武钢三中2020年高一年级下学期期中考试英语试卷

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试卷满分150分，考试时间120分钟。

选择题部分

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分30分）

第一节 (共5小题；每小题 1.5分，满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项，听完每段对话后。你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

例：How much is the shirt?

A. £19. 15.　　B. £9. 18.　　C. £9. 15.

答案是C。

1. How will the woman go to the airport?

A. By car.　　B. By bus.　　C. By taxi.

2. What are the speakers talking about?

A. A friend.　　B. A weekend plan.　　C. A school.

3. What has the man been doing recently?

A. Learning Japanese online.　　B. Watching soap operas.　　C. Reading a novel.

4. Where does this conversation take place?

A. At the speakers' home.　　B. In the woman's office.　　C. In a restaurant.

5. What does the man want to major in at college?

A. Medicine.　　B. Psychology.　　C. Geography.

第二节 (共 15小题；每小题1.5分，满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题5秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料，回答第6、7题。

6. Why does the man look upset?

A. He feels sick.　　B. He suffers physical pain.　　C. He lost his favorite player,

7. What does the woman think of the man's feeling?

A. Understandable.　　B. Unacceptable.　　C. Unreasonable.

听第7段材料，回答第8至10题。

8. Who is a new student?

A. The man.　　B. The woman.　　C. The woman's friend.

9. Which foreign country has the man been to?

A. China.　　B. Britain.　　C. Japan.

10. What are the speakers going to do?

A. Walk around the school.　　B. Prepare for their trip.　　C. Have a class together.

听第8段材料，回答第11至13题。

11. Why does the man feel restless recently?

A. He is too busy.　　B. He has nothing to do.　　C. His hands sometimes hurt.

12. What does the woman advise the man to do?

A. To go out. B. To save money. C. To read a book.
13. What will the speakers probably do next week?
A. Go to Sam's kindergarten.
B. Meet at the man's home.
C. Visit Sam's grandparents.
听第 9 段材料，回答第 14 至 17 题。
14. What type of movies does the woman like best?
A. Action movies. B. Crime movies. C. Comedy.
15. What is the ending of the movie Pay It Forward like?
A. Touching. B. Funny. C. Awful.
16. When did the man see The Three Amigos again?
A. When he was a kid. B. Last month. C. Last weekend.
17. Why does the woman like Jim Carrey?
A. He is humorous. B. He won many awards. C. He acted in many movies.
听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。
18. Why did Darwin quit school the first time?
A. He failed in the exam.
B. His father asked him to quit.
C. He had a great interest in nature.
19. When did Darwin quit school the second time?
A. In 1809. B. In 1827. C. In 1831.
20. What does the speaker mainly talk about?
A. How Darwin became a great scientist.
B. Why Darwin was once regarded as a failure.
C. What influence Darwin's father had on him.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 35 分）

第一节（共 10 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 25 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A.B.C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Former National Football League player and children's author Tim Green has added another book to his list of accomplishments: Unstoppable. The book tells the story of a 12-year-old boy named Harrison, who survives life in a cruel foster-home(寄养家庭) before he finally finds a loving family. Then he settles in and realizes his natural football ability but he loses his leg due to a deadly bone cancer. Unstoppable follows Harrison's difficult life journey.

Tim Green said he decided to write a novel about a kid facing cancer after watching how his wife fought to survive her own illness. "Her mental and physical toughness were more heroic to me than anything I'd ever seen in the national sports leagues," Green told TFK.

Green said, he knew he needed to write about a person who struggled through a serious illness. But because the target age for his books is the teen, he needed to tell the story through the eyes of someone of that age. He needed a perfect real story on which to base his book.

When friends introduced Green to Jeffrey Keith, Green knew he had found the right person to help him "capture （捕捉） the heroism that it takes to fight cancer". Cancer-survivor Jeffrey Keith lost his leg at the age of twelve, but went on to be the goalkeeper and was also the first amputee(被截肢者) to run 3,300 miles across the country.

