

2018~2019学年广东深圳福田区深圳市红岭中学高 一下学期期中英语试卷

1

Glastonbury Festival

Time and place: 22nd-26th June, Pilton, Somerse. Recognized as the best summer festival season, Glastonbury is one of the biggest and oldest festivals in the UK. Last year's 40th anniversary was their best ever, even though the supergroup U2 canceled last minute because of Bono injuring his back.

Latitude Festival

Time and place: 14th-17th July, Henham Park, Suffolk. Now in its sixth year, this festival is the choice for more families. It is providing visitors with all kinds of entertainment to play with the music, including comedy, show, theatre and literature.

Shrewsbury Folk Festival

Time and place: 26th-29th August, West Mids Show Ground, Shrewsbury. Announced as one of the best folk festivals in the UK, this festival is only in its sixth year. It takes place over the 4 days of the August bank holiday weekend, and moved to Shrewsbury in 2006.

Download Festival

Time and place: 10th and 12th, June, Donington Park Derby. It is a three-day rock music festival held every year. The name Download was chosen for the festival for two reasons. Downloading was a dirty work in the music industry at the time because of file sharing and rock is seen as a rebellious (反叛) type of music.

(1) Which festival is one of the oldest festivals in the UK?

- | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. Latitude Festival | B. Download Festival |
| C. Glastonbury Festival | D. Shrewsbury Folk Festival |

(2) When and where is the rock music festival held?

- A. 22nd-26h June, Pilton, Somerse
- B. 14th-17th July, Henham Park, Suffolk
- C. 10th and 12h, June, Donington Park Derby
- D. 26th-29th August, West Mids Show Ground

(3) What is special about Latitude Festival?

- A. It is the best summer festival in the UK.
- B. It is one of the best folk festivals in the UK.
- C. It has a long history and is held every year.
- D. It is attractive and joyful for many families.

2

If you're ever reading a book or watching a movie and get the clear feeling that you've come across the story before—or even better, can predict exactly what's going to happen next—there could be a good reason for that.

Researchers from the Computational Story Laboratory at the University of Vermont studied the complete text of some 1, 737 fiction works available on Project Gutenberg, an online collection of more than 50, 000 digital books in the public area. They discovered that English literature consists of just six kinds of emotional arcs (情感弧线) that make up nearly all of the most well-known stories. By analyzing the sentiment (情感) of language used in these texts, the researchers were able to show the emotional ups and downs for the stories as a whole. They discovered that negative words like "poverty", "dead", and "punishment" dragged the emotion down, while positive terms like "love", "peace", and "friend" brought it up.

According to the researchers, those six core emotional arcs are:

- "Rags to riches" (An ongoing emotional rise)
- "Tragedy, or riches to rags" (An ongoing emotional fall)
- "Man in a hole" (A fall followed by a rise)
- "Icarus" (A rise followed by a fall)
- "Cinderella" (Rise-fall-rise)
- " Oedipus" (Fall-rise-fall)

Interestingly, based on download statistics from Project Gutenberg, the researchers say the most popular stories are ones that use more complex emotional arcs, with the Cinderella and Oedipus arcs registering (记录的) the most downloads. Also popular are works that put these main arcs together in new ways within one story, such as two "Man in a hole" arcs stuck together, or the "Cinderella" arc coupled with a tragic ending.

(1) Why do readers often feel familiar when reading a new story?

- A. Because stories have similar endings.
- B. Because stories have similar emotional arcs.
- C. Because stories have similar characters.
- D. Because stories have similar beginnings.

(2) How did researchers carry out their study?

- A. By conducting surveys among readers.
- B. By reading books borrowed from libraries.
- C. By analyzing works from an online collection.
- D. By interviewing authors of the well-known stories.

(3) Which set of words may drag emotion down?

- A. Hope, fortune and riches.
- B. Disease, murder and war.
- C. Smile, health and beauty.
- D. Cold, earthquake and spring.

