

## 第二部分 笔试部分

### 二、选择填空(共 15 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 15 分)

从题中所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。

26. — \_\_\_\_\_! Something is falling down from the tall building.  
—Dear me! It's too dangerous.  
A. No matter.            B. Help yourself            C. What a pity            D. Look out
27. —This is my treat and next is yours. How is that?  
—OK! \_\_\_\_\_  
A. Don't mention it!            B. That's all right.  
C. It's a deal.            D. No way.
28. —Which of the action movies would you like to watch best?  
—\_\_\_\_\_. They are both expensive and of little interest.  
A. None            B. Nothing            C. Neither            D. Either
29. —I'm so glad you've come here to \_\_\_\_\_ this football team.  
—With pleasure. I promise they will receive the best training.  
A. lead            B. create            C. punish            D. admire
30. —The telephone line went \_\_\_\_\_ again in my house.

—Don't worry. I'll fix it up for you.

- A. mad                      B. silent                      C. sour                      D. dead

31. —The doctor gave him a \_\_\_\_\_ of medical treatment in time and saved his life.

—Thank goodness!

- A. list                      B. style                      C. course                      D. part

32. Choosing the right circle of the friends will \_\_\_\_\_ us a lot of troubles, heartaches and possibly a life of deep regret.

- A. save                      B. share                      C. keep                      D. bring

33. —Nowadays, riding a Mobike is a common \_\_\_\_\_ of our daily travelling.

—That's true. Mobike has really played an important role in our life.

- A. course                      B. form                      C. shape                      D. speed

34. —How do you like Dr. Liu?

—He is an excellent doctor, and he is also a \_\_\_\_\_ of Two-child Policy.

- A. relative                      B. patient                      C. stranger                      D. pioneer

35. —The word "level" is the same \_\_\_\_\_ it is read left to right or right to left.

—That's really interesting! I want to find out more words like it.

- A. whether                      B. since                      C. unless                      D. though

36. There isn't a musical instrument made by man that can \_\_\_\_\_ a more beautiful sound than the song of this magical bird.

- A. introduce                      B. produce                      C. grow                      D. sing

37. —My name is Jonathan. Shall I spell it for you?

—\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. No problem.                      B. Of course, you should.  
C. If you don't mind.                      D. That's right.

38. —May I tell this to my best friend?

—No, you \_\_\_\_\_. Never let anybody else know about it.

- A. couldn't                      B. shouldn't                      C. needn't                      D. mustn't

39. —What did Mr. Smith ask us to discuss just now?

—You should pay more attention as he \_\_\_\_\_ his ideas.

- A. came out                      B. gave out                      C. laid out                      D. took out

40. —I wonder \_\_\_\_\_.

—I'm not sure yet.

- A. that house is hers                      B. what is her name  
C. whether it is hers                      D. when is she going

三、完形填空(共 15 小题,每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C、D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

My class and I visited Chris Care Center in Phoenix, Arizona to comfort the old people who needed a little cheering up during the holiday season.

The first two floors there were for the oldest persons 41 help in taking care of themselves. We sang beautifully for them. They loved our sweet songs and the flowers that we 42 with them.

As we were 43 on the third floor for old people with Alzheimer (老年痴呆症), most of them stared off at the walls or floor. However, one lady 44 my eye. She was sitting by the door, in a wheelchair, singing songs to herself. They weren't the songs that we were singing, at least they didn't 45 like that. As we got 46 with each festive song, she did as well. As she was singing louder and louder, she was also 47 out to us with her hands and body. I knew that I should have gone over to her, but I thought that my 48 were to my students. People who worked at this center could 49 her, I thought. Just when I stopped feeling sorry about not giving her the attention she needed, one of my students, Justin, showed me what the holiday season is really about.

Justin also 50 the same lady. The difference between us is that he 51 on her needs, but I didn't. During the last song, "Silent Night," Justin walked over to her and held her hand. He looked this aged lady in her eyes and with his actions said, "You are important, and I will take my 52 to let you know that."

