

2020—2021 学年第一学期期末教学质量监测

八年级英语

本试卷共四大题，8页，满分100分。考试时间90分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必将自己的学校、班级、姓名、考生号和座位号填写在答题卡上，再用2B铅笔将考生号、座位号对应的信息点涂黑。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后，用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需要改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案。不能答在试卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域的相应位置上；如需要改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案，改动的答案也不能超出指定的区域；不准使用铅笔、圆珠笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。
4. 本卷共有选择题40小题，非选择题11题。
5. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁，考试结束，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

一、语法选择（共10小题；每小题1.5分，满分15分）

阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，选出最佳选项。并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

There was a young painter who made money by painting portraits (肖像画). His dream was to become one of 1 artists in the field of art. One day, a rich lady asked him to paint 2 portrait for her and promised to pay him 10,000 dollars.

After a week, the lady came to take the painting. The painting was wonderful, 3 she was not happy with it. She told the young painter, "I will buy this painting only for 3,000 dollars." The young painter felt 4 at what she said. Then he talked with the lady, hoping that she would keep her promise.

The rich lady said to the painter, "The person in the painting is me. 5 I don't buy this painting, 6 else will buy it. So you have to sell it to me for 3,000 dollars."

The young painter said 7, "No, I prefer not to sell it rather than be humiliated(羞辱) by you. Some day, you need to spend 20 times the money 8 the painting, because you break your promise today."

After that, the painter worked even 9 than before. Finally, his dream came true and he became very famous in the field of art.

The rich lady soon forgot about the artist and what he had told her. But one day, one other friend told her, "There is a painter selling a painting called 'Liar'(说谎的人) for 200,000 dollars. The lady in the painting looks really like you."

Then, the rich lady remembered the painter. She quickly went 10 sorry to him and paid 200,000 dollars to buy the portrait.

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|------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. the famous | B. the most famous | C. more famous | D. famous |
| 2. A. the one | B. first | C. the first | D. one |
| 3. A. so | B. or | C. and | D. but |
| 4. A. surprise | B. surprised | C. surprises | D. surprising |
| 5. A. If | B. Unless | C. After | D. When |
| 6. A. everybody | B. anybody | C. nobody | D. somebody |
| 7. A. angrily | B. angrier | C. angry | D. more angrily |
| 8. A. on | B. of | C. for | D. in |
| 9. A. hardly | B. hard | C. harder | D. hardest |
| 10. A. say | B. said | C. to say | D. saying |

二、完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中, 选出最佳选项。并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

More than 700 years ago, Scotland (苏格兰) was fighting against England. The king of England wanted to 11 Scotland. England had a strong army so it was 12 for the Scots people to fight. They lost many times. King Robert of Scotland had to run away from the English army.

One rainy day, King Robert lay in an old house. He thought that he was not good enough to be a king. He was so 13 that he didn't even see a spider(蜘蛛) above him. When he 14 , he saw the spider climbing. It was trying to climb up its web at the top of the house but it fell down.

"How sad!" thought King Robert. "The spider is like me. It's not 15 enough." He watched it while the spider climbed up again. It fell down a second time.

"Be careful, little spider, 16 you might die." he said, "Life is so hard. You'll never get back to your web." But the spider 17 again and again. King Robert watched as it 18 climbed back to its web. After an hour, the spider got back to the web.

"You are such a great spider," he said. "If you can keep trying, I can too. I must keep on fighting. I won't let the English win." His 19 grew strong and they 20 the English army. Scotland was free.

- | | | | |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 11. A. leave | B. capture | C. help | D. visit |
| 12. A. hard | B. interesting | C. important | D. fantastic |
| 13. A. bored | B. cheerful | C. worried | D. surprised |

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 14. A. looked at | B. looked out | C. looked up | D. looked for |
| 15. A. old | B. strong | C. fast | D. free |
| 16. A. because | B. and | C. so | D. or |
| 17. A. tried | B. fell | C. practised | D. cheered |
| 18. A. fast | B. easily | C. slowly | D. suddenly |
| 19. A. army | B. feelings | C. opinions | D. family |
| 20. A. kept | B. helped | C. joined | D. stopped |

三、阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节 阅读下列三篇短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项。并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。（共 15 小题：每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

(A)

Joseph Sekar is a 62-year-old man in India. He feeds thousands of parrots every day. And he has earned himself the nickname “birdman”.

