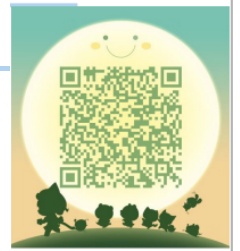




2017~2018年10月深圳南山区初一上英语月考试卷

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一、单词辨音

1 单词辨音。根据所给单词选出正确的音标。

(1) field

A. [feld]

B. [fi:ld]

C. [faild]

(2) world

A. [wu:ld]

B. [wɜ:ld]

C. [wa:ld]

(3) usually

A. ['ju:ʒuəli]

B. ['ju:suəli]

C. ['ju:ʒəlai]

(4) relative

A. [ri'lætiv]

B. ['releitiv]

C. ['relativ]

(5) sound

A. [sɒnd]

B. [saund]

C. [saund]

二、单选

2 Jack is able to play the guitar.

A. wants to

B. likes to

C. can

D. could

3 It's too late. I have to go now.

A. may

B. can

C. must

D. has to

4 There are more than forty girls in my class.

A. about

B. over

C. only

D. around



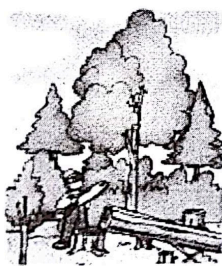
- 5 Jim is very busy these days and he returns home very late.
A. comes back B. stays C. arrives D. go around
- 6 Mr Black will leave Shenzhen at 10 p.m.
A. come from B. walk to C. travel to D. go away from
- 7 He likes animals, such as dogs and cats.
A. so as B. so that C. like D. about
- 8 There is a garden in the centre of the town.
A. in the front of B. in the north of C. in the south of D. in the middle of
- 9 The fireworks lit up the sky.
A. made...bright B. made...dark C. made...happy D. made...high
- 10 —Have you prepared everything _____ food and drinks for our school trip?
—Yes, of course. _____ them, we won't have a good time.
A. such as; With B. such as; Without
C. for example; Without D. for example; With
- 11 We _____ if it _____ sunny tomorrow.
A. will swimming, is B. will swim, will be
C. will are, will be D. are going to swim, is
- 12 —What _____ the weather _____ in August in Gangzhou?
—It's hot.
A. does; like B. does; look like C. is; like D. is; look like
- 13 Beijing is one of _____ in the world.
A. largest famous city B. the largest famous cities
C. largest famous cities D. the largest famous city



- 14 If there _____ fewer trees, there _____ more pollution.
A. is, are B. will be, will be C. are, will be D. will be, are
- 15 Guangming Middle School _____ all the students and teachers _____ free breakfast.
A. provide; with B. provides; with C. provide; for D. provides for
- 16 —What do you usually have for breakfast, Bruce?
—I usually have a (n) _____ , some _____ and two _____ .
A. cake; apples; bread B. apple; cakes; milk
C. egg; milk; cake D. apple; bread; eggs

三、完形填空

17



Trees are useful in three important ways. The 1 important way is that they provide man with food, wood and other products. Trees provide food not only for man, 2 for animals. Without trees, many animals could 3 live on the earth. It's not easy for man 4 on the earth, either.

The second important way is 5 trees give us shade (树荫) . On a hot summer day, people are eager to have a rest 6 the shade of a tree after 7 a long way. You can imagine (想像) 8 important the shade of a tree is to man and animals.

The third important way is that trees help to prevent droughts (旱灾) and flood. However, in many parts of the world, man hasn't realized (意识到) it. He has cut trees down in 9 numbers. In the end, he finds that he has lost the best 10 he had.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. A. more | B. most | C. less |
| 2. A. and so | B. but also | C. as well |
| 3. A. hardly | B. no | C. easy |
| 4. A. to eat | B. to drink | C. to live |
| 5. A. what | B. which | C. that |
| 6. A. above | B. over | C. under |
| 7. A. sleeping | B. skating | C. walking |
| 8. A. how | B. where | C. when |
| 9. A. large | B. little | C. small |



10. A.enemies (敌 人) B. classmates C. friends

四、阅读理解

18



A duck walks into a drugstore (药店), and asks the shopkeeper if he has any beer (啤酒). The man says, "No, this is a drugstore; we don't sell beer here. " The duck leaves and goes back home without saying anything.

The next day, the duck comes back to the drugstore and asks the shopkeeper again. The man then answers. "No! We don't sell beer here! We never sell it! If you ask me one more time, I am going to nail (钉住) your feet to the floor!" The duck leaves again.

