

# 2018~2019学年深圳中学初二下学期开学考试英语 试卷

## 一、单项选择

1 选出可以替换划线部分的最佳选项。

—Oh, dear! What's the matter with you?

—I've lost my mobile phone.

A. accident

B. trouble

C. mistake

2 We got the first place in the game by 5 to 3 in the end.

A. won the game

B. watched the game

C. lost the game

3 The old man is not rich, but he is very happy.

A. strict

B. poor

C. bored

4 Look out ! The car will hit you.

A. Come on

B. Look down

C. Be careful

5 —Would you like to know my idea about the plan?

—Yes, you can tell me about it.

A. opinion

B. trick

C. secret

6 I was happy to receive my pen friend's letter yesterday.

A. nervous

B. glad

C. angry

7 Mike learnt to skate all the winter.

A. the whole

B. above all

C. in all

8 The family live in a small house.

A. big

B. tiny

C. strange

9 I think maybe he will succeed one day.

A. often

B. perhaps

C. even

10 There are lots of useful books in the school library.

A. many

B. few

C. some

11 We must try our best to make it a big success.

A. very expensive

B. very popular

C. very successful

12 Miss Li has taught in this school for over twenty years.

A. almost

B. more than

C. less than

13 选出可以替换划线部分的最佳选项。

The girl was late for class. She walked into the classroom from the back door with no noise.

A. suddenly

B. happily

C. quietly

14 We enjoyed ourselves during the three-week holiday.

A. had a good time

B. had a rest

C. helped ourselves

15 —I want to know if I can use your computer.

—Of course you can.

A. wonder

B. think

C. worry

16 The glass seems to have nothing inside.

A. be heavy

B. be broken

C. be empty

17 They are going to have something special for supper tonight.

A. unusual

B. delicious

C. famous

18 People thought that the Sun went around the Earth in ancient times.

- A. just now                      B. a long time ago                      C. in the future

19 选出可以替换划线部分的最佳选项

We can't see the Moon or the stars in the daytime.

- A. at night                      B. day and night                      C. during the day

20 选出可以替换划线部分的最佳选项。

These new shoes are very comfortable.

- A. nice and soft                      B. bad and hard                      C. nice but hard

21 To \_\_\_\_\_ means to use your hands to make something or someone move towards you.

- A. push                      B. pull                      C. throw

22 His lifestyle is \_\_\_\_\_ mine, so we enjoy the same food and hobbies.

- A. similar to                      B. similar in                      C. similar with

23 —What's wrong with you, Penny? You look so sad.

—Well, a tall man \_\_\_\_\_ me last night. He took my handbag away.

- A. killed                      B. punished                      C. attacked

24 If you have any difficulty in your homework, you can call me \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. anytime                      B. somewhere                      C. anymore

25 —What about your summer holidays, John?

—I enjoyed myself. It was a summer full of parties, picnics \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. except for                      B. instead of                      C. and so on

26 —How do you like Jay Chou?

—He is a popular singer, and he \_\_\_\_\_ his songs.

- A. is unaware of                      B. is famous for                      C. is happy with



- 27 \_\_\_\_\_ is the way in which two people or things are not like each other.  
A. Difference                                      B. Culture                                      C. Ability
- 28 To \_\_\_\_\_ means to make something better than before.  
A. miss    B. learn                                      C. improve
- 29 It's against the law to smoke \_\_\_\_\_ now.  
A. in public                                      B. in danger                                      C. in time
- 30 Last Thursday when I got to the airport, I \_\_\_\_\_ had left my ticket at home.  
A. forgot    B. realized                                      C. believed
- 31 —Did she \_\_\_\_\_ when she would arrive?  
—Yes, she said she would arrive this afternoon.  
A. understand                                      B. mention                                      C. teach
- 32 \_\_\_\_\_ ! If you don't hurry up, we'll be late for the beginning of the speech.  
A. Look out                                      B. Find out                                      C. Come on
- 33 An \_\_\_\_\_ is a reciprocal ( 互相的 ) visit between two people or groups from different countries.  
A. exchange                                      B. education                                      C. encyclopedia
- 34 To \_\_\_\_\_ means to make or design something that didn't exist before.  
A. introduce                                      B. include                                      C. invent
- 35 —Let's plan a surprise party for our class. What's your idea?  
—Why not \_\_\_\_\_ a short play?  
A. get on    B. put on                                      C. try on
- 36 —Excuse me, have you got any English novels?  
—Yes, I've got \_\_\_\_\_. One is on my desk and the other two are on the shelf.  
A. none    B. several                                      C. many

- 37 Discovery is very important to \_\_\_\_\_. Many people have got new ideas from it.  
A. activity                                      B. confidence                                      C. success
- 38 Don't \_\_\_\_\_ your coat, Tom! It's easy to catch cold in spring.  
A. take away                                      B. take off                                      C. take down                                      D. take out
- 39 When I was a child, I used to \_\_\_\_\_ picture books. But now I'm used to \_\_\_\_\_ science books.  
A. read; read                                      B. read; reading                                      C. reading; read
- 40 We will get the chance to visit the museum if we \_\_\_\_\_ the game.  
A. defeat                                      B. beat                                      C. win

## 二、完形填空

- 41 Will you put others' needs before your own? What \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ will you get if you do that? Here is an experience of mine.

