23. How many famous museums are mentioned?

A. 2　　B. 3.　　C. 4.

24. What places are the objects usually from?

A. Australia.　　B. America.　　C. China.

25. Where are the greatest collections?

A. In private museums.　　B. In London.　　C. In Paris.

二. 选择填空(本题共 15 分,每小题 1 分)

从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。

26. —Would you like to go out for a walk with us?

—_____, but I must finish my homework first.

A. Of course not　　B. I'd love to　　C. That's all right　　D. Yes, I do

27. —Ticket, please! May I see your ticket, madam?

—_____

A. I have no ticket.　　B. No, you mustn't.

C. Certainly! Here it is.　　D. What did you say?

28. —Look, it's going to rain.

—Really? _____. I don't take a raincoat with me.

A. I'm afraid not　　B. I hope not　　C. I'm afraid so　　D. I hope so

29. —Lily, nice to hear you online! _____ to England?

—Yes. And I will come back in a week.

A. Have you gone　　B. Are you going　　C. Have you been　　D. Did you go

30. —How long _____ you _____ this pen?

—Only one day. I bought it yesterday.

A. have, bought　　B. do, have　　C. did, buy　　D. have, had

31. The farmers were all tired, _____ none of them stopped to have a rest.

A. so　　B. but　　C. and　　D. because

32. —Will you show me the photo of your family?

—OK. I'll _____ it here next week.

A. take　　B. catch　　C. carry　　D. bring

33. —A lot of kids feel _____ without communication with their parents.

—I think parents should be there for their kids.

A. happy　　B. alone　　C. lonely　　D. excited

34. —Must we come back before five?

—No, you _____. You may come back before six if you like.

A. mustn't　　B. needn't　　C. can't　　D. wouldn't

35. —Which of the two English novels will you buy?

—I'll buy _____ of them, so I can give one to my friend, Helen.

A. both　　B. neither　　C. all　　D. either

36. —Their plane is _____ at Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport at 12:30.

—Yes, I know. Let's hurry up.

A. late　　B. due　　C. ready　　D. usual

37. —The smart phone is _____ a strange signal. What's wrong with it?

—I have no idea.

A. giving up　　B. giving in　　C. giving out　　D. giving away

38. —Have you finished the work?

—Not yet, but no matter how hard it is, we'll keep _____ until we make it.

A. succeeding　　B. failing　　C. marking　　D. trying

39. —What do you think about the story of Yu Gong?

—It _____ us that anything is possible if we work hard.

A. reminds　　B. explains　　C. keeps　　D. allows

40. —What was left behind on the sand?

—It must be the _____ of the man's feet.

A. copy　　B. invention　　C. marks　　D. record

三. 完形填空(本题共15分，每小题1分)

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后各题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。

Visiting museums can be both interesting and tiring. You may spend hours getting there, __41__ in a long line for a ticket, and walking with big __42__ in the museum. But new kinds of __43__ are changing museums, and the way people visit them, all over the world.

Thanks to the Google Art Project, you may "walk through" museums while staying at home and __44__ an icy milk shake. It uses Google's Street View technology. You can see how paintings are hung and exhibits(展品) are placed as you __45__ virtually(虚拟地) through the museums. You can also read the __46__ of the works and download clear pictures of them.

So far 560 museums around the world have joined the project, __47__ the ……
London and the Metropolitan Museum of Art(大都会艺术博物馆) in New York City.

Some apps may also make your museum trips more __48__. The Palace Museum designed a few apps. One is called Han Xizai's Night Feast (《韩熙载夜宴图》), which is based on an __49__ painting. Users can see a big picture of Han's house and take a __50__ look at the people and the clothes within it by __51__ the screen. The Museum of Modern Art in New York City also made an app that allows users to draw their own __52__ art works.

However, if you still want to visit museums in __53__, you probably won't be disappointed(失望). Many museums are trying to __54__ visitors to interact with the exhibits using 3-D technology. For example, an exhibition in Shenzhen shows a 3-D copy of ancient Chinese bronze chimes(青铜编钟). Visitors can "play" the chimes by simply touching them.

