

# 2019~2020学年广东广州越秀区明德实验学校初一下学期期中英语试卷

## 一、语音

(本大题共10小题, 每小题1分, 共10分)

1 选出划线部分发音和其他单词不同的选项。

(1)

A. bark                      B. bottom                      C. blind                      D. climb

(2)

A. school                      B. score                      C. sky                      D. tasks

(3)

A. beach                      B. machine                      C. chair                      D. French

(4)

A. fields                      B. guides                      C. bites                      D. rides

(5)

A. flag                      B. France                      C. carry                      D. paragraph

2 选出单词重音位置不同的选项。

(1)

A. insect                      B. across                      C. oneself                      D. result

(2)

A. oxygen                      B. against                      C. example                      D. produce

(3)

A. person                      B. cheerful                      C. patient                      D. forget

(4)

- A. important      B. south      C. smell      D. coast  
(5)  
A. valuable      B. possible      C. return      D. towel

## 二、单项选择

(本大题共20小题, 每小题1分, 共20分)

- 3 The room is \_\_\_\_\_ for us to read books because there is \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. enough bright; enough light      B. enough bright; light enough  
C. bright enough; enough light      D. bright enough; light enough
- 4 The bridge has been there for \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. three hundreds of years      B. hundreds of years  
C. three hundreds years      D. hundred of years
- 5 The food in that restaurant tastes \_\_\_\_\_. Shall we go there for dinner?  
A. well      B. good      C. nicely      D. bad
- 6 —Where do you live?  
—I live on \_\_\_\_\_ side of the river.  
A. another      B. the other      C. other      D. others
- 7 She is a humorous teacher and she always \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. make us laugh      B. makes we laugh      C. makes them laugh      D. make them laugh
- 8 At the top of the high mountains, there is very \_\_\_\_\_ oxygen in the air.  
A. a little      B. little      C. a few      D. few
- 9 Last night, on my way home I saw a young man \_\_\_\_\_ the guitar in the street.  
A. plays      B. playing      C. played      D. to play

- 10 People are beginning to realize (意识到) the \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ the environment.  
A. important; protecting                      B. importance; protecting  
C. important; protected                      D. importance; protected
- 11 What \_\_\_\_\_ useful information it is!  
A. a                      B. an                      C. /                      D. the
- 12 Sarah marries a man \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money.  
A. has                      B. have                      C. had                      D. with
- 13 She often \_\_\_\_\_ hard and does a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. work; work                      B. works; works                      C. works; work                      D. work; works
- 14 —Must I go there right now?  
—No, you \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A. mustn't                      B. needn't                      C. can't                      D. won't
- 15 I met her \_\_\_\_\_ last summer in Paris.  
A. sometimes                      B. some time                      C. some times                      D. sometime
- 16 You'd better keep the windows \_\_\_\_\_. It's so hot here.  
A. open                      B. opening                      C. opens                      D. opened
- 17 \_\_\_\_\_ football games is really very \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Watch; excited                      B. To watch; excited                      C. Watching; excited                      D. Watching; exciting
- 18 George is \_\_\_\_\_ 11-year-old boy and he has a little sister who is \_\_\_\_\_ one-year-old baby.  
A. an; a                      B. a; an                      C. an; an                      D. a; a
- 19 I prefer \_\_\_\_\_ at home to \_\_\_\_\_ out.  
A. staying; going                      B. stay; go                      C. staying; go                      D. stay; going

20 The department store is \_\_\_\_\_ from Monday to Friday and it is \_\_\_\_\_ at weekends.  
A. opened; closed      B. opened; close      C. opens; closes      D. open; closed

21 Tom sits \_\_\_\_\_ the classroom while John sits \_\_\_\_\_ the room.  
A. in front of; at back of      B. in the front of; at the back of  
C. in front of; at the back of      D. in the front of; at back of

22 The wine is made \_\_\_\_\_ grapes.  
A. for      B. from      C. of      D. into

### 三、语法填空

(本大题共10小题, 每小题1分, 共10分)

23 Waste can \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ everywhere in the school. Some students ask for more food than they can eat and others often forget \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ the lights when they leave the classroom.