It was a wet day and I had a \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ time. I was busy and everyone I talked to was in a bad mood. What's more, I went out without breakfast and I left my wallet at home. So I couldn't get lunch and was terribly hungry.

When I finished my work, I \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ to ask my wife to meet me at the door with some money so that I could quickly go to buy dinner. Then I quickly made my way home in hope of eating my \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ meal of that day at 5:00 p.m.

As I was halfway home, my wife told me by phone that a friend of ours was in trouble and needed a lift ( 搭便车 ) home. My mind said, "I will get him \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ I get the meal." But my mouth said, "All right, I'll give him a ride."

He jumped in the car with a smile on his face and repeated how \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ he was that I would drive him home. He told me he usually walked home from his company but that day the \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ stopped him from making that journey.

Traffic was a \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_. A drive to him normally took 10 minutes but that day it took 30 minutes.

Now you would guess the person that I was helping is a close friend of mine. But, in fact, he is a friend of a friend.

I wonder if I will ever see this person again but I feel glad I was there when he 9 me.

So you will feel yourself helpful and useful when you 10 more about others.

- |              |             |              |               |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. A. help   | B. feeling  | C. change    | D. reward     |
| 2. A. fun    | B. quiet    | C. hard      | D. good       |
| 3. A. called | B. wanted   | C. tried     | D. remembered |
| 4. A. hot    | B. first    | C. simple    | D. free       |
| 5. A. since  | B. after    | C. before    | D. when       |
| 6. A. sorry  | B. grateful | C. surprised | D. satisfied  |
| 7. A. rain   | B. time     | C. work      | D. traffic    |
| 8. A. view   | B. stop     | C. joy       | D. mess       |
| 9. A. chose  | B. phoned   | C. joined    | D. needed     |
| 10. A. learn | B. worry    | C. care      | D. talk       |

### 三、阅读理解

42

Friendship Day in India falls on the first Sunday of August every year. It is celebrated with many activities.

Young people in India spend the day with their closest friends and have fun together. Most youngsters in India plan a movie or have a meal with their friends. Some friends may go on a drive to tourist places. Some friends go to the supermarket for shopping. On Friendship Day, most stores offer discounted prices for customers and it is a perfect day to buy something for friends.

Some friends go to parties that are organized by many restaurants. Such parties are very enjoyable. You can get food at a discounted price. Some friends just decide to meet up at someone's home and talk about their happy time. The time good friends spend sitting together and talking over a cup of coffee is wonderful.

Long-distance friends call up each other on this day and wish each other with warm feelings. Some of them even plan to meet up on this day. Yet some others plan a surprising visit just to see their friend gasp in shock!

(1) When is Friendship Day celebrated in India every year?

- |                   |                                    |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. On August 2nd. | B. On the third weekend of August. |
| C. On August 1st. | D. On the first Sunday of August.  |

(2) Which is the most popular way to celebrate Friendship Day in India?

- A. Traveling with friends.  
B. Seeing a film or having a meal with friends.  
C. Dancing with friends.

- D. Going shopping with friends.
- (3) \_\_\_\_\_ ways of spending Friendship Day together are discussed in Paragraph.
- A. Two.                      B. Three.                      C. Four.                      D. Five.
- (4) The main idea of the text is \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. how to make friends
- B. how to choose friends on Friendship Day
- C. how to celebrate Friendship Day
- D. how important friendship is

43

AAAGH! The Generation 90s is coming! Wearing earphones, using complex Net language and constantly text messaging friends, the Gen-90s following the Gen-80s begin to make their world debut ( 初次登台 ) .

Each generation or age group has its own symbols and lifestyle. Read on and judge for yourselves if you fit the Gen-90s group.

Earphones—These little devices seem to grow on the heads of the Gen-90s. They might lead to MP3, MP4 or MP101 players, giving these young people a plugged-in, cool and perhaps self-addicted look, of course, life is not always music to the ears.