Joseph always left small amounts of rice on his roof. The neighbor sparrows and squirrels often came to eat them. One day two parrots flew in and fed themselves some rice. The birds not only returned the following day, but also brought along other hungry friends. Today about 2,000 to 4,000 beautiful parrots visit the birdman twice a day!

Joseph does not feed the birds raw rice. He cooks them! This means that the amazing man gets up at 4:30 a.m. every morning and spends over an hour making the breakfast. He then spreads the rice across 14 wooden planks（厚木板）on his roof.

The breakfast rush begins at about 6:00 a.m. when the beautiful parrots fly in and continues until every last grain of the delicious rice is gone! The action is repeated in the afternoon when the birds arrive around 4:00 p.m. and stay for almost two hours. Besides feeding them, the superhero also takes in sick or injured birds and nurses them back to health.



Of course, feeding so many birds is not a cheap job. Joseph, a camera repairman, now spends 40% of his income feeding the birds. The generous man says all of his actions come of a sense of love.

Though Joseph has not any plans to stop it now, he does worry about what will happen to the beautiful birds as he gets older and is unable to continue.

21. At first, Joseph left some rice on his roof for _____.
- A. some beautiful parrots he kept as pets
 - B. the sparrows and squirrels in the neighborhood
 - C. two parrots which flew in one day
 - D. other hungry parrots that returned the following day
22. Every morning it takes Joseph over an hour to _____.
- A. buy the raw rice at the market
 - B. exercise on his roof
 - C. cook the rice
 - D. spread the rice across the planks
23. People can probably see parrots eating on Joseph's roof _____.
- A. before 4:30 a.m.
 - B. from 4:30 a.m. to 6:00 a.m.
 - C. from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.
 - D. at 12:00
24. What does Joseph worry about?
- A. Too many parrots will come to him.
 - B. He gets up too early and it makes him very tired.
 - C. He can not repair cameras any more.
 - D. No one will take his place to feed the parrots.
25. In the writer's opinion, Joseph Sekar is a _____ person.
- A. quiet
 - B. strict
 - C. kind
 - D. boring

(B)

Every morning, my father buys a newspaper on his way to work. Every day, I open my books in class and start my lessons. Every evening, my mother reads magazines at home. And every night, I look at the photos of David Beckham and Yao Ming on the wall in my bedroom before I go to sleep. Can you imagine the life without paper or printing?

Paper was first created about 2,000 years ago in China. After it was invented, people started to write on paper to make books. In those days, books were only produced by hand. So there were not many books, and they were expensive. Only a few people had the chance to read books.

Printing was invented in China during the Song and Tang Dynasties (朝代). The development of printing made it possible to produce books more quickly and cheaply. More and more people can read books. Knowledge and ideas spread (传播) faster than before.

The Internet was created in the twentieth century. Although the Internet is still young,

it is growing very fast and becomes powerful. A much larger amount of information can be stored in different forms on the Internet. We can find it much more easily than that in books.

Nowadays computers and the Internet are used in classrooms, and newspapers and magazines can be also read online. Will there be paper and printing in the future? Let's wait and see.

26. Why does the writer talk about his family's activities in the first paragraph?
- A. To talk about the kinds of paper.
 - B. To show how his/her family loves paper.
 - C. To show that paper is better than the Internet.
 - D. To give examples about the importance of paper.
27. In ancient China, more people could read books because _____.
- A. Internet was created at that time
 - B. more people liked writing books
 - C. the ways of printing books developed
 - D. knowledge and ideas spread faster than before
28. What does the underlined word "it" refer to in the fourth paragraph?
- A. Information.
 - B. Form.
 - C. Internet.
 - D. Book.
29. According to the fourth paragraph, Internet is _____.
- A. difficult and grows slowly
 - B. powerful but difficult to use
 - C. young and small
 - D. young and powerful
30. What's the best title of this passage?
- A. Internet is better than books
 - B. What will happen in the future?
 - C. Will Internet replace (代替) paper books?
 - D. The history of paper and printing

(C)

Do you know any exciting computer games that are also educational? Malmo Software has four new games that will surprise you.

Space Pirate

It lets you go through the Galaxy(银河系) on your own starship. You will find interesting stars and learn science along the way.

Crazy Cooking

In Crazy Cooking, you can choose meat and vegetables, cook them in your video kitchen and ask your friends to eat with you. At the same time, you will learn Maths by working with lots of numbers and measurements(测量).

