

6. When may you go to Barbican Gallery to see Helmut Newton's paintings on Thursday?
 A. At 5 p.m. ~~B. At 8 p.m.~~ ~~C. At 10 p.m.~~ D. At 9 a.m.
57. How much does a child under twelve need to pay to see the paintings?
 A. ¥0. B. ¥3.5. C. ¥5. D. ¥7.
58. Whose paintings can you see if you go to the gallery on Saturdays?
 A. John Pilger. B. Barbican. C. Helmut Newton. D. All of them.
59. What telephone number can you call if you want to book tickets?
 A. 73287211. B. 73822711. C. 73822721. D. 73827211.
60. How much should you pay if you want to buy tickets for a group of ten students?
 A. ¥20. B. ¥50. C. ¥60. D. ¥70.

B

The class in America is almost the same as that in China. But something is different.

1. In America, if the teacher asks you a question but you don't understand, you should put up your hand and ask the teacher to repeat it. If you don't know the answer, it is all right to tell the teacher that you don't know. Then he or she knows what you need to do.

2. You mustn't be absent on a test day. If you are seriously ill, call and let the teacher know you will not be there for the test. If your teacher allows you a make-up test (补考), you should take the test in one or two days after you go back to school.

3. Be on time! It is impolite to be late. If you come in late, be sure to do it quietly. Take your books out of your bag after you enter the room. Then go to your seat and sit down quietly. In the US, you needn't knock before you come into the classroom.

4. If you have to leave during the class, do it quietly, too. There's no need to ask for the teacher's agreement.

61. When a teacher asks you a question but you don't know the answer, you should _____.
 A. repeat the question
 B. tell the teacher you don't know
 C. give an answer
 D. put up your hand
62. What's the Chinese meaning of the underlined word "absent"?
 A.早到的 B.迟到的 C.缺席的 D.出席的
63. When can a student take a make-up test?
 A. When he/she is too sick to take the test.
 B. When he/she gets a bad grade in his/her test.
 C. When he/she doesn't finish the paper in his/her test.
 D. When he/she is late for a test.
64. It's impolite for a student when he/she _____.
 A. takes out books quietly
 B. comes into the classroom quietly
 C. takes his/her seat and sits down quietly
 D. gets to school late

II. Multiple choice. (1'x15)

1. --- What can you see on the bed?
 --- There _____ a pair of trousers and two shirts on the bed.
 A. have B. are C. has D. is
32. --- Sam prefers _____ at home _____ sports outdoors.
 --- Me too. It's freezing outside.
 A. to stay; than doing
 C. to stay; to do
 B. staying; to doing
 D. staying; than doing
33. Though he studies Russian _____, he can _____ speak the language.
 A. hard; hardly B. hardly; hardly
 C. hard; hard D. hardly; hard
 He is an _____ person. We all feel _____ in talking with him.
 A. interesting; interest
 C. interested; interesting
 B. interesting; interested
 D. interest; interesting
35. --- _____ do you talk about sport with your friends?
 --- ~~Hardly ever.~~
 A. How much B. How long C. How often D. How soon
36. --- What do you like doing in your spare time?
 --- My hobby is reading. My favourite writer is Stephenie Meyer.
 A. read books B. reading books C. watch movies D. watching movies
37. --- Jerry is a good baseball player.
 --- I agree. But he sometimes _____ the ball too hard and it goes out of the court.
 A. shoots B. holds C. kicks D. hits
38. --- My mobile phone doesn't work.
 --- It is _____ for you to buy a new one. The old one is out of date now.
 A. necessary B. impossible C. fluent D. brilliant
39. --- How do you like his new hair style?
 --- Well, it is _____ that of most other boys'. Nothing special.
 A. similar to B. the same to C. look like D. different from
40. Our boss is flying _____ Beijing soon. She will attend a meeting _____ the morning of Jan. 11.
 A. to; in B. in; on C. to; on D. in; in
41. --- She is good at playing chess.
 --- _____. She wins several champions in chess competitions.
 A. So is she B. So she is C. So she does D. So does she
42. He often _____ the kids with his funny stories and jokes.
 A. entertains B. plays C. trains D. communicates
43. --- Could you help me write down the telephone number on the blackboard? I can't see it clearly.
 --- _____.
 A. You are welcome. B. I hope so. C. It doesn't matter. D. No problem.
44. --- Do you like history?
 --- _____. It is quite interesting.
 A. It's all right. B. I'm not very keen on it. C. I can't stand it. D. I hate it.
45. --- Are you free this Sunday afternoon?
 --- _____. I might go to see my grandparents at that time.
 A. It is Ok. B. It depends. C. I'm all right. D. Don't worry.

