东湖高新区2020-2021学年度下学期期中考试

七年级英语试卷

武汉东湖高新区教育发展研究院命制　　2021年4月

说明：1. 本卷分为选择题和非选择题两部分，满分120分，考试时间100分钟。

2. 请将全部答案写在答题卡上。

第I卷（选择题 共85分）

第一部分 听力部分

一、听力测试（共三节）

第一节 （共4小题，每小题1分，满分4分）

听下面4个问题，每个问题后有三个答语，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每个问题后，你都有5秒钟的时间来作答和阅读下一小题。每个问题仅读一遍。

1. A. Music.　B. The piano.　C. Soccer.
2. A. Miss Wang.　B. No talking.　C. In the classroom.
3. A. Over there.　B. Australia.　C. Small.
4. A. After school.　B. At school.　C. With Emily.

第二节（共8小题，每小题1分，满分8分）

听下面8段对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后，你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

5. Who are the two speakers?
   A. Students.　B. Teachers.　C. Parents.
6. Where are the two speakers?
   A. In the supermarket.　B. On the street.　C. In the library.
7. When can't the boy play chess?
   A. On Fridays.　B. On Saturdays.　C. On Sundays.
8. What is the girl doing now?
   A. Playing chess.　B. Having an English class.　C. Playing the guitar.
9. What does the boy do every day?
   A. He does the dishes.　B. He does the cleaning.　C. He makes the bed.
10. What time is it now?
    A. 5:15.　B. 5:45.　C. 6:15.
11. What can we know about the boy?
    A. He does exercise every day.
    B. He plays the guitar in the evening.
    C. He sometimes exercises on the weekend.
12. What can we learn from the conversation?
    A. The boy can't dance at all.　B. The girl is good at singing.　C. The boy can sing very well.

第三节（共 13 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 13 分）

听下面 4 段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟，听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间，每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话，回答 13 至 15 三个小题。

13. What does Tony think of elephants?

A. Lazy and shy. B. Smart but lazy. C. Interesting and cute.

14. What do we know about Tony?

A. He likes elephants.

B. He also wants to see giraffes.

C. He thinks pandas are beautiful and a little shy.

15. What will they do next?

A. See the pandas. B. See the koalas. C. See the elephants.

听下面一段对话，回答 16 至 18 三个小题。

16. What time does Nick get up?

A. At 6:30 a.m. B. At 6:50 a.m. C. At 7:10 a.m.

17. How does Nick go to school?

A. By bus. B. By bike. C. By car.

18. How long does it take Nick to get to school?

A. About 5 minutes. B. About 20 minutes. C. About 25 minutes.

听下面一段对话，回答 19 至 22 四个小题。

19. How many people are going to the Ocean (海洋) Park together?

A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

20. How much will each of them pay for the ticket?

A. 240 yuan. B. 120 yuan. C. 60 yuan.

21. When will they get to the park?

A. At 2:30 pm. B. At 2:00 pm. C. At 1:45 pm.

22. Why do they go the Ocean Park?

A. The ticket is very cheap.

B. Simon is free on Saturday.

C. They want to see a dolphin show.

听下面一段独白，回答 23 至 25 四个小题。

23. How many times does Jerry take the cat away?

A. 2. B. 3. C. 4.

24. Why does Jerry want to take the cat away?

A. He doesn't like it. B. The cat is too clever. C. The cat is his wife's.

25. What can we know from the text?

A. The cat is lost in the end. B. Jerry can't find his way back. C. The cat helps Jerry come back.

第二部分 笔试部分

二、选择填空（共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分）

从题中所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出一个最佳答案。将代表该答案的字母在答题卡上相应的位置涂黑。

26. — Hey, Jenny! What are you doing this evening?
— Well, _____ .
A. good idea　B. sounds good　C. nothing much　D. I hope so

27. — What bad luck! My keys are lost again.
— _____ . You should be careful.
A. Not at all　B. I'm sorry to hear that　C. Here you are　D. It's a piece of cake

