

## 2018~2019年10月深圳百合外国语学校初三上英...

### 一、单选 ( 每小题0.5分 , 共15分 )

- 1 Everyone was amazed at how he solved this problem.  
A. was interested in    B. was surprised at    C. was pleased with    D. was angry at
  
- 2 I don't think I can solve this Maths problem in five minutes.  
A. remember            B. give an answer    C. work out            D. find out
  
- 3 This problem seems difficult to solve.  
A. looks at            B. feels            C. appears            D. shows
  
- 4 I'm certain that I have locked the door.  
A. convincing            B. surprised            C. pleased            D. sure
  
- 5 —I think this poem is easy to learn by heart.  
—But for me, it is so hard.  
A. study well            B. memorize well    C. stick to            D. focus on
  
- 6 —Don't pour too much wine. It is overflowing the cup!  
—Oh, sorry. I didn't see that.  
A. rising up            B. going down            C. running over            D. running out
  
- 7 —David is a brave young hunter.  
—I've heard that he used to hunt in the forest for months by himself.  
A. timid            B. fearless            C. frightened            D. powerful
  
- 8 —I doubt his ability to do the work.  
—Don't worry about that. He has experience doing such work.

A. am not sure about    B. challenge    C. am certain about    D. confirm

9 —Do you think Chinese will displace English as the most important international language in the future?

—Probably. More and more people are studying Chinese now.

A. choose    B. decide on    C. take the place of    D. instead of

10 —Would you like some beer?

—No, thanks. I've been bored with it recently.

A. tired of    B. happy with    C. interested in    D. fed up

11 —You'd better obey your teacher's instructions when doing an experiment.

—Of course, I have much to learn from him.

A. follow    B. refuse    C. remember    D. according to

12 They made a decision to lose all the weight gained during the Christmas period.

A. resolution    B. refusal    C. policy    D. outcome

13 People lost their homes and all their possessions.

A. their money    B. the things they owned  
C. their ownership    D. their holdings

14 It's fashionable and wearable, and it's easy to look after.

A. recent    B. high-class    C. acceptable    D. up-to-date

15 There is a relationship between diet and cancer.

A. close friendship    B. connection    C. concern    D. sibling

16 —I need some help. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ the bananas for fruit salad?

—Yes, Mum. But where's the knife?

A. cut down    B. cut in    C. cut up    D. cut out



- 17 People don't allow \_\_\_\_\_ in the hospital.  
 A. smoking                      B. to smoke                      C. smoke                      D. smoked
- 18 The maths problem is very easy, so I can work it out \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. in trouble                      B. without difficulty                      C. by heart                      D. with your help
- 19 —China is getting better and better at making high technology products.  
 —That's right. People around the world can hardly avoid \_\_\_\_\_ products made in China.  
 A. not buying                      B. not to buy                      C. to buy                      D. buying
- 20 If you don't study hard, you'll \_\_\_\_\_ your parents \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. let; down  
 B. take; down  
 C. look; up  
 D. cheer; up
- 21 \_\_\_\_\_ my weekly wage, I got a lot of tips.  
 A. At the cost of  
 B. Except  
 C. In addition to  
 D. As well
- 22 A ( n ) \_\_\_\_\_ is a scientist. He or she mainly studies the stars, planets, and other natural objects in space.  
 A. astronomer  
 B. spaceman  
 C. pilot  
 D. naturalist
- 23 —Mary is on diet. She is trying to \_\_\_\_\_ her weight.  
 —Really? But it seems that she is fatter than before.  
 A. improve

- B. put on
- C. reduce
- D. carry

24 —When my team scored their second goal, that was the \_\_\_\_\_. The other team no longer had a chance to win the match.

—Congratulations. It seems your team will be the champion again.

- A. good humour
- B. turning point
- C. biggest mistake
- D. surprising accident

25 A ( n ) \_\_\_\_\_ is an electrical device with a flat metal base. You heat it until the base is hot, then rub it over clothes to remove creases.

- A. dryer
- B. steam engine
- C. iron
- D. handcuff

26 I don't think the newly directed film by Zhao Wei is as interesting as people say, \_\_\_\_\_ ?

- A. do I
- B. don't I
- C. is it
- D. isn't it

27 —His sister seldom attends the meeting, \_\_\_\_\_ she?

— \_\_\_\_\_. She is in the habit of making excuses for her absence.

- A. does; Yes, she does.
- B. does; No, she doesn't.
- C. doesn't; Yes, she does.
- D. doesn't; No, she doesn't.

28 — \_\_\_\_\_ useful information it is! Without her, I won't be well-informed.