This tired, elderly lady stopped singing and held his hand. Then she touched his cheek with the other hand. Tears began to fall down her face. No 53 can completely describe that touching moment.

It 54 a boy to teach me, a man, about kindness and love. Justin's example of a complete, selfless attitude towards another was a lesson that I will never forget. He was the teacher that day, and I consider myself 55 to have witnessed his lesson. A meaningful lesson!

- |                   |                |               |              |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 41. A. suggesting | B. offering    | C. staying    | D. requiring |
| 42. A. grew       | B. picked      | C. left       | D. bought    |
| 43. A. singing    | B. meeting     | C. chatting   | D. dancing   |
| 44. A. looked     | B. hurt        | C. avoided    | D. caught    |
| 45. A. appear     | B. hear        | C. feel       | D. sound     |
| 46. A. nearer     | B. louder      | C. faster     | D. higher    |
| 47. A. moving     | B. spreading   | C. reaching   | D. coming    |
| 48. A. interests  | B. duties      | C. feelings   | D. abilities |
| 49. A. deal with  | B. look up to  | C. take after | D. care for  |
| 50. A. feared     | B. interviewed | C. noticed    | D. helped    |
| 51. A. acted      | B. met         | C. called     | D. kept      |

52. A. body                      B. flower                      C. time                      D. cheek  
 53. A. words                      B. poems                      C. articles                      D. songs  
 54. A. wasted                      B. took                      C. requested                      D. made  
 55. A. lucky                      B. direct                      C. wise                      D. normal

四、阅读理解(共 15 小题,每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面三篇材料,从每篇材料后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出最佳答案。

A

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56. The material above is probably \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. an ad                      B. a notice                      C. an instruction                      D. a website
57. You can probably see the material \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. In your textbook                      B. On TV                      C. In a storybook.                      D. In a newspaper
58. If Mr. and Mrs. Smith want to book the circle tour, how much will they cost?  
 A. 3790                      B. 4490                      C. 6880                      D. 7580
59. Which of the following is true?  
 A. You will visit fifteen European countries in this circle tour.  
 B. Your air taxes during the trip are included in the price.  
 C. You have to book the tour by July 14<sup>th</sup>, 2018.  
 D. A free brochure can be got by calling 7168386755.
60. We can learn that the material is given by \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. Europe Special                      B. Heart of Europe                      C. Northtown Travel                      D. Amherst

B

Many people know that rubbish is a big problem on planet Earth. What many people don't know is that junk has become a problem in outer space too.

According to BBC News, there are more than 22,000 pieces of space junk floating around the earth. And these are just the things that we can see from the surface of the earth by telescopes (望远镜). There are also millions of smaller pieces of junk that we can't see.

Objects, like bits of old space rockets or satellites, move around the planet at very high speeds, so fast that even a very small piece can break important satellites or become dangerous to astronauts. If the tiniest piece of junk crashed into a spaceship, it could damage the vehicle.

To make things worse, when two objects in space crash, they break into many smaller pieces. For example, when a U.S. satellite hit an old Russian rocket in 2009, it broke into more than 2,000 pieces, increasing the amount of space junk.

To reduce additional space junk, countries have agreed that all new space tools can only stay in space for 25 years at most. Each tool must be built to fall safely into the earth's atmosphere after that time. In the upper parts of the atmosphere, it will burn up.

Many scientists are also suggesting different ways to clean up space junk. In England scientists are testing metal net that can be fired into space junk. The net catches the junk and then pulls it into the earth's atmosphere to burn up. The Germans are building robots that can collect pieces of space junk and bring them back to Earth to be safely destroyed.

"The problem is becoming more challenging because we're sending more objects into space to help people use their mobile phones and computer," says Marco Castronuovo, an Italian space researcher.

"The time to act is now. The longer we leave the problem, the bigger it will become," he says.