On the third day, the duck comes into the drugstore again, and this time he asks, "Do you have any nails? " The man answers, "No. " The duck then asks, "Do you have any beer? "

- (1) How does the duck go to the drugstore?
- A. By bus.
 - B. By bike.
 - C. On foot.
 - D. By train.
- (2) What does the duck want to buy on the third day?
- A. Water.
 - B. Medicine.
 - C. Food.
 - D. Beer.
- (3) The shopkeeper will nail the duck's feet to the floor because _____. .
- A. the duck is very noisy
 - B. the duck isn't friendly
 - C. he couldn't sell beer
 - D. the duck asks the same question again
- (4) Can you guess how the shopkeeper feels at the end of the story?
- A. Afraid.
 - B. Angry.
 - C. Happy.



D. Sad.

19

B



I'm a student in Grade One in a middle school in Beijing. My name is Honghong. Susan is my pen pal. She is twelve. She is in Grade Seven in a middle school in America. My English teacher says we are in the same grade. How funny (有趣) it is!

In her letters, Susan says she goes to school five days a week. She gets to school at 8:30 in the morning. She doesn't go home for lunch but has it at school. She comes back home at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Sometimes she plays games with her friends after school. She often has little homework. She likes movies, too. Do you know who is her favorite movie star? It is Jackie Chan. New Police Story is her favorite story. It's an action movie (动作电影).

(1) Susan is a ____ .

- A. Cheese girl
- B. school girl
- C. boy
- D. Teacher

(2) Susan ____ early in the afternoon.

- A. goes to school
- B. has classes
- C. goes home
- D. has lunch

(3) Which of the following is true?

- A. Susan has lunch at school.
- B. Susan doesn't do any homework.
- C. I'm a student in Grade One in a middle school in Tianjing.
- D. Susan often goes to a shop near her house after school.

(4) What kind of movie is New Police Story?

- A. A thriller (惊险小说) .
- B. An action movie.
- C. A comedy (喜剧) .
- D. Jackie Chan.



|  | EVENTS (赛事) | TICKET PRICE | TIME |
|---|---------------|------------------------|---|
| Bicycle Tour and Race The riders will leave the center of Shenzhen and ride along the Binhe Avenue (大道) for 25 kilometers. The fastest one will win a big prize. | | ¥ 200 | 9:00 a. m. —11:00 a. m. on Sunday |
| Football Match The Brazilian (巴西的) Football Club will play with Shenzhen Team at the Shenzhen Stadium. It will be a wonderful match. | | ¥ 60 ¥ 100 ¥ 150 | 8:00 a. m. —10:00 a. m. on Sunday |
| Rock Climbing The National Rock Climbing Competition will be held this weekend. More than 10 teams from different districts (区) in Shenzhen will join in it. | | free | 8:30 a. m. —12:00 a. m. on Saturday & Sunday |
| Dance Competition Many dancers will dance in new ways in Jianianhua Square. The show will make you high. | | ¥ 120 | 3:00 p. m. —5:00 p. m. on Saturday |

- (1) The above events will be held (举办) on _____.
 A. weekdays
 B. weekends
 C. Sundays only
 D. Saturdays only
- (2) Which activity will be held for two days?
 A. Bicycle Tour and Race.
 B. Football Match.
 C. Rock Climbing.
 D. Dance Competition.
- (3) All the activities will be held in the morning except _____.
 A. Bicycle Tour and Race
 B. Football Match
 C. Rock Climbing
 D. Dance Competition



(4) Which football club will play with Shenzhen Team at the Shenzhen Stadium?

- A. Real Madrid Football Club.
- B. Brazilian Football Club.
- C. Barcelona Football Club.
- D. Juventus Football Club.

21

D



According to Shenzhen Daily, there are over 1 million private (私人的) cars in Shenzhen now. Every day, lots of people buy cars.

Why are there more and more private cars in Shenzhen nowadays? Firstly, many people become rich and live a better life. Secondly, private cars are convenient (方便的) and people want to enjoy a more comfortable (舒适的) life.

But too many private cars also cause (引起) some problems. For example, cars give out harmful gases (有害气体) and they are quite bad to our health. Too many private cars will lead to traffic jams (交通堵塞) and people have to waste lots of time on the road.

How can we solve (解决) these problems? First, I think we should use cars less so that they produce less air pollution and sound pollution. Then, we should plant more trees and grass all over Shenzhen to clean the air and fight the pollution (污染).

(1) According to Shenzhen Daily, there are over _____ private cars in Shenzhen now.

- A. 100
- B. 1,000
- C. 100,000
- D. 1,000,000

(2) Why are there more and more private cars in Shenzhen nowadays?

- A. Because the cars are very cheap.
- B. Because there is no bus in Shenzhen.
- C. Because the government (政府) encourages (鼓励) people to buy cars.
- D. Because people become rich and they would like to enjoy a more comfortable life.