—Can't agree more. Mrs Chan is \_\_\_\_\_ teacher.

- A. How; so honorable a
- B. How a; such a honorable
- C. What a; so honorable a
- D. What; such an honorable

29 The scientists got as \_\_\_\_\_ as they could to the wild animals in order to study them \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. closely; closed
- B. close; closely
- C. close; closing
- D. closely; close

30 My teacher gave me much \_\_\_\_\_ on how to study English well when I had some trouble.

- A. advice
- B. question
- C. suggestion
- D. proposals

## 二、完形填空 ( 每小题1.5分 , 共15分 )

31 Mexican people have a tradition of greeting each other with handshakes and kisses on the cheek. But recently, government officials asked people to   1   this. They have also closed schools and museums, and advised people to stay at home.

This is to stop people from   2   an infectious disease, swine flu ( 猪流感 ) . The disease has spread over the country. It has killed 159 people and caused 4, 000 to become sick   3   .

What is swine flu? Swine flu is a disease that causes respiratory ( 呼吸的 ) illness in pigs. It spreads to people in two ways. People catch the virus after being with infected pigs, or they get it from an infected   4   . The disease spreads in the same way   5   human flu, through coughs and sneezes and then touching the nose or mouth. However, it   6   be spread by eating pork.

People who have caught swine flu will have a fever, a cough, a sore throat and body aches. In most cases, the infection makes people unwell but their lives will not be   7   .

A few governments around the world have advised their citizens not to visit 8 . Some countries have begun checking air travelers for the disease and have set up quarantines ( 隔离 ) for people who might be infected. Russia, China and other countries have banned buying pork from Mexico, 9 the flu cannot be caught by eating the meat.

Health experts advise people to wash their hands frequently, to cover coughs and sneezes and to stay at home if they fall 10 .

- |                  |                |                |                      |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. stop to do | B. stop doing  | C. go to do    | D. go on doing       |
| 2. A. catching   | B. taking      | C. owning      | D. curing            |
| 3. A. last month | B. in the past | C. a month ago | D. in the past month |
| 4. A. handshake  | B. person      | C. kiss        | D. country           |
| 5. A. like       | B. as          | C. for         | D. in                |
| 6. A. can't      | B. can         | C. must        | D. will              |
| 7. A. in safety  | B. in hunger   | C. in danger   | D. out of danger     |
| 8. A. Mexico     | B. America     | C. China       | D. Russia            |
| 9. A. but        | B. though      | C. if          | D. because           |
| 10. A. illness   | B. hungrily    | C. hungry      | D. ill               |

### 三、阅读理解 ( 每题1分 , 共20分 )

32

Twenty years ago, I drove a taxi for a living. One night I went to pick up a passenger at 2:30 AM. When I arrived to collect, I found the building was dark except for a single light in a ground floor window.

I walked to the door and knocked, "Just a minute, " answered a weak, elderly voice.

After a long pause, the door opened. A small woman in her eighties stood before me. By her side was a small suitcase.

I took the suitcase to the car, and then returned to help the woman. She took my arm and we walked slowly toward the car.

She kept thanking me for my kindness. "It's nothing, " I told her. "I just try to treat my passengers the way I would want my mother treated."

"Oh, you're such a good man." She said. When we got into the taxi, she gave me an address, and then asked, "Could you drive through downtown? "

"It's not the shortest way, " I answered quickly.

"Oh, I'm in no hurry, " she said. "I'm on my way to a hospice ( 临终医院 ) . I don't have any family left. The doctor says I don't have very long."

I quietly reached over and shut off the meter ( 计价器 ) . For the next two hours, we drove through the city. She showed me the building where she had once worked, the neighborhood where she had lived, and the furniture shop that had once been a ballroom where she had gone dancing as a girl.

Sometimes she'd ask me to slow down in front of a particular building and would sit staring into the darkness, saying nothing.

At dawn, she suddenly said, "I'm tired. Let's go now." We drove in silence to the address she had given me.

"How much do I owe you? " she asked.

"Nothing." I said.

"You have to make a living, " she answered. "Oh, there are other passengers." I answered.

Almost without thinking, I bent and gave her a hug. She held onto me tightly. Our hug ended with her remark. "You gave an old woman a little moment of joy."

- ( 1 ) The old woman chose to ride through the city in order to \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. show she was familiar with the city
  - B. see some places for the last time
  - C. let the driver earn more money
  - D. reach the destination on time
- ( 2 ) According to the underlined sentence, the old woman did so because \_\_\_\_\_ /
- A. she was tired
  - B. she may be lost in her memories
  - C. she was frightened
  - D. she was excited
- ( 3 ) What does the underlined word "remark" mean?
- A. 标记
  - B. 话语
  - C. 记号
  - D. 评论
- ( 4 ) What can we learn from the story?
- A. Giving is always a pleasure.
  - B. People should respect each other.
  - C. An act of kindness can bring people great joy.
  - D. People should learn to appreciate others' concern.