61. What does the underlined word "these" in Paragraph 2 refer to?
- A. Telescopes. B. Satellites.  
C. Pieces of space junk. D. BBC news reports.
62. Why is space junk considered a problem?
- A. It burns up after it re-enters the atmosphere.  
B. It often stops the view of telescopes on Earth.  
C. It could force new space tools to travel at slower speeds.  
D. It may crash into other space tools causing damage or death.
63. Countries want future space tools to be able to fall back into the earth's atmosphere so that B.
- A. the tools can be reused later  
B. the tools don't become space junk  
C. the earth's atmosphere can stay clean  
D. the effects of space flight can be studied
64. How do the Germans plan to deal with space junk?
- A. Catch it with nets. B. Use robots to collect it.

- C. Burn it in the earth's atmosphere.      D. Send it further away from the earth.
65. In which section of the newspaper would you probably read this article?
- A. Environment.      B. Local News.      C. Education.      D. Fashion.

C

It was Saturday. It had snowed heavily the night before, and Mr. Smith's son Bobby had a new sledge(雪橇), which he had been very eager to try out for a long while. There was a good slope(斜坡) in a park which children often used for their sledges, so Mr. Smith agreed to take Bobby there in the car.

When they reached the park, they found that there were already a lot of boys there, each boy with a sledge of his own. They were sliding down the slope at great speed, and then pulling their sledges up again for another go.

Mr. Smith stood by, watching them with a smile. It was obvious that each one of them had much fun. After a few moments, Mr. Smith suddenly saw among the boys a kid who was small and poorly-dressed, and did not have a sledge. This boy had flattened(弄平) out one old cardboard box, and was sliding down the slope on that. Mr. Smith felt very sorry for this poor boy, and decided to tell his son to share his new sledge with the boy.

But before he could catch Bobby to speak to him, he was surprised—and much more delighted—to notice that several of the other boys in the park were already offering the poor boy their nice sledges. Mr. Smith watched them with greater interest—and suddenly realized that the bigger boys were not doing this because they felt sorry for the poor boy, but because they enjoyed riding on his cardboard box more than on their own sledges. They were actually waiting eagerly and impatiently for a turn on the flattened cardboard box!

66. What did Bobby expect to do for a long time?
- A. To test and play with his new sledge.  
B. To make a new icy slope by himself.  
C. To skate with his father in the nearby park.  
D. To ride in his father's car on snowy night.
67. What did Mr. Smith notice shortly after arriving at the park?
- A. Some boys were waiting for their turns to slide patiently.  
B. A poor boy didn't have a sledge but a flattened cardboard box.  
C. A big boy <sup>some boys</sup> was sliding down the slope on a sledge at great speed.  
D. Many boys offered to share their own sledges with each other.
68. Mr. Smith was very pleased before speaking to his son because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. the bigger boys enjoyed riding on their sledges more than on the box

- B. the small and poor boy had already got a new sledge from his parents  
 C. all the boys were sharing the flattened cardboard box in turns politely  
 D. some of the bigger boys had already offered their sledges to the poor boy
69. What can we infer from the last paragraph?  
 A. Children should be taught the value of sharing when growing up.  
 B. The cardboard box is always a perfect gift for the bigger boys.  
 C. Simple and unusual things are sometimes popular among the kids.  
 D. Actually the bigger boys wanted to help the poor boy in some way.?
70. The best title for the passage could be "\_\_\_\_\_".  
 A. My son's favorite sledge  
 B. A popular cardboard box  
 C. A snowy day in a park  
 D. A poor boy and bigger boys

## 第 II 卷(非选择题,共 35 分)

### 五、词与短语选择填空(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

仔细阅读下面五个句子,然后用下面方框中所给的单词或短语填空,使每个句子在结构、意义和逻辑上正确。(提示:选项中有一个是多余的。)

warns / allowed / everyday / put on / impolite / put up

71. The pieces are carefully shaped by hand from a very special kind clay and then \_\_\_\_\_ air-dry.
72. During my vacation, I ate five meals a day, so I have \_\_\_\_\_ five pounds.
73. In many countries, it is often \_\_\_\_\_ to ask very direct questions when you meet someone for the first time.
74. He \_\_\_\_\_ his friend to change his way if he doesn't want to end up like him.
75. It's great that China is so good at making these \_\_\_\_\_ things.