Martian language—They have created their own code-like online language. It's a mixture of English, Japanese and Chinese that perhaps only Martians can understand. This is an imaginative generation, though they need to be careful to keep it out of their term papers.

Self-Portrait—Saying "cheese" to their own digital cameras is usual for this generation. A little bit of narcissism ( 自恋 ) never hurts anyone. It helps them reflect a little on their own lives. But be aware of the risks of posting private photos online.

Text-messaging —They can type their mobile phones as fast as they can speak. This is a generation that respects efficiency. However, oral communication is important and will never go out of style.

- (1) According to the passage, if you belong to the Gen-90s, you will \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. just appreciate yourself and ignore others' strengths.
- B. have your own symbols and lifestyle.
- C. have the same symbols and lifestyle of the Gen-80s.
- D. like music and dance very much.
- (2) The writer will choose \_\_\_\_\_ as a good example to the Gen-90.
- A. Li Hua who likes music and always wears hats
- B. Zhang Chao who is not only an imaginative boy but do everything efficiently
- C. Lily who is a shy girl and she doesn't like making friends
- D. Fangfang who likes being taken photos and often posting them online

- (3) According to this passage, which is FALSE?
- A. Not all teens are cautious about posting photos.
  - B. They type their mobile phones so fast that it can catch the speed of speaking.
  - C. The Gen-90s have a preference for some music players, and even regard them as a necessary part of life.
  - D. They don't use the cool and complex online language in formal writing.
- (4) The main idea of the passage is about \_\_\_\_ .
- A. the Gen-90s' happy life
  - B. the difference between the Gen-80s and the Gen-90s
  - C. the Gen-90s' unique lifestyle and some practical warnings
  - D. the similarities between the Gen-80s and the Gen-90s

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Giving generously (慷慨地) and receiving gratefully make it easier to live happily with others. Yet, why do we have such difficulty accomplishing these things in our relationships?

Let me start with the idea of giving generously. I think people are reluctant to be generous with others because they fear being used. For example, my husband and I have family members who only contact us when they need money. We usually accept their requests (要求), but we rarely receive a "thank you". Most people would say that my husband and I are being used, and I suppose we are. But when we give, we shouldn't be giving for the purpose of getting gratitude or praise.

Rather, we should be giving because it's the good thing to do. A "thank you" is merely the **icing on the cake**. Everything that we have, from our ability to wake up each morning to the money in our bank account, is a gift from the world. In return, the world asks us to use these gifts to help others, either by giving them our time or our resources. The good news is that when we live our lives being nice to others, our lives run more smoothly. If you're generous, yes, some people will use you. But if you practice being generous, most of your relationships will improve. And at the same time, we should remember to receive gratefully. I truly believe that you cannot say "thank you" enough. So often we get lazy about expressing gratitude. Parents can feel unappreciated by their children, and teachers can feel unappreciated by their students.

Just because a task is part of someone's job description doesn't mean that you shouldn't thank them for it. Words of appreciation make others feel good about themselves like nothing else.

It's good for us to say "thank you" because we regularly need to remind ourselves of how lucky we are. And hearing those two words can make us feel great for days. If you are looking for a secret solution to improve your life, I can give you one: Give generously and receive gratefully.



- (1) The author mentions her family members mainly to explain \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. why we should give even if we feel we are being used
  - B. why people have trouble expressing gratitude
  - C. why we should accept whatever others request
  - D. why it's necessary to express gratitude or praise
- (2) The phrase "**the icing on the cake**" probably means \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. something that is necessary
  - B. something that is not of much help
  - C. something that leads to an unexpected result
  - D. something that makes an experience better
- (3) According to the author, why should we be grateful to those who help us?
  - A. Because it makes us feel lucky.
  - B. Because words of gratitude delight people.
  - C. Because it's not other people's duty to help us.
  - D. Because all we normally get are gifts from the world.
- (4) The author wrote this article mainly to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. stress the importance of being generous
  - B. persuade people to give generously and receive thankfully
  - C. show how to express our gratitude to others
  - D. give tips on how to improve other people's lives

45

Deija Orozco, a 17-year-old girl from Fresno, California, is good at hacking ( 黑客行为 ). So good, in fact, that she learned how to "jailbreak" cellphones after watching an instructional video online. So when the School of Unlimited Learning ( SOUL ) offered one of just a few places in a professional-level computer coding class, she welcomed the chance.

Hacking isn't part of the class. But Orozco and 14 of her classmates are getting top training in HTML and website design through Geekwise Academy, a coding school in Fresno. During the class at Geekwise, the students were gathered around small laptops, keys clicking as they typed out some code and designed their websites. Instructor Damon Thomas was at the front, teaching them about tags ( 标记 ) and links as the teenagers wrote down notes in their notebooks.