Everyone has got two personalities—the one that is shown to the world and the other that is secret and real. You won't show your secret personality when you're awake because you can control your behavior, but when you're asleep, your sleeping position shows the real you. In a normal night, of course, people frequently change their positions. The important position is the one that you go to sleep in.

If you go to sleep on your back, you're a very open person. You normally trust people and you are easily influenced by fashion or new ideas. You don't like to displease people. So you never express your real feelings. You're quite shy and you aren't quite sure of yourself.

If you sleep on your stomach, you are a rather secretive person. You worry a lot and you're always easily upset. You always stick to your own opinions or judgment, but you don't raise your hopes too much. You usually live for today not tomorrow. This means that you enjoy having a good time.

If you sleep curled up, you are probably a very nervous person. You have a low opinion of yourself and so you're often defensive. You're shy and you don't normally like meeting people. You prefer to be on your own. You're easily hurt.

If you sleep on your side, you have usually got a well—balanced personality. You know your strengths and weakness. You're usually careful. You believe in yourself. You sometimes feel anxious, but you don't often get sad. You always say what you think even if it makes people rather angry.

- ( 1 ) When does the sleeping position best show your secret personality?
- A. In the daytime
  - B. At the beginning of sleep
  - C. At night
  - D. During the deep sleep
- ( 2 ) Tina hardly tells her secrets to her friends. She probably goes to sleep \_\_\_\_ .
- A. easily
  - B. on her stomach
  - C. on her back
  - D. on her side
- ( 3 ) What does the underlined word "defensive" mean in the passage?
- A. 易怒的
  - B. 攻击性的
  - C. 外向的
  - D. 有戒心的
- ( 4 ) What does the passage tell us?
- A. Sleeping on your side is the best way of sleeping

- B. Changing positions will cause sleeping problems.
- C. Sleeping positions show people's secret personalities.
- D. Enough sleep makes people look better and healthier.

34

NBA star Yao Ming has a restaurant in the USA. The restaurant sells many famous dishes. But one dish could never be made there — shark fin soup ( 鱼翅汤 ). Yao has given up shark fin soup since he joined a program for saving endangered animals in 2006. "Animals are our friends," he said. How much do you know about these endangered animals?

Sharks, the king of the ocean, are in danger. Each year about 75 million sharks are killed for their fins, 8 kinds of shark have died out.

In some Asian countries, people get bile ( 胆汁 ) from Asian black bears' stomachs and use it as traditional Chinese medicine. The animal's population has decreased by 30% to 49% during the past 30 years.

The shahtoosh shawl ( 沙图什披肩 ) is thought to be the softest and most beautiful in the world. It is popular in Europe and the US. However, one has to kill three to five Tibetan antelopes ( 藏羚羊 ) to make just one shahtoosh. About 20, 000 antelopes were killed every year during the 1980s.

One day, if animals all disappeared, the world we live in would come to an end. Saving them now means saving ourselves. Maybe you think that only scientists or famous people can save animals. In fact, everyone can do something. Here are some useful tips for students.

Don't eat foods that are made of endangered animals, such as shark fin soup. Ask your parents and friends to do so, too.

Don't buy or use something that is made out of endangered animals, like clothes with antelope fur or necklaces made of ivory ( 象牙 ). You should also tell your parents not to buy these things, either.

You can become a volunteer to help build the habitats ( 栖息地 ) of endangered animals. There is a lot of information on the Internet about these volunteer jobs.

You can hold a photo show at your school to tell people the situation of endangered animals and what people can do to help save them.

( 1 ) In Yao Ming's restaurant, shark fin soup couldn't be made because \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. many sharks died, and that makes it difficult to find shark fins
- B. he wants to save endangered animals
- C. shark fin soup is not popular now
- D. shark fin soup is not a traditional Chinese food

( 2 ) The underlined word "decreased" means \_\_\_\_\_ in Chinese.

- A. 维持
  - B. 飙升
  - C. 下降
  - D. 跌倒
- ( 3 ) Students can help save the endangered animals in many ways EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. asking their parents and friends not to eat foods made of endangered animals
  - B. becoming a volunteer to help build the habitats
  - C. holding a photo show at school to tell people what they can do
  - D. using something that is made out of endangered animals
- ( 4 ) The best title of this article may be \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. Help Save Endangered Animals
  - B. What Can Students Do
  - C. Yao Ming's Restaurant
  - D. Animals Are Our Friends

35

"How many common English words were invented by Shakespeare? "

How long did it take people to find the answer to this question 15 years ago? And now! You can google it and find the answer immediately!