(3) Which problem is not caused by private cars?

- A. Air pollution.
- B. Food shortage (短缺).
- C. Sound pollution.
- D. Traffic jams.

(4) Why do people have to waste lots of time on the road?



- A. Because of the traffic jams.
- B. Because of the air pollution.
- C. Because there aren't enough roads.
- D. Because people want to go home late.

22

E

Once upon a time in Greece, there lived a young man called Narcissus. He lived in a small village on the sea and was famous in the land because he was quite handsome. Villagers would turn up on the streets to stare at the beautiful child.

When he grew up, people always said, "How handsome Narcissus is!" Villagers thought that Narcissus could not be any more handsome than he already was. But as years passed Narcissus became a teenager. His beauty grew and became so great that he was known all over country of Greece.

As he grew, Narcissus was very proud of his good-looking face.

"Oh! You are so handsome, Narcissus!" Narcissus said one day as he looked into a pool. "There's nobody more handsome in the whole world! I'd love to kiss you. And that's just what I'll do!"

He leaned closer to the water. Suddenly he lost his balance and fell into the pool.

Narcissus tried to reach the bank of the pool, but he could not swim and he drowned.

- (1) When Narcissus came out in the street, _____.
A. there were always many people to see him
B. everyone went home in a hurry
C. some people would take photos of him
D. no one would like to talk to him
- (2) The purpose of the writer by writing the third and the fourth paragraph is _____.
A. to tell us that a handsome man was difficult to succeed
B. to show Narcissus was more and more handsome
C. to show Narcissus was too proud to see himself clearly
D. to tell us that Narcissus should look at others not himself
- (3) From the paragraph we can infer that _____.
A. Narcissus was talking to one of his friends
B. one of Narcissus' friends wanted to help him
C. Narcissus was talking to himself
D. Narcissus had fallen in love with a girl
- (4) The story is mainly about _____.



- A. a poor man who didn't want to do anything
- B. a man who thought himself to be better than he really was
- C. how to teach children to learn better
- D. what to do when you met a handsome boy

五、单词拼写

23 单词拼写根据句子意思及首字母、中文，完成单词，注意形式。

- (1) There are a lot of _____ (不同点) between Shenzhen and Shanghai.
- (2) In winter, children like to make _____ (堆雪人).
- (3) There is much smoke here and it is hard for b _____.
- (4) When I go for a trip, I always like taking p _____.

六、适当形式填空

24 用括号内词的正确形式填空。

- (1) It's very late now, and there is _____ (hard) any people in the street.
- (2) Last night, I heard something _____ (usual) outside the house, and I felt very afraid.
- (3) Spring Festival is a _____ (tradition) festival in China and it is very popular, too.
- (4) There are a lot of things we can do _____ (protect) the river.
- (5) —Do you want to go _____ (sightsee) with me?
—Sorry, I have to do my homework first. You may ask Bill. He is free now.

七、语法填空

25 Would you like 1 (visit) our capital (首都) Beijing? It is far away 2 Guangdong. It is 2313 kilometers from Beijing to Guangdong. Kunming, 3 capital (省会) of Yunnan Province, is 2216 kilometers away. It is always very warm there. But it is very hot in summer in Wuhan. It is 1084 kilometers from Guangdong to Wuhan. Changsha is near Guangdong. It is 726 kilometers from Changsha to Guangdong.



Do you know which city is ___4___ (large) in China? It is Shanghai. It is 1811 kilometers from Guangdong to Shanghai. If you travel by air, you will find that it is very ___5___ (interest) and fast enough to fly from Guangdong to Beijing. It only ___6___ (take) you about four hours and you will get there ___7___ (easy) and safely. But traveling by train ___8___ (be) quite different. You have to stay on the train for over thirty ___9___ (hour) to arrive in Beijing. More and ___10___ (many) people choose to travel by air. You can see why, can't you?

八、书面表达

26

根据下面的提示，写一篇60词左右的英语短文，来谈一谈你在日常生活中是如何保护环境的。

要点提示：

众所周知，环境问题越来越糟糕。作为中学生，我们应该：

1. 节约用水用电：在无人使用时应关灯、关水龙头；
2. 不乱扔垃圾；
3. 尽量乘公共汽车或走路上学；
4. 可反复利用玻璃瓶、纸张等；
5. 经常与朋友交流节能经验。

要求：1. 必须包括以上要点，在此基础上可以适当发挥；

2. 语句通顺，语法正确，书写工整

提示词：

throw rubbish 扔垃圾 everywhere 到处 reuse 反复利用 experience 经验 communicate with 与.....交流 save energy 节能 environment 环境

As we all know, the environment around us is getting worse and worse. As a middle-school student, we should