

2019~2020 学年度第一学期期末考试 八年级英语试题

第 I 卷 (共 100 分)

一、听力测试部分(共三节,满分 25 分)

第一节(共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

听下面 5 个问题,每个问题后有三个答语,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每个问题后,你都有 5 秒钟的时间来作答和阅读下一小题。每个问题仅读一遍。

- | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. It's Tuesday, the 5th. | B. It's hot. | C. It's OK. |
| 2. A. In the soup. | B. 2 dollars. | C. One spoon. |
| 3. A. In 2015. | B. In a house. | C. In red. |
| 4. A. Study science. | B. An engineer. | C. Angry. |
| 5. A. English. | B. The biggest. | C. Xinhua Bookstore. |

第二节(共 7 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 7 分)

听下面 7 段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

6. What is the man looking for?
A. A restaurant. B. A hotel. C. A bookstore.
7. How much did the man pay for his new car?
A. \$ 5,000. B. \$ 7,500. C. \$ 10,000.
8. Where are they talking?
A. At a post office. B. At the cinema. C. In a shop.
9. What is Danny going to do?
A. Climb the hill. B. Stay at home. C. See his grandma.
10. What is the woman doing?
A. She is cooking. B. She is painting. C. She is having dinner.
11. What will they do tomorrow most probably?
A. Have a picnic. B. Play tennis. C. Stay at home.
12. What does the girl think of Guangdong food?
A. Not very good. B. Quite good. C. Worse than she thought.

第三节(共 13 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 13 分)

听下面 4 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话和独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间,每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 13 段材料,回答第 13 至第 15 小题。

13. What does the man do?
A. He's a shopkeeper. B. He's a student. C. He's a waiter.
14. What doesn't the woman like?
A. Chocolate cake. B. Strawberry pie. C. Some fresh fruit.
15. What does the woman have at last?
A. Coffee. B. Chocolate cake. C. Ice-cream.

听第 14 段材料,回答第 16 至第 18 小题。

16. Where are the two speakers?
A. At the bus stop. B. In the street. C. At the police station.
17. What's wrong with Sally?
A. She's lost. B. She's late. C. She's ill.
18. How long will it take the woman to get to the hospital by bus?
A. 5 minutes. B. 15 minutes. C. 25 minutes.

听第 15 段材料,回答第 19 至第 21 小题。

19. What does the man call the woman to do?
A. To help Allan improve his English.
B. To ask him to finish his homework.
C. To ask her to help her son.
20. How is Allan doing at school in English?
A. He doesn't work hard. B. He hates to learn it. C. He isn't good at it.
21. On what days will Allan stay after school?
A. Mondays and Wednesdays.
B. Mondays and Thursdays.
C. Mondays and Fridays.

听第 16 段材料,回答第 22 至第 25 小题。

22. What does Andy like to do?
A. Driving. B. Making friends. C. Drinking.
23. How many accidents(事故) did Andy have in the passage?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

24. What was the woman doing when she was hit by Andy?

- A. She was shopping.
- B. She was running along the road.
- C. She was crossing the street.

25. Why did Andy decide to give up drinking at last?

- A. Because he wanted to drive more carefully.
- B. Because a policeman asked him to give up drinking.
- C. Because he didn't want to lose his best friend.

笔试部分

二、选择填空(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

26. —Where are you going to work?

— . Maybe Beijing.

- A. I hope so.
- B. I'm not sure yet.
- C. That's a good idea.
- D. I'm going to work hard

27. —It seems that you have homework to do than me.

—But I have things to do, I am busy today.

- A. less, more
- B. more, fewer
- C. less, fewer
- D. more, less

28. —Does Tim tell you if he this evening?

—No, he doesn't. But if he , I'll give you a ring.

- A. will come; comes
- B. comes; will come
- C. comes; comes
- D. will come; will come

29. —You are doing many things in the same way your father did.

—Oh yes, he told me how to do lots of things.

- A. as
- B. because
- C. when
- D. though

30. —Is Steve going to take part in the singing competition?

—I he would, but he's busy these days.

- A. think
- B. is thinking
- C. thought
- D. will think

31. —Can Dave come out to play soccer with me?

—I'm afraid not, he is his book report.

- A. looking after
- B. working on
- C. writing down
- D. taking up

32. —The story is trying to show us everything is if we work hard at it.

—That's right.

- A. important B. free C. possible D. successful

33. —I read English articles very slowly. Can you help me?

—For most articles, you just need to get the _____ ideas of them.

- A. only B. main C. best D. same

34. —You are the first student who _____ me on my lesson.

—But there was really a mistake in it.

- A. agreed B. decided C. taught D. questioned

35. —My parents regard me as their friends.

