

2019~2020 学年度第一学期期中考试 九年级英语试题

第 I 卷(选择题 共 85 分)

第一部分 听力部分

一、听力测试(共三节)

第一节(共 4 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 4 分)

听下面 4 个问题。每个问题后有三个答语,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每个问题后,你都有 5 秒钟的时间来作答和阅读下一小题。每个问题仅读一遍。

- | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. A. My <u>sister</u> . | B. She's <u>fifteen</u> . | C. She's <u>ill</u> . |
| 2. A. In the <u>morning</u> . | B. My <u>books</u> . | C. It's <u>mine</u> . |
| 3. A. On <u>foot</u> . | B. With <u>my friend</u> . | C. At <u>half past six</u> . |
| 4. A. This <u>week</u> . | B. On the <u>playground</u> . | C. <u>Football</u> . |

第二节(共 8 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 8 分)

听下面 8 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来作答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

5. How does Lily study for a test?
A. Reading the textbook. B. Working by herself. C. Asking the teacher for help.
6. Where is the post office?
A. In the city center. B. On Main Street. C. On Center Street.
7. What is probably the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Husband and wife. B. Teacher and student. C. Father and daughter.
8. How many people failed the exam this year?
A. Two thirds. B. One third. C. One fourth.
9. What did the man do in summer?
A. He visited China and found the country beautiful.
B. He attended summer school classes to study Chinese.
C. He studied Chinese and found it too difficult to learn.
10. Why does the woman prefer the man's suitcase?
A. Because its style is better.
B. Because it is similar.
C. Because it has a lock.
11. What does the woman mean?
A. She asks the man to check the car.

- B. She will repair the car herself.
C. She will drive the nun's car.

12. What is the man going to do?

- A. Find a new job. B. Set up his own company. C. Ask the woman to join him.

第三节(共13小题,每小题1分,满分13分)

听下面4段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间,每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答13至15三个小题。

13. When did the woman buy the computer?

- A. Last week. B. Last month. C. Two weeks ago.

14. What is wrong with the computer?

- A. The battery can't last long.
B. One of the buttons doesn't work.
C. The screen can't display.

15. What will the man do with the woman's computer?

- A. He will replace the old one with a new one.
B. He will send it to the factory for a check.
C. He will tell the woman how to check the other buttons.

听下面一段对话,回答16至18三个小题。

16. Where does this conversation take place?

- A. In a hotel. B. In a company. C. On the phone.

17. How much should the man pay for the room?

- A. 320 yuan. B. 640 yuan. C. 960 yuan.

18. Which is right according to the conversation?

- A. The man can enjoy free meals and free parking in the hotel.
B. The man should pay some money in advance.
C. The man can stay in the room with his wife.

听下面一段对话,回答19至21三个小题。

19. When does the woman get injured?

- A. When running. B. When jumping. C. When hiking.

20. How does the man treat the woman?

- A. Cover the injured place with warm towels.
B. Cover the injured place with ice.
C. Cover the injured place with drugs.

21. What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. The man will get some drugs for the woman.
- B. The man will send the woman to the hospital.
- C. The woman is wearing leather shoes.

听下面一段独白, 回答 22 至 25 四个小题。

22. The young couple went to the mountains to _____.
- A. cook dinner
 - B. go camping
 - C. celebrate the birthday
23. Before going hiking, they _____.
- A. put up a tent
 - B. built a fire
 - C. cooked dinner
24. The husband could see _____ in the sky.
- A. lots of planes
 - B. a planet like earth
 - C. millions of stars
25. The wife wanted to tell her husband _____.
- A. someone had stolen their tent
 - B. people lived on other planets
 - C. there was a planet like theirs

第二部分 笔试部分

二、选择填空(共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案。将代表该答案的字母在答题卡上相应的位置涂黑。

26. —Sorry. I took the wrong seat.
—_____. I will take yours instead.
- A. It serves you right
 - B. You'd better not
 - C. It's a piece of cake
 - D. That's all right
27. —Shall we go camping to celebrate our graduation?
—_____. Let's make a plan first.
- A. My pleasure
 - B. Good idea
 - C. You are kidding
 - D. Pardon me
28. —I think students can have mobile phones to help with their studies.
—_____. They often use them to play games.
- A. I think so
 - B. I don't agree
 - C. No problem
 - D. That's a good idea
29. We usually _____ vegetables in our garden and this year we are growing more.
- A. grow
 - B. grew
 - C. has grown
 - D. grows
30. —I'm looking for Peter. Have you seen him?
—Yes, he _____ here a moment ago.
- A. is
 - B. has been
 - C. was
 - D. will be
31. —How is Amy these days?
—I don't know. I _____ her recently.