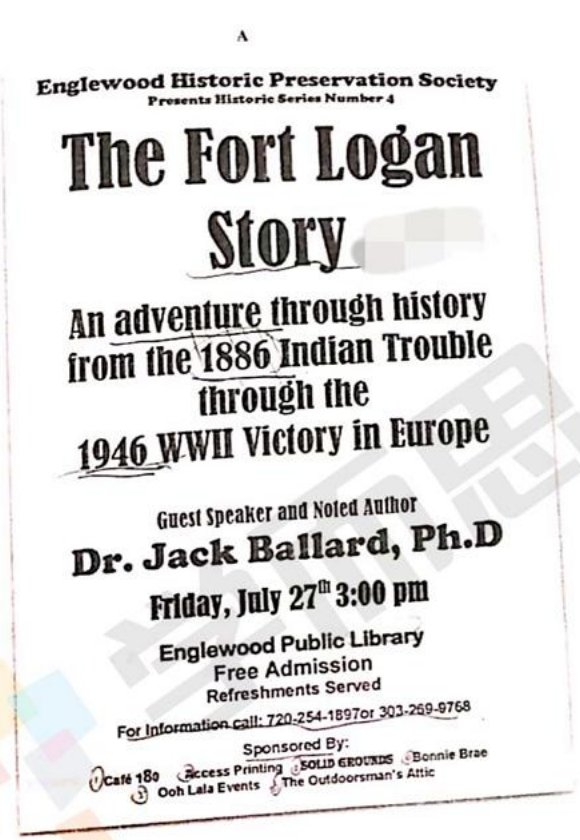
With new technologies like this, visiting museums has __55__ easier and more fun. So why not try it yourself?

41. A. waiting	B. standing	C. sitting	D. lying
42. A. makers	B. cannibals	C. crowds	D. keepers
43. A. cameras	B. technologies	C. amusements	D. performances
44. A. making	B. buying	C. inventing	D. enjoying
45. A. move	B. ride	C. part	D. push
46. A. boards	B. notices	C. records	D. introductions
47. A. remaining	B. including	C. considering	D. depending
48. A. beautiful	B. successful	C. fun	D. peaceful
49. A. ancient	B. endangered	C. unbelievable	D. exciting
50. A. safer	B. softer	C. cleaner	D. closer
51. A. checking	B. touching	C. holding	D. hiding
52. A. unusual	B. perfect	C. modern	D. simple
53. A. silence	B. person	C. order	D. memory
54. A. allow	B. encourage	C. trust	D. protect
55. A. felt	B. continued	C. imagined	D. become

四. 阅读理解(本题共30分，每小题2分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。

A



Englewood Historic Preservation Society
Presents Historic Series Number 4

The Fort Logan Story

An adventure through history from the 1886 Indian Trouble through the 1946 WWII Victory in Europe

Guest Speaker and Noted Author

Dr. Jack Ballard, Ph.D

Friday, July 27th 3:00 pm

Englewood Public Library
Free Admission
Refreshments Served

For Information call: 720-254-1897or 303-269-9768

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What is the reading material?

A. A poster. B. A book. C. A story. D. A lecture.

How long did the adventure last?

A. 1886 years. B. 1946 years. C. 60 years. D. 27 years.

You can _____ to get more information.

A. send e-mails B. make phone calls C. visit the library D. scan QR code

How many sponsors support the activity?

A. Three. B. Four. C. Five. D. Six.

Which of the following is true?

A. Dr. Jack Ballard is an Indian.
B. The activity has been held three times.
C. People mustn't have teacakes.
D. People have to buy tickets for the activity.

B

Sophie Chen is a 14-year-old girl from Taiwan. When she was 6 years old, she did something amazing!

She finished a 2,100-kilometer bike journey from Xi'an, the capital city of Shaanxi, to Turpan (吐鲁番), a city in Xinjiang, with her parents. It took them two and a half months. Sophie became the youngest child in the world to have biked along the Silk Road. Chinese novel *Journey to the West* inspired her to do so.

That is not all. Sophie wrote a book about the long journey with her father Jack Chen, a professional outdoor explorer(探险家). On April 26, the book's English version(版本) *Biking the Silk Road: 6-year-old Sophie's Fantasy Tour* came out in Beijing. New World Press published it.

Now Sophie studies at Ta Hwa High School(大华中学). She sees the journey as a special experience in her life. She became more hardworking and learned history and geography better because of it.