—So the _____ between you and your parents is quite good.

- A. improvement B. relationship C. education D. culture

36. —Do you think that there will be more trees in the city?

—_____. It's good for our environment.

- A. I hope so. B. I agree. C. Oh, really? D. No problem.

37. —There are great sales in Zhongbai Supermarket.

—No wonder people are _____ into it.

- A. falling B. mixing C. stealing D. pouring

38. —Nick, please buy something for dinner. I'll be back late today.

—_____.

- A. It's very nice of you B. That's right
C. OK, I will D. Help yourself

39. —I want to find a better job and make more money.

—Money is important, but don't become the _____ of money.

- A. owner B. servant C. example D. thief

40. —Do you know anything about Tom's resolution?

—Yes, his resolution _____ his school life next year.

- A. has something to do with B. gets on well with
C. looks forward to D. is good to

三、完型填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面两篇材料,掌握其大意,然后从 41-50 各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。

A

Andy: What are you 41, Ken?

Ken: The Old Man and the Sea 42 Hemingway.

Andy: Wow, now I know why you're good at writing stories.

Ken: Yes, I want to be a writer.

Andy: Really? 43 are you going to become a writer?

Ken: Well, I'm going to 44 writing stories, of course. What do you want to be?

Andy: My parents want me to be a doctor, but I'm not 45 about that.

Ken: Well, don't worry. Not everyone knows what they want to be. Just make sure you try your best. Then you can be anything you want!

Andy: Yes, you're right.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 41. A. watching | B. reading | C. talking | D. making |
| 42. A. behind | B. about | C. with | D. by |
| 43. A. How | B. What | C. Why | D. When |
| 44. A. put off | B. keep on | C. find out | D. grow up |
| 45. A. excited | B. worried | C. serious | D. sure |

B

Dear classmates,

As I'm sure you know by now, our favorite teacher, Ms. Steen, is leaving soon to go back to the US. We're very 46 that she's leaving because she is a fun teacher. To show how much we're going to 47 her, let's have a surprise party for her next Friday the 28th!

Can you come to the party? If so, can you 48 any of these things? Please tell me by this Friday.

- 1) Buy food and drinks.
- 2) Think of 49 to play.
- 3) Prepare things we need for the games (glue, paper, pens, ...).
- 4) Bring Ms. Steen to the party without 50 her so that she can be surprised.
- 5) I look forward to hearing from you all.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| 46. A. glad | B. sure | C. sad | D. scared |
| 47. A. miss | B. find | C. need | D. catch |
| 48. A. care about | B. look for | C. help with | D. take off |
| 49. A. games | B. friends | C. basketball | D. chess |
| 50. A. knowing | B. thanking | C. trusting | D. telling |

David

四、阅读理解(共 10 小题,每小题 2 分,满分 20 分)

A



SCHOOL RAFFLE

raffle

1st Prize – Christmas Crib
2nd Prize – Books / CDs
3rd Prize – Chocolates & Poinsettias

Tickets from the main office room 007 – 1 ticket for €1.00 / 3 tickets for €2.50
Draw on Monday 19th December 2019 at 5.30 p.m.
Carols will be played by JSSoM students on the occasion

51. The above material is _____.
- A. an ad B. a school report C. a notice D. a text
52. Students can buy a ticket _____.
- A. for \$1.00 B. at Room 007
C. at 5.30pm on Monday D. from their teachers
53. If you win the third prize, what will you get?
- A. A winning ticket. B. A Christmas crib.
C. Some books. D. Some chocolates and poinsettias.
54. What can't students do on the occasion(庆典)?
- A. Draw some pictures. B. Attend prize winning.
C. Enjoy the carols. D. Meet JSSoM Students.
55. The material has something to do with _____.
- A. a school activity B. a play
C. a friends' meeting D. a school trip

B

My father had a friend called Henry, who was a well-known artist. Almost each time we went to his home, we would meet with some young painters calling at his house. He was always happy to give them advice, often spending a lot of time on it. I knew his time was very precious while he only did

his duty to teach and support the younger people, so I couldn't help asking him, "Uncle, why should you? It will be thousands of dollars or more that you paint a picture as you please. Why do you waste your time on the unimportant people?"

Waiting for a while, he said with a smile, "I tell you a story. 40 years ago, a young man brought his painting to New York to ask a famous painter, Paul, to give some advice. The painter found this young artist was nobody, so he said he had something important to do and ordered him to leave, without even having a look at his painting. When he went to the door, the young man turned and said, 'Master, you're standing on the peak(峰顶) now, so when you look down, you will find I'm a nobody, seeing me as tiny(渺小). But you should also know, when I look up at you at the foot of the mountain, you're also very tiny!' With the words, he turned to leave. Because of this, this young man later made great efforts to learn the painting skills and has become a bit famous now. But he always remembers the cold reception(接待) and reminds himself all the time to treat everybody the same way whether he is rich or poor—you're right. I'm the young man at that time."