### 六、阅读理解填词(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

先阅读短文,再在其后空白处写出各单词的正确形式。单词的第一个字母已给出。

How do you usually communicate with your family or friends? Have you ever used a pen or something to write a letter to them since you were born?

Developments in technology now tie us c 76 than ever before. We can call our friends from a thousand kilometers away. We can text. We can talk to each other at the p 77 of a button on WeChat.

Of course, these modern ways of communicating are very c 78. However, do we ever think about what we are l 79? As someone who likes writing and receiving letters, I often feel sad that so few people now give letter writing a f 80 chance. There's lots of love in handwritten letters. Texting or calling doesn't feel as special as letter writing - it's more rushed.

Handwritten letters, however, deliver much more w 81 because we take the time. Writing letters allows us to e 82 to someone how much we care about him in a detailed way. In fact, the p 83 of writing a letter can make us feel happy, too.

Please roll up your sleeves and p 84 up your pen now! Write to your cousins about your school or let your friends know how much you m 85 them. Let's bring back the art of letter writing!

#### 七、书面表达(共1大题,满分15分)

学校在评选“英语学习之星”,假如你是班长,请用以下材料写一篇文章来推荐你的好朋友李文。

要点如下:

1. 以前很怕英语,现在上课听讲认真,做笔记,进步很大。
2. 暑假去了美国,发现那里有很多中国制造的产品,感到很自豪。
3. 有机会与外国人交流,觉得学好英语很重要。
4. 补充一两点你对学英语的建议。

注意:

1. 文中不得透露个人姓名和学校名称
2. 词数:60-80
3. 内容连贯,不要逐条翻译
4. 开头已给出,不计入词数。

参考词汇: product *n.* 产品; foreigner *n.* 外国人  
communicate with 与...交流;

Hello everyone! I'm John. Now let me tell you something about my good friend, Li Wen.





2018-2019 学年度九(上)

江岸区期中英语测试 答案&易错题解析 (标答版)

——武汉学而思英语梅丽&莫骄老师

第一部分 试卷总评

本次江岸区的期中考试,总体难度较大,注重综合能力的考查。单选题较为灵活多变,均是中考核心词汇,语法也和中考的必考语法点一致,易错题为 31/34/39 题。完形难度中等偏上,故事简单易懂,但是有某些词汇辨析表达非常灵活具体,需要在语境中多加注意,比如 42/51/54 题;阅读本次难度不算大,但总还是有孩子在第一篇应用文的出处题出错,另外就是大家共同易错的最佳标题,需要大家熟练掌握和运用做题技巧。其他细节题和推理判断基本不纠结,只要大家认真在原文划证据找依据,基本问题不大。阅读易错题为 57/62/70 题。选词送分题,也是所有的孩子必须拿满分的题型;首填难度较大,很考察大家对于词语搭配和一词多义掌握情况,也是拉分的板块,易错题为 77/80/81/83。

参考答案

一、听力(略)

二、单项选择

26—30 DCAAD                      31—35 CABDA                      36—40 BCDC

三、完形填空

41—45 DCADD                      46—50 BCBDC                      51—55 ACABA

四、阅读理解

56—60 ADCBC                      61—65 CDBBA                      66—70 ABDCC

五、词与短语选择填空

71.allowed

72.put on

73.impolite

74.warns

75.everyday

六、阅读理解填词

76. closer      77.push/press      78.convenient      79. losing      80.fair

81. warmth      82.express      83.process      84.pick      85.miss

第二部分 易错题解析

一、单选易错题

31.【解析】答案为 C 项, 本题考察名词辨析。题干说医生给了他及时的\_\_\_\_\_的治疗并且救了命的命, 这里的 a course of treatment 表示一个疗程的治疗, 是 course 表过程的引申意义, A 表列表, 清单 B 表风格, 类型 D 表部分或者角色, 都不符合语义, 故选 C。