On the way, she met many friendly local people and saw amazing things. She even picked some grapes! "The grapes in Xinjiang were so big and sweet. I have never seen them in Taiwan," she said.

Still, it was not easy. "The biggest challenge(挑战) was the bad weather and road conditions," she said. She wrote in the book, "It was terribly hot in the Gobi Desert. I almost got sunstroke(中暑) and could never have enough to drink."

Sophie has biked in other countries, such as the United States and Turkey. This summer holiday, she plans to ride a bike from Greece to Portugal in Europe.

61. How long did Sophie's bike journey take?
A. One month.
B. One month and a half.
C. Two months.
D. Two and a half months.

62. What inspired Sophie to take this journey?
A. The history of Silk Road.
B. Her love of *Journey to the West*.
C. Her great interest in cycling.
D. Her father's outdoor experience.

63. What were the biggest challenges during Sophie's journey?
A. Serious safety problems.
B. Not having enough food to eat.

C. Bad weather and road conditions.

D. Not being strong enough to finish the journey.

64. According to the passage, these experiences make Sophie _____.

A. more hardworking
B. much braver
C. more experienced
D. more honest

65. What is Sophie's next plan?

A. To bike from Turkey to Greece.
B. To bike from Greece to Portugal.
C. To bike across the United States.
D. To bike along the new Silk Road.

C

When we talk about the United Kingdom, the first things that come to most people's minds are Big Ben, the British Museum or Buckingham Palace. However, after my first visit to the country during the summer vacation, I think one thing should be added to the list — street artists.

In York, a city in northeast England, I met a "purple man" who was painted purple all over his body. He was in the middle of the street and was pretending to ride a bicycle. Most of the time, he stood there without moving except waving to passers-by now and then. When people went close to him, he would make fun of them by putting paint in their hair. Some ran away to avoid being painted while some accepted it with a smile. From the collection pot beside his feet, I could see that he made a living by taking photos with tourists.

Then I went to Edinburgh. I met another performer. He stood quite still and was simply staring at the ground with several flyers(传单) in his hands. When a passer-by took a flyer, he would dance for a while and then stand still again.

Not all street artists perform for money. Once I saw a young man just lying on the street, facing the ground. I guess he was listening to the heartbeat of nature.

Before I went to Britain, I had heard that people there were quite serious and somewhat dull, always wearing dark suits. But what I saw on the streets changed my ideas about them completely. These people are interesting and full of unexpectedly good ideas. They do what they want to do to express themselves in their own ways.

Seeing is believing — that's another thing I learned from my trip and from the amazing street artists.

How many street artists did the writer mention?

A. Two.
B. Three.
C. Four.
D. Five.

67. What did the "purple man" do to make fun of people?

A. He took photos with people.

B. He put paint in people's hair.

C. He threw coins into the collection pot.

D. He was lying to listen to the heartbeat of nature.

68. Where did the writer meet the street artist with flyers?

A. In York. B. In New York. C. In Edinburgh. D. In London.

69. Which of the following changed the writer's ideas about British people?

A. Big Ben. B. The British Museum.

C. The street artists. D. Buckingham Palace.

70. What did the writer learn from the trip?

A. York is a city in northeast England. B. Seeing is believing.

C. All street artists perform for money. D. British people are serious.

第Ⅱ部分 非选择题(35分)

五. 词与短语填空(共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下面五个句子,然后用下面方框中所给的单词或短语填空,使每个句子在结构、句意和逻辑上正确。(提示:选项中有一个是多余的)

wonder / enjoyable / pleasure / seems / live / shame

71. I hope to see him sing _____ one day.

72. It's a _____ but I just don't have the time.

73. As they get bigger our house _____ to get smaller.

74. I _____ how much more computers will be able to do in the future.

75. Watching the tea preparation is just as _____ as drinking the tea itself.

六. 阅读理解填词(本题共10分,每小题1分)

先阅读短文,然后在短文后空白处写出各单词的正确形式,单词的第一个字母已给出。

Do you dream of owning a house? It's probably not a big d__76__ for many of us right now, but it is important for Esperanza, the main character of *The House on Mango Street*.

