第一讲　冠词和代词

【课程解读】

————小学初中课程解读————

小学课程	初中课程
小学英语中，要求能够辨析冠词 a, an 的使用情况。代词部分要求掌握人称代词和物主代词的使用规则。	初中英语中，除了掌握 a，an，the 的使用规则外，还需要掌握零冠词和冠词在固定搭配中的使用。初中阶段，代词部分除了人称代词和物主代词的基本使用规则以外，还需要掌握反身代词，不定代词和疑问代词。

【知识衔接】

————小学知识回顾————

冠词

1.冠词定义：不能独立使用，通常放在名词的前面

2.分类：a/an

不定冠词：a、an；用在单数名词前，表示“一个，一件……”

a 用在以辅音音素开头的单词前；an 用在以元音音素开头的单词前

注：这里的元音音素和辅音音素是指**读音**，而不是指字母

元音音素: /i:/ /ɪ/ /e/ /æ/ /ɑ:/ /ʌ/ /ɔ:/ /ɒ/ /u:/ /ʊ/ /ɜ:/ /ə/ /eɪ/ /aɪ/ /ɔɪ/ /ɪə/ /eə/ /ʊə/ /əʊ/ /aʊ/

例如：a pen /pen/ 一支钢笔 (/p/为辅音音素)

an orange /’ ɒrindʒ / 一个桔子 (/ɒ /为元音音素)

基本用法

（1）用在单数可数名词前，表示一个。

One boy is a boy, two boys half a boy, three boys no boy.

There is an apple on the table.

（2）用在单数可数名词前，表示职业、身份。

She is a teacher.

（3）固定搭配

have a cold/headache/stomachache/toothache/sore throat/fever

have a rest

take a shower = have a shower

have a walk = take a walk = go for a walk

have a rest

half an hour

代词

人称代词

主格　I　we　you　he　she　it　they

宾格　me　us　you　him　her　it　them

动词和介词后人称代词用宾格

Give me some water.

Tell him the news.

This pretty dog is for me.

I often write to him.

物主代词

形容词性物主代词　my　our　your　his　her　its　their

名词性物主代词　mine　ours　yours　his　hers　its　theirs

This is my bike.　　Our English teacher is Miss Xia.

This is mine.　　Theirs is Mr. Wang.

————初中知识链接————

冠词

1.冠词定义：不能独立使用，通常放在名词的前面

2.分类：不定冠词 a/an；定冠词 the；零冠词。

不定冠词：a、an；用在单数名词前，表示“一个，一件……”

（1）a 用在以辅音音素开头的单词前

（2）an 用在以元音音素开头的单词前定冠词；

（3）the 用在单数或者复数名词前。the 没有具体意思，有时翻译为这、那、这些、那些。

the 的基本基本用法：

a.用来表示特指某（些）人或某（些）事物。

The map on the wall is new.

b.表示说话者双方都知道的人或事物。

Look at the boy, please.

c.表示再次提到前面谈过的人或事物。

This is a stamp. The stamp is beautiful.

d.用在表示世界上独一无二的事物前。

the sun 太阳　the moon 月亮　the earth 地球　the Great Wall 长城

e.用在姓氏的复数前表示一家人。The Greens

f.用于乐器前 play the guitar/piano/violin/drums

g.用于固定词组

in the morning, in the afternoon, in the evening,

on the left/on the right, in the middle of..., in the south

in the west/in the east/in the north

3.零冠词

a.表示人名、地名、国家名的名词前　China/Bill/Beijing

b.节假日、月份、星期、四季前不加冠词，但中国传统节日前一般要加 the

Women's Day　Mother's Day　Christmas

Easter　Tree Planting Day　Father's Day

in spring/summer/autumn/winter

c.复数名词表示一类人或者事物时不用冠词。

I like apples.

