# 2018~2019学年广东广州海珠区广州市海珠区六中珠江中学初一下学期期中英语试卷

### 一、语法选择(每小题1分,共15分)

	Officity is a tall le	ady long black	Thair. One has two big	Cycs and a small mouth as	
	well. But she is 2	fat. <u>3</u> , she d	lecides to do more exe	rcise. On a sunny afternoon,	
	she was running with her friend in the playgrou <mark>nd</mark> . Suddenly, her friend shouted, "Look, a				
	man <u>4</u> on	the ground over there	e!" They ran towards t	he man and called 120. At	
	last, <u>5</u> man was saved.				
	1. A. have	B. has	C. had	D. with	
	2. A. a bit	B. a little of	C. a bit of	D. a few	
	3. A. Keeping fit	B. To keep fit	C. Keeps fits	D. Kept fit	
	4. A. was lying	B. is lying	C. lied	D. is laying	
	5. A. a	B. /	C. the	D. an	
2	Dogs are need	nlo's good friends o	nd of great boln to	o people. Dogs are very	
			-		
				help. How do dogs help	
				4 very well. Dogs can	
	lead these kinds of people5 where they want to go. They can help them go6 the road. Some people are deaf (聋的). Dogs can let them know when a phone rings or				
				· · · · · ·	
				me people like to have dogs	
		<del></del>	-	their dogs. Some dogs can	
			_	heep dogs, should not be	
	pets <u>10</u> they ar	e working dogs. They o		eavy things.	
	1. A. and	B. but	C. so	D. or	
	2. A. a lots of	B. plenty of	C. many	D. a great number of	
	3. A. something	B. anything	C. one thing	D. nothing	
	4. A. himself	B. herself	C. yourselves	D. themselves	

5. A. in B. on C. to D. up 6. A. crossing B. through C. across D. cross 7. A. call B. called C. calls D. calling 8. A. happily B. unhappy C. happiest D. happy 9. A. play the football B. plays the piano C. play football D. playing the piano 10. A. because B. because of C. though D. or

## 工、完形填空(每小题1.5分,共15分)

3	A man stopped a	at a flower shop to orde	er some flowers to post	to his mother, who lived two
	hundred kilometers a	way. As he got out of h	nis car, he <u>1</u> a y	oung girl sitting on the floor.
	And she looked very	2 He asked her	what was <u>3</u> and	d she answered, "I wanted to
	buy a red rose for m	y mother. But I4	ha <mark>ve</mark> seventy-five	cents, and a rose costs two
	dollars."			
	The man <u>5</u>	_ and said, "Come on w	vith me. I'll <u>6</u> you	a rose." He bought the little
	girl her rose and orde	ered his own mother's t	flowers. As they were _	, he wanted to give
the girl a ride home. She said, "Yes, please take me to my <u>8</u> ." She led him to a gra				
	(墓地) ,where she	placed the <u>9</u> on	a new grave.	
	The man10	to the flower shop	,cancelled (取消)	the flower order, picked up
	some flowers and dro	ve two hundred kilome	tres to his mother's hou	ise.
	1. A. looked	B. saw	C. watched	D. marked
	2. A. nice	B. excited	C. sad	D. happy
	3. A. wrong	B. right	C. excellent	D. important
	4. A. hardly	B. almost	C. also	D. only
	5. A. smelt	B. smiled	C. apologized	D. left
	6. A. plant	B. bring	C. buy	D. catch
	7. A. coming	B. buying	C. leaving	D. talking
	8. A. father	B. mother	C. sister	D. brother
	9. A. rose	B. car	C. cent	D. card
	10. A.led	B. climbed	C. forgot	D. returned

## 三、阅读理解 (每小题2分, 共40分)

Gary and Gavin were twin brothers who worked in a store owned by their father. After the father had passed away, they took over the store. Everything went well until the day a twenty-dollar bill disappeared. Gary had left the bill on the cash register (收银台). But when he returned, the money was gone.

Gary then asked his brother Gavin, "Did you see that twenty-dollar bill on the cash register? " Gavin said that he had not. But Gary did not let it go and kept asking. "Twenty-dollar bills can't walk away by themselves! Surely you must have seen it." "I said I didn't see it!" Gavin replied with anger.