- (4) According to the last paragraph, which kind of works are most popular among readers?
- A. Works with more than one rise and fall. B. Works with an ongoing emotional rise.
C. Works with an ongoing emotional fall. D. Works with a rise followed by a fall.

3

No spacecraft will ever land on the sun. The sun is a flaming ball of gas that reaches thousands of degrees Fahrenheit (华氏). But next year, a ship from Earth will fly closer to it than any man-made craft has flown before. The mission (任务) is a big development for scientists and, maybe, for everyone else.

NASA plans to launch the Parker Solar Probe (探测仪). After a journey of nearly 90 million miles, it will fly within 3.8 million miles of the sun. Within two months of launching, the probe is expected to reach the sun's corona (日冕). That's the sun's outer atmosphere of gases.

Getting there won't be easy. Designing a spacecraft tough enough to hold up to the sun's heat has proved difficult. But that hasn't stopped engineers from trying. Temperatures in the corona can reach millions of degrees. The probe will limit itself to regions where things get no hotter than 2, 500°F. That's still a heavy heat load for a spacecraft. But a 4.5-inch-thick heat shield (罩) will protect the probe's camera and scientific instruments.

NASA says the data the probe collects could provide knowledge into the physics of stars. Our sun is special to us. But as a star, it's rather common. So the better we understand how it works, the better we understand all stars of its mass and color.

Perhaps the most important is what the probe may show us about solar storms. During solar storms, charged particles (带电粒子) stream through the solar system. They can disable communications satellites and shut down power systems. One study has found that a very intense solar storm could cause up to 2 trillion in damage in the US alone. It could also black out the East Coast for a year.

Understanding solar storms might allow us to predict them and protect ourselves. That could make even a mission with a billion-plus price tag (标签) one of NASA's great bargains.

- (1) What can we learn about the probe?
- A. It'll fly closer to the sun than the previous ones.
B. It'll fly about 3.8 million miles to reach the corona.
C. It's the first man made instrument to fly to the sun.
D. It'll get to the core of the sun in nearly two months.
- (2) What is the challenge for the engineers?
- A. Directing the probe to collect data.
B. Reducing the temperature of the probe.
C. Limiting the probe to proper regions.

- D. Building a shield against the heat.
- (3) Where does the value of the mission lie?
- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| A. Monitoring satellites | B. Forecasting solar storms |
| C. Exploring solar energy | D. Developing scientific instruments |
- (4) What might be the best title?
- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| A. Exploring the stars | B. Protecting the earth |
| C. Getting close to the sun | D. Designing a spaceship |

4

So many of us hold on to little complaints that may have come from an argument, a misunderstanding, or some other painful events. Stubbornly, we wait for someone else to reach out to us—believing this is the only way we can forgive or rekindle a friendship or family relationship.

A friend of mine, recently told me that she hadn't spoken to her son in almost three years. She said that she and her son had had a disagreement about his wife and that she wouldn't speak to him again unless he called first. When I suggested that she be the one to reach out, she said, "can't do that. He's the one who should apologize." After a little gentle encouragement, however, she did decide to be the first one to reach out. To her amazement, her son was grateful for her willingness to call and offered an apology of his own. As is usually the case, when someone takes the chance and reaches out, everyone wins.

Whenever we hold on to our anger, we turn "small stuff (问题)" into really "big stuff" in our minds. We start to believe that our positions are more important than our happiness. They are not. if you want to be a more peaceful person, you must understand that being right is almost never more important than allowing yourself to be happy. The way to be happy is to let go, and reach out. Let other people be right. This doesn't mean that you're wrong. Everything will be fine.

You'll experience the peace of letting go, as well as the joy of letting others be right. You'll also notice that, as you reach out and let others be "right", they will become less defensive and more loving toward you. They might even reach back. But, if for some reason they don't, that's okay too. You'll have the inner satisfaction of knowing that you have done your part to create a more loving world, and certainly you'll be more peaceful yourself.

- (1) According to the passage, the author's friend never spoke to her son for three years because _____ .
- | |
|--|
| A. she had got an argument with her daughter-in-law |
| B. she had disagreed about her son's marriage |
| C. she had disliked her son's wife for many years |
| D. she had got an argument about her daughter-in-law |

(2) Which of the following is NOT the reason for people to be unwilling to apologize first?