Part Two

V. Spot Dictation. (1'x5)

We are always using body language in our daily life. When we have a talk with someone, we may be using more body language than (76) _____. However, the same body language may mean different things in different places. That's why people sometimes do not understand each other (77) _____. Pointing to one part of the body can mean differently in different (78) _____. For example, in the USA people point to their heads when they think someone is clever. However, in Europe it means 'He or she is stupid or something is wrong with his or her head'. In our Chinese culture, nodding our heads up and down means 'yes' and (79) _____ our heads from side to side means 'no'. However, in parts of India, Greece and Turkey, it means just the (80) _____.

76. _____ 77. _____ 78. _____ 79. _____ 80. _____

VI. Matching (1'x5)

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|------------------|--|
| () 81. compete | A. to make sth. look neat by putting everything in order |
| () 82. cheer | B. a person or team that has won a competition |
| () 83. notice | C. try to be more successful or better than sb. else |
| () 84. champion | D. to shout loudly to support or praise for sb. |
| () 85. tidy | E. a written announcement in a place where everyone can read |

VII. Fill in the blanks according to the text from 3Ls and solutions. (1'x10)

86. Give us two small lollipops _____
87. Eight _____ each. Share them, Billy.
88. Watch me! Now I'm _____
89. Are there any letters in the _____ this morning?
90. Now the dog's swimming _____ the lake.
91. In cheerleading competitions, the teams don't score _____ or points, like in football or tennis.
92. Famous students from Eton _____ nineteen British prime ministers.
93. Cheerleaders train a lot, and it's important that they are strong, fit and healthy, just like other sportspeople. And they are very _____.
94. Eton College is a very famous _____ school near London.
95. They take a special _____ exam and they start at Eton when they are thirteen years old.

2019—2020 学年度上学期
武汉外国语学校初中一年级上学期期末考试

英语试题

卷面分值: 150 分 考试时间: 120 分钟

Part One

I. Listening Comprehension. (1' × 30)

第一节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

听下面 5 个问题。每个问题后有三个答语, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每个问题后, 你都有 5 秒钟的时间来作答和阅读下一小题。每个问题仅读一遍。

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|------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. A. It's Monday. | B. It's windy. | C. He is all right. |
| 2. A. On foot. | B. It rains sometimes. | C. I go to Shanghai. |
| 3. A. My father was at home. | B. I had a bad cold. | C. He was at work. |
| 4. A. I don't like football. | B. It is under your desk. | C. I am sorry. |
| 5. A. He is new here. | B. A bank. | C. It's easy to go there. |

第二节 (共 7 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 7 分)

听下面 7 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

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|--|------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 6. Who gives Tom the birthday present? | A. Mary. | B. His father. | C. His mother. |
| 7. Where does he like living? | A. In other countries. | B. In the city. | C. In the countryside. |
| 8. Which country is the man from? | A. America. | B. Germany. | C. England. |
| 9. When does the store close every day? | A. At 9 pm. | B. At 8 pm. | C. At 7 pm. |
| 10. How was the man's trip in the Disney Land? | A. Interesting. | B. Boring. | C. Not bad. |
| 11. Where is Linda probably now? | A. In the hospital. | B. At the cinema. | C. At home. |
| 12. What does the woman want to do? | A. Buy some fish. | B. Have a meal. | C. Watch some fish. |