Time Machine

It lets you go back to any time to see what it was like. You can find out almost all things you want to know. You can meet George Washington or study a map with Columbus.

Word Search

It takes you on a trip through the English language — where it began, who started it, and why something is different now. On your trip, you will learn new words and their spellings.

Each of these new games costs only \$15.95. Besides, you can buy three and get one for free! These are the best new games! They will give you lots of fun, and you'll learn many things from them. So don't wait! Go to the shop now!

31. According to the passage, we can learn _____ by playing *Crazy Cooking*.
A. Science B. Maths C. English D. Geography
32. You need to pay _____ if you want to get four games.
A. \$15.95 B. \$31.9 C. \$47.85 D. \$63.8
33. If John is interested in history, he can buy _____.
A. *Space Travel* B. *Crazy Cooking*
C. *Time Machine* D. *Word Search*
34. The writer writes this passage to _____.
A. give information about computer games
B. tell readers how these games work
C. ask readers to buy computer games
D. help readers play computer games
35. The writer thinks that the computer games mentioned(提及的) in the passage are _____.
A. fun and helpful B. harmful and useless
C. interesting but useless D. helpful but old

第二节 阅读填空 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下列短文, 根据短文意思, 选出可以填入空格的选项。并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Everyone is forgetful, but as we age, we start to feel like our brains are slowing down a bit — and that can be a very unhappy thing. 36. Read on for some advice worth trying.

1. 37

People will have less chances of Alzheimer's disease (早年性痴呆症) if they often make plans and look forward to bright future. 38. Something is as simple as having

a weekly coffee or dating with a friend tomorrow. In other words, keep your brain looking forward.

2. Go for a walk

Good blood glucose(葡萄糖) can help you keep good memories and physical exercise can make the blood glucose in good levels. In fact, exercise produces chemicals and that's good for your brain. 39.

3. Learn something new

Take a French class online, join a drawing club, or learn to play cards. The study shows that the best thing for your brain is when you learn something new and are active at the same time. 40. Or go dancing with your friends.

- A. Focus on the future.
- B. It should be something like singing.
- C. But don't worry if your plan isn't filled with big things.
- D. Luckily, research shows there is a lot you can do to stop those moments.
- E. In other words, when you take care of your body, you take care of your brain.

四、写作（共三节，满分 30 分）

第一节 语篇填词（共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

根据下列语篇以及所给单词的首字母写出所缺单词。在填写答题卡时，要求写出完整单词。

Dear Laura,

Thanks for your message. Yes, I'm having a great time as an e 41 student in France. I was a bit nervous before I arrived here. But my h 42 family is really nice. They go out of their way to make me feel at home. The granddaughter about my age is really kind. She always talks to me in French to help me practise. And you wouldn't believe how quickly my French has i 43.

My biggest challenge is learning how to do at the dinner table. Things are really different from the way they are at home. For example, you should put your bread on the table i 44 of on your plate. You shouldn't eat anything with your hands except bread, not even fruit! You have to cut it up and e 45 it with a fork. I have to say that it is strange at first, but I'm getting used to it now.

Hope you are having a good school year!

Yours,
Lin Yue

第二节 完成句子 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据句中所给的汉语内容, 用英语完成下列句子。(每空限填一词)

46. 除非你开窗, 否则这个房间会很热的。

The room will get very hot _____ you _____ the window.

47. 这个机器人不像那个机器人那么便宜。

This robot is _____ that robot.

48. 自疫情以来, 我还没有离开过广州呢。

I _____ from Guangzhou since the outbreak of the epidemic.

49. Denise 毕业之后还与他的老师们保持联系。

After Denise graduated, he still _____ his teachers.

50. 我们应该早点离开, 以便赶上第一趟火车。

We _____ early _____ we can catch the first train.

第三节 书面表达 (满分 15 分)

上个月, 你参加了学校举行的英语周活动。请根据以下内容提示写一篇英语短文, 在班会上介绍英语周的活动情况并分享你的收获与感受。

| | |
|---------|---------------------|
| 参与人员 | 所有的学生和英语老师 |
| 活动项目 | 英文演讲比赛, 看英文电影 |
| 你参加的项目 | 英文演讲比赛并拿到一等奖 |
| 你的感受与收获 | |

注意: 1. 词数: 80 词左右。(短文开头已给出, 不计入词数)

2. 可根据内容适当发挥。

3. 不得透露学校、姓名等任何个人信息, 否则不予评分。

Hello, everyone! We had an English Week in our school last month. _____
