2018~2019学年广东广州荔湾区初一上学期期末英 语试卷

-、语音辨析 (共10小题 , 每小题1分 , 共10分)

| 1 | 1 选出划线部分的发音与题前音标符号的发音一致或不一致的单词。 | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | (1)选出划线部分的发音与题前音标符号的发音一致的单词。/p/ | | | | | | |
| | | A. cl <u>a</u> ss | B. <u>a</u> sk | C. w <u>a</u> sh | | D. p <u>a</u> st | |
| | (2) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | /ʊ/ | | |
| | | A. s <u>u</u> nny | B. j <u>u</u> st | C. st <u>u</u> dy | | D. p <u>u</u> sh | |
| | (3) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | /e/ | | |
| | | A. br <u>ea</u> d | B. l <u>ea</u> d | C. l <u>ea</u> ve | | D. m <u>ea</u> n | |
| | (4) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | /1/ | | |
| | | A. br <u>i</u> ght | B. sw <u>i</u> m | C. f <u>i</u> nd | | D. sk <u>y</u> | |
| | (5) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 司题前音标符号的发音 | 不一致的单词 |]。/aʊ/ | | |
| | | A. all <u>ow</u> | B. fl <u>ow</u> er | C. sh <u>ow</u> | | D. br <u>ow</u> n | |
| | (6) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | /æ/ | | |
| | | A. pl <u>a</u> ce | B. f <u>a</u> ct | C. <u>a</u> ge | | D. <u>A</u> sia | |
| | (7) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | /ju:/ | | |
| | | A. <u>u</u> se | B. bl <u>u</u> e | C. f <u>oo</u> d | | D. sh <u>oe</u> | |
| | (8) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | /ð/ | | |
| | | A. <u>th</u> ank | В. <u>th</u> ey | C. <u>th</u> ink | | D. bir <u>th</u> | |
| | (9) | 选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | [I <mark>d]</mark> | | |
| | | A. walk <u>ed</u> | B. jump <u>ed</u> | C. ask <u>ed</u> | | D. shout <u>ed</u> | |
| | (10 |)选出划线部分的发音与 | 与题前音标符号的发音- | 一致的单词。 | / IZ/ | | |
| | | A. cloth <u>es</u> | B. box <u>es</u> | C. kniv <u>es</u> | | D. liv <u>es</u> | |
| | | | | | | | |

工、单项选择(共10小题,每小题1分,共10分)

| Lion King is A | merican film, and it is | good film for childre | en. |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| A. a; an | B. an; a | C. a; the | D. an; an |
| Let's go and buy | _ for next week. | | |
| A. six bottle of milks | B. six bottles of milks | C. six bottle of milk | D. six bottles of mil |
| There an apple | e, two books and some p | ens on Henry's desk. | |
| A. is | B. are | C. has | D. have |
| Our classmates will ha | ave a party Friday | | |
| A. in | B. of | C. at | D. on |
| | | | |
| Tom have b | roakfact this morning? H | | |
| —No. The poor little g | reakfast this morning? He | | |
| | B. Does; gets up | C. Did: got up | D. Did; gets up |
| A. little | B. few | C. a little | D. a few |
| —How often do you si | ing karaoke? | | |
| 1 | rested in that very much | | |
| A. Seldom | B. Often | C. Usually | D. Always |
| | | | |
| | achier face | outo | |
| | ashing face | | |
| A. its; Its | B. it's; Its | C. its; It's | D. it's; It's |
| | | | |
| It is exciting that | at Xi Jinping visited Liwar | n District in October, 20 | 18. |
| A. know | B. knowing | C. to know | D. knows |
| Our world differ | rent if everyone a | green life. | |
| A. will be; lives | B. will be; will live | C. is; will live | D. is; lives |

三、完形填空 (共10小题 , 每小题1分 , 共10分)

"Tiger! Where are you, Tiger? " Mike called out. Mike was worried. His cat, Tiger, was <u>1</u>. He looked for Tiger here and there." <u>2</u>!" he cried.

Then Mike <u>3</u> a noise. He looked up. Tiger was high up in a tree! "Tiger, come on <u>4</u>!" Mike said. The cat did not move. It looked very <u>5</u>.

Mike's friend Lucy walked up. "What's <u>6</u>?" she asked.

"Tiger is stuck in that <u>7</u>! It could not move!" Mike said.

"My cat was stuck in a tree once, " Lucy said. "I know <u>8</u> to do." Lucy ran away. She came back with a plate of cat food. "Here, Tiger, " she said. "Come and get some <u>9</u>."