第三节 (共 18 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 18 分)

听下面 6 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话和独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题。听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间, 每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 13 段材料, 回答第 13 至第 15 小题。

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|---|----------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 13. Where is Helen? | A. She is at home. | B. She is at the doctor's. | C. She is at school. |
| 14. What's wrong with her? | A. She has a cold. | B. She feels better. | C. She feels tired. |
| 15. What doesn't the doctor tell her to do? | A. Drink some water. | B. Have a good sleep. | C. Do some sports. |

XI. Sentence patterns. (1'x10)

A. Change the following sentences into negative sentences.

121. Open the door.

122. He has to be home before 10 o'clock.

B. Change the following sentences into interrogative sentences.

123. There are some pens on the desk.

124. Racers lie down on the board and race down a hill.

125. He often scores in football matches.

C. Ask a question about the underlined part.

126. She often does karate on Sunday mornings.

127. He always drives carelessly.

128. They have to wear school uniforms on Mondays.

D. Say the following sentences in another way without changing the meanings.

129. Turn on the tap.

130. How much is the sweater?

听第 14 段材料, 回答第 16 至第 18 小题。

16. Who ordered a room for the man here?
A. His friend. B. The man himself C. The woman.
17. Where does the man live?
A. Room 1108 on the 11th floor.
B. Room 1118 on the 8th floor.
C. Room 1118 on the 11th floor.
18. Which of the following is RIGHT according to the conversation?
A. The man has to walk upstairs there.
B. The man doesn't have the ID card with him.
C. The woman works in the hotel.

听第 15 段材料, 回答第 19 至第 21 小题。

19. What's the relationship between the two speakers?
A. Teacher and student. B. Mother and son. C. Brother and sister.
20. What's wrong with Tom?
A. He has a fever.
B. He can't eat anything.
C. He watches TV too much.
21. What can't Tom do?
A. He can't get up. B. He can't drink pear juice. C. He can't watch TV.

听第 16 段材料, 回答第 22 至第 24 小题。

22. Where did the woman lose her bag?
A. On the bus. B. In the town centre. C. At home.
23. How much money was in the bag?
A. About £ 40. B. About £ 50. C. About £ 20.
24. What else was in the bag?
A. A mobile phone. B. A watch. C. A car key.

听第 17 段材料, 回答第 25 至第 27 小题。

25. What is Jenny doing now?
A. She is buying tickets. B. She is working. C. She is shopping.
26. Where does Mark work?
A. In a school. B. In a library. C. In a museum.
27. Which of the following is true?
A. They meet at 3 p.m.
B. The tickets for the show are free.
C. The show lasts for one and a half hours.

听第 18 段材料, 回答第 28 至第 30 小题。

28. Who are Jack and Bob?
A. Friends. B. Twins. C. Brothers.
29. What did Jack want to do one day?
A. To go to the library.
B. To clean his house.
C. To borrow some books from Bob.
30. What may happen after Jack's words?
A. Bob was very happy. B. Bob was unhappy. C. Bob thanked Jack a lot.

【Now, please turn to PART TWO to finish the Spot Dictation.】

III. Cloze Test. (1'x 10)

A green life sometimes just needs a good idea like sharing cars. It's a new way of thinking. You can use a car but don't need to own it. Now the idea of "car sharing" has become 46 in many countries.

As we know, we 47 cars in garages for much time. In fact, we drive our own cars 48 one or two hours a day on average. When we don't use them, we have to pay for parking and 49 things. That costs too much money. To 50 money, some people come up with the idea of "car sharing". If we share a car, we'll only 51 when we use it.

Now many people are starting to do car sharing. In Switzerland, almost 40,000 people 52 it. Japan is also trying to make 53 popular around the country.

Car sharing is the 54 of a new idea in transportation. It is also very convenient for us to travel everywhere 55 buying a car. Do you love to share a car with others?

