. parents | B. television | C. time       | D. day     |
| 3. A. sound   | B. man        | C. head       | D. voice   |
| 4. A. shy     | B. sleepy     | C. frightened | D. excited |

- |                 |            |                |             |
|-----------------|------------|----------------|-------------|
| 5. A. book      | B. tree    | C. bird        | D. stone    |
| 6. A. took      | B. got     | C. held        | D. picked   |
| 7. A. to        | B. through | C. into        | D. across   |
| 8. A. beautiful | B. low     | C. good        | D. terrible |
| 9. A. knew      | B. saw     | C. surprised   | D. caught   |
| 10. A. unusual  | B. common  | C. interesting | D. useless  |

## 四、阅读理解

13

A

About a year ago, I went to stay at a Detroit hotel. I didn't want to carry too much money with me, so I asked the desk clerk to put a hundred-dollar bill in the safe for me.

The next morning, however, the clerk said he knew nothing about my money. I didn't have proof that I had given the man the money. There was nothing I could do but go to the nearest lawyer.

The lawyer advised me to return to the hotel with him and give another hundred-dollar bill to the clerk. I did so. An hour later, I went back to the desk and asked for my money. Since I had the lawyer as an eye-witness to the second hundred-dollar bill, the clerk could not say he knew nothing about it.

Another hour later, I put the second part of the lawyer's plan into action. This time both the lawyer and I went to the hotel. I asked for the hundred-dollar bill once again, and when the clerk insisted he had already given it to me, I said it was not.

The lawyer said to him, "I saw this gentleman give you a hundred dollars. If you don't hand it over immediately, I'll be forced to call the police. " The clerk realized he had been tricked, so he gave me back the first hundred-dollar bill.

"I don't know how to thank you enough for getting my money back, " I said to the lawyer. And what do you suppose he answered?

He said, "Oh, it's my business. That will be a hundred dollars, please. "

- (1) The man went to the Detroit hotel one day to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. get his money back  
 B. put a \$100 bill in the safe  
 C. find a lawyer  
 D. stay for the night
- (2) The hotel clerk at last returned the first hundred-dollar bill to the man because \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. he knew the lawyer was very clever  
 B. he found the lawyer tricking him

- C. he didn't want to get into trouble with the police  
D. he wanted to give the man a surprise
- (3) It is clear that the hotel clerk was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. dishonest  
B. helpful  
C. selfless  
D. foolish
- (4) What can we learn from the passage?  
A. The lawyer really wanted to help the man.  
B. In fact the man got nothing back at last.  
C. Whenever we're in trouble, we should turn to lawyers for help.  
D. We should never put money in a clerk's safe.
- (5) What is the best title of this article?  
A. Lawyers Are Helpful  
B. A Hundred-dollar Bill  
C. Customer, Clerk and Lawyer  
D. A Terrible Detroit Hotel

Ning Zetao, born on March 6, 1993, is a Chinese competitive swimmer, swimming short distance freestyle. At the 2015 16th FINA World Championships held at Kazan, Russia, he won a gold medal in Men's 100-meter freestyle. At the 2014 Asian Games held in Incheon, South Korea, he won gold medals in the 50-meter freestyle, 100-meter freestyle, 4X100-meter medley relay (混合泳接力), setting the Asian record in the men's 100-meter freestyle Final and Men's 4X100-meter freestyle relay Final.

Ning Zetao was born in Zhengzhou, capital city of Henan; he is the only child of his family. Ning started swimming at the age of 8. His parents took him to a swimming school to help him overcome his fear of water and to improve his physical health. Local coach Guo Hongyan noticed Ning's quick grasp on learning different strokes and techniques. She persuaded Ning's parents to have him trained under her. At age 11, Ning Zetao became a member of Henan provincial swimming team. At age 14, Ning was accepted to the PLA Navy's swimming team; he started training under Ye Jin, a well-known coach who has remained to be his coach to present day. During that time, he trained for 200-meter and 400-meter individual medley (个人混合泳). Due to the problem on his right knee (膝盖), he switched from individual medley to short distance freestyle. Sixteen years old Ning competed in his first National games. He advanced to the 200-meter medley final and finished in 8th place. Chinese National Swimming

Championships, April 2011, was his first time competing in a short distance free event. He advanced to the 100-meter free and finished 4th.

The 2014 Incheon Asian games was the first major game outside China he competed in. Ning earned his first gold in the 50-meter free. Incheon exposure makes him a more well-known name to the Chinese swimming fans; his Weibo followers increased rapidly since then.

