巩固练 08 情态动词 must, might, could

一、单选题

1．---China is over years old. It's one of_____ countries in the world.

---Yes. It has much _____ history than the USA.

A．old; long　　B．older;longer　　C．older;the longest　　D．the oldest;longer

【答案】D

【解析】

句意：---中国已经有很多年了。它是世界上最古老的国家之一。---是的，它比美国有更长的历史。根据 in the world 可知此处用最高级，the oldest。根据 much 修饰比较级，故为 longer，故选 D。

2．---Listen ! Helen is singing in the next room.---It_____ be Helen. She has gone to Beijing.

A．can't　　B．mustn't　　C．may　　D．should

【答案】A

【解析】

试题分析：句意：听，海伦在隔壁的房间里唱歌。不可能是海伦。她已经去北京了。can't 表示"不可能"，是对事实的否定推测；mustn't 表示"坚决不，绝对不能"；may 表示"可能"；should 表示"应该"；故选 A。

考点：考查情态动词。

3．I bought_____ for my mother on Mother's Day this year.

A．special anything　　B．anything special

C．special something　　D．something special

【答案】D

【解析】

句意：今年母亲节我给妈妈买了一个特殊的东西。形容词修饰不定代词时，应将形容词放在不定代词之后，排除 A、C 两项；something 常用于肯定句中，anything 常用于疑问句或否定句中，本句为肯定句，故选 D。

4．---You look very pretty, if I_____ say so.

---Thanks a lot for saying that.

A．must　　B．may　　C．will　　D．have to

【答案】B

【解析】

试题分析：句意：——如果我可以这样说，你看起来非常漂亮。must 必须；may 可以；will 愿意；have to 不得不。此处表示允许，故用情态动词 may，故选 B。

考点：考查情态动词的用法。

5．It was Sunday. _____ Marcus didn't need to go to school, he didn't get up until 9 a.m.

A．Unless　　B．When　　C．Though　　D．As

【答案】D

【解析】

句意：那是星期天，因为马库斯不需要上学，所以他直到早上 9 点才起床。A. Unless 除非；B. When 当…时；C. Though 虽然；D. As 因为。根据语境：星期天了。因为马库斯不需要上学，所以直到 9 点才起床。结合选项，显然选项 D 符合题意，故选 D。

二、根据首字母填空

6．Don't make any n_____ . Your younger brother is sleeping.

7．Yesterday，we went to a p_____ in the field.

8．All the students are doing the experiment in the l_____ .

9．---W_____ bike is it?　　---I think it is Jane's.

10．It's cold outside. Remember to put on your c_____ .

【解析】

6．noise 句意：不要制造任何噪音。你的弟弟正在睡觉。

由首字母 n 及下句句意“你弟弟正在睡觉”可知，该句意表示不要制造噪音。此空是名词作宾语，noise 为名词，意为“噪音”，不可数名词。故填 noise。

7．picnic 句意：昨天，我们想在田野里野餐。

由 in the field 及首字母 p 可知，我们去“野餐”了。此空为可数名词单数，go on a picnic 表示“去野餐”。故填 picnic。

8．laboratory 句意：所有的学生们正在实验室做实验。

in the…此处表示地点，根据 do the experiment“做实验”，以及首字母 l 可推测地点为实验室。laboratory“实验室”。故填 laboratory。

9．Whose 句意：——它是谁的自行车？——我认为它是简的。

由答语 I think it is Jane's. “我认为它是简的”可推知，问句询问自行车是谁的，whose 表示“谁的”。故填 Whose。

10．coat 句意：外面很冷。记得穿上你的外套。

your 为形容词性物主代词，修饰名词。由“外面很冷”及首字母 c 可知，要穿上“外套”，用 coat 表示。故填 coat。

三、句型转换

按要求完成下列各题

11．Every year it receives over 750，000 visitors. (改为同义句)

It receives _____ _____ 750，000 visitors every year.

12．The beautiful sweater on the bed is his sister's. (改为同义句)

The beautiful sweater on the bed_____ _____ his sister.

13．Charlie is so young that he can't take the underground alone. (改为简单句)

Charlie is_____ _____to take the underground alone.

14．Mrs. Black often stops her son playing computer games. (改为同义句)

Mrs. Black often_____ her son _____ _____computer games.

15．Someone is knocking at my door. It must be Tom. (合并为一句)

It _____ be Tom_____ at my door.

【答案】

11． more than

12． belongs to

13． too young

14． prevents from playing

15． must knocking

【解析】

11．Every year it receives over 750，000 visitors. (改为同义句)根据 over 超过，多于，more than 超过，多于；故填(1). more (2). than

12．The beautiful sweater on the bed is his sister's. (改为同义句)床上的漂亮的毛衣是他妹妹的，也可以说“床上漂亮的毛衣属于他妹妹”，根据 belong to 属于， 主语单三，谓语用单数形式；故填(1). belongs (2). to

13．Charlie is so young that he can't take the underground alone. (改为简单句)根据 so---that--- 如此---以至于---，可以用 too---to--- 太---而不能 来表达；故填(1). too (2). young

14．Mrs. Black often stops her son playing computer games. (改为同义句)根据 stop sb doing sth 阻止某人做某事，prevent sb from doing sth. 阻止某人做某事，主语单三，谓语用单数形式；故填(1). prevents (2). from

(3). playing

15．Someone is knocking at my door.　It must be Tom. (合并为一句)根据 must be sb doing sth 一定是某人在做某事；故填(1). must　　(2). knocking

四、改错

16. 文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加或一个单词的删除，其他错误为单词的修改。增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号∧，并在其下面写出增加的词。删除：把多余的词用(\)划掉。修改：在错的词下画一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：

1.每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

2．只允许修改 10 处，多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

I think You Raise Me Up would be an nice song.This song is sang by Secret Garden. Many people like it for year .I also like this song because it can often make I full of courage and energy. When I listen it，I feel me standing on mountains. It's possible for us to meet with problems and fail in life. When that happen，you can listen to the song.It can cheer you up and encourage you to face the trouble brave.Just as Secret Garden sings，you can be very more than you can be.