The quarrel divided the young men and they could no longer work together. Later a wall was built in the center of the store. For twenty years, hostility (敌意) never ended.

One day, a strange man came to the store. He walked in and asked Gary, "How long have you been here? " Gary replied that he'd been there all his life. "Then you are the person I'm looking for, " the man said. "Twenty years ago, I was totally **broke** and hungry. I entered this store from the back door and saw a twenty-dollar bill on the cash register. And I took it. All these years I haven't been able to forget that. I had come hack and apologize for that."

The stranger felt shocked when seeing tears well up in the eyes of the middle-age man in front of him. "Would you please go next door and tell the same story to the man in the store? " Gary asked. Then something surprised the stranger even more—after hearing his story, the two middle-aged men hugged each other and cried together in the front of the wall of the store.

After twenty years, the wall that separated them finally came down.

- (1) Why was Gavin angry?
  - A. Because he was not trusted by his brother.
  - B. Because he got little money from his father.
  - C. Because Gary took away his twenty-dollar bill.
  - D. Because Gary let go the thief who took the money.
- (2) What happened after the quarrel?
  - A. The two brothers stopped working.
  - B. The two brothers got on well with each other again.
  - C. The two brothers separated their store with a wall.
  - D. The two brothers went to different places to make a living.
- (3) Who actually took the money away?

A. Surprised.

A. Gary and Gain's father.	B. The stranger.
C. Gary.	D. Gavin.

C. Sad.

D. Poor.

(4) What does the underlined word "broke" in Paragraph 4 mean?

B. Afraid.

- (5) We can learn from the last sentence of the passage that \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. The wall disappeared because it was too old.

- B. The stranger would help build a new wall.
- C. The two brothers at last no longer hated each other.
- D. The two brothers wanted to make their store bigger.

Here's one very simple but life changing advice that I first heard from Brian Tracy. Cut down on the TV at night by just one hour. Instead, use that hour to read books that could improve your life.

If you're a salesman, google for the best and most useful books on improving your sales.

This applies (适用) to all fields, not just the work-related (与工作相关的) ones. Maybe you want to improve your health, become a more energetic person. Or maybe you want to improve your study, your relations or perhaps do some personal development.

One hour a day is not much. But if you read for one hour a day on weekdays, that's about 260 hours a year. That's a large number of books and a lot of useful advice.

If you follow the ideas, who knows what great things and feelings could come into your life. Also, all that information and advice will start to open up your mind. You will start to see more chances in your life.

Now, you might think something like this:

(1) I really don't have the money...

Answer: Visit your public library or search the database (数据库) . Or look for books that are used in places like amazon. com.

(2) I really don't have the time...

Answer: Buy audio books and listen to them in the car while driving to and from work. Or copy them to your MP3-player and listen while riding your bike/bus to work or school. Recently selling audio books through MP3-downloads has become popular...

Shut off the TV a little earlier and start reading.

- 1	· 4 ·	\ \\/ ( · D · T	1 1.6			1 10
•	7	NUMBER BRIGHT I TOO	V'C IITO	chanaina	201/100	2DOLLT /
١.	1	) What is Brian Trac	v a iiic	CHAHUHU	auvice	about!

A. Watching TV B. Listening to MP3 C. Surfing the internet D. Reading helpful books (2) If you'd like to improve your work, you should \_\_\_\_\_ according to the writer. A. read work-related books B. become more energetic C. improve your study D. improve your relations

- (3) Which is NOT true about reading an hour a day?
  - A. It will open up your mind.
  - B. You will have about 260 hours a year to read.
  - C. You will read lots of books and get much useful advice.
  - D. It will probably bring great things and feelings into your life.

- (4) What should you do if you really don't have the money to read?
  - A. To buy some books from amazon. com.
  - B. To download MP3 free.
  - C. To visit the public library.
  - D. To borrow audio books and listen to them.
- (5) What is the writer's idea about audio books?
  - A. They are more useful.
  - B. Listening to audio books is easier than reading books.
  - C. It's dangerous to listen to audio books while driving or riding.
  - D. The audio book is a good solution to the problem of having no time to read.