On Aug 6th 2015, in the 100-meter freestyle final, Ning gave his best performance. His winning of the gold marks a milestone achievement in the Chinese swimming; no Asian swimmers have ever made the final or won medals in this event of FINA World Championships.

(1) Which of the following maybe true about Ning Zetao?

- A. He has a brother.
- B. He won the 2015 16th FINA World Championship in Russia.
- C. He likes serving the internet.
- D. He can only swim freestyle.

(2) Who is Ning Zetao's coach now?

- A. Ye Jin.
- B. Guo Honyan.
- C. PLA Navy.
- D. His father.

(3) Which is the correct order of the followings?

- a. Ning competed in his first National games.
- b. Ning set the new Asian record time of 47.70 in the 100-meter free.
- c. His parents took him to a swimming school.
- d. Ning won a gold medal in Men's 100-meter freestyle at 16th FINA World Championship.
- e. Ning became a member of Henan provincial swimming team.

- A. deabc
- B. ceabd
- C. acebd
- D. ecadb

(4) Why didn't Ning Zetao continue his training of individual medley?

- A. Because he didn't like it.
- B. Because his coach asked him to change.
- C. Because he was better at freestyle.
- D. Because he had a knee problem.

(5) Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. Ning Zetao's parents chose the coach for him.
- B. Ning Zetao became more famous after the competition in Incheon.

- C. Ning Zetao is the first Asian swimmers who won medals in this event of FINA World Championship.
- D. Ning Zetao had never taken part in any major game outside China before 2014.

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C

A 50/50 sale is a good way to collect money for the charity (慈善). It is also a great way to get rid of the unwanted things in your home, with a chance of making a little money for yourself.

There are slight differences in running a 50/50 sale, but the result is the same: 50% of the money raised goes to the charity; 50% to the seller.

One way is the auction (拍卖). Sellers bring along their unwanted things a few hours before the sale to have them noted down. A little money is needed to enter the sale place. They should decide how to deal with the things if they are unsold; return to them or the charity. In order to attract more buyers for the auction, organizations should do something to please them; they can prepare drinks and a little entertainment for the crowd.

The auction then starts. For each thing sold, 50% goes to the charity and 50% to the seller. Remember, this is in aid of charity, if you want to make more money, try eBay, and similar sites where there may be some good bargains (讨价还价) to be found for a buyer.

Another kind of 50/50 sale is just to put a price ticket on the thing. The selling price was decided by the seller—sometimes with a little advice from the organizers, who may have more experience of these kinds of sale and know the price at which the things go for. Methods of dealing with the non-sold things are to be agreed ahead of time.

So if you find a 50/50 sale near you, take your unwanted things along and get selling.

- (1) In a 50/50 sale, people may have a chance of doing the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. buying some second-hand goods  
B. getting some drinks for free  
C. getting entertainment  
D. bargaining with the sellers
- (2) The underlined word "them" in the third paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. the sellers  
B. the buyers  
C. other shops  
D. the poor
- (3) What is the main feature (特点) of a 50/50 sale?  
A. You will never know who will buy your things.  
B. Half of the money for each thing sold will be donated to the charity.

- C. The things you don't like can be sold at a high price.
- D. The organizations will help you with the sale.
- (4) If a car was sold for \$2,040 in a 50/50 sale, the organizers, the charity and the seller will get \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. \$ 2,040; \$ 0 and \$ 0
- B. \$ 1,020; \$ 0 and \$ 1,020
- C. \$ 0; \$ 1,020 and \$ 1,020
- D. \$ 1,020; \$ 1,020 and \$ 0
- (5) We can infer from the text that \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. you are asked to donate \$50 before a 50/50 sale
- B. few people are interested in the 50/50 sale
- C. your things may not be sold out in a 50/50 sale
- D. eBay offers you another way of 50/50 sale