Roses are my favourite flowers.

d.表示三餐、球类、棋类的名词前不用冠词。

She never has breakfast.

play ping-pong　play basketball　play volleyball　play tennis

play soccer/football　play baseball　play chess

e.表示学科、语言的名词前不用冠词。

Lily can speak Chinese.

f.固定词组

at home　at last　on time　on foot

at school　at first

代词

1.人称代词

主格　I　we　you　he　she　it　they

宾格　me　us　you　him　her　it　them

用法：动词前面用主格。动词和介词后面用宾格。

2.物主代词

形容词性物主代词　my　our　your　his　her　its　their

名词性物主代词　mine　ours　yours　his　hers　its　theirs

用法：名词前面用形容词性物主代词。后面没有名词用名词性物主代词。

3.反身代词

myself　ourselves　yourself　yourselves

himself　herself　itself　themselves

Help yourself to some fish.

Make yourself at home.

He teaches himself Japanese.

4.不定代词 some any

用法：some 用于肯定句，any 用于否定句和疑问句

但若想让别人作肯定回答时疑问句常常用 some

常用于这两个句型：

Would you like to have some coke?

What about some fish?

5.两对双胞胎

little　a little　　修饰不可数名词

a little 表示一点儿，虽少但有，表肯定意义

e.g.　Mom, I'm thirsty.

　　There is a little water in the bottle.

little 表示少得快没了，表否定意义

e.g.　Jack, go and get some milk. There is little in the fridge.

few　a few　　修饰可数名词

a few 表示几个，虽少但有，表肯定意义

e.g.　She has a few friends in the school.

few 表示少得快没了，表否定意义

e.g.　He is rich but has few friends.

6.四大天王

both　all　neither　none

both 表示两者都

Both of my parents are doctors.

Both my father and my mother are doctors.

Neither 表示两者都不

Neither of us likes Jay Chou.

Neither Lily nor Lucy likes Jay Chou.

All 表示三者及三者以上都

All of us are here.

All of us like to play football.

None 表示三者及三者以上都不

None of us is Japanese.

None of us likes to watch TV.

7.疑问代词

who /hu:/ pron.谁；什么人

指人： who, whose

指物： what

既可指人又可指物： which

What 询问姓名、电话号码、颜色、兴趣爱好、班级、年级等等。

【经典题型】

小学经典题型

一、判断下列名词前用 a 还是 an

_____ HB _____ English _____ map _____ cup _____ ruler _____ pen

_____ jacket _____ key _____ UFO _____ eraser

_____ hour _____ honest boy

There is _____ “U” in the word “university”.

There is _____ “b”, _____ “o” and _____ “x” in the word “box”.

There is _____“n” on his paper.

_____ “c” is in “cat.” _____“s” is in “sat.”

Is this _____ apple? --No, it’s _____ egg.

--Is that _____ pencil? --No, it’s _____ eraser.

That’s _____ English car.

--What’s that in English? --It’s _____ car.

I am _____ teacher.

This is _____ old desk.

二、选择填空。

1.I have _____ pear; she has _____ orange.

A. a; a B. a; an C. an; a D. an; an

2. Sam likes playing _____ basketball.

A. a B. the C. /

3. Lucy's sister is _____ English teacher.

A the B. a C. / D. an

4. I often play _____ violin, but I don't like playing _____ basketball.

A. / ; / B. the; the C. the; /

5.--Would you like _____ green dress, Lucy? --Sorry, mum. I prefer _____ orange one.

A. an; an B. a; a C. an; a D. a; an

6. This is _____ English book.

A. a B. an C. the

7. Our classroom is on _____ second floor.

A. the B. a C. /

8. Do you have _____ alarm clock?

A. a B. an C. the D. /

9. --Is it _____ ruler? --No. It is _____ eraser.

A. / ; an B. a; an C. the; the

10. There is _____ 'b', _____ 'o' and _____ 'x' in the word "box".

A. a; an; a B. a; an; an C. a; a; a D.an, an, an

11. I'm _____ doctor. My cousin is _____ actor.

A. the; the B.an; the C. a; an D.an; a

12. Mike is not at _____ school.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

13. --What's this? --It's _____ English book.

A. a B. an C. the

14.Tony has _____ e-dog and its name is Hobo.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

15. There is _____ apple tree in my garden. It's over 10 years old.

A. the B. a C. an D. /

初中经典题型

1.--Whose picture is it? --It's _____.

A. hers B. her C. she

2.Give her pen to _____, please.

A. she B. her C. hers

3.The coats are not _____. _____ coats are in the washroom.

A. our; Our B. his; Her C. theirs; Their D. mine; Mine

4. Lily is a friend of _____.

A. hers B. her C. she

5._____ are all in Class 3.