56. When Henry was busy helping younger painters, the writer _____.
- A. couldn't stand waiting for him
 - B. couldn't understand him
 - C. learned a lot about painting from him
 - D. learned to make money by painting
57. As a well-known painter, Henry _____.
- A. could make a lot of money by painting just one picture
 - B. sometimes invited some younger painters to his house
 - C. often thought of the famous and helpful painter
 - D. wanted to relax himself by visiting other painters
58. What happened to him when Henry was a young man?
- A. He visited New York by himself.
 - B. He reached the foot of a high mountain.
 - C. Nobody wanted to buy his paintings.
 - D. A famous painter refused to help him.
59. The underlined phrase "made great efforts" means _____ here.
- A. spent much money
 - ~~B. got everything ready~~
 - ~~C. sometimes forgot~~
 - D. tried very hard

60. Which is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Henry was good at painting and kind-hearted.

B. Henry was always ready to help younger painters.

C. Henry was lucky enough to learn from Paul.

D. The famous painter wasn't so friendly.

五、词与短语填空(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

先阅读各个小题,然后用下面方框所给的单词或短语填空,使全文在逻辑上正确。(提示:选项中有一个是多余的。)

Finally / be / cheap / funnier / sound / teenagers

61. If the _____ stay out too late, their parents will worry about them.

62. _____, mix everything together and serve it.

63. What will the future _____ like?

64. Dumpling House is a _____ restaurant in the city, You can get a big plate of dumplings for only five yuan.

65. My brother is _____ than me. He makes people laugh a lot.

61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____

六、连词成句(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

请将所给单词按照横线后提供的标点组成一个意思完整的句子。注意句首字母大写。

66. are, that, to, you, do, going, how

_____?

67. your, prediction, what, about, is, future, the

_____?

68. milk, pour, the, the, blender, into

_____.

69. my, I, parents, to, help, have

_____.

70. how, do, watch, it, often, you

_____?

七、词语填空(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

首字母填空或用所给单词的正确形式填空:

71. There will be 1 _____ fresh water because there will be more pollution.

72. And the winner always gets a very good p _____.

73. Others tell their family and friends about their w _____ and plans.

74. There will be fewer trees and the environment will be in great d.
75. In most countries, people usually eat t. _____ food on special holidays.
76. I'm going to study _____ (real) hard.
77. Cities will be more _____ (pollute).
78. Oh, but Sam isn't _____ (leave) until next Wednesday.
79. I am looking forward to _____ (hear) from you.
80. I always get better _____ (grade) than he does.

第 II 卷 (共 50 分)

八、完形填空 (共 15 分; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从每题所给 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出一个最佳答案。

Lola Walter, a 13-year-old gymnast (体操运动员), is an expert at balance beam (平衡木)

To perfect her skills, Lola 81 for four hours a day, five days a week. Since she is blind, born with a rare condition (罕见的病情) that causes her eyes to keep moving. She often sees double and can't 82 how far away things are.

When she was little, her mom 83 that though she couldn't see well, she was not afraid at all. So her mom asked her to learn gymnastics when she was three. She loved the 84 right away and gymnastics became her favorite.

Though learning gymnastics has been more 85 for her than for some of her teammates, she has never given up. She doesn't let her 86 stop her from doing anything that she wants to.

Her biggest 87 is the balance beam. Sometimes she even closes her eyes. "You have to 88 your mind that it'll take you where you want to go." says Lola.

To challenge the balance, one must be brave (勇敢). The beam is probably the most 89 for anyone because it's four inches wide. At the state competition, Lola didn't 90 the beam.

In fact, Lola doesn't want to be treated 91 from the other girls on her team. She doesn't tell the judges her eyesight problem because she doesn't think they need to know. Her mom is surprised at her 92 attitude.

Lola never thinks about stopping. She is presently at level 7 93 the highest is level 10 in gymnastics. Her goal is to 94 level 9. She says she wants to be a gymnastics coach. Lola is 95 of all her hard work and success. She says it's helped her overcome problems in her life outside gymnastics, too. Her advice for others is "just believe yourself".