Google is the most popular Internet search engine in the world. It was invented by two students, Larry Page and Sergey Brin. They met in 1993, when they were studying computer science at Stanford University, USA. They dreamed of producing something that could also answer any question in seconds.

Internet search engines at that time were slow and many websites weren't useful. In January 1996, Page and Brin decided to make a better and faster search engine. They thought the results should be based on the most popular websites.

Nobody would give them money for their project, so they used their own money. They also borrowed money from family and friends. Then, in 1998, they were given a cheque for \$100,000, and they started their own company. Their first office was in a friend's garage. The company name is Google, a word which comes from mathematics. A "google" is a very high number—l followed by a hundred zeros.

The Google search engine was soon used by thousands of people worldwide because it was fast, easy and correct. By 2002 it was the biggest search engine on the Internet. Now, more questions have been answered by Google than any other Internet service, from sport to science, and from music to medicine. Google hopes that in the future all the world's information will be put on the Internet, so that everybody can find everything.

- ( 1 ) Why did the writer begin this passage by asking you a question?
- A. Because he or she liked to begin this passage by asking readers a question.
  - B. Because he or she was afraid that the readers didn't know this question.
  - C. Because he or she wanted to make the readers interested in this passage.
  - D. Because Shakespeare is one of the most famous people in the world.
- ( 2 ) From the passage we know that at the beginning of their project, \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. there was not any search engine on the Internet
  - B. nobody supported them except their family and friends
  - C. Larry Page and Sergey Brin dreamed to answer any question
  - D. one of the most popular websites gave them a cheque for \$100, 000
- ( 3 ) Which statement is NOT true according to the passage?
- A. Now the Google search engine is widely used in the world.
  - B. Perhaps the Google search engine was not the biggest one before 2002.
  - C. Larry Page and Sergey Brin named google after a hundred zeros.
  - D. The service of the Google search engine is very popular.
- ( 4 ) The passage mainly tells us \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. the development of the Google search engine.
  - B. about Larry Page and Sergey Brin
  - C. how to find information on the Internet
  - D. how to use the Google search engine

36

Mrs. Thompson, a school teacher, told the children on the first day that she loved them all the same. But that was a lie. There in the front row was a little boy named Teddy Stoddard. He didn't get along well with the other children and he always needed a bath. She did not like him.

Then Mrs. Thompson got to know that Teddy was a very good boy before the death of his mother. Mrs. Thompson was ashamed of herself. She felt even worse when, like all her other students, Teddy bought her a present, too. It was his mother's perfume.

Teddy said, "Mrs. Thompson, today you smell just like my mom used to." After the children left she cried for an hour. On that very day, she stopped being busy teaching reading, writing and math. Instead, she began to care more about the children.

Mrs. Thompson paid more attention to Teddy. The more she encouraged him, the faster he improved. By the end of Grade 6, Teddy had become one of the smartest children in the class.

Six years went by before she got a note from Teddy. He wrote that he had finished high school, third in his class, and she was still the best teacher he had ever had in his whole life. He went to college. Mrs. Thompson got two more letters from him with the last one signed, Theodore

F. Stoddard, M.D. ( 医学博士 ) .

The story doesn't end there. On his wedding day, Dr. Stoddard said, "Thank you, Mrs. Thompson, for believing in me. You made me feel good about myself and showed me that I could make a difference."

Mrs. Thompson, with tears in her eyes, said, "Teddy, you have it all wrong. You were the one who taught me that I could make a difference. I didn't know how to teach until I meet you."

- ( 1 ) What did Mrs. Thompson do on the first day of school?
- A. She made Teddy feel sad.
  - B. She told the class something untrue about herself.
  - C. She changed Teddy's seat to the front row.
  - D. She asked the children to play with Teddy.
- ( 2 ) What does underlined sentence "Mrs. Thompson was ashamed of herself" mean in the passage?
- A. Mrs. Thompson was pleased with what she had done.
  - B. Mrs. Thompson was worried about the boy's mother.
  - C. Mrs. Thompson was surprised that the boy's mother was gone.
  - D. Mrs. Thompson was very sorry because she didn't like the child before.
- ( 3 ) Which of the following is NOT true according to the reading?
- A. Mrs. Thompson gave Teddy Stoddard motherly care and encouragement.
  - B. Teddy had probably got a doctor's degree before he got married.
  - C. Mrs. Thompson agreed with Teddy that she had made a difference in his life.
  - D. Teddy thought Mrs. Thompson was the best teacher he had ever had in his whole life.
- ( 4 ) Which of the following can be the best title for the reading?
- A. Making a Difference.
  - B. Not a Really Good Teacher
  - C. A Clever Student
  - D. Friendship between Students and Teachers.