Waste can bring a lot of problems. \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_ China is rich in some resources, we are short \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_ others. for example, fresh water, It is said that we \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ no coal or oil to use in 100 years. So if we go on wasting our resources, what can we use in \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ future? Think about it. I think we should say "no" to the students \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_ waste things every day.

In our every day life, we can do many things to stop waste from \_\_\_\_\_ 8 \_\_\_\_\_, for example, turn off the water taps when we finish using it, try not to order \_\_\_\_\_ 9 \_\_\_\_\_ food than we need, and so on. Little by little, everything will be changed. Waste can be stopped one day if we do \_\_\_\_\_ 10 \_\_\_\_\_ best.

- |                   |                |               |               |
|-------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. be seeing   | B. are seen    | C. see        | D. be seen    |
| 2. A. to turn off | B. turning off | C. turning on | D. to turn on |
| 3. A. Though      | B. Because     | C. As         | D. So         |
| 4. A. in          | B. for         | C. of         | D. about      |
| 5. A. have        | B. have had    | C. will have  | D. are having |
| 6. A. a           | B. an          | C. /          | D. the        |
| 7. A. what        | B. which       | C. who        | D. whom       |
| 8. A. to happen   | B. happen      | C. happening  | D. happened   |
| 9. A. much        | B. more        | C. a lot      | D. many       |
| 10. A. our        | B. us          | C. ourselves  | D. ours       |

## 四、完形填空

(本大题共10小题, 每小题1分, 共10分)

24

I used to think bread making was a very difficult job, 1 Steven showed me that I was wrong. I went to his 2 twice. I learned so much that I don't buy any 3 from the shops any more. I just make 4 own. Steven's way to work with bread is very good and makes it a lot 5 than any other ways. Steven and Roberta are very nice and 6. I had two great days of 7 bread and getting to know them. I really like the 8 of making bread. That is just 9. Thanks to Steven and Roberta for sharing their 10 for bread making with me. I certainly will enjoy this new skill for many years to come!

- |                 |             |               |                   |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. so        | B. and      | C. then       | D. but            |
| 2. A. class     | B. office   | C. factory    | D. hospital       |
| 3. A. bread     | B. rice     | C. vegetables | D. flowers        |
| 4. A. me        | B. my       | C. myself     | D. mine           |
| 5. A. easy      | B. easier   | C. difficult  | D. more difficult |
| 6. A. friend    | B. friends  | C. friendly   | D. more friendly  |
| 7. A. selling   | B. making   | C. buying     | D. cutting        |
| 8. A. idea      | B. thought  | C. opinion    | D. feeling        |
| 9. A. wonderful | B. terrible | C. happy      | D. sad            |
| 10. A. home     | B. money    | C. love       | D. book           |

## 五、阅读理解

(本大题共20小题, 每小题2分, 共40分)

25

One Christmas Eve the trees in a wood were very unhappy. They wished very much to keep Christmas, but they did not know how to do so.

"We look so brown," said one of the trees.

"And so bare," added another. "All our green summer dresses are now gone!"

"If we could get our pretty green summer dresses back on," a third tree went on with the chat, "then we should be decorated (装饰) and could keep Christmas."

"Hush, children, hush!" North Wind said in quite a gentle voice. "Hurry up and go to sleep."

"Hush! children, hush!" a sleepy little bird said softly. He was making his bed on one of the branches of the unhappy trees.

So the trees dropped off to sleep, one by one, while in the sky a little star was looking at them quietly.

While they slept, something happened. When the trees woke up the next morning, they found that they were all dressed up in white! Someone, perhaps North Wind, had put a lovely soft white cloak over each of them during the night.

"How beautiful we are!" said the trees. "Now we can keep our Christmas!"

