2018~2019学年广东广州白云区初三上学期期末 英语试卷

一、语法选择(共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

1	Do you like readi	ng stories? Maybe you	will answer, "No, I am	not <u>1</u> child any more!
	" Yes, children all ove	r the world always love	stories.	
	Chinese children	are 2 in Monke	y King's story. It ha <mark>s</mark> be	een a popular bedtime story
	in China <u>3</u> ma	ny years. In fact, adult	s <u>4</u> love the sto	ory a lot. For them, Monkey
	King has become a v	ery unforgettable part	in the memory of	5 childhood. The clever
				ole. British boys and girls all
				ne shows, it's a story full of
				en get frightened with Alice
				ad The Adventures of Tom
				e boy <u>10</u> also has lots
				faster, for Tom and his
		10	-	. Of course in the end, they
	beat the bad ones.		acaany in aanger	are escared in and end, and,
		n ask me if Hike stories	: Yes I have liked ther	m since I was very young. At
				books. For me, stories are
				ner young or old, let's enjoy
	stories.	chocolate: They help	me learn a lot. 60 cm	ici young or old, ict's enjoy
	1. A. a	B. an	C. the	D. /
	2. A. interest	B. interesting	C. interested	D. interestingly
		· ·		
	3. A. on	B. for	C. at	D. of
	4. A. too	B. also	C. either	D. as well
	5. A. they	B. them	C. their	D. themselves
	6. A. wins	B. will win	C. win	D. is winning
	7. A. good	B. better	C. best	D. well
	8. A. nor	B. so	C. or	D. but

9. A. read	B. reading	C. to read	D. to reading
10. A. who	B. which	C. what	D. when
11. A. go	B. goes	C. going	D. went
12. A.is	B. was	C. are	D. were
13. A.need	B. can	C. should	D. may
14. A.spend	B. spent	C. will spend	D. have spent
15 A delicious	B more delicious	C most delicious	D deliciously

_	-、元形項至($-$	共10小尟;母小	\尟1.5分,两分	15分)
				30
2	A blind boy sat o	n the steps of a buildi	ng with a hat beside hi	s feet. He held a sign which
	said, "I am blind. Plea		Ü	
		a few coins in the 2		
	A man was walkir	ng by. He took out a fe	ew coins from his wallet	and dropped them into the
	hat. He then took the	sign, turned it around	d, and <u>3</u> some	words on it. He put the sign
	back so that everyone	e who walked by could	see the new 4	
	Soon the hat beg	an to fill up. A lot more	e people were <u>5</u> ı	money to the blind boy. That
	afternoon the man	who had changed th	e sign came to see	how things were. The boy
	recognized (认出)h	is footsteps and aske	d, "Are you the one wh	o changed <u>6</u> sign in
	the morning? What di	d you write?"		
	The man said, "I	only wrote the truth. Is	said what you said, but	in a different way." What he
	had written was, "Toda	ay is a beautiful day, b	ut I can't see it."	
	Both signs told p	eople the boy was	7 . But the first s	imply told people to help by
	putting some 8	in the hat. The secor	nd sign told people that	they were able to enjoy the
	beauty of the day, but	t the boy could not enj	oy it because he was b	lind.
	There are <u>9</u>	_ two lessons we can	learn from this simple s	tory. The first is: Be thankful
	for what you have. So	omebody else has less	s. Try your best to help	those who need your help.
	The second is: Be cre	eative. Think <u>10</u>	. There is always a bet	ter way.
	1. A. call	B. help	C. choose	D. praise
	2. A. bag	B. wallet	C. box	D. hat
	3. A. wrote	B. printed	C. learnt	D. cleaned
	4. A. ways	B. stories	C. words	D. pictures
	5. A. accepting	B. receiving	C. borrowing	D. giving
	6. A. her	B. his	C. my	D. your
	7. A. kind	B. deaf	C. clever	D. blind
	8. A. coats	B. biscuits	C. coins	D. gifts

9. A. at least B. at last C. at once D. at first

10. A. surprisedly B. differently C. wonderfully D. warmly

三、阅读(共两节,满分45分)

第一节阅读理解(共20小题;每小题2分,满分40分)

My parents seldom encouraged me to ask for help, so I trained myself to become as independent as possible. I thought if I asked for help, I would be a problem to other people.