#### 四、短文填空。( 每小题0.5分, 共10分 )

37

Many researchers use the term artificial intelligence ( AI ) to describe the thinking and intelligent behavior demonstrated by machines. While AI can be   1   ( help ) to human beings, scientists warn, it can also be a threat.

Stuart Russell teaches computer science at the University of California, Berkeley. He says humans should be sure to make AI   2   ( produce ) that bring benefit. In the future, many of today's jobs which require a lot of physical labor   3   ( replace ) by machines with artificial intelligence. These include   4   ( agriculture ) jobs, and ones with repetitive duties like telephone call centers. AI machines could also replace jobs like ones in the financial industry—jobs that require studying a lot of data.

There is also a   5   ( danger ) side to artificial intelligence. One example is combining drone ( pilotless ) aircraft technology and AI to create autonomous weapons ( 自主武器 ). Stuart Russell is   6   ( work ) to create international treaties ( 条约 ) to ban such weapons. He says the risk is that people will use this technology   7   ( develop ) a kind of "poor man's nuclear weapon."

The debate about   8   artificial intelligence is good or bad   9   humans continues. Researchers agree there is   10   doubt that the technology is here, and will continue to change life our planet.

## 五、默写 ( 每小题0.5分 , 共10分 )

38 Haydn is considered   1   the "father of the symphony" and changed the symphony into a long piece for a large orchestra. Later in   2   ( he ) life, he moved to London,   3   he became very successful.

Mozart is   4   ( truth ) one of the greatest musical geniuses of all time. By the time he was 14, he   5   ( compose ) many pieces for the harpsichord, piano and violin, as well as for orchestras ( 管弦乐队 ). When he was still a teenager, he was already a big star and toured Europe to give concerts.

Beethoven showed musical talent when he was very young. Mozart believed Beethoven would give something   6   ( perfectly ) to the world. In the beginning Beethoven thought he would learn nothing   7   Haydn.   8   ( expect ), it was Haydn who encouraged him   9   ( move ) to Vienna. He spent the rest of the life there and continued composing even when he began to go   10   ( deafen ).

39 Archimedes   1   to the palace to see the king. First, he weighed the crown and asked the king   2   of the same weight.

Next, he put two pots into two big bowls and filled both pots with water. He put the gold into one pot, and some water 3 the bowl. Then he put the crown into 4. This time, even more water ran into the bowl.

"Look at this," said Archimedes to King Hiero. "A crown 5 gold displaces less water than a crown made of gold and 6. This crown displaced more water than gold of the same weight, so I'm certain that it's not completely made of gold."

40 One evening, on their way to a university, Einstein said, "I'm so tired. I wish I could 1 my lecture tonight, Hans, but I don't want to 2

"I know what to do," said Hans. "I can 3 for you. You can 4 me. I've listened to your lecture so many times that I've learnt it by heart. No one knows you at this university, so they won't 5."

So, they 6. At the university, Hans 7 the front of the hall. Einstein took a seat, listened to Hans give his lecture 8, and joined in the applause at the end.

41 Have I got 1? Yes, I've got a lot of things: a big TV, a new computer and 2.

No, I'm not expected to do the housework.

We 3 together sometimes, but my dad is often abroad on business, and my mum works too. We usually just do our own 4...

Yes, I suppose they 5 for me. For example, unless I finish all my homework, I can't watch TV, and I can't go out with my friends 6.

## 六、写作 (15分)

42 自古以来，“友善”是中华民族的传统美德。我校英文广播台正在进行“我友好，我善良”系列人物介绍。请你根据下列表格提示和要求，写一篇介绍江明同学的文字稿。

基本情况	姓名	江明
	班级	九(3)
日常表现	1. 文明礼貌，主动热情问候他人； 2. 团结友好，能与他人和睦相处； 3. 富有爱心，力所能及帮助他人。	
具体事例	任选日常表现之一，举例介绍。	
愿望	做一个善良、有爱心的人。	

写作要求：

1. 词数：80词左右，请勿超过100词，否则扣分（短文的开头已给出，不计入总词数）；
2. 内容完整，语言流畅，不要逐句翻译，可适当发挥；
3. 短文中不得出现真实的姓名及校名。

Good morning, everyone! Today I am glad to introduce a teenager. His name is Jiang Ming.