- A. haven't seen B. didn't see C. doesn't see D. won't see
32. —What else are there to protect the employees?
—The rules also _____ employers to provide safety training.
A. offer B. request C. require D. advise
33. —Cindy, you eat too much every day. You don't worry about getting fat, do you?
—Not at all. I can eat what I want but I never _____ weight.
A. put out B. put up C. put off D. put on
34. —I didn't mean to trouble your friend.
—It was raining heavily so I _____ his offer of a lift.
A. received B. refused C. accepted D. allowed
35. —Simon said he didn't want the job anyway.
—He said so, but I think that's just _____ grapes.
A. sour B. green C. fresh D. bitter
36. —Hugo appears much happier today.
—Passing the exam gave him a real _____.
A. care B. friend C. lift D. life
37. —May I have two tickets for Friday?
—Sorry, we've got _____ left.
A. other B. none C. another D. any
38. —The designer has tried every possible way to make the robot light.
—So I _____ worry about its weight.
A. must B. may C. can't D. needn't
39. —When is Mother's Day?
—It's _____ the second Sunday of May.
A. for B. at C. in D. on
40. —Did you notice _____ in her office?
—Yes. She was typing a letter.
A. when was Miss Clark working B. what Miss Clark was doing
C. whom did Miss Clark work with D. where Miss Clark was

三、完形填空(共 15 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

When I was 17, I read a magazine article about a museum called the McNay, once the home of watercolorist named Marian McNay. It turned into a museum upon her death. On a sunny Saturday Sally and I 41 over to the museum. She asked, "Do you have the address?" "No, but I recognize it, there was a 42 in the magazine."

"Oh, stop the car, Sally. There it is!"

The museum was 43. We entered without paying, excited. A group of people sitting in the hall stopped 44 and stared at us.

"May I help you?" a man asked. "No," I said. "We're 45." Tour guides got on my nerves (神经). What if they talked a long time about a 46 I wasn't interested in? Sally had gone 47. The people in the hall kept their eyes on me with curiosity (好奇). What was their problem? I saw some nice paintings in one room. Suddenly I sensed a man standing behind me. "Where do you think you are?" he asked. "The McNay Art Museum!" He smiled, 48 his head. "Sorry, the McNay is on New Braunfels Street." "What's this place?" I asked, still 49. "Well, it's our home." My heart jolted (震颤). I 50 the staircase and called out, "Sally! Come down immediately!"

Outside, when I told Sally what happened, she covered her 51, laughing. She couldn't believe how long they let us look around without saying anything.

The real McNay was amazing, but we felt 52 the whole time we were there. Van Gogh, Picasso. This time, we stayed together, in case anything else 53 happened.

Thirty years later, a woman came close to me in a public place. "Excuse me, did you ever enter a house, thinking it was the McNay Museum?"

"Yes. But how do you know? We never told anyone."

"That was my home. I was a teenager sitting in the hall. Before you came over, I never realized what a 54 place I lived in. I never felt 55 before. My feelings about my home changed after that. I've always wanted to thank you."