I walked into the supermarket near my house, not buying anything. I just wanted to stay there quietly. The pain of losing my husband was still too great. And this supermarket held so many sweet memories.

He often came with me, and almost every time he'd pretend to go off and look for something special. He always bought me yellow roses. He knew I loved roses.

Now, standing by the meat, I searched for the perfect small steak because my husband used to love steak.

Suddenly a woman came up beside me. I watched as she picked up a large pack of T-bone steaks, dropped them in her basket, hesitated (犹豫不决), and then put them back.

She saw me watching her and she smiled, "My husband loves T-bone steaks, but they're so expensive."

"My husband passed away eight days ago, " I told her. I fought to control the sadness in my voice. "Buy him the T-bone steaks. And cherish every moment you have together."

Surprised by my words, she placed the T-bone steaks in her basket and walked away silently. However, several minutes later that woman came towards me again. In her arms she carried a package. On her face was the brightest smile I had ever seen.

As she came closer, I saw what she held, and I couldn't hold back my tears. "These are for you, " she said and placed three beautiful yellow roses in my hands. I wanted to tell her what the roses meant for me, but, still unable to speak. I watched as she walked away.

I looked down at the beautiful roses. How did she know? Suddenly the answer seemed so clear. I wasn't alone. There were still many people caring for me and willing to help me.

Just be thankful for what you have and who you are.

- (1) The author went to the supermarket because _____.
 - A. she wanted to buy some food
 - B. there were many sweet memories for her
 - C. the roses there were much nice
 - D. her friend was waiting for her
- (2) What did the woman give the author?

- A. Some yellow roses.C. A pack of T-bone steaks.
- B. Some beautiful pictures.
- D. A bowl of ice-cream.
- (3) According to the text, we know the woman was _____.
 - A. a stranger

- B. a friend of the author
- C. a friend of the author's husband
- D. the manager of the supermarket
- (4) What kind of feeling did the author have towards the woman?
 - A. Pitiful.
- B. Critical.
- C. Thankful.
- D. Fearful.

- (5) What does the author want to tell us?
 - A. Making friends is very important.
- B. Cherish what we have.
- C. Don't forget people who have died.
- D. Helping others is not necessary.

Carl visited his grandparents on their farm. He was given a slingshot (弹弓) to play with in the woods. He was excited and practiced for some time. But he could never hit the target (靶子).

Getting a little upset, he went back for dinner. As he was going back, he saw his grandma's duck. Without thinking, he used the slingshot to hit the duck in the head and killed <u>it</u>.

In a panic (惊慌), he hid the dead duck in the woodpile (柴堆), only to see his sister watching! But Sally said nothing.

After lunch the next day, Grandma said, "Sally, help me with the dishes."

But Sally said, "Grandma, Carl told me he wanted to help in the kitchen." Then she whispered (低声说) to Carl, "Remember the duck?" So Carl did the dishes.

Later that day, Grandpa asked if the children wanted to go fishing, and Grandma said, "I'm sorry but I need Sally to help me make supper."

Sally just smiled and said, "Well, that's all right because Carl told me he wanted to help you." She whispered again, "Remember the duck?"

So Sally went fishing and Carl stayed behind to help make supper.

After several days of doing both his chores and Sally's, Carl finally could't stand it anymore. He went to his grandma and said that he had killed the duck.

Grandma gave him a hug, and said, "Sweetheart, I know. You see, I saw the whole thing at the window that day, but because I love you, I forgave you. I just waited to find out when you would tell me what you did."

- (1) What does the underlined word "it" in paragraph 2 refer to?
 - A. The slingshot.
- B. The target.
- C. The duck.
- D. The head.

- (2) Who actually saw Carl hit the duck?
 - A. His parents.

B. Only his sister.

C. Only his grandma.

- D. His sister and grandma.
- (3) What did Carl do after he hit the duck?
 - A. He ate the duck.