When you do not use your arms or your legs for some time, they will become weak. When you start using them again, they slowly become strong again. Everybody knows that. Yet many people do not seem to know that memory (记忆) works in the same way.

When someone says that he has a good memory, he really means that he keeps his memory in practice by using it. When someone else says that his memory is poor, he really means that he does not give it enough chance to become strong.

If a friend says that his arms and legs are weak, we know that it is his own fault (过错). But if he tells us that he has a poor memory, many of us think that his parents may be blamed (责备), and few of us know that it is just his own fault. Have you ever found that some people can't read or write but usually they have better memories? This is because they cannot read or write but they have to remember things, they cannot write them down in a small notebook. They have to remember days, names, songs and stories, so their memory is being exercised the whole time.

So if you want to have a good memory, learn from the people: practice remembering things in a way as other people do.

- (1) Someone can't have a good memory if \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. his parents don't have a good memory
  - B. he can't read or write
  - C. he doesn't use his memory
  - D. he doesn't use his arms or legs for some time
- (2) If you do not use your arms or legs for some time, \_\_\_\_\_
  - A. they become weak and won't become strong until you use them again
  - B. they will become stronger
  - C. they become weak but they slowly become strong again
  - D. you can't use them any more

- (3) Which of the following is TRUE?
  - A. Your memory works in the different way as your arms or legs.
  - B. Your memory, like your arms or legs, becomes weak if you do not give it enough chance to practice.
  - C. Don't learn how to read or write if you want to have a better memory.

2019 Summer Camp

- D. A good memory comes from less practice.
- (4) Few people know that it is only \_\_\_\_\_ if a friend has a poor memory.
  - A. his grandmother's fault

B. his parents' fault

C. his teachers' fault

D. his own fault

(5) The writer wants to tell us \_\_\_\_\_.

A. how to have a good memory

B. how to read and write

C. how to use our arms or legs

writing skills.

D. how to learn from the people

Student Age	From age 4-18
Class Dates	July 8-26 or July 29-August 9(Monday-Friday)
	1.English for Play Group(age 4-5)
	This course is designed for children who are not yet in primary
	school. During the play group lessons, children will learn
	English through songs, actions, movement and games.
	2.English for Primary(age 6-11)
	Through a teaching method (方法) called Total Physical
	Response (TPR) , students will learn words and expressions
	quickly and naturally. Also, the class text will give the students
Courses (课	many opportunities to listen to and use English through stories,
程)	activities and games. Students will be grouped according to
	their English level.

Mrs. Li's daughter is 6, which course can she taken in this summer camp?
 A. English for Play Group.

3.English for Junior and Senior Secondary (age 12-18)

This program is designed for students who want to improve their English to study in other countries in the future or in an international school. The course will integrate (结合) four skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing. Teachers will pay special attention to helping students improve grammer and

- B. English for Primary.
- C. English for Junior and Senior Secondary.
- D. Any course she likes.
- (2) How do students learn English in English for Play Group?
  - A. Through songs, actions, movement and games.
  - B. Though stories, activities and games.
  - C. Through listening, speaking, reading and writing.
  - D. Through TPR.
- (3) Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
  - A. The students who want to take this summer camp must be aged from 4-18.
  - B. An 8-year-old girl can only take the course English for Primary.
  - C. Students can take the courses during July 8-26 or July 29-August 9.
  - D. Students just learn grammar and writing in English for Junior and Senior Secondary.
- (4) A student from a middle school in Guangzhou wants to go to the USA for study. Which course he may take?
  - A. English for Play Group.
  - B. English for Primary,
  - C. English for Junior and Senior Secondary,
  - D. None of them.
- (5) Who will most probably be interested in this article?
  - A. A pet owner.
  - B. A sport lover.
  - C. A story teller.
  - D. A doctor with two adolescent (青春期的) sons.

#### 四、阅读填空(每小题1分,共5分)

The Atlantic Ocean is the second largest ocean on the earth. It is more than 6, 000 kilometres wide. \_\_\_\_\_ The ocean is so large, but it has very few islands. The other one is that it's the world's saltiest ocean.