TFK asked Keith what it felt like to read Unstoppable for the first time. "Tim captured what it felt like for me to go through this experience and battle back," Keith said. "Tim's book sends a message to all the kids across the country that are facing challenges and that have nothing to do with cancer: you are all unstoppable, as long as you believe it. "

21. What does paragraph ❙ mainly intend to say about Harrison's life?

A. It is poor but colorful. B. It is full of challenges.

C. It is filled with chances. D. It is peaceful but boring.

22. Why did Tim Green want to write Unstoppable?

A. He was impressed by Harrison s encouraging life.

B. He intended to make Jeffrey Keith's story well known.

C. He was inspired by his wife's struggle with her illness.

D. He wished to encourage adults to fight against illness bravely.

23. What's Jeffrey Keith's attitude to Unstoppable?

A. Favorable. B. Cautious. C. Uncertain. D. Worried.

B

Dear 17-year-old self,

When your Laker dream comes true tomorrow, you need to figure out a way to invest the future of your family. This sounds simple, and you may think it's a no-brainer, but take some time to think on it further.

I said INVEST, I did not say GIVE. Let me explain.

Purely giving material things to your siblings(兄弟姐妹） may appear to be the right decision. So you buy them a car, a big house, and pay all of their bills. You want them to live a beautiful, comfortable life, right?

But the day will come when you realize that as much as you believed you were doing the right thing, you were actually holding them back.

You will come to understand that you were taking care of them because it made YOU feel good, it made YOU happy to see them smiling and without a care in the world-and that was extremely selfish of you. While you were feeling satisfied with yourself, you were slowly eating away at their own dreams and ambitions. You were adding material things to their lives, but reducing the most precious gifts of all.

Invest in their future, don't just give.

Use your success, wealth and influence to put them in the best position to realize their own dreams and find their true purpose. Put them through school, set them up with job interviews and help them become leaders in their own right. Hold them to the same level of hard work and devotion that it took for you to get to where you are now, and where you will finally go.

I' m writing you now so that you can begin this process immediately, and so that you don't have to deal with the hurt and struggle of weaning(断绝) them off the addiction that

you made happen. That addiction only leads to anger, hatred and jealousy(嫉妒) from everybody involved, including yourself.

As time goes on, you will see them grow independently and have their own ambitions and their own lives, and your relationship with all of them will be much better as a result.

Trust me, setting things up right from the beginning will avoid a ton of tears and headache, some of which remains to this day.

Much love,

Kobe

24. What might be the best title of this letter?

A. To My Beloved Son　　B. For My Dear Family

C. To My Younger Self　　D. For My Older Self

25. According to Paragraph 5,"the most precious gifts of all" refers to_____.

A. Wealth and health　　B. Independence and growth

C. Love and devotion　　D. Success and leadership.

26. What can we infer from this letter?

A. The writer will stop offering his siblings help in the future.

B. The writer didn't think it a good fortune to become successful early.

C. The writer was once troubled by the relationship between him and his family.

D. The writer intends to remind others not to care too much about materials.

C

Dyslexia is a problem that interferes (干扰) with the ability to recognize words and connect sounds with letters when people read. People with this learning disorder may also have problems when they write. Dyslexia is not related to eyesight or intelligence. The problem involves (涉及) areas of the brain that process language.

Brain scientists are studying whether they can predict which young children may struggle with reading, in order to provide early help. John Gabrieli is leading a study of five-year-olds in about twenty schools. He says, "We partner with schools that have kindergartens. What we do is, for all the children whose parents permit them to join, we give them a brief set of paper-and-pencil tests to look at which children appear to be at some risk for struggling to read."

So far, fifty of the kindergartners have been examined in a machine that shows brain activity. The scanner uses a high-energy magnetic (有磁性的) field and radio waves to "look" inside the body. Written tests which are often used in previous studies are not always able to identify dyslexia or other problems. Professor Gabrieli says, "Brain scans may offer a more scientific way to identify problems."

And with reading problems, early identification is important. Reading problems are not usually identified until a child is in the third or fourth grade. Once identified, there're possibilities to cure. The later children are recognized as poor readers, the less the interventions can help. And, as Professor Gabrieli points out, poor reading can make education a struggle. Reading is everything. Even math and science require one to read textbooks. Now, the scientists say they are pleased with early results from the study, but have a long way to go.