In the book, US author Sandra Cisneros wrote stories about things that h__77__ to Esperanza on Mango Street. She experienced u__78__ treatment(待遇) as a woman. She saw how unhappy her

friends were after m__79__ men, because they didn't have any s__80__ tection. She saw how people mistrusted(不信任) each other based on their skin color.

Esperanza didn't want to become one of those people. She wanted to be s__81__ and independent. She hoped to make her dream come true. In order to r__82__ away from this endless "prison", Esperanza and her family tried to get a house of their own to get out of the poor s__83__ they were in.

In my opinion, the book doesn't s__84__ tell us the stories of a girl on Mango Street. It's also about being independent. We must always remember that nobody can control(控制) us. We should keep our independence. And one day, we will r__85__ our dreams.

七. 书面表达(15分)

俗话说:不怕同桌是学霸,就怕学霸放暑假。有规划的高质量暑期生活令人期待。请以学霸的身份为 Li Jun 设计一份暑期计划,内容如下:

1.制定一份暑期计划并严格执行;

2.大部分时间完成各学科作业,预习新教材的内容;

3.阅读教材中提到的英语小说,进一步了解英语文化;

4.外出旅行参观各种博物馆,丰富自己的阅历;

5.请补充一至两点相关内容。

写作要求:词数80左右;书写整洁、整齐、清晰;开头结尾已给出。

参考词汇: preview *v*. 预习; textbook *n*. 教材; experience *n*. 阅历

Dear Li Jun,

Summer vacation is coming. We have many things to do. _____

_____

2018-2019 学年度八（下）（标准答案）

硚口区期末英语测试　答案&易错题解析（标答版）

——武汉学而思英语桂裕繁&田雪蓉老师

第一部分　试卷总评

本次硚口区的期末考试，总体难度适中，注重综合能力的考查。单选题较简单，重在考查课本的词汇，固定搭配辨析，易错题为 36/37/40 题。完形不难，故事简单易懂，重在上下文，易错题 46/49/52 题；阅读重点考察细节题，A 篇 B 篇容易，C 篇易错题为 66/69 题。选词送分题，必须拿满分；首填难度较大，这次是孩子拉分的板块，特别能否想到这个单词，易错 76/79/81 题。

参考答案

二、单项选择

26—30 BCBAD	31—35 BDCBA	36—40 BCDAC

三、完形填空

41—45 ACBDA	46—50 DBCAD	51—55 BCBAD

四、阅读理解

56—60 ACBDB	61—65 DBCAB	66—70 BBCCB

五、词与短语选择填空

71. live
72. shame
73. seems
74. wonder
75. enjoyable

六、阅读理解填词

76. deal	77. happened	78. unfair	79. marrying	80. social
81. strong	82. run	83. situation	84. simply	85. realize

第二部分　易错题解析

一、单选易错题

36.【解析】答案为 B 项，**本题考查形容词辨析**，due 这里表示预期发生，表示飞机要在 12：30 到达。

37.【解析】答案为 C 项，**本题考查词组辨析**，give out sth. 有发出信号的含义，故选 C。

40.【解析】答案为 C 项，本题考查名词辨析，marks 有痕迹的含义，marks of the man's feet 表示脚印，故选 C。

二、完形填空易错题

46.【解析】答案为 D 项，你可以读关于展品的说明，instructions 表示说明。

49.【解析】答案为A项，韩熙载夜宴图是一幅古代的画，所以选ancient。
52.【解析】答案为C项,纽约当代艺术博物馆也开发出一款app可以让观众创造他们自己的当代艺术作品，与前文modern相呼应。

四、阅读理解易错题

C篇：

66.【解析】答案为B项，**本题是细节题。**本题问作者提及到了几个艺术家，分别有3个，purple man, another performer, once I saw a young man这三个地方可以得出，故选B。
69.【解析】答案为C项，**本题是细节题。**下面哪一个改变了作者对于英国人民的想法，从第一段最后一句话可以看出，故选C。

五、阅读理解填词易错题

76. 答案为 deal，根据上下文和固定搭配，现在对于我们很多人来说拥有一个房子不是什么大事，填deal。
79. 答案为 marrying，根据上下文，谈到男女的不公平待遇，根据句意：她看到了她的朋友嫁给男方后的生活多么不幸福，marry sb.和某人结婚。
81. 答案为strong，这题难在想不到这个单词，她想要变强，变独立。