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. walked | B. rode | C. ran | D. drove |
| 42. A. address | B. name | C. picture | D. note |
| 43. A. busy | B. free | C. crowded | D. empty |
| 44. A. talking | B. speaking | C. telling | D. saying |
| 45. A. busy | B. fine | C. tired | D. relaxed |
| 46. A. house | B. book | C. painting | D. film |
| 47. A. upstairs | B. outside | C. downstairs | D. away |
| 48. A. nodding | B. turning | C. touching | D. shaking |
| 49. A. excited | B. confused | C. upset | D. disappointed |
| 50. A. raced to | B. sat at | C. stood near | D. walked down |
| 51. A. nose | B. ears | C. mouth | D. heart |
| 52. A. excited | B. nervous | C. happy | D. sad |
| 53. A. interesting | B. expected | C. pleasant | D. unusual |
| 54. A. horrible | B. popular | C. beautiful | D. boring |
| 55. A. bored | B. afraid | C. rich | D. lucky |

- A. Information centre. B. Money exchange. C. Washrooms. D. First Aid.

B

Some people think that if they don't have a yard, they can't keep a garden. Fortunately, that's not true. For people who live in apartment buildings, there's another choice: rooftop gardens.

A rooftop garden is just a garden that you keep on your roof. Rooftop gardens are very popular in cities. Most building roofs go to waste—people don't use that space for anything. Putting a garden on your roof is a nice way to turn an empty space into something that's pretty and relaxing.

Rooftop gardens are not a new idea. About 2,600 years ago, people in ancient Mesopotamia planted rooftop gardens. There were similar gardens in ancient Rome and ancient Egypt. These gardens had a very important purpose. Many ancient cities had walls. If an enemy army attacked the city, the people hid behind the walls. The enemy army usually tried to destroy the city's food, so the people in the city kept their gardens on top of their walls. That way, they could continue to grow food.

Today's rooftop gardens don't keep us alive, but they still have nice benefits(益处). Plants take in heat, so if there are a lot of them on a rooftop, they make the whole building cooler. As a result, people in the building use their air conditioning less, which means they use less electricity. One study said that if every roof in Tokyo had a garden, the city would save more than a million dollars a day on electricity.

Rooftop gardening is harder than regular gardening. Here are a few tips. First of all, be safe. Build a fence around your garden. You don't want the wind to blow plants off your roof! Also, remember that rooftop gardens get more sun. If you have a plant that shouldn't get too much sun, remember to put it in the shade(阴凉处) sometimes.

61. People in ancient cities have rooftop gardens in order to _____.
A. have enough food to survive
B. make the cities prettier
C. help people save money
D. make the cities cooler
62. What can rooftop gardens do for a building?
A. They can make rent in the building cheaper.
B. They can make the building cooler.
C. They can make the building warmer.
D. They can make the building safer.
63. According to the article, which place did NOT have ancient rooftop gardens?
A. Mesopotamia. B. Egypt. C. Tokyo. D. Rome.
64. People build a fence around a rooftop garden to _____.
A. stop the plants from blowing off
B. make the plants grow faster
C. keep the plants cooler
D. help you save money
65. Which statement is true?

- A. Most people use building roofs for growing food.
- B. Rooftop gardening is easier than regular gardening.
- C. Rooftop gardening is harder than regular gardening.
- D. People should put all the plants in the shade.

C

1 On March 25, 2010, Kate and David Ogg were told that their newborn baby wasn't going to make it. Their twins, a girl and a boy, weighed just over two pounds each. Doctors had tried to save the boy for 20 minutes but saw no improvement. His heartbeat was nearly gone, and he'd stopped breathing. The baby had just moments to live.

2 "I saw him gasp(喘气), but the doctor said it was no use," Kate said years later. "I know it sounds stupid, but if he was still gasping, that was a sign of life. I wasn't going to give up easily."

3 Still, the Sydney couple knew this was likely goodbye. "I wanted to meet him, and for him to know us," Kate told the reporter. "We'd accepted the fact and we were just trying to make the most of those last, precious moments."

4 Kate unwrapped the boy, whom the couple had already named Jamie, from his hospital blanket and took his shirt off and joined them in bed. They wanted their son to be as warm as possible and hoped the skin-to-skin contact would improve his condition. They also talked to him.

5 "We were trying to let him stay," Kate said. "We explained his name and that he had a twin sister and how hard we had tried to have him."

6 Then the miracle happened. Jamie gasped again - and then he started breathing. Finally, he reached for his father's finger.

7 The couple's lost boy had made it.

8 "We're the luckiest people in the world," David said.