A. You, he and I B. I, you and he C. He, I and you

6.The books are on the desk. Can you see _____?

A.it B. they C. them

7.Mike is not my brother. _____ my friend.

A. He B. His C. He's D. Him

8.Mr. Wang is _____ music teacher. He teaches _____ music.

A.my; me B.me, me C.my; my

9. --Is this new bike the same as _____? --No, they are different.

A. her　　B. she　　C. hers　　D. she's

10._____ pen is on the desk, please give it to _____.

A. Mine; me　　B. My; I　　C. I; me　　D. My; me

11. All of us like _____.

A. she　　B. her　　C. hers

12. --What is _____ favourite season? --She likes spring.

A. she's　　B. her　　C. hers　　D. she

13. _____ are sitting over there.

A. Their　　B. They　　C. Theirs

14. --What's your sister's name? _____ name is Sandy White.

A. His　　B. Her　　C. My

15. --Are the rulers _____?--Yes, they're _____.

A. your; our　　B. yours; my　　C. yours; mine

二、用单词的适当形式填空。

1. Please pass _____(you) ruler to me, Jenny.
2. This is your bike; that is_____(my).
3. Mr. Black is our teacher, not _____ (their).
4. --Gina, is this _____ (you) umbrella?
5. --No, it isn't. _____ (I) is blue.
6. Miss Li is _____ (we) math teacher.　We all like _____ (she) very much.
7. _____(she) parents can't go to see the film together because _____ (them) are busy.
8. Look at the boy! _____ (he) name is Tom, “Lei's American friend.
9. _____ (I) son wants a story-hook, but I have no time to buy one for _____ (she).
10. Tom, this is _____(me) cousin, Mary.

【实战演练】

————先作小学题 —— 夯实基础————

冠词

一. 用冠词 a、an 或者 the 填空

1. Susan is _____ beautiful girl.
2. Would you like _____ egg for breakfast?
3. Ben’s father is _____ engineer.
4. Can you see _____ red apple over there?
5. We have a new teacher. _____ teacher is funny.

二、单项选择

1. This is my dog. _____ dog is brown.

A. An　　B. A　　C. The　　D. /

2. This is _____ orange bike.

A. a　　B. an　　C. the　　D. /

3. My mother gives me _____ red apple every day.

A. /　　B. the　　C. a　　D. an

4. This is _____ bag. That is _____ eraser.

A. a, a　　B. a, an　　C. an, a　　D. / , a

5. Today is _____ Children's Day.

A. a　　B. the　　C. /　　D. an

6. I have _____ book. I like reading _____ books very much.

A. a, an　　B. a, the　　C. an, the　　D. a, /

7. This is _____ orange. _____ orange is Lucy's.

A. an, An　　B. a, The　　C. an, The　　D. /, an

8. There is _____ "m" in the word "primary"

A. an　　B. a　　C. the　　D. /

代词

一、填写表格

人称		第一人称		第二人称		第三人称			
数量		单数	复数	单数	复数	单数			复数
人称代词	主格								
	宾格								
物主代词	形容词性								
	名词性								

二、单项选择

1. _____ piano is too old, but she still likes playing it.

A. She　　B. She's　　C. Hers　　D. Her

2. She gave the erasers to Lucy and _____.

A. I　　B. me　　C. my　　D. mine

3. These are _____ cups, _____ are over there.

A. our; Yours　　B. yours; Mine　　C. his; Our　　D. their; Your

4. The old man has _____ friends, so he often feels lonely.

A. few　　B. a few　　C. little　　D. a little

5. -----Would you like some tea or coffee?

----- _____. Thanks. I've had enough.

A. either　　B. neither　　C. some　　D. both

三、选词填空

1. Are these _____ (you) pencils?

Yes, they are _____ (our).

2. ------ Whose is this pencil? ----- It’ s _____. (I)

3. I love _____ (they) very much.

4. She is _____ (you) classmate.

5. Miss Li often looks after _____ (she) brother.

————再战初中题 —— 能力提升————

冠词

1. She likes playing _____ chess while her sister likes playing _____ piano.

A. the；the　　B. the；/　　C. /；the　　D. /；/

2. I had _____ awful dream last night because I watched _____ scary movie before going to bed.

A. an；an　　B. a；a　　C. an；a　　D. the；an

3. France is _____ European country.

A. a　　B. an　　C. the　　D. /

4. Look, Simon, _____ walkman that I bought last year isn’t working properly.

A. a　　B. an　　C. the　　D. /

5.—My son seldom has _____ breakfast.