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D

<p><b>NEW YORK MUSEUM</b></p> <p>The largest specializing in American history</p> <p>Open: Mon. to Fri. 9:00 a.m. - 5:00p.m.</p> <p>Sat. 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m.</p> <p>Address: 1100 Chestnut St. New York</p> <p>Telephone: 77364431</p>	<p><b>THE CITY FLOWER SHOW</b></p> <p>8 APRIL TO 17 APRIL</p> <p>Price: ¥ 50 for adults</p> <p>¥ 25 for children</p> <p>Address: 112 Kedal Way Chesterton</p> <p>Cambridge CB4 1LT</p> <p>Telephone: 55539561</p>
<p><b>ENGLISH SUMMER CAMP</b></p> <p>How will you spend your summer?</p> <p>English Summer Camp 2006 at University of Toronto, Canada!</p> <p>Ages: 13 to 18</p> <p>For More Information, Call CEE/CCIEE at (010) 6606-2607</p>	<p><b>POP MUSIC WEEK</b></p> <p>Bands from home and abroad will give performances in Chaoyang Park, Beijing.</p> <p>Chinese singers like Zhang Liangying will also share music with fans.</p> <p>Price: 30-50 yuan</p> <p>Time: 9:00 a.m. - 9:00 p.m.</p>

- (1) New York Museum is closed on \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. Monday
- B. Friday
- C. Saturday
- D. Sunday
- (2) Tommy is an 8-year-old boy. He wants to visit The City Flower Show with his parents. How much will they pay?



- A. 75 yuan.  
B. 100 yuan.  
C. 125 yuan.  
D. 150 yuan.
- (3) If you want to get more information about English Summer Camp, you can \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. call at 77364431  
B. write to CEE/CCIEE  
C. call at (010)6606-2607  
D. go to University of Toronto
- (4) \_\_\_\_\_ will give performance in Pop Music Week in Chaoyang Park.  
A. Bands  
B. Dancers  
C. Singers  
D. Both A and C
- (5) Philip, twenty years old, is not allowed to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. THE CITY FLOWER SHOW  
B. NEW YORK MUSEUM  
C. ENGLISH SUMMER CAMP  
D. POP MUSIC WEEK

## 五、单词拼写

### 17 单词拼写

- (1) I think the Tom and Jerry cartoon is a great s \_\_\_\_\_. Both adults and children from all over the world like it very much.
- (2) My h \_\_\_\_\_ is singing. I hope I can stand on the stage of the Voice of China.
- (3) It is exciting to s \_\_\_\_\_ time together playing in the snow.
- (4) People living in flats have no c \_\_\_\_\_ but to keep their pets in small spaces.
- (5) Though they are good friends. They always have different ideas. They don't usually a \_\_\_\_\_ with each other.
- (6) Don't throw rubbish into the river. It will p \_\_\_\_\_ the river.

## 六、完成句子

## 18 完成句子

- (1) 我在面试当中给老板留下了良好的印象。

I \_\_\_\_\_ good \_\_\_\_\_ the boss during the interview.

- (2) 阅览室每星期要清洁两次。

The reading room \_\_\_\_\_ twice a week.

- (3) 他大声说是为了每个人都能听见。

He spoke in a loud voice \_\_\_\_\_ everybody \_\_\_\_\_ hear him.

- (4) 为了确保这里的安全，你应该把所有的危险品搬走。

\_\_\_\_\_ sure it's \_\_\_\_\_ here, you \_\_\_\_\_ move away all the dangerous things.

- (5) 爸爸足够强壮搬得起那个重重的箱子。

Dad is \_\_\_\_\_ carry the heavy box.

- (6) 酒后驾车多么危险！

\_\_\_\_\_ it is to drive after \_\_\_\_\_ wine!

- (7) 妈妈总是说如果我考试考得好，周末就可以去打篮球。

Mum always says \_\_\_\_\_ I \_\_\_\_\_ in the exam, I \_\_\_\_\_ play basketball at the weekends.

- (8) 因为天气不稳定，你们最好想一个B计划。

\_\_\_\_\_ the unstable weather, \_\_\_\_\_ have a plan B.

## 七、书面表达

- 19 在过去的暑假里，同学们做了很多有意义的事情。请你根据以下要点写一篇英语短文，介绍一下你的同学是如何度过暑假的，再写一下你自己的暑假活动内容及其意义。

Betty 画了许多画，它们被用来制作成动画片。
Tom 学习传统技艺—如何剪纸 (paper cutting)
Denial 做义工帮助别人，如：教身患残疾的小孩唱歌。
Lucy 养了一只宠物狗，以至于不那么孤单。
你的暑假及意义 .....

要求：

- (1) 字数80字左右 (短文开头已经给出，不计入总字数)
- (2) 不能透露任何个人真实姓名、学校等信息，否则不予评分。

Our Summer Holiday

Most of the students had a meaningful summer holiday. What did they do?