28. — Would you like another coffee?
— _____ . I have to go now.
A. Sorry, you can't　B. I'm afraid I can't　C. No problem　D. It doesn't matter

29. While the grandparents love the children, they are _____ with them.
A. careful　B. busy　C. strict　D. bored

30. — Jack! Why are you late for school again?
— I'm sorry, Mr. Clark. The bus is _____ late.
A. leaving　B. running　C. crossing　D. arriving

31. — We are cleaning the city park. Will you _____ us?
— Sure, with pleasure.
A. join　B. show　C. teach　D. welcome

32. — Vegetables are quite to my _____ .
— That's why you are healthy.
A. surprise　B. story　C. rule　D. taste

33. — Tom works very hard on his lessons.
— Yes. So he is a _____ student in his class.
A. true　B. shy　C. quiet　D. model

34. — Do you all live far from school?
— We live near our school, but he lives on _____ side of town.
A. the other　B. another　C. other　D. the others

35. Cherry blossoms（樱花）are a _____ of Wuhan University.
A. show　B. face　C. symbol　D. picture

36. — Who is playing the guitar in the next room?
— Alice _____ .
A.does　B. is　C. plays　D. has

37. — Jim, _____ me to your parents!
— I will.
A. forget　B. remember　C. bring　D. take

38. — Your mother looks beautiful in green.
— Because of her job, she has to _____ for work.
A. get up　　B. make up　　C. dress up　　D. turn up

39. She often sits _____ the lake, reading a book.
A. on　　B. in　　C. with　　D. by

40. — Can you tell me _____ ?
— About 15 minutes' walk.
A. how do you get to school　　B. if is it far from your home to school
C. how far it is from your home to school　　D. how long it takes you to get to school

三、完形填空（本题共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

Dear humans(人类),

It's the first time I write to you, my children. I used to send you many messages. But you always overlooked(忽视) them. So I decide to write you a __41__ .

First, let me tell you more about our __42__ . Dear humans, besides you, I have many other __43__ . Some of them fly in the sky; some of them __44__ in water; some live in ice-covered places; some run in the grasslands.

They might be very close to you, or even __45__ in your house. But there are others that you may __46__ have chance to meet.

You bring them home to be your __47__ , friends and helpers. You put them in zoos. You kill them __48__ their meat and fur. They bring you money and __49__ . But they also bring you disease(疾病) and death.

I hope you can remember that wild animals are not your __50__ or clothes. They are not killers, either. They are, in fact, your brothers and sisters. You are equal(平等的). You should __51__ together.

Humans, you are __52__ and hardworking. You created colorful cultures and advanced technologies(先进的科技). You can decide __53__ you go, as well as where I go.

But you don't respect me. You change my climate（气候）, my lands, my forests, my rivers ... You ask so much from me, more than what I can __54__ you. I'm worried that one day you will be lonely.

So, grow up, humans. Grow up to be more responsible(负责任的). I hope you and all the wildlife can live __55__ in my arms.

Yours,
Mother Earth

41. A. report　　B. letter　　C. notice　　D. paper
42. A. family　　B. friends　　C. classmates　　D. pets
43. A. students　　B. children　　C. teachers　　D. helpers
44. A. walk　　B. play　　C. ride　　D. swim
45. A. dance　　B. sing　　C. sleep　　D. live

46. A. always	B. often	C. sometimes	D. never
47. A. children	B. pets	C. toys	D. neighbors
48. A. for	B. with	C. in	D. of
49. A. joy	B. sadness	C. exercise	D. life
50. A. fun	B. food	C. dish	D. kind
51. A. go out	B. work out	C. grow up	D. move up
52. A. scary	B. cute	C. smart	D. small
53. A. what	B. why	C. which	D. where
54. A. give	B. teach	C. know	D. keep
55. A. quickly	B. excitedly	C. happily	D. quietly

四、阅读理解（本题共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下面三篇材料，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

FUN COMPUS

A new *Guinness World Record*(吉尼斯世界纪录) was set on April 1.