- B. He hid the duck.
- C. He gave the duck to Sally.
- D. He gave the duck to his grandparents.
- (4) Why did Carl keep helping Sally do chores?
 - A. Because he had told her he would do them.
 - B. Because Sally didn't know how to do them.
 - C. Because he wanted Sally to keep the secret.
 - D. Because Grandma asked him to do the chores.
- (5) What has Carl learned from his experience?
 - A. One should be brave.
- B. One should be honest.
- C. One should be helpful.
- D. One should be patient.

Alix cried with joy during his graduation at West Point(西点军校). His unusual journey is what makes his moment truly special.

Alix had a reason to cry. In seven years, he went from speaking basic English in a poor community to graduating from one of the best military (军事的) and educational institutions (机构) in the United States.

When he was very young, Alix was very interested in planes. And the dream of becoming a pilot changed him forever.

"People where I'm from don't grow up to be pilots. That't not something you do, " said Alix. "You don't just say I'm going to be a pilot and make it happen."

So how did he achieve his dream? What drove him into West Point? What drove him to the top of his class.

It's his father, Dieujuste, who has played the important role in his success. To care for his own family, Dieujuste dropped out of school at 14, leaving his home to find work. Like any parents, the father wanted his children to have the opportunities (机会) that he didn't have.

Alix said, "My dad always said that education was the only gift he could give us, because he didn't have anything material to give."

Driven by his father's encouragement to use education and high marks as a ticket to a better life, Alix spent his teenager years as a hard-working student.

"At this moment, three things came to my mind and led to those tears, " Alix explained. "The first is where I started...The second is where I am...The third is my future."

- (1) What happened during Alix's graduation?
 - A. He couldn't help crying.
- B. He spoke basic English.
- C. He didn't get there on time.
- D. He set out on a new journey.

(2)	(2) According to the fourth paragraph, people from Alix's hometown might think his dr			night think his drean
	is			
	A. interesting B. borin	g (C. crazy	D. small
(3)	We can see Alix's father	_ •		
	A. had an easy and rich life	E	B. supported his son	's dream
	C. received a good education	I	D. gave Alix many ma	aterial gifts
(4) All of the following statements are true EXCEPT that				
	A. Alix is interested in planes	E	B. Alix used to be not	t good at English
	C. Alix works hard to realize hi	s dream l	D. Alix once dropped	out of school
(5)	What is the best title for this pa	assage?		
	A. Don't Laugh at Others			
	B. Care for Your Family			

According to a new report, the cost of living has been rising around the world in recent years. In the study, researchers surveyed 214 cities worldwide. So, which cities are the most expensive to live?

Tokyo, Japan

Tokyo is one of the most expensive places to live. There are also two other Japanese cities that have made the top 10 list this year: Osaka and Nagoya.

The cost of goods like a cup of coffee, fuel and a fast-food meal in Tokyo has gone up over the past year.

Now, Tokyo is about one-third more expensive than Karachi, which is the least expensive city among the 214 cities.

Monthly rent, luxury (奢华的) 2-bedroom apartment: US\$4,848

Cup of coffee: US \$8.29

Daily international newspaper: US \$6.38

C. Never Give up on Your Dreams

D. Money's More Important Than Education

Fast-food meal: US \$8.29

Singapore

Singapore, like other cities in Asia, has seen a big inflow (流入) of foreigners, which has mainly pushed up the price of housing and other living costs.

Known for its high rents compared to the rest of Southeast Asia, Singapore is also an expensive place to own a car. The permit (许可证) to buy a new car can cost between \$46, 000 to over \$67, 000. However, its average monthly rent for a 2-bedroom apartment is much lower than that in the above three Japanese cities.

