

11. When did David's father come back home yesterday?
 A. At 7:00. B. At 6:00. C. At 8:00.
12. How much is the white T-shirt?
 A. 40 dollars. B. 60 dollars. C. 50 dollars.

第三节(共 13 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 13 分)

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间,每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答 13 至 15 三个小题。

13. Is Tony more outgoing than Tom?
 A. Yes, he is. B. No, he isn't. C. Yes, she is.
14. Who is popular?
 A. Tom. B. Tony. C. Both of them.
15. What's Tom's opinion about friends?
 A. It's necessary to be the same.
 B. It's important to be different.
 C. He doesn't care if friends are the same or different.

听下面一段对话,回答 16 至 18 三个小题。

16. What is Bob like?
 A. Quiet. B. Outgoing. C. Active.
17. What will Tina do after the exam?
 A. Go on a vacation. B. Have a rest. C. Get ready for a talk show.
18. Who will go on vacation?
 A. Tina. B. Bob. C. Both of them.

听下面一段对话,回答 19 至 21 三个小题。

19. What do you think the man is?
 A. A doctor. B. A teacher. C. The woman's friend.
20. What's wrong with the woman?
 A. She is too fat.
 B. She feels tired and weak all the time.
 C. She watches TV too much.
21. What does the man advise the woman to do?
 A. Take some medicine.
 B. Have a light breakfast.
 C. Take more exercise.



听下面一段独白,回答 22 至 25 四个小题。

22. How many cities are talked about in the story?
A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.
23. What is the passage about?
A. Movies. B. Songs. C. Famous stars.
24. Which is the most exciting city?
A. Las Vegas. B. San Francisco. C. Los Angeles.
25. *I left my heart in San Francisco* is the name of ____?
A. A movie. B. A book. C. A song.

第二部分 笔试部分

二、选择填空 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

26. --_____ do I need to feed the hen?
--You must feed food to it every day, or it will be hungry.
A. How long B. How much C. How soon D. How often
27. --Excuse me, look at the sign "NO PARKING"!
--Sorry, I_____ it.
A. don't see B. didn't see C. won't see D. haven't seen
28. --Would you like_____, Bill?
--No, thanks. I'm full.
A. something else B. other anything
C. anything else D. else anything.
29. --Can you take a picture of me with your old camera?
--I'm afraid I have no_____ in my camera. I can't take any more pictures.
A. film B. ticket
B. C. note D. seat
30. -- The more_____ you are, the_____ mistakes you'll make!
--Thanks, Mr. Lee. We can do it well.
A. carefully; fewer B. careful; less
C. careful; more D. careful; fewer
31. --Would you mind my sitting next to you?
--_____. It's for my best friend.
A. not at all B. Of course not
B. C. Better not D. No, go ahead
32. --There is a plane at 9:30 and one at 12:00.
--_____ plane will get you to London for the concert.



- A. Every
C. Any
- B. Both
D. Either
33. --Andy is so smart that he can make himself understood in _____ English.
--That's the reason why we like to talk with him.
A. simple
B. clever
C. slow
D. similar
34. --To our surprise, the boy became a successful writer.
--Yeah. Difficulties and hardship could _____ the best character of him.
A. come out
B. work out
C. bring out
D. find out
35. --I tried to _____ you at home several times, but no one answered the phone.
--I was traveling around last month.
A. touch
B. reach
C. arrive
D. meet
36. --Why hasn't Tom come to the party yet?
-- He _____ on the way here, I'm not sure.
A. maybe
B. may be
C. may
D. should be
37. --In the 49th World table Tennis Championship, Wang Liqin _____ Ma Lin and _____
the champion of the man's singles.
A. beat; beat
B. won; won
C. beat; won
D. won; beat
38. --Jack never gave up and finally got a great _____.
-- Is that why he became rich and _____?
A. success; success
B. successful; success
C. success; successful
D. successful; successful
39. --Is that your grandpa?
-- Yes. _____ he is very old, _____ he works very hard.
A. Although; but
B. Although; /
C. Though; however
D. /; so
40. -- What did Lucy say to you just now?
-- She wondered _____.
A. why I am so unhappy
B. where did I go on vacation
C. who did the cleaning
D. what my life is like

三、完形填空。(每小题1分,共15分)

阅读下面的短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处

That afternoon, my wife was having an operation(手术). I was nervously sitting outside the operation room with other people. We were all waiting for some good 41 about our family.