"I plan to go to college right when I finish high school." Orozco said. "It's something most SOUL students wouldn't have thought about before enrolling ( 录取 ) there. Many come from poor families and have trouble at home." school principal Mark Wilson said. The school's partnership with Geekwise is helping them follow their dreams. "Here at Geekwise, nobody cares about your background. If you can code, you can code." he said.

For some SOUL students, the class helps them gain a profitable ( 利润丰厚的 ) skill. "SOUL has students with no internet access ( 使用的机会 ) and no computers at home. So the ability to come in here and touch that technology in general is meaningful." Bitwise Industries CEO Jake Soberal said. Raymond Royas said that because he doesn't have access to the internet at home, Geekwise is the only place he gets time with a computer. It has awakened a new passion in him.

"I'm not 100 percent sure about my lifetime career, " said the 15-year-old, "but I could definitely see this as a job I'd be interested in."

- (1) The author mentions Deija Orozco's story in the beginning to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. show her impressive hacking skills
  - B. make the reader feel concerned about the security of our cellphones
  - C. introduce the reader to the computer coding class at Geekwise Academy
  - D. describe her life and study at the School of Unlimited Learning
- (2) According to the article, the mission of Geekwise Academy is to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. improve students' hacking skills
  - B. help students with learning difficulties
  - C. provide students with professional training in HTML code and website design
  - D. offer students from poor families a chance to improve their computer skills
- (3) Which of the following statements about the Geekwise Academy is TRUE?
  - A. Students at Geekwise Academy have to do a lot of coding work at home.
  - B. Most students at Geekwise Academy had ambitious college dreams before they joined the class.
  - C. For some SOUL students, their study at Geekwise Academy makes a big difference to their future lives.
  - D. Candidates for Geekwise Academy have to show great talent in computer coding.
- (4) How has Geekwise Academy made Raymond Royas feel?
  - A. Embarrassing.
  - B. Passionate.
  - C. Relaxing.
  - D. Boring.

46

"Years ago when I was at the Grand Canyon, I remember someone coming up to the canyon's edge ( 边缘 ), taking a shot with their camera and then walking away, like 'got it—done', barely even glancing at the magnificent scene sprawling ( 展开 ) in front of them," Linda Henkel, a scientist at Fairfield University, US told Live Science.

Henkel was surprised by how obsessed ( 着迷的 ) people are with taking pictures these days—before dinner, during friends' birthday parties, on museum tours and so on. You know people just like that, don't you? They keep taking pictures because they think that it helps record the moment, but as Henkel's latest study has just found out, this obsession may prevent

their brains from remembering what actually happened, reported the Guardian. In her study, Henkel led a group of college students around a museum and asked them to simply observe 15 objects and to photograph 15 others. The next day the students' memory of the tour was tested, and the results showed that they were less accurate in recognizing the objects and they remembered fewer details about them if they photographed them. "When people rely on technology to remember for them—counting on the camera to record the event and thus not needing to attend to it fully themselves, it can have a negative impact on how well they remember their experiences," Henkel explained. But there is also an exception: if students zoomed in (放大) to photograph part of an object, their memory actually improved, and those who focused the lens (镜头) on a specific area could even recall parts that weren't in the frame.

So basically, this study is saying that constantly taking pictures can harm your memory. But shouldn't reviewing pictures we have taken help wake up our memories? This is true, but only if we spend enough time doing it.

"In order to remember, we have to access and interact with the photos, rather than just amassing them," Henkel told The Telegraph. However, previous research has shown that most people never take the time to look over their digital pictures simply because there are too many of them and they aren't usually very organized on their computers.

- (1) The author mentioned Henkel's trip to the Grand Canyon to \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. describe the great view of the Grand Canyon
  - B. complain about some tourists' bad habits
  - C. point out people's obsession with taking pictures
  - D. give suggestions on how to enjoy one's tour
- (2) Which of the following statements about Henkel's study is TRUE?
  - A. Taking pictures in a museum tour helps students recognize objects better.
  - B. Reviewing pictures always helps people bring back memories.
  - C. Pictures that focus on the details of objects are likely to improve people's memories.
  - D. People should spend more time taking pictures than studying real objects.
- (3) The underlined word "amassing" in the last paragraph probably means \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. displaying
  - B. collecting
  - C. ignoring
  - D. remembering
- (4) What is the article mainly about?
  - A. Some skills to learn for taking pictures.
  - B. People's obsession with taking pictures and its influence.
  - C. How pictures remind us of our past.
  - D. How to deal with pictures after taking trips.