Monthly rent, luxury 2-bedroom apartment: US \$3, 588 Cup of coffee: US \$5.18 Daily international newspaper: US \$3.59 Fast-food meal: US \$5.66 Hong Kong, China Hong Kong, the only Chinese city to make the top 10 list, has been ranked the ninth most expensive place to live. The average monthly rent for a 2-bedroom apartment jumped by around US \$1, 300. With a limited housing supply, the average house prices in Hong Kong have risen sharply by over 93 percent in recent years. Monthly rent, luxury 2-bedroom apartment: US \$7, 092 Cup of coffee: US \$6.83 Daily international newspaper: US \$3.61 Fast-food meal: US \$3.54 (1) In the survey, how many Japanese cities are in the top 10 list? B. Two. C. Three. D. Four. (2) Which place is the cheapest to live in among the cities surveyed? A Osaka B. Hong Kong. C. Singapore. D. Karachi. (3) In which place is the rent for a luxury 2-bedroom apartment the cheapest? A. Hong Kong. B. Singapore. C. Tokyo. D. Osaka. (4) Which of the following statements is NOT true? A. Compared to Singapore, buying a car in Hong Kong is more expensive. B. Hong Kong has made the top 10 list in the survey. C. A daily international newspaper in Singapore is cheaper than that in Hong Kong. D. Too many foreigners moving in Singapore is the biggest factor in pushing up the cost of living there. (5) Where does the passage probably come from? A. A building website. B. A fashion magazine. D. A textbook. C. A survey report. 第二节 阅读填空(共5小题;每小题1分,满分5分) Chinese people love the color red. They regard red as a symbol of energy, happiness

and good luck. ___1 __ By wrapping (包裹) money in red packets, it is hoped that they will bring more happiness and blessings (祝福) to the receivers. __2 __ However, it is impolite to

open a red packet in front of the person who gives it to you.

	Red packets are usually given on holidays such as the Spring Festival as well as on
	special days such as weddings. The amount of money in the red packets is often an even
	number (偶 数) . For example, six and eight are lucky numbers for Chinese
	people3 The pronunciation of the word "four" sounds like "death" in Chinese. That's a
	symbol of bad luck4 Folding the money or giving dirty bills is bad manners. The
	amount of money you wrap in the red packets depends on how much you earn.
	need to give red packets to others. Your close relatives will keep giving you red packets even
	though you are married. They are a symbol of their love and blessings to you.
	A. The money in the red packets should always be new.
	B. Giving people red packets is a way for offering good wishes.
	C. When giving or receiving a red packet, it is polite to use both hands.
	D. There is also a tradition that the number four should not appear in the amount.
	E. Generally speaking, if you start earning money, it is time to give red packets.
	Concrains speaking, if you start earning money, it is time to give red packets.
匹]、写作(共三节;满分35分)
	第一节 单词拼写(共6小题;每小题1分,满分6分)
8	It was a m to go by bus—the journey took two hours!
9	I work hard because I don't want to f my Maths test.
10	Are you ill? You look p
4	—How much did the book c?
•	—Five yuan.
	— ive yuaii.
12	Keep s while the dentist looks at your teeth.
_	
12	Lot's make a d
13	Let's make a d — I'll help you today if you help me tomorrow.
	第二节 完成句子(共7小题;每小题2分,满分14分)

4.1	我已把这首诗背下来。
	I have learned the poem
15	我很久没有收到吉尔的信了。 It's ages since I Jill.
	it's ages since i Jiii.
16	汤姆到处找车钥匙,但找不到。
	Tom the key to the bike but he could't find it.
17	■ 她成为一名飞行员的梦想即将实现。
	Her dream will come true.
18	臭豆腐吃起来美味。
	The smelly tofu
19	我想知道什么时候放寒假? I wonder the winter holiday
20	考试过后,小林觉得真放松啊!
	Xiao Lin felt after the exam!
	第三节 书面表达(共1小题;满分15分)
21	张涵的笔友Tim在数学课上回答了同学的一个问题,老师误认为他们在聊天而批评了他们。
	Tim觉得不公平,从此在数学课上紧张不安,也不喜欢这位老师的课了。但Tim很希望能把数学学
	好,不知如何是好的他写了封邮件向张涵咨询意见。
	假设你是张涵,根据以下要点提示给Tim回信。字数80左右,信开头已给出,不计入总词
	数,
	可适当发挥。 要求:1.每个老师都想他的学生努力学习;
	2.我认为你应该与数学老师谈谈,告诉他真相;3.他会理解你的,并为你想学好数学感到高兴;
	3.10云连解你的,开对你想学好数学感到高天, 4.你应该知道老师所做是为你好;
	4. 沙型区和道名则所成是为协好, 5(至少补充两点。)

参考词汇: focus on聚焦...... Dear Tim, I am sorry that you are having difficulty with your Maths class. Wish you have a better life! Yours, Zhang Han