81. A. runs B. teaches C. trains D. dances
82. A. tell B. guess C. know D. think

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 83. A. thought | B. remembered | C. hoped | D. noticed |
| 84. A. performance | B. sport | C. event | D. show |
| 85. A. interesting | B. enjoyable | C. difficult | D. tiring |
| 86. A. talent | B. decision | C. feeling | D. condition |
| 87. A. trouble | B. challenge | C. problem | D. program |
| 88. A. use | B. express | C. open | D. trust |
| 89. A. fearful | B. harmful | C. dangerous | D. impossible |
| 90. A. fall over | B. fall down | C. fall off | D. fall in |
| 91. A. hardly | B. differently | C. kindly | D. warmly |
| 92. A. positive | B. friendly | C. worrying | D. wonderful |
| 93. A. but | B. while | C. when | D. although |
| 94. A. make | B. have | C. get | D. reach |
| 95. A. proud | B. tired | C. ashamed | D. confident |

九、阅读理解(本题 15 分;每题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面材料,从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。

Do you want to write a message to your friends, but you don't want your parents, little brother or teachers to read it? If you do, you should use invisible(无形的) ink. Invisible ink is a special kind of ink that you can only see when you know the secret of how to read it. To everyone else, it will be impossible to read! So, how do you make invisible ink? It's not complicated. You just need a toothpick, a lemon, a small bowl and a piece of paper.

The first step is to think of a secret message that you want to write. Remember, you can write anything. When you know what you want to write, it's time to prepare the ink. This is the easiest part. Take a lemon and squeeze(挤压) it into your bowl. The lemon juice is your ink, and the toothpick will be your pen. Isn't that simple? Now it is time to start writing. Dip the toothpick in the juice. Now use it on the paper. Write your message exactly the same way you would write with a normal pen. It will be visible when it is wet, but invisible when it dries.

Now you can pass the message to your friends. At first they will not be able to read it. The secret is to heat up the paper. It is easiest to do this with a hot light bulb(灯泡) or hair dryer. When the paper is heated, the message will be revealed.

Now you know the secret. You can impress all of your family and friends. Just be careful how many people you tell. It won't be a secret if everybody knows about it.

96. What can we know about the secret message?

- A. It's the easier part to write a secret message than prepare the ink.

- B. You can impress all of your family and friends by telling them the secret
- C. When your friend gets the secret message, he will be able to read it with a hair dryer.
- D. Write a secret message exactly the special way you would write with a normal pen.
97. The underlined word "it" in the second paragraph refers to _____
- A. the paper B. the message C. the toothpick D. the pen
98. The underlined word "revealed" can be replaced by _____
- A. saved B. destroyed C. watched D. known
99. In the last paragraph, what advice does the writer give to the readers?
- A. Keep the secret of invisible ink to themselves.
- B. Be careful about when to use the invisible ink.
- C. Don't share the secret with too many people.
- D. Never use the invisible ink with your family and friends.
100. What is the best title for the passage ?
- A. A Secret Message B. A Mind Game
- C. The Art of Ink D. The Communication Skill

十、阅读理解填词(本题共 10 分,每小题 1 分)

先阅读短文,然后在短文后空白处写出各单词的正确形式,单词的第一个字母已给出。

Parents can be very important teachers in our lives. However, they are not always the best teachers. Parents may be too c 101 to their children emotionally (感情上). Sometimes they can only see their children t 102 the eyes of a protector(保护者). For example, a teacher might see a trip to a big city as a valuable e 103. However, it might s 104 too dangerous to a parent.

A 105 problem is that parents may expect their children's interests to be s 106 to their own. If they love science, they may try to force (强迫) their children to love science, too. But what if their children's true love is art, or writing, or car repair?

Parents usually want to pass on their values to their children. But should children always b 107 what their parents do? When children are young, they think that their parents are always right. But when they get o 108, they will have different ways of thinking.

The most i 109 thing to realize is that we all meet many teachers in our lives. Our parents teach us, our teachers teach us, and our friends teach us. Books, newspapers and televisions a 110 teach us. All of them are valuable.

101. c _____ 102. t _____ 103. e _____ 104. s _____ 105. A _____
106. s _____ 107. b _____ 108. o _____ 109. i _____ 110. a _____

十一、书面表达(本题 15 分)

假如你的朋友叫李明,是一名八年级学生,请你谈谈李明在八年级的变化。内容如下:

1. 健康饮食, 加强运动, 比去年更高更壮;
2. 校篮球队队员, 每周训练三次;
3. 打算培养阅读书籍的兴趣和改善与家人的关系;
4. 有了麻烦和担忧, 会向父母倾诉, 他们有经验;
5. 请补充一、两点个人想法。

要求:

1. 文中不得透露个人真实姓名和学校名称;
2. 可围绕主题进行适当发挥, 词数: 60 - 80;
3. 内容连贯, 不要逐条翻译;
4. 短文的开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

参考词汇: improve *v.* 改善 take up 开始从事 worries *n.* 担忧

Hello, My friend is LiMing. He is a student in Grade 8.