Tiger still did not <u>10</u>. "That did not work, "Mike said. "What will we do now? "

| 1. A. coming | B. missing | C. walking | D. calling |
|---------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| 2. A. Bird | B. Dog | C. Lion | D. Tiger |
| 3. A. heard | B. smelled | C. tasted | D. saw |
| 4. A. out | B. up | C. down | D. in |
| 5. A. excited | B. angry | C. happy | D. afraid |
| 6. A. now | B. wrong | C. important | D. unusual |
| 7. A. window | B. box | C. bed | D. tree |
| 8. A. when | B. what | C. why | D. where |
| 9. A. water | B. fish | C. food | D. milk |
| 10. A.move | B. climb | C. eat | D. drink |

四、阅读理解(共15小题,每小题2分,共30分)

13

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I Want to Buy a Computer Game

Luis was excited. The new computer game was finally in stores ! He wanted it for a long time. "The game is here!" he told his mom. "Can we go and buy it? "

"How much does it cost? " Luis's mother asked.

"Thirty-five dollars, " he answered.

"That is lot of money, Luis. Do you have enough to buy it yourself? "

"No, " he shook his head.

"You know, Luis, we have to use our money carefully. We have to spend on our house and food. We need to buy clothes and books and the gas for the car. Our money goes to things we need".

"But I really want this game!" answered Luis. "What can I do? "

"You can get eight dollars a week for doing our house cleaning as a job, " his mom said.

"Try to keep it. Before long, you will have enough to buy the game."

"I do not think so, " said Luis. "By then, all the games will be sold and there will not be one for me."

"Try it, " answered his mother.

Weeks later, Luis came home very happy. "Guess what, Mama? I did what you said. I kept the money for the game. Then I saw the game was still in store. Today I bought it for twenty-eight dollars."

"And, " his mother added, "you did it with your own money!"

(1) Luis felt _____ by saying "The game is here!" in the first paragraph.

A. nervous B. worried C. sad D. excited

(2) Luis's mom wanted to spend her money on _____

- A. their family needs B. Luis's game
- C. their car D. Luis's computer
- (3) What problem did Luis have in the story?
 - A. His mother didn't like all computer games.
 - B. There was no game for him to buy in store.
 - C. He didn't have enough money to buy the game.
 - D. His mother used all the money for their house and food.
- (4) What does the underlined word "it" refer to in the story?
 - A. the job B. the week
 - C. the money D. the computer game
- (5) What's the main idea of this story?
 - A. Luis's mom had to use money on things they need.
 - B. Luis kept enough money to buy his computer game.
 - C. Luis's mom bought the new computer game for lugs at last.
 - D. lugs spent thirty- five dollars on his favorite computer game.
- 14

• The Chinese New Year is an important holiday for Chinese people all around the world. During this time, Chinese families get together to spend time with one another. Together, they have big dinners and say goodbye to the past year. They also wish each other good luck for the New Year.

The date of the Chinese New Year changes every year. However, it always falls some time between January 20 and February 21. This is because the Chinese people followed a calendar (日历) called the Chinese Lunar Calendar in the old days. This calendar is different from the

calendar in the United States of America. It is called the Gregorian calendar.

Like many holidays, people always do some things to celebrate (庆祝) the Chinese New Year. For this holiday, many people wear red. They even put up red decorations (饰品) on the doors or windows. In China, the colour red stands for good luck. Another important tradition is the gift of a red envelope called "hongbao". The elderly put money inside the "hongbao" and give it to children to wish them good health.

- (1) _____ is an important holiday for Chinese people in the article.
 - A. National Day B. The Chinese New Year
 - C. The Dragon Boat Festival D. The Mid Autumn Festival
- (2) What does the first paragraph mainly talk about?
 - A. When the Chinese New Year is.
 - B. How many people celebrate the Chinese New Year.
 - C. Where the Chinese New Year is celebrated.
 - D. What people do to celebrate the Chinese New Year.
- (3) Why do the Chinese use the red color to celebrate the Chinese New Year?
 - A. To help people think of love.
 - B. To make the house look beautiful.
 - C. To wish people good luck in the new year.
 - D. To bring the elderly "hongbao" in the new year.
- (4) According to the article, the Chinese New Year may fall on _____
 - A. January 19. B. February 23. C. January 25. D. February 27.
- (5) Chinese people like to put up red decorations like _____ on the window.
 - A. postcards B. maps C. photos D. paper-cuttings

| | Β. |
|-----|----|
| 1 E | |
| L C | 2 |
| | |

Timetable (Wednesday)

| | | | | - | | | |
|--------|--------------|----------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Period | Time | Class 1 | Class 2 | Class 3 | Class 4 | Class 5 | Class 6 |
| 1 | 8:00 ~8:40 | Chinese | English | Maths | Chinese | Maths | Chinese |
| 2 | 8:50 ~9:30 | English | Chinese | Chinese | English | Geography | English |
| 3 | 9:45 ~10:25 | Maths | Maths | English | Geography | English | Maths |
| 4 | 10:40~11:20 | Computer | P.E. | Music | art | P.E. | Science |
| 5 | 11:30 ~12:10 | P.E. | Geography | history | Science | Computer | P.E. |

These days one school after another begins to use their weekly timetables for the new term.