【答案】I think You Raise Me Up would be an a nice song. This song is sang sung by Secret Garden. Many people like it for year years.I also like this song because it can often make I me full of courage and energy. When I listen ∧,to it，I feel me myself standing on mountains. It's possible for us to meet with problems and fail failure in life. When that happen happens，you can listen to the song. It can cheer you up and encourage you to face the trouble brave, bravely. Just as Secret Garden sings，you can be very(\去除 very) more than you can be.

【解析】

【详解】

1、an 改为 a。不定冠词 an 用于以元音音素开头的单词前面，a 用于以辅音音素开头的单词前面，本句中的 nice 是以辅音音素开头的单词，应用不定冠词 a，而不能用 an。所以 an 改为 a。

2、sang 改为 sung。由题干可知本句的主语 song 和谓语动词 sing 之间存在被动关系，所以应用被动语态，其构成为 be+动词过去分词，sing 的过去分词是 sung 而不是 sang，所以 sang 改为 sung。

3、year 改为 years。由题干可知本句句意为“多年来许多人都喜欢它。” for years 固定短语，意思是“多年来、数年来”，所以 year 改为 years。

4、I 改为 me。make sb do sth.“使某人做某事”，sb 在句中作 make 的宾语所以应用宾格形式，I 的宾格是 me，所以 I 改为 me。

5、listen 改为 listen to。listen 为不及物动词，后面带宾语要加介词 to，所以 listen 改为 listen to。

6、me 改为 myself。由题干可知本句中的宾语 me 和主语表达的是同一个人，所以此处宾语 me 要用反身代词 myself“我自己”，所以 me 改为 myself。

7、fail 改为 failure。and 连接两个表示并列的成分，前面的 problems 为名词，这里空格处也应用名词 failure，failure 当“失败”讲时为不可数名词，没有复数形式，所以 fail 改为 failure。

8、happen 改为 happens。由句中的主语 that 第三人称单数形式，文章时态为一般现在时，可知这里的谓语动词应用第三人称单数形式，所以 happen 改为 happens。

9、brave 改为 bravely。由题干可知空格处修饰前面的动词“面对”，副词修饰动词，所以 brave 改为 bravely。

10、把句中的 very 去掉。very 修饰形容词或副词的原级，而后面的 more 是比较级，不能用 very 来修饰，所以要把句中的 very 去掉。

五、阅读理解

A few months ago，a strange thing happened in my life. I heard a strange sound outside the window every night. I was scared and didn't know what to do. I thought there might be a thief standing outside the window. I asked my parents to see what it was. ①但是他们什么也没有发现。They thought it might be the wind. But I didn't think so.

That lasted for a few days. I couldn't sleep well. Sometimes I even couldn't fall asleep. One day，I bought a flashlight（手电筒）in a market. At midnight，as soon as I heard the strange sound，I jumped out of my bed with the flashlight. ②I saw a black cat jumping up and down near the window. He might want to make friends with my pet cat，but he couldn't get into my house.

Do you think it is strange? Have you ever had this kind of experience in your life?

根据短文内容完成下列各题。

17．What happened to the writer a few months ago?

_____

18．Who made the sound on earth?

_____

19．What might the black cat want to do according to the writer?

_____

20．将画线句子①翻译成英语。

_____

21．将画线句子②翻译成汉语。

【答案】

17．The writer heard a strange sound outside the window every night.

18．A black cat.

19．He might want to make friends with the writer's pet cat.

20．But they found nothing.

21．我看见一只黑猫在窗户附近上蹿下跳。

【解析】

【分析】

几个月以前发生了一件奇怪的事。每晚我都会听到外面有奇怪的声音。我很害怕，让我的父母去看外面发生了什么，但是他们什么都没发现。有一天我自己拿着手电筒去看时，发现了一只黑猫。原来是这只黑猫想要跟我家的猫做朋友。

17．根据 A few months ago，a strange thing happened in my life. I heard a strange sound outside the window every night.可知几个月前，发生了奇怪的事，我每晚都听到外面有奇怪的声音。故答案为 The writer heard a strange sound outside the window every night.。

18．根据②I saw a black cat jumping up and down near the window. 可知我听到奇怪的声音，出去发现了一只黑猫。故答案为 A black cat.。

19．根据 He might want to make friends with my pet cat，but he couldn't get into my house 可知作者认为黑猫可能是想跟我家的宠物猫做朋友。故答案为 He might want to make friends with the writer's pet cat。

20．but 意为“但是”；find 意为“发现”；nothing 意为“没什么”。根据上下句可知时态为一般过去时。find 过去式为 found。此句为 but 连接的主谓宾结构。故答案为 But they found nothing.。

21．saw 是 see“看见”的过去式；jumping up and down 表示“上窜下跳”；near 表示“附近”；window 表示“窗户”。故答案为我看见一只黑猫在窗户附近上蹿下跳。