34.【解析】答案为 D 项, 本题考察名词辨析。题干问你对 Dr.Liu 的看法, 答复说道他是一个优秀的医生, 同时是二胎政策的一个\_\_\_\_\_. 根据句意表达是二胎政策的先驱者, 先行者, A 表亲戚 B 表病人 C 表陌生人, 都不符合句意, 故选择 D。

39.【解析】答案为 C 项, 本题考察动词搭配辨析。题干问 Mr. Smith 刚才讨论了什么, 答复说道



你应该更加认真关注当他\_\_\_\_\_自己的想法时。根据句意表达当他说或者表明自己观点的时候，C 表明观点，符合句意，A 表开花和出版，B 表分发，D 表带某人出去或取出，故选 C。

## 二、完形填空易错题

- 42.【解析】答案为 C 项。本题考查动词辨析。文中表达他们喜欢我们唱的歌曲和我们给他们的花，后面的搭配是 with，考察 left with 的用法同时涉及定语从句修饰花；故选择 C；
- 51.【解析】答案为 A 项。本题考查动词辨析。根据上下文我们之间的不同是他（指代上文的男生）对老人想要关注这件事情给予了回应，做出了反映，即 acted，而 B 是遇见 C 表称呼，叫做 D 是保持都不符合语境，故选 A；
- 54.【解析】答案为 B 项。本题考查动词辨析。根据上下文，It 指代上文发生的事情，说道上文的事情，让这个男生，一个成熟的男孩，当作我的老师，教给我善良和爱；这里只有 took 表某人当作老师的含义，而 made 易错选，主要是表强迫或者被动，不符合文中作者主动吸取了一个教训。故选 B

## 四、阅读理解易错题

### A 篇

57.【解析】答案为 D 项，本题是文章出处题。一篇旅游相关的广告，广告类直接敲定是报纸上的，不要错选在电视上，没有很明显跟电视相关的信息。

### B 篇

62.【解析】答案为 D 项，本题是判断推理题。根据第三段信息：高速运转的物体，即使是很小的一篇都会打破重要的卫星或者威胁到宇航员的安危，如果这些微小的垃圾撞碎到宇宙飞船，很可能就会造成不可逆转的损害，故选 D。

### C 篇：

70.【解析】答案为 B 项，本题是最佳标题。文中故事：带儿子去滑雪的“我”观察到一个可怜的孩子没有雪橇，但他自制的硬卡纸滑板吸引了一大群大孩子的注意力，引得他们轮流排队着跟他交换着玩。A 错在以偏概全，不是文章中心，C 错在下雪的是 the day before，信息错误，而且中心也不是下雪的一天，D 错在可以逆推法，侧重点不在小男孩和其他大男孩的对比，而在小男孩受欢迎的“卡纸滑板”上，故选 B。

## 五、阅读理解填词易错题

77. 答案为 push/press。对于词汇用法的熟悉程度决定是否想出答案，press/push the button 搭配大家应该不算陌生，但这里要注意词性动词转名词的活用。
80. 答案为 fair。上下文可知，作者认为 letter wring 相对于其他 modern ways 开始被遗忘或者不重视，没有一个“公平，平等的”机会，这里 fair 的一词多义很考察功底。
81. 答案为 warmth。这里 w 开头的名词，大家容易联想 words，那对比下，deliver “传达”。写信相比而言会传达更多的言语还是温暖的，根据作者态度情绪和比较，应该是 warmth 更好。
83. 答案为 process。属于九上期中高频考词，想到不算难。但不要错写 pleasure，会和后面 happy 产出冲突矛盾。