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 46. A. popular | B. interesting | C. funny | D. famous |
| 47. A. wash | B. drive | C. fix | D. park |
| 48. A. as far as | B. as long as | C. as much as | D. as little as |
| 49. A. each other | B. others | C. another | D. other |
| 50. A. make | B. save | C. find | D. earn |
| 51. A. spend | B. cost | C. pay | D. take |
| 52. A. join | B. cover | C. drop | D. share |
| 53. A. time saving | B. money saving | C. car sharing | D. people sharing |
| 54. A. beginning | B. making | C. ending | D. having |
| 55. A. within | B. with | C. by | D. without |

IV. Reading Comprehension. (2'x20)

A

Are you interested in Helmut Newton and John Pilger? Do you want to learn more about their paintings? Come to Barbican Gallery (画廊)!

Barbican Gallery	
Open	Mon, Thu-Sat 10 am-6 pm (Helmut Newton); Tue, Wed, Sun 10 am-9 pm (John Pilger)
Tickets	Adults : ¥7 Students, young people 12-17, over 60s : ¥5 Disabled(残疾的) people with companion : ¥3.5 Under 12 : free
Barbican Card discount (折扣) : 20% off full price tickets Group Bookings can be made through the Groups line 73827211 Adult groups of 10 or more : ¥6 each School and full time student groups of 10 or more: ¥2 each.	

VIII. Tenses. (1'x5)

96. There are some boys _____ (chase) a cat over there.
97. He is so lazy that he never _____ (tidy) his bedroom.
98. The Clarks often _____ (have) tea in the garden in the afternoon.
99. Parents can _____ (educate) teenagers about the danger of smoking.
100. Look, some students _____ (skip) in the playground.

IV. Proper forms. (1'x10)

101. Mary sometimes goes _____ (jog) in the park after work.
102. Sue finds watching cartoons really _____ (bored) while her litter brother likes it very much.
103. He is such a _____ (sport) boy that he exercises almost every day for at least 2 hours.
104. English is of great _____ (important) because it is a tool to let the world know our country better.
105. The Tik Tok App is _____ (extreme) popular among teenagers.
106. Su Bingtian is one of the greatest _____ (athletics) in China.
107. He looks forward to _____ (dive) in the sea on vacation.
108. He has great _____ (difficult) in understanding what the teacher says.
109. I'd like a _____ (mix) salad at night. It is good for my health.
110. I hope you can keep a _____ (balance) relationship between your work and your life.

X. Fill in the blanks according to the first letter. (1'x10)

111. Long skirts come into f _____ again this winter.
112. You need to ask for help from the lawyer. He can give you some p _____ advice.
113. You may find g _____ is not so interesting. It is just about lakes, mountains, rocks and so on.
114. Wuhan held the 7th CISM M _____ World Games in October. It is a great success.
115. You will have a g _____ idea about the film after you read the article in the magazine.
116. Our school dining hall is always c _____ with students at noon on weekdays.
117. The little girl looks so short and thin. How much does she w _____?
118. I will travel to your hometown—Ningbo. Can you d _____ it to me?
119. The price of the pork will go down during the Spring Festival, I s _____.
120. Before you take the medicine, please read the i _____ carefully.

65. Which of the following about the class in America is TRUE?
- A. If one is late, he/she can't enter the classroom without the teacher's agreement ~~X~~
 - B. One can take a make-up test without the teacher's agreement
 - C. One can leave the classroom without the teacher's agreement
 - D. One can put up his/her hand to ask the teacher to repeat the question if he/she can't understand it.

C

On a cold winter afternoon, Susan was walking home from a supermarket. She was feeling a little tired, as she was ~~carrying her shopping bags~~. They were so heavy that she decided to have a rest in the park. She walked towards the gate of the park. She noticed a poor man walking out of a restaurant in front of her. The man was holding a paper bag. He walked to a rubbish bin and started looking through it.

Susan suddenly felt sad. She knew this man would take all that he could get, so she went up to him and gave him some fruit. The man looked ~~up in surprise~~ and took what she gave him.