9 Nine years later, Jamie and his sister, Emily, are happy and healthy. The Oggs only recently told the kids the story of their birth. "Emily burst into tears," Kate said. "She kept hugging Jamie. This whole experience makes you cherish(珍惜) them more."

66. We can learn from the passage that Emily is _____ now.

- A. six
- B. seven
- C. eight
- D. nine

67. In the fourth and fifth paragraph, which of the following did the couple do to try to let the boy stay?

- A. They explained his name to his twin sister.
- B. They wrapped the boy in his hospital blanket.
- C. They took his shirt off and put him in their bed.
- D. They told the boy how hard they had tried to save him.

68. According to Kate, _____.

- A. she was going to give up when the doctor told her their baby wasn't going to make it

- B. the doctors didn't try their best to save the boy, so there was no improvement
 C. Emily burst into tears and kept hugging Jamie because she was disappointed
 D. the whole thing was completely unexpected and they felt very lucky
69. The underlined word "fact" in Paragraph 3 means "_____".
 A. they were going to lose the boy
 B. their boy would make it
 C. gasping was a sign of life
 D. Jamie would become healthy
70. What is the best title for the passage?
 A. The Couple's Love Story
 B. The Life-Giving Warmth
 C. The Luckiest Children in The World
 D. The Doctor Saved My Boy

第 II 卷(非选择题 共 35 分)

五、词与短语填空(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

仔细阅读下面五个句子,然后用下面方框中所给的单词或短语填空,使每个句子在结构、句义和逻辑上正确。(提示:方框中有一个单词或短语是多余的。)

~~lay~~ / humorous / send out / invented / direct / rise into

71. People used to _____ sky lanterns when they were in trouble.
 72. One of the world's favorite drinks was _____ by accident.
 73. That British teacher is very _____. He always tells us interesting jokes.
 74. In many countries, it is often not polite to ask very _____ questions when you meet someone for the first time.
 75. Hens _____ eggs, giving birth to life, so an egg is a symbol of new life.

六、阅读理解填词(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处写出各单词的正确形式,单词的第一个字母已给出。

Which is the right bin for my garbage? This may be the most-asked question in Shanghai since it s_____ a new garbage-sorting program on July 1. When learning about the four types of garbage—wet, dry, recyclable and harmful, many people might focus on how to sort garbage c_____ right.

To h_____ people figure this out, China's tech companies are giving a hand. For example, if you want to know which bin your wet wipes should go in, you can just open a mini app in WeChat or Alipay and look for "wet wipes". The app will give you the a_____ right away.

Soon, you might do it in an e_____ way. Maybe you can just take a photo of the garbage and then be t_____ where it should go. This kind of technology is called image recognition. It uses artificial intelligence (AI). Many companies around the world are making the garbage-sorting robot that u_____ this technology. For example, AMP Robotics in the US has made a robot that can sort food wrappers and drink bottles by "s_____ " pictures on the packaging, the robot will p_____ trash and put it in the right place.

The idea of garbage-sorting looks good. But it's not the best way. The best thing we can do is to make less garbage in the first place.

七、书面表达(共1大题,满分15分)

假如你是李明,你的美国朋友 James 发邮件给你,告诉你他被学校选中,将会到中国学习一年。他很开心也很担心,不知道该如何学习汉语。请根据以下内容提示用英语写一封邮件,告诉他一些学习汉语的方法和建议。

内容要点如下:

1. 每天通过大声朗读来学习汉语;
2. 阅读有趣的中文书籍;
3. 听中文歌曲,看中文电影;
4. 了解中国的历史和文化;
5. 请补充一至两点自己的建议。

注意:

1. 文中不得透露个人姓名和学校名称;
2. 词数:60-80;
3. 内容连贯,不要逐条翻译;
4. 标题和开头已给出,不计入总词数。

参考词汇: aloud *adv.* 大声地 suggest *v.* 建议 culture *n.* 文化

Dear James,

I am glad to know that you have been chosen to study in China. You want to know how to learn Chinese well. Here is some of my advice.

I hope these ways will work well for you!