Students find a great change in the sports lessons. "These lessons take a lot of time in the timetables." Yangcheng Evening News said.

"The sports teacher is ill today. Let's change the sports lesson to maths. For many people in their old school days, this was the most popular excuse in school. So the sports teacher was jokingly called "the most unhealthy teacher." For many reasons, sports lessons stayed only on the timetable.

But now government leaders, teachers and parents understand that sports are very important for the students' health. If they don't have enough sports, they won't do well in their homework and exams. So the teachers of other subjects should not <u>take up</u> the sports lessons.

- (1) Where does this article most probably come from?
 - A. A newspaper. B. A textbook. C. A storybook. D. A magazine.

(2) In the old days,

- A. the maths teachers taught sports
- B. students only liked maths lessons
- C. the sports teachers were often ill and couldn't give their lessons
- D. students couldn't have enough sports lessons in the timetable
- (3) Why do people think that sports are important today?
 - A. Students can have good health and study well.
 - B. There are many important sports exams in schools.
 - C. Students don't have enough time for sports at home.
 - D. Sports teachers are unhealthy and they should exercise more.
- (4) What is the Chinese meaning of the underlined phrase in the third paragraph?

A. 取代 B. 取消 C. 减少 D. 山川

- (5) What is the writer's opinion to sports lessons in the article?
 - A. Students have too many sports lessons.
 - B. We should have enough sports teachers in schools.
 - C. Parents should have sports with their students after school.
 - D. Sports teachers should give all the sports lessons in the timetable.

五、阅读填空(共5小题,每小题1分,共5分)

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Many schools are finding that students learn well and remember more when they go to school all year long. <u>1</u> No! It means that students will get many short holiday breaks instead of just one long one.

2

Susan says, "It's Good! <u>3</u> I like having more breaks.

"Summer gets boring, and I miss my friends." jack says, " <u>4</u> I can't go to summer camp."

I like to play outside and swim in the warm weather. <u>5</u>

- A. It's Bad!
- B. I can remember more of what I learned.
- C. It's too hot to be in school in the summer.
- D. Does that mean students won't get a holiday ?
- E. What do students say about year-round school ?

六、首字母填空(共10小题,每小题1分,共10分)

17 My d _____ is to be a great writer like Mo Yan when I grow up.

18 My school is not far from my home, and I r _____ a sharing bike to school every day.

19 If you love Zhujiang River, don't p _____ it.

20 It is hot and d _____ in summer and very cold and wet in winter in the east of China.

21 Look! The dog is trying to c _____ the mouse there.



22 The Pudong New Area has many m _____ buildings.

23 Visitors can f _____ the guide to travel around the city.

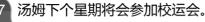
24 Jim, you are old enough to take care of y _____.



25 It is a hot summer day, and the sun shines b _____.

26 My mom is good at planting. There are many beautiful flowers in our g ______.

七、完成句子(共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)



Tom will _____ the school sports meeting next week.



28 杰克喜欢周末和爸爸一起拍照。

Jack likes to with his father at the weekends.

29 地球给我们提供空气、水和食物。 The Earth _____ us _____ air, water and food.



30 我有很多爱好,例如唱歌和游泳。 I have many hobbies, ______ singing and swimming.

31 露丝对旅游很感兴趣。她想去很多中国名胜古迹旅游。

Lucy is interested in travelling. She wants to visit many _____ in China.

八、书面表达(共1小题,共15分)



假设你叫李华,是学校社团的负责人。请根据以下内容和要求给学校的英文校报写一篇短

文,向同学们介绍学校的社团活动。

- 注意:
- 1. 词数60-80左右(开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数);
- 2. 不得透露学校、姓名等任何个人信息。否则不予评分。

参考词汇: solar power (太阳能)

| Super Sp | oorts Club | Smart Boats Club | Cool Books Club |
|----------|------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 观看 | 球赛 | 建造小船 | 每天阅读一小时 |
| 打乒乓 | 求、篮球 | 用太阳能驱动小船 | 写读书笔记 |
| 强身 | l健体 | 了解科学 | (请补充你的一点想法) |

Welcome to Our Clubs!

There are many clubs in our school. Let me tell you about them.

There is something for everyone in our school clubs. Why not join us!