A big smile appeared on his face and she felt very happy. Then he said, "Wow! First someone gave me ~~the sandwich~~, then ~~the orange juice~~, and now some ~~delicious fruit~~. This is my daughter's lucky day. Thank you, girl." Then he went away, singing a song.

Just then, Susan understood what the saying "Giving is getting" really meant. Everyone in the world needs help; everyone can offer help and everyone will be helped by showing kindness.

Giving sometimes doesn't cost much, but it means a lot to the people who you help. The man's happiness at that moment comes into Susan's mind every time she has the chance to help others.

66. Susan felt a little tired because she _____.
- A. walked so fast ~~X~~
 - B. looked through a rubbish bin ~~X~~
 - C. felt cold ~~X~~
 - D. carried heavy shopping bags
67. The poor man felt _____ when Susan gave him some fruit.
- A. sad ~~X~~
 - B. surprised ~~X~~
 - C. interested ~~X~~
 - D. kind
68. The poor man's daughter ~~couldn't~~ get _____ that day.
- A. orange juice ~~X~~
 - B. some fruit ~~X~~
 - C. a new coat ~~X~~
 - D. a sandwich
69. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. The poor man had no money to buy food for his daughter.
 - ~~X~~ B. It was the poor man's daughter's birthday.
 - ~~X~~ C. The poor man asked Susan for some fruit.
 - ~~X~~ D. The poor man's daughter was ill.
70. The passage mainly tells us that _____.
- A. giving means taking
 - B. giving is getting
 - C. we shouldn't look through rubbish bins
 - D. we should give others fruit

D

Look at the light and beautiful snowflakes(雪花) falling. Ever wanted to hold them in your hands? They are always lost when they meet your hands. Well, this is not just a problem for you. It was a problem for Wilson Bentley, too.

In the 1870s, Wilson Bentley was just a teenager. His family lived in a small town in Bentley. His family lived in a small town in northeast America. Winters there were long and hard. Bentley's mother was once a school teacher. She taught him at home. Bentley didn't go to school until he was 14. He was a quiet boy, and loved reading his mother's books.

But it was his mother's microscope(显微镜) that interested him. When the other boys were playing with balls, little Bentley was studying things like drops of water, flowers and snowflakes. Bentley loved watching snowflakes. For the next two years, young Bentley spent many winter days in a cold room watching these ice crystals under his microscope.

The boy thought they were so beautiful that he started to draw pictures of them. But there were so many snowflakes that he couldn't draw them all.

How could he keep their beauty forever? Bentley thought of buying a camera.

The boy and his mother asked his father to buy one. But, his father didn't agree. He thought the whole thing was a bad idea. He thought the only thing a farmer should do was farming.

But finally Bentley did get a camera. For more than a year he tried to take pictures of snowflakes. On January 15, 1885, during a snowstorm, Bentley took the first ever photo of an ice crystal with his camera. "It was the greatest moment of my life," Bentley said later.

For 13 years, Bentley worked quietly and took thousands of photos of ice crystals. Later he became known as "Snowflake" Bentley.

71. We can tell from the story that Bentley's father was _____.
- | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| A. a farmer | B. a funny man |
| C. an athletic man | D. a school teacher |
72. Which of the following statements about Bentley is true?
- A. He didn't get any kind of education as a child.
- B. He was born into a rich family.
- C. He was the first person to take photos of snowflakes.
- D. The beauty of snowflakes attracted him very much.
73. What kind of person do you think Bentley was?
- A. He was outgoing.
- B. He was too serious.
- C. He was interested in learning.
- D. He was very warm-hearted.
74. The "ice crystals" in the third paragraph refers to "_____".
- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| A. water drops | B. rain drops | C. flowers | D. snowflakes |
|----------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
75. The best title for this passage is _____.
- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. Snowflake Photos | B. Snowflake Boy |
| C. Long and Hard Winters | D. Teenage Photographer |