—It is _____ unhealthy habit. You must ask him to change it.

A. the；an　　B. /；an　　C. /；a　　D. the；a

6. Tommy is _____ honest boy. He is _____ strongest boy in our class.

A. an；an　　B. an；the　　C. an；a　　D a；/

7. My brother wants _____ orange, not _____ orange juice.

A. a；/　　B. an；an　　C. an；/

8.—What _____ cold weather!

—Yes. But it’s _____ unusual experience for us who live in a hot place.

A. an；an　　B. /；a　　C. /；an　　D. a；an

9.—May 13th is _____ unlucky day for Mike.

—I think so. He lost both his girlfriend and his program.

A. a　　B. an　　C. the　　D. /

10. *Lost in Hong Kong* directed by Xu Zheng is _____ interesting film. Most people like it.

A. a　　B. an　　C. the　　D. 不填

11.—Do you often play _____ basketball with your friends?

—No, I don’t like sports. I often play _____ piano in my free time.

A. a; the　　B. the; /　　C. /; the　　D. the; a

12.—Do you think an advertisement is _____ help when you look for a new job?

—Well, it all depends. Anyway, it gives me more of _____ chance to try.

A. a; a　　B. 不填; the　　C. a; the　　D. 不填; a

13.—*The Secret Garden* is _____ novel written by Frances Hodgson Burnett.

—Mary, born into _____ rich English family in India, is brought back to England by her uncle after her parents died.

A. the; a　　B. a; the　　C. the; the　　D. a; a

14.—Have you had _____ breakfast?

—No. not yet.

A. a　　B. an　　C. /　　D. the

15. China is _____ Asian country, while the UK is _____ European country.

A. a; a　　B. an; a　　C. an; an　　D. a; an

代词

1. Here are my shoes. _____ are under his bed.

A. Their　　B. Her　　C. Your　　D. His

2. I have an elder sister. _____ name is Mary. _____ loves _____very much.

A. She; Her; me　　B. Her; She; I

C. Her; She; me　　D. She; She; me

3. Miss Guo asked John if he could solve the problem by _____.

A. he　　B. him　　C. his　　D. himself

4.—John, someone in your class phoned you this morning.

—Oh! Who was _____?

A. he　　B. she　　C. it　　D. this

5. When the Greens moved into the house last week, _____was at sixes and sevens, so they did a big cleaning.

A. something　　B. everything　　C. anything　　D. nothing

6.—Shall we meet and discuss the problem at 9 a.m.?

—I’ m afraid I will be busy at that time. Let’s make it _____ time.

A. other’s　　B. the other　　C. another　　D. other

7. The stories _____ were written by Mark Twain are often humorous.

A. that　　B. those　　C. who　　D. what

8. Some young people like to play WeChat when they

are free, but _____ like to go to the cinema.

A. others　　B. the other　　C. Another

9.—Andy, could I borrow _____ bicycle?

—_____ is broken. You can ask Carmen.

A. you; My　　B. you; Mine

C. your; My　　D. your; Mine

10.—Do you like communicating with your friends on QQ or MSN?

—_____. I’ d rather _____ the mobile phone.

A. Either; use B. Neither; use

C. Both; not to use D. Neither; to use

11. I’ m expecting a new mobile for long, but I haven’ t got enough money to buy _____.

A. it B. one C. this D. that

12. Jane took _____ look at her house the moment she started her car.

A. other B. others C. another D. the other

13.—Can you work out the two problems?

—Let me see, I think I can do _____ one. They are both easy.

A. either B. neither C. some D. any

14.—Excuse me, could you please tell me the way to the museum?

—I’ m sorry. I haven’t been there before. You may ask _____.

A. somebody else B. else anybody

C. else somebody D. anybody else

15. This photo reminds me _____ the things and persons _____ we met at college.

A. of; that B. about; which C. to; / D. on; what