- A. People want to get an inner satisfaction.
- B. People believe that they are always right.
- C. People consider the position more important than happiness.
- D. People always wait for others to offer an apology first.

(3) The purpose of the passage is to _____ .

- A. tell the readers to reach out first when there are painful events
- B. inform the readers the importance of being forgiving
- C. teach the readers how to gain inner peace
- D. instruct the readers how to apologize

5 Sticking to a vegan (纯素食的) diet might sound difficult. 1 . According to HuffPost, more than 3 million people in the US are vegans. And in the UK, about 542, 000 people turned vegan during the last decade.

2

One reason could be that people want to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (排放) . 3 in fact, it's believed to account for 18 percent of the world's greenhouse gas emissions, according to a 2013 study by the UN Food and Agriculture Organization. This amount is even greater than that of all the world's cars, trains and planes put together.

A growing number of people are also starting to believe that it's wrong to kill animals for food. Therefore, some of them made an ethical (道德的) choice to become vegan.

4 Vegan celebrities often use social media to spread the message of veganism and share tips on how to live a vegan lifestyle.

But experts also want to remind people that meat is important for our health. 5 So, if you're thinking about becoming vegan, you should do some research before making your decision.

- A. Meat production is very bad for the environment.
- B. So why exactly has veganism become so popular?
- C. It is up to you to decide whether to go vegan or not.
- D. Social media is also believed to be behind the increase in veganism.
- E. Fresh fruits and vegetables, grains and nuts are all key to a vegan diet.
- F. But in recent years, veganism has become a popular lifestyle in many places.
- G. They say that a strict vegan diet may not offer everything that the human body needs.

6 During my second year at the city college, I was told that the education department was offering a "free" course, called Thinking Chess, for three credits (学分) . I 1 the idea of

taking the class because, after all, who doesn't want to 2 a few dollars? More than that, I'd always wanted to learn chess. And, even if I weren't 3 enough about free credits, news about our 4 was appealing enough to me. He was an international grandmaster, which 5 I would be learning from one of the game's 6. I could hardly wait to 7 him.

Maurice Ashley was kind and smart, a former graduate returning to teach, and this 8 was no game for him: he meant business. In his introduction, he made it 9 that our credits would be hard-earned. In order to 10 the class, among other criteria, we had to write a paper on how we plan to 11 what we would learn in class to our future professions and, 12, to our lives. I managed to get an A in that 13 and learned life lessons that have served me well beyond the 14.

Ten years after my chess class with Ashley, I'm still putting to use what he 15 me: "The absolute most important 16 that you learn when you play chess is how to make good 17. On every single move you have to 18 a situation, process what your opponent (对手) is doing and 19 the best move from among all your options." These words still ring true today in my 20 as a journalist.

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|-------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. A. put forward | B. jumped at | C. tried out | D. turned down |
| 2. A. waste | B. earn | C. save | D. pay |
| 3. A. excited | B. worried | C. moved | D. tired |
| 4. A. title | B. competitor | C. textbook | D. instructor |
| 5. A. urged | B. demanded | C. held | D. meant |
| 6. A. fastest | B. easiest | C. best | D. rarest |
| 7. A. interview | B. meet | C. challenge | D. beat |
| 8. A. chance | B. qualification | C. honor | D. job |
| 9. A. real | B. perfect | C. clear | D. possible |
| 10. A. attend | B. pass | C. skip | D. observe |
| 11. A. add | B. expose | C. apply | D. compare |
| 12. A. eventually | B. naturally | C. directly | D. normally |
| 13. A. game | B. presentation | C. course | D. experiment |
| 14. A. criterion | B. classroom | C. department | D. situation |
| 15. A. taught | B. wrote | C. questioned | D. promised |
| 16. A. fact | B. step | C. manner | D. skill |
| 17. A. grades | B. decisions | C. impressions | D. comments |
| 18. A. analyze | B. describe | C. rebuild | D. control |
| 19. A. announce | B. signal | C. block | D. evaluate |
| 20. A. role | B. desire | C. concern | D. behavior |