There was a little boy sitting at a corner quietly. He held a small box of crayons (蜡笔) in one hand and a tablet (写字板) in 42.



People left, one by one. As hours passed, it started to get 43.

"Daddy, is Mommy in 44 ? "the boy 45 the silence .

"She will be OK, honey, "a man answered .

" When is Mommy going home?"

"Tomorrow,"his father replied.

The boy looked toward the sunshine-filled window. Then he 46 his crayons and drew a rising sun on the tablet .

"When is 47 , Daddy? " he asked .

The father just said, "Come and sit here next to me !"

Gathering his things, the little boy walked slowly to his father's 48 . The man 49 out and held the boy's hand .

"There are three days in life-yesterday, today and tomorrow. One is over, one we live in, the other we 50 .We can't live in yesterday, but if we are happy and hopeful today, we will be 51 happier tomorrow."

The boy thought for a moment and said. "If Mommy is going home tomorrow, I will be happier. So, I want it to be tomorrow 52 ,Daddy."

"Son, the one great thing about today is, once it starts, it is already almost tomorrow . Just 53 everything will be OK ."

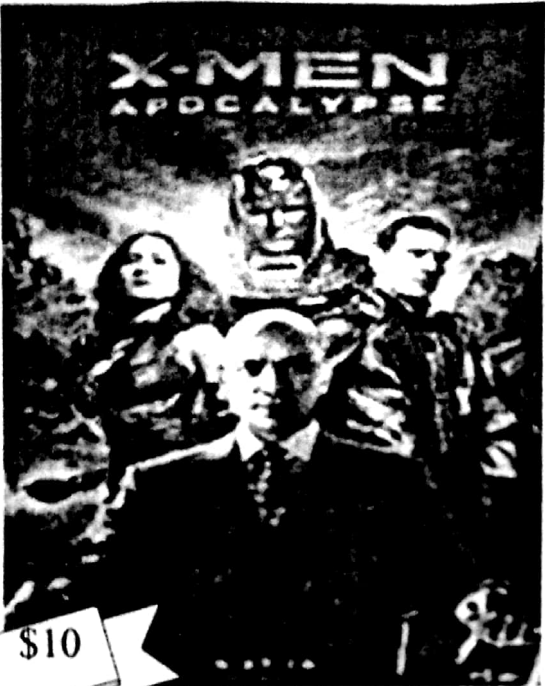
The words were so 54 ! Even in my adult life, I still live waiting for what tomorrow may 55 . Now I know that it is "almost tomorrow."

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 41. A. papers | B. points | C. reports | D. news |
| 42. A. another | B. other | C. the other | D. others |
| 43. A. full | B. dark | C. clear | D. simple |
| 44. A. danger | B. order | C. line | D. fact |
| 45. A. polluted | B. planted | C. broke | D. improved |
| 46. A. looked for | B. picked up | C. found out | D. made up |
| 47. A. future | B. tomorrow | C. today | D. yesterday |
| 48. A. part | B. space | C. team | D. side |
| 49. A. reached | B. shaped | C. touched | D. acted |
| 50. A. spend | B. forget | C. expect | D. remember |
| 51. A. also | B. even | C. very | D. ever |
| 52. A. already | B. yet | C. still | D. never |
| 53. A. decide | B. believe | C. wonder | D. agree |
| 54. A. meaningful | B. meaningless | C. careful | D. careless |
| 55. A. happen | B. come | C. bring | D. need |



四、阅读理解。(每小题2分,共30分)