There is so much water in the Atlantic and it is hard to imagine how much there is. But if no more rain fell into it and no more rivers ran into it, it would take the ocean about 4, 000 years to dry up. The water is generally more than 3 kilometres deep. \_\_\_\_2 \_\_ The deepest point is about 9 kilometres.

\_\_\_\_3 \_\_\_ Fish is an important kind of food for people there. One of its most famous fishing places, the Grand Banks, is near America.

	We now have many fast ways of travelling4 In the past, people needed more than
	two months to travel across the Atlantic Ocean. Now a fast modern ship can make the trip be
	finished in less than four days. 5 And the flight from South America to Africa only takes
	four hours!
	A. Some places may be much deeper.
	B. Two things make the Atlantic Ocean unusual.
	C. They make this big ocean become smaller to us.
	D. Flying from New York to London only needs eight hours.
	E. The Atlantic Ocean provides much food for the people near the ocean.
土	i、写作 (共五节,共45分)
	-EB.12
	第一节、音标(每小题1分,共4分)
9	Billy can speak both English and (/frentʃ/) .
10	My parents don't [ə'laʊ] me to hang out with my friends at night.
	[, []
_	
11	They walked [θru] the forest and finally got to a small village.
<b>1</b>	
12	He was too weak to [klaɪm] up 1000 stairs to the top of the mountain.
	第二节、首字母填空(每小题1分,共10分)
	为二日、自于乌埃王(乌尔波·刀,共10刀)
13	You are a m of the club. You are welcome to the outdoor activity this weekend.
14	The Chinese army saved the passengers on the plane s and no one was hurt in the
	accident.
15	John is a h man. His friends will turn to him when they are in trouble.
16	Mary got a terrible d and had to stay in hospital for a long time.

17.	The sun r in the east and falls in the west every day.
18	Trees take in harmful gases and produce o for us to breathe.
19	Scientists do a lot of e before they can find out the truth.
20	Things have three f: gas solid and liquid.
21	He d the glass and it broke into pieces.
22	Can you i a world with robot teachers is the future? How amazing!  第三节、连词成句(每小题2分,共6分)
23	are destroying the area/by cutting down/ people/many of the trees
24	连词成句 taking a shower about three times as much water as uses having a bath .
25	in the next room/ heard/ Mike/ someone talking on the phone
	第四节、完成句子(每空0.5分,共10分) 我的任务是每天为家人准备早餐。  My task is breakfast for my family every day
26	我的任务是每天为家人准备早餐。
	My task is breakfast for my family every day.
27	他明天不能参加考试,因为他发高烧。
	He take part in the exam because he got a high fever.
28	他们的房间是我的两倍大。 Their room is mine.

29 他看到地上有垃圾,马上捡起来了。

There \_\_\_\_\_ some rubbish on the floor. He \_\_\_\_\_ at once.

30 记得不要再吃垃圾食品了,你的体重超标了。

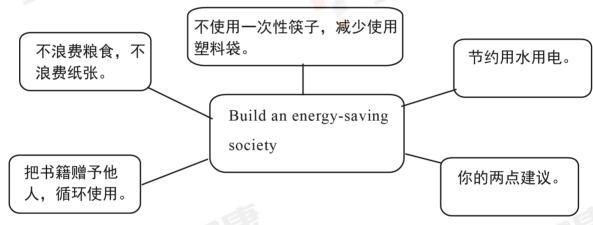
Remember \_\_\_\_\_ junk food anymore. You are overweight already.

31 我们花了半天的时间把客厅打扫干净。

We \_\_\_\_\_ half a day \_\_\_\_\_ the living room.

第五节、书面表达(共15分)

32 近日,你所在的学校开展了 "为建设节约型社会献一计" 的主题活动。同学们提出了许多建议,你作为校刊记者对大家的建议进行了梳理。请根据以下要点,给英语校刊投稿,呼吁大家减少浪费,践行节约。



#### 注意:

- 1. 参考词汇: 一次性筷子disposable cohpsticks
- 2. 词数80左右, 开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

#### Doing your bit for an energy-saving society

Recently, there has been an activity of "Doing your bit for an energy-saving society" in our school. Our schoolmates are highly concerned about the increasing lack of energy, so they provide their own suggestions.