27. What do we know about Dyslexia?

A. It results in poor eyesight.
B. It has an influence on intelligence.
C. It only causes reading difficulty.
D. It is related to brain activity.

28. What does the underlined word "interventions" in the last paragraph probably mean?
A. Ways. B. Researches. C. Problems. D. Treatments.

29. How is Professor Gabrieli's study different from early ones?
A. It examines children's brains.
B. It focuses on written tests.
C. It is scientifically based.
D. It needs parents' participation.

30. What can be a suitable title for the text?
A. A Way Identifying Dyslexia at an Early Stage
B. Dyslexia – a Problem Relating to Kindergartners
C. Dyslexia – a Learning Disorder Involving Intelligence
D. A Machine Showing Brain Development

第二节（共 5 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Every animal on Earth helps contribute to the ecosystem in some way. We humans must protect animals to keep the ecosystem in balance. We depend on healthy ecosystems for food, shelters and clean water. __31__ If you want to protect them, the following ideas may inspire you.

Use social media to spread awareness for animal organizations. If you follow animal organizations on social media, you can repost their content. Your followers and social media circle will see it and possibly share it themselves. __32__

Find a local organization or shelter that offers volunteering. __33__ But you can also search the web to find a local organization that may help walk dogs, bathe animals or clean cages. Popular organizations can be overloaded with volunteers. Smaller local rescues and shelters may have more openings for volunteers.

Adopt(收养)an animal from a local shelter. If you're ready for a pet, consider adopting one from a shelter. __34__ Giving an animal a loving home will not only benefit its life but improve yours. Pick an animal that will match your budget, schedule and living space. Your pet will be happier if it matches your needs and lifestyle.

__35__ Reusable water bottles, food containers and shopping bags help reduce the amount of plastic used that eventually ends up in the ocean which is home to some animals. When you do use disposable（一次性的）plastic, recycle it when you can.

A. Use fewer plastic products to limit ocean pollution.
B. Share ideas on how to reuse plastic to protect the ocean.
C. By adopting a pet, you possibly save it from being killed.
D. Some famous organizations encourage volunteers to adopt animals.
E. Well-known organizations often have lots of volunteering chances.
F. Taking action to protect animals is for their own good as well as ours.

G. Make sure the content you share is correct so you' re spreading right information.

第三部分　语言运用（共两节，满分 45 分）

第一节 完形填空（共 20 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Ten years ago, I set out to examine luck. I wanted to know why some people are ___36___ in the right place at the right time, while others consistently(始终如一地) experienced ill fortune. I placed ___37___in national newspapers asking for people who felt consistently lucky or unlucky to___38___me.

Hundreds of extraordinary men and women volunteered for my___39___. Over the years I interviewed them, watched their lives and had them___40___various experiments.

I carried out a simple___41____to discover whether their differences in __42___was due to differences in their ability to___43___opportunities. I gave both the lucky and unlucky people a newspaper, and asked them to look___44___it and tell me how many photographs were inside. I had___45___placed a large message halfway in the newspaper advertisements saying … "Tell the experimenter you have seen this and win $50."

This___46___took up half of the page and was written in type that was more than two inches high. It was staring everyone straight in the face, but the unlucky people tended to__47___it and the lucky people tended to discover it.

Unlucky people are generally more___48____than lucky people, and this anxiety affects their ability to notice the __49____. As a result, they miss opportunities because they are too__50__on looking for something else. They keep themselves finding their perfect partners and miss opportunities to make good friends. They go through newspapers___51___to find certain types of job advertisements and miss other types of messages.

Lucky people are more__52___and open, and therefore see what is there rather than what they are__53__ looking for. My research eventually showed that lucky people create good fortune via four__54__. They are skilled at creating and noticing opportunities, make lucky decisions by listening to their intuition (直觉), create self-fulfilling prophesies (预言) via positive expectations and __55__ a "never say die" attitude that changes bad luck into good.