- (1) Why were the trees unhappy?
  - A. Because it was too cold.
  - B. Because Christmas was gone.
  - C. Because they didn't want to fall asleep.
  - D. Because they didn't know how to keep Christmas.
- (2) The word "bare" (paragraph 3) means the trees had no \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. leaves
  - B. branches
  - C. fruit
  - D. food
- (3) What did the little bird ask the trees to do?
  - A. To stop talking.
  - B. To stop sleeping.
  - C. To say no to North Wind.
  - D. To talk about something happy.
- (4) What happened during the night?
  - A. It rained.
  - B. It snowed.
  - C. The trees died.
  - D. The little bird died.
- (5) How did the trees feel at the end of the story?
  - A. Sad.
  - B. Tired.
  - C. Worried.
  - D. Happy.

26

In the UK, we get water easily. We drink it, and we use it to wash when mum makes us dinner! we use it to brush our teeth, we even use it when we flush the toilet! So, it's really important that we don't waste it. You can help make sure it doesn't happen. Here are some great, easy Water Saving Tips!

Tip 1. Turn off the tap while brushing our teeth. A running tap waste over 6 litres per minute. If everybody in England and Wales remembers to do this, we could save 180 megalitres a day, enough for nearly 500, 000 homes to use!

Tip 2. A bath generally uses around 80 litres, while a short shower can use much less. However, look out because longer showers may actually use more than a bath! So, try taking shorter showers.

Tip 3. If you do want a bath, all that water doesn't need to go waste. Why not re-use the bath water to water your houseplants or garden?

Tip 4. Before starting your washing machine, make sure it's full. In that way you'll help your family save money on energy and water!

- (1) When we brush our teeth, what should we do to save water?
  - A. Do not use water.
  - B. Keep the water running.

- C. Stop the water from running.                      D. Remember many homes use water.
- (2) How much water does a bath usually use?
- A. Around 6 litres.    B. Around 60 litres.  
C. Around 80 litres.    D. Around 180 litres.
- (3) The writer most probably agrees that \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. we should not take a bath                                      B. we should take a short bath  
C. we should not take a shower                                      D. we should take a short shower
- (4) Which of the following tells the main idea of Tip 4?
- A. Healthy teeth, healthy rivers!                                      B. Re-use bath water!  
C. Short showers save water!                                      D. Fill up your washing machines!
- (5) The writer is most probably writing for \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. children in the UK    B. adults in the UK  
C. children in England    D. adults in England

27

Mr. Warden was my science teacher in Year 6. But he also knew a lot about Maths, History, and so on. He loved what he taught and it was easy to see. Every lesson he would discuss things with us, and get us thinking for ourselves. He was surely not a "textbook teacher", though sadly, I think many other teachers are these days.

He got to school early so we could finish our final project on time. He was still with us when the caretaker came around to lock up the school building at 7:30. When I was so worried about not finishing my project, he tried his best to help me out even when it's 7 pm. He was a really great help.

Sometimes he talked about football with the boys. He himself was a lifelong fan for the Liverpool team. All the boys loved him talking about football. He talked to me about films even though he wasn't a film lover like me. For him nothing was like football, but he was always ready to talk to you about anything you liked.

But then Mr. Warden left. My school was never the same without you, Sir.

- (1) What did Mr. Warden teach me?
- A. Science.                      B. English.                      C. Maths.                      D. History.
- (2) Mr. Warden was NOT a "textbook teacher" because \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. his students loved his class  
B. his students discussed in class  
C. he knew a lot more than what he taught  
D. he helped students think for themselves
- (3) The school building usually closed at \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. half past six                      B. seven o'clock                      C. half past seven                      D. eight o'clock

- (4) Which of the following is true?
- A. Mr. Warden didn't like textbooks.  
 B. Mr. Warden often left the school early.  
 C. Mr. Warden loved football more than films.  
 D. Mr. Warden never helped me with my project.
- (5) What does the passage NOT tell us?
- A. Mr. Warden was friendly.                      B. Mr. Warden was helpful.  
 C. Mr. Warden was handsome.                      D. Mr. Warden was hard-working.