A

<p>PLEASE NOTE!</p> <p>We can't exchange tickets or give money back unless the film is cancelled (取消).</p>	
	<p>BOOKING</p>
	<p>Price: \$10</p>
	<p>Four easy ways to book seats for the film</p>
	<p>★ In person Box Office opens from Monday to Saturday, 10a.m~8p.m</p>
	<p>★ By telephone Ring 01324976 to book your tickets or to pay by credit card(信用卡)</p>
<p>★ By post Complete the booking form and return it to Global Theatre Box Office.</p>	
<p>★ Online Complete the online booking form at www.salanfiedtheatre.com</p>	
<p>DISCOUNTS</p> <p>Saver: \$2 off for children under 16 years old, over 60s and full-time students.</p> <p>Supersaver: half-price seats for disabled people, only eight wheelchair spaces available</p> <p>Group bookings: 10% discount for groups of twelve or more</p> <p>School: \$6 tickets for school groups of ten or more, every tenth ticket free</p>	

- () 56. If you want to book a ticket, you can not _____.
- A. use the Internet
B. go to the Box office on Sundays
C. ring and pay by credit card
D. post the booking form
- () 57. If you make a group booking for 14 persons, you should pay _____.
- A. \$120
B. \$140
C. \$126
D. \$150
- () 58. On average(平均), which kind of tickets is the cheapest?
- A. Saver
B. Supersaver
C. Group bookings
D. School
- () 59. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?



- A. There is no space for wheelchairs.
 - B. The audience(观众) can never exchange tickets.
 - C. A group of 12 can get 10% discount.
 - D. A school group of 15 should pay \$90 for the tickets.
- () 60. The passage is _____.
- A. one of the booking notes of *X-men*
 - B. a review of *X-men*
 - C. a survey of *X-men*
 - D. a book about *X-men*

B

There are many things we need to know that we don't learn at school. For example, if we want to use our money wisely, we need to shop carefully. We need to know how to compare the prices of the things in different shops. We need to be able to compare the quality of different brands(品牌). We need to know how to make the best choice when we shop.

Knowing how to make such choices is a "life skill," and we need these skills if we are to live useful and happy lives.

Some of these choices are small. For example, will I take an apple for lunch or a pear? Will I go to school by bus or on foot? Will I wear the red T-shirt or the blue one to the movies? Other choices are more important. For example, will I eat healthy food for lunch or will I eat junk food because it is tastier? Will I work hard in the classes or will I just play? We make choices like this every day.

Making the wrong choices can result in unhappiness. We have to realize that the choices we make can affect(影响) the rest of our lives. Just as importantly, our choices can also affect other people. The next time you decide to waste time in class, play a joke on someone or talk loudly at the movies, think about this: Who else does your choice affect?

61. According to the passage, we can learn _____ at school.
- A. all the things we need to know
 - B. anything useful
 - C. something we need to know
 - D. those useless things in daily life.
62. We need "life skills" _____.
- A. to live useful and happy lives
 - B. to know how to make a living
 - C. to compare brands and prices
 - D. to get good grades
63. What should we do before we make a choice according to the passage?



- A. Ask others for advice.
 - B. Think about the effect it will bring to others.
 - C. Make a plan .
 - D. Ask for others' permission(许可).
64. From the passage we know that our choice can affect _____.
- A. nobody
 - B. just ourselves.
 - C. the people around us
 - D. the prices of the things
65. This passage mainly tells us that it's important to _____.
- A. know how to shop carefully
 - B. know how to compare prices
 - C. learn everything at school
 - D. make the right choices

C

My life suffered a lot in a summer five years ago. My father died in a car accident, leaving my mother, my two younger brothers and I alone. At that time, I was a senior high school student. After my father's funeral (葬礼), I had no choice but to drop out of school and work in a factory.

I really wanted to return to school and wanted to go to college, but I couldn't. I only hoped to bring up my two younger brothers. Life was not easy for me, for I can't afford their tuition (学费) even if I worked from day to night without stopping. Without my father's protection, I thought I was a slave (奴隶) to the fate.

Later on, something changed my life. I still remember that it was a rainy day. I put myself in the rain and walked slowly in the street.

Suddenly the rain stopped! I raised my head and found "the sky" was in fact a dark blue umbrella. Then I noticed a middle-aged man with one leg on crutch (拐杖) standing behind me. He said to me "Why not run without an umbrella? If you didn't run, you would get **drenched**."

The man told me that he was promoter (推销员). He once dreamed of being a policeman, but an accident ruined (毁灭) his dream. Though his present job was not suitable for his legs, it was wonderful start to him. He was very happy that he didn't lose heart and still "ran" on the road of life...