36. A. never　　B. seldom　　C. sometimes　　D. always

37. A. messages　　B. activities　　C. reports　　D. advertisements

38. A. contact　　B. remind　　C. show　　D. consult

39. A. game　　B. adventure　　C. research　　D. competition

40. A. take part in　　B. carry out　　C. look forward to　　D. turn out

41. A. system　　B. experiment　　C. adventure　　D. discussion

42. A. strength　　B. weakness　　C. lifestyle　　D. luck

43. A. share　　B. spot　　C. create　　D. predict

44. A. through　　B. over　　C. for　　D. after

45. A. gently	B. carelessly	C. secretly	D. excitedly
46. A. copy	B. message	C. diagram	D. introduction
47. A. pass	B. notice	C. ignore	D. misunderstand
48. A. nervous	B. curious	C. eager	D. pitiful
49. A. difficult	B. dangerous	C. harmful	D. unexpected
50. A. hard	B. focused	C. dependent	D. strict
51. A. exhausted	B. disappointed	C. determined	D. surprised
52. A. relaxed	B. hardworking	C. smart	D. reliable
53. A. hardly	B. patiently	C. obviously	D. exactly
54. A. tricks	B. preferences	C. principles	D. beliefs
55. A. invent	B. take	C. seek	D. issue

非选择题部分

第二节 语篇填空（共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。

Wang Peng was the owner of a restaurant. This morning he felt very ____56____(frustrate) when he saw none of his customers eating in his restaurant. ____57____ (stare) at his mutton, beef and bacon, he thought nothing could be ____58_____ (good). Then ____59_____ (curious) drove him to follow one of his old friends into Yong Hui's newly-opened restaurant. He was amazed at _____60_____ menu on which there were just raw vegetables served in vinegar, fruit and water. He threw it down and hurried outside. He could not understand _____61_____ people should prefer this less delicious but more expensive meal.

In order to win his customers back, he went to a library ____62_____ he did some research. Wang Peng was surprised ____63_____ (find) there was a weakness in his menu. Perhaps, ____64_____ discount and a new sign, he could attract his customers. A week later, a new menu _____65_____ (offer) in Wang Peng's restaurant. The competition between the two restaurants began.

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节 应用文写作（满分 15 分）

假定你是李华，你的美国朋友 Tom 面对美国日渐爆发的新冠病毒疫情感觉有些担忧，想请你告知日常生活中的注意事项。你要给他写封回信，内容包括：

1. 基本防护；
2. 心态调节;
3. 其它建议。

参考词汇: 新冠病毒 COVID-19

注意：

1. 词数 80 词左右
2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

第二节 读后续写（满分 25 分）

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

Last summer when my family was road tripping to Montana we arrived in Great Falls late one night. The kids had fallen asleep in the car, so my husband went and checked in while I stayed with the kids. When he returned with the room keys, we woke up our children and took them out of the car, through the hotel, up the elevators and into our guest room. We kept the room dark, leaving only the entry light on, and quickly put the kids into bed hoping they'd get to sleep.

My husband went to put our water in the mini-fridge only to notice some beers. "That's strange," he said and I agreed, but having discovered left-behind drinks in hotel fridges in the past I didn't think much about it. I figured the housekeepers had forgotten to check it. In the meantime, my husband ran to the store and I went into the bathroom to get ready for bed. As I washed my face I looked down to see cardboard beer containers in the trash. I felt my heart began to strike heavily. We were in someone else's room!

Now panicked(惊慌失措的), I checked the closet. Nothing. I then went to the dresser drawers. Nothing. My eyes scanned the room's floor and there it was: a black bag that looked like one of ours. But it wasn't!

I immediately called the front desk and the waitress in charge responded with an "Oh, my God! This is not good!"

By now the kids were wide awake, jumping on the beds as I was trying to put all of our things back into our oversized suitcase. Just while we were packing our things, I heard someone was unlocking the door, which made my heart beating wildly.

注意：

1. 续写的词数应为 150 左右；
2. 应使用至少 5 个短文文中标有下划线的关键词语；
3. 续写部分分成两段，每段的开头语已为你写好；
4. 续写完成后，请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语。

Paragraph 1：

The door opened and in came a young man. _____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Paragraph 2:

*I didn't know how to deal with the matter but luckily the waitress*_____

_____

_____