- 7 The shooting death of Michael Brown, an 18-year-old black man, who was deadly shot by a police officer, has _____ a media firestorm across the US since Aug 9.
 A. set up B. set out C. set aside D. set off
- 8 The government must take _____ to prevent the war of the river _____.
 A. measure; polluting B. measures; from polluting
 C. measure; polluted D. measures; being polluted
- 9 The reason _____ our school is famous is _____ more than 90% of the students have been admitted to universities.
 A. why; because B. that; why C. why; that D. that; because
- 10 —It is _____ he often failed in exams _____ makes his parents worried about him.
 —Actually, they needn't worry so much.
 A. what; that B. that; what C. that; that D. /; that
- 11 _____ he caught sight of on his way to school _____ his unhappiness in the morning.
 A. What; was on account of B. What; accounted for
 C. Which; took into account D. That; took account of
- 12 Thomas didn't know _____ changed himself so much until one day he found himself _____.
 A. what it was that; smiling B. what was it that; to smile
 C. it was what that; smiling D. was it what that; smiled
- 13 Advertising often functions as an indicator for _____ society considers to be socially acceptable and desirable at the time.
 A. what B. whether C. how D. which
- 14 The French government had planned to renovate (修葺) Norte-Dame (巴黎圣母院), but unexpectedly, it wasn't _____ this world-famous historic site was burnt down.
 A. before long B. long before C. long after D. long since

- 15 The prizes this year have been _____ to five students for their outstanding work.
 A. rewarded B. awarded C. shown D. suggested
- 16 There are several theories about why dinosaurs suddenly died out, one of which says their disappearance _____ by the climate change.
 A. might have caused B. should have caused
 C. might have been caused D. should have been caused
- 17 The ability to keep calm is one of her s _____ (长处).
- 18 When _____ (结合) with the material, the water will become light blue.
- 19 Mahatma Gandhi was both a political and a _____ (religion) figure in indian history.
- 20 Upon his _____ (arrive) in London, the famous singer paid a visit to his teacher.
- 21 He gave in to _____ (curious) and opened the letter addressed to his sister.
- 22 When Tom heard what I said, he wore a _____ (puzzle) look on his face.
- 23 The professor poured the _____ (mix) into the glass and asked one of the students to smell it.
- 24 He a _____ for being late for class again because his teacher was very angry.
- 25 It remains a mystery whether life e _____ on Mars now.
- 26 Tom's mother read his diary without his p _____, which caused him to burst into anger.
- 27

Some teens dream of a new car or over-the-top party for their sweet 16, but one grandfather spent years 1 (make) a more thoughtful gift 2 his granddaughter.

When Rose was two, her grandpa started taking notes every time they spent time together. He kept 3 habit until she was five, filling up three notebooks over the three years.

On Rose's 16th birthday, her grandfather decided she was old enough to 4 (full) appreciate the meaning behind the notebooks, and gave 5 to her as a present. When Rose realized 6 the gift was, she was in total shock.

The notebooks told of specific things Rose previously (之前) 7 (do) or said. Her grandpa recorded his 8 (memory) of their laughing and playing games. "To my delight, today for my birthday, my grandpa gave me three notebooks with stories of each time he hung out with me from the age of 2 to 5. I was so moved as to be 9 (speech) ."

"Throughout the stories he would repeatedly add how much he loves and cares for me, " says Rose.

"The gift will forever be the 10 (great) gift I've ever received because of how much value and meaning it has behind it, " she says.

28

目前，快餐在中国很流行。请参考下面给出的信息写一篇以 "Fast Food" 为题的英语短文。

快餐的优点：	(1) 方便，节约时间； (2) 即可在快餐店里吃，又可带回家吃；.....
快餐的缺点：	(1) 营养不均衡； (2) 能量太高.....
建议：

要求：

1. 词数100左右。
2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。