At the San Diego Jewish Academy, US, 550 students made 868 sandwiches in three minutes. They broke the world record of 490 sandwiches. They gave the sandwiches to homeless and poor people.



Photo provided by TUCHONG

The students who made the sandwiches were from kindergarten(幼儿园)to 12th grade. On that day, they found 52 tables waiting for them in the school gym. On each table, there were slices of bread, lettuce, sliced tomatoes and cheese. Forty-five parent volunteers were ***on hand*** to help.

The students quickly got to work. The youngest students made one sandwich each, while older students made two. Within two minutes, almost all of the students were finished. They happily waved their hands.

School head Chaim Heller thought it was a great practice. It not only brought students together, but also showed the students that anyone can make a sandwich and help someone in need.

Global Times

56. According to the material, we can know that _____ .

A. the news came from FUN COMPUS section

B. 550 students made 686 sandwiches in three minutes

C. the photo was provided by San Diego Jewish Academy

D. a new *Guinness World Record* was set by students from the UK

57. In Para. 2, the underlined phrase ***on hand*** probably means _____ in Chinese.

A. 在手上　　B. 在现场　　C. 在一起　　D. 在远处

58. The students gave the sandwiches to _____.

A. the teachers　　B. the parents　　C. the poor　　D. the old

59. According to the passage, which is true?

A. The students made the sandwiches all by themselves.

B. The students made sandwiches in their classrooms.

C. Not all the students finished making sandwiches in two minutes.

D. The students often make sandwiches at school.

60. What does the writer want to tell us?

A. It's important to learn to do something new.

B. It's interesting to make sandwiches at school.

C. It's easy to teach students to care for the homeless.

D. It's great to help others by doing something different.

B

Many countries have different ideas about different animals, but when we talk about pigs, we may have the same idea of them—pigs are ugly, lazy and stupid.

Just look at the ***idioms*** in Chinese. We have "boiling a dead pig" and "A pig looking in the mirror is still a pig." And in English, they have "eating like a pig" and "sweating like a pig". None of them are good.

In fact, there are some good things about pigs.

First, pigs are not stupid(愚蠢的). Their EQ is like dogs and chimpanzees(黑猩猩). They can remember things for a long time. And some pigs can learn things from people.

Second, pigs are very clean animals. On farms, they live in dirty places, so they are very dirty. In the wild(野外), pigs are very clean.

Third, pigs are very friendly animals. Some people keep them as pets. Of course, people keep the small kind, not the big kind. Small pigs are very cute.

There are cute pigs in cartoons, too. Peppa Pig, for example, a UK cartoon, becomes popular in many countries. The four pigs in the cartoon teach children about love, friendship and family. In China, we have McDull, a pig who works hard to make his dream come true.

61. What can we know from the first two paragraphs?

A. Pigs like looking in a mirror.　　B. People likes talking about pigs.

C. People in many countries dislike pigs.　　D.Pigs in two countries are ugly, lazy and stupid.

62. The underlined the word "***idioms***" in Para. 2 means "_____" in Chinese.

A. 口语　　B. 习语　　C. 标语　　D. 谜语

63. The writer thinks _____.

A. pigs are very clever and cute.　　B. pigs are clean on farms

C. people can keep all pigs as pets　　D. pigs are not really what we often think of

64. Children can't learn something about _____ from Peppa Pig.

A. love　　B. friendship　　C. hard work　　D. family

65. The writer's writing purpose(目的) is probably to _____.

A. clear names for pigs　　B. describe(描述) pigs in cartoons

C. make pigs' dreams come true　　D. talk about pigs in different countries

C

Ben Franklin is only a boy, he always wants to know about things. He is always asking his father and brothers "What?" "How?" and "Why?" They can't always tell him what he wants to know. When such things happen, Ben tries to find out for himself.

Many times Ben finds out things that no one knows before. The other boys would say, "That is Ben Franklin! He's always finding out something new!"