28

The Niagara Falls is between Canada and the United States in North America. It's on a river that connects (连接) two of the five Great Lakes. The Niagara Falls has two parts: the Horseshoe Falls on the Canadian side of the river, and the American Falls on the United States' side. They are about 50 metres high. 1, 240 metres wide.

The Niagara Falls has three special falls. The tallest are the, American and Bridal Veil falls on the American side. The falls are colourfully lit up at night, and many people say they're even more beautiful in winter when the grounds are covered with snow and the waters turn to ice.

Most visitors go as close to the falls as possible and watch the waters thundering down. The Niagara Falls is different from the waterfalls you find in mountains, where a thin stream of water comes down a mountainside, half-flying.

Above in the air, you will understand the real difference between the American and Canadian Falls. The American Falls get only about 10% of the water, while the Canadian Falls get 90%.

- (1) The Horseshoe Falls is \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. in the USA    B. in Canada  
 C. in China    D. between Canada and America
- (2) The Niagara Falls is about \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. 50 metres wide                                      B. 1, 240 metres high  
 C. 1, 240 metres long                                D. 50 metres high
- (3) It's said that Niagara Falls is even more beautiful in \_\_\_\_\_ .
- A. winter    B. summer    C. autumn    D. spring
- (4) The word "stream" in the passage means \_\_\_\_\_ in Chinese.
- A. 大海    B. 溪流    C. 湖泊    D. 绿洲
- (5) Which of the following is WRONG?
- A. The Niagara Falls is in North America.    B. The Niagara Falls has two parts.  
 C. The American Falls get most water.        D. The Niagara Falls is very beautiful.



## 六、单词拼写

(本大题共5小题, 每小题1分, 共5分)

- 29 The Champs-Elysees is the most f \_\_\_\_\_ street in Paris.
- 30 Yao Ming is an e \_\_\_\_\_ basketball player.
- 31 She f \_\_\_\_\_ to lock the door, so the door was open all the time.
- 32 The dog is b \_\_\_\_\_ so I don't want to get close to it.
- 33 The rescue team went to s \_\_\_\_\_ the people in danger.

## 七、词性变换

(本大题共10小题, 每小题1分, 共10分)

- 34 It is \_\_\_\_\_ (possible) for these workers to finish the work in two days.They need a week at least.
- 35 Ben often asks me, "What's the \_\_\_\_\_ (mean) of life? "
- 36 Yesterday I saw them enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ (they) in the park.
- 37 He was a very smart businessman and he s \_\_\_\_\_ (success) in his business.
- 38 How can we use rice cooker \_\_\_\_\_ . (safe)
- 39 There was a man \_\_\_\_\_ (lie) under the tree.

40 \_\_\_\_\_ (leaf) can change carbon dioxide into oxygen.

41 Trees are really \_\_\_\_\_ (fight) against air pollution.

42 They come from \_\_\_\_\_ (French) .

43 It is \_\_\_\_\_ (danger) to swim in the river.

## 八、完成句子

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(本大题共10小题, 共15分)

44 他很聪明, 但是有一点懒。

He is clever but \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ lazy.

45 既然你一个人呆在家里, 为什么不来我家呢?

Since you stay at home alone, \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ come to my home?

46 我们必须停止污染水资源。

We must \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ the water.

47 你的手好脏啊! 快去洗!

\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ your hands are! Go and wash them now.

48 昨天我做作业花了大约一个小时。

I \_\_\_\_\_ about an hour \_\_\_\_\_ my homework yesterday.

49 我们班由 22 个男生和 23 个女生组成。

Our class \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 22 boys and 23 girls.

50 嘲笑盲人是不对的。

\_\_\_\_\_ wrong \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ the blind.

51 徐老师总是对我们的英语学习严格。

Miss Xu \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ our English studies.

52 广州以花城闻名。

Guangzhou \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ "Flower City".

53 他就打碎我杯子向我道歉了。

He \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ breaking my cup.