I was encouraged by the man's words. I went to a big city and I became an assurance representative. After two years' running, I did well and my family condition turned better little by little. Later I returned to school and succeeded in my entrance to university.

Life is like this. When you are in rainy days in your life, if you couldn't find a way to prevent you from being wet, you would be overwhelmed (被制服). But if you decide to get rid of it, you'll find that the rainy days last not so long as you think.

66. What happened to the writer at the beginning of the story?

- A. His father died in a car accident six years ago.
- B. He couldn't afford his two brothers' tuition even if he worked all day.



- C. He had to drop out of school to look after his sick mother.
 D. He didn't have money to hold the funeral for his father.
67. About the middle-aged man with one leg on crutch, which is NOT true?
 A. He lost one leg in an accident.
 B. He had dreamed of being a policeman.
 C. He became a promoter after an accident.
 D. He had a good job which was suitable for him very well.
68. What does the underlined word "*drenched*" mean in English?
 A. dry B. ill C. wet D. comfortable
69. What's the main idea of the sixth paragraph?
 A. The writer learned from the man and the situation soon got better.
 B. The writer didn't want to listen to the man and left without any word.
 C. The writer had to give up his dream and became a promoter as the man.
 D. The writer made friends with the man and they got on well with each other.
70. Which is the best title for the passage?
 A. Try to Be Independent.
 B. Run out of the Rainy Season of Your Life.
 C. Care for the Disabled Person.
 D. Get to Know More About Middle-aged People

五、选择适当的词语填空，有一个词语是多余的。（每小题2分，共10分）

information / enjoyable / serious / though / cares about / cares for

71. Our team lost. It was a good game, _____.
72. There is something _____ in the book, I love it.
73. For fuller _____, you can register at [www. bookaid.org](http://www.bookaid.org).
74. I think a good friend truly _____ me. I like friends who are different from me.
75. I'm quieter and more _____ than most kids.

六、阅读短文填词。（每小题1分，共10分）

A farmer had a faithful(忠诚的) horse which was old and could do no more work, so the farmer no l 76 wanted to feed him and said, "If you can bring me a lion here, I will keep you."

The horse was sad. and went to the forest . There the fox met him. After the fox k 77 his story, he said, "I will help you. Just lie down , as if you were d 78 , and do not move."

The horse did w 79 the fox asked, and then the fox went to the lion, and said, "A dead horse is lying out there. Just come with me, and you can have a r 80 meal. "

The lion went with him, and when they were b 81 standing by the horse, the fox said,



"Now let me tie(系)the horse to your tail(尾巴)and you can t_82_ it home to eat it."

The fox's w_83_ made the lion very happy. But the fox tied the lion's legs together with the horse's tail. When the fox f_84_ his work, he said to the horse. "Pull the lion to the farmer."

Then the horse pulled the lion away with him at once. The lion was very angry, but he couldn't do a_85_. When the farmer saw the lion, he was in a good mood_(心情), and said to the horse. "You shall stay with me." And he gave him lots of food to eat until he died.

七、书面表达 (满分 15 分)

假如你是一位在中国学习的美国学生 Peter, 请你根据以下要点, 给在美国的祖母写一封 80 左右的信(已给出的不计入总词数), 介绍你的一位好朋友 Li Lei 和你在一起的生活情况。

要点:

1. 你们都喜欢运动, 每周一起锻炼三、四次;
2. 他比你更聪明, 学习更努力;
3. Li Lei 爱好广泛, 例如听看书和看英文电影, 他不喜欢肥皂剧;
4. 他喜欢打网球, 他觉得江滩公园是一个打网球的好地方, 他认为运动是保持健康的最好方式。
5. 去年暑假他代表你们学校参加了武汉网球公开赛, 并获得了第一名。
6. 适当自由发挥。

要求: 1、不要逐词翻译, 可适当发挥;

2、词数在 80 字左右(已给出的不计入总词数)。

参考词汇: such as 例如 represent 代表 Wuhan Open 武汉网球公开赛

Dear Grandma,

How is everything going? Now I'm studying in China. I have a good friend, Li Lei.

Best wishes!

Yours

Peter