Ben lives close to the water. He likes to go there to see the boats. He sees how the wind blows them across the water.

One day Ben says to himself, "Why cannot the wind help me float(漂浮) across the water? I am going to try." Ben gets his big kite. He takes hold of the kite string and runs with it. The wind takes the kite up into the air. Then Ben jumps into the water. The wind blows the kite high into the air, Ben begins to float across the water, soon he is on the other side .

One boy shouts, "Look at Ben floating across the water! His kite takes him to the other side without any work! "

"Yes," says another, "he is always finding new ways to do things."

66. It seems (似乎) that _____ can always tell Ben the results or answers.

A. his parents　　B. everybody　　C. other boys　　D. nobody

67. We're sure that the other boys _____.

A. always find out something new　　B. always ask many new questions

C. knows that Ben is an unusual boy　　D. would like to help Ben try something new

68. Ben gets his big kite to_____.

A. swim in the water　　B. fly into the air

C. try out his new idea　　D. catch up with the boats

69. Which of the following is TRUE?

A. Ben is always finding out something new.

B. Ben knows the answers all by himself.

C. Ben always wants to do things without work.

D. Ben is always finding new ways to do things successfully.

70. Which of the following can be the best title of the passage?

A. A Boy Living Close to Water　　B. A Boy Flying Big Kite

C. A Boy Playing by Himself　　D. A Boy Looking for New Ways

第 II 卷（非选择题 共 35 分）

五、词与短语选择填空（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

仔细阅读下面五个句子，然后用下面方框中所给的单词或短语填空，使每个句子在结构、意义和逻辑上正确。(提示:**方框中有两个单词或短语是多余的。**)

good for / eats / good with / forgets / rules / delicious / dream

76. If you are free in July and you are _____ old people, you can help at the old people's home.

77. At school, we have more _____—don't be noisy, don't eat in class, ...

78. People often say that "an elephant never _____".

79. Zhu Hui misses his family and wishes to have his mom's _____ zongzi.

80. It's the children's _____ to have a bridge in the village over the running river.

六、阅读理解填词（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处写出各单词的正确形式，单词的第一个字母已给出。

What does it feel like to have a giraffe eat breakfast with you? Sofya Phillippova from Russia can tell you.

Phillippova is a 24-year-old travel blogger(博主). Her j 76 is to travel(旅行) around the world and w 77 about her stories on her blog. This time, she goes to a giraffe hotel in A 78.

This hotel is home to many giraffes. They are f 79 to people. When travelers(旅客) eat outside, the giraffes will lean(倾斜) their heads to them and a 80 for food. When Phillippova is at the hotel, she enjoys sitting on a tree swing(秋千) while greeting and feeding the giraffes.

It seems that giraffes are c 81 . People can see them in zoos. However, this kind of animal is in great d 82. The n 83 of giraffes has gone down by over 40% in the past 30 years. The reason for this is because people are k 84 them. They are also destroying(破坏) their homes to build m 85 houses. It's time for people to protect this special animal before it's too late.

七、书面表达（共 1 大题，满分 15 分）

假设你是李华，此刻正在给你的笔友 Mary 写一封电子邮件，介绍你和你的家人。

内容要点如下：

1. 家离学校 4 公里，每天骑自行车去学校；
2. 参加了学校篮球队；
3. 爸爸是医生，此刻正在医院上班；
4. 妈妈是教师，对学生严格，在班上制定了一些班规；
5. 可适当自由发挥一至两点。

注意：

1. 文中不能透露个人姓名和学校名称；
2. 词数 60-80；
3. 内容连贯，不要逐条翻译；
4. 开头和结尾已给出，不计入总数。

参考词汇： team *n.* 队，组　hospital *n.* 医院　make *v.* 制订

Dear Mary,

I'm *very glad to be friends with you. Now, I want to tell you something about my family.*_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

What about you and your family?

Best wishes!

Li Hua