

2019~2020学年广东广州黄埔区初二下学期期末英语试卷

一、语法选择

(本大题共10小题, 每小题1分, 共10分)

1 Mary Poppins is a series of eight children's books by British author P.L. Travers. The books were published 1 from 1934 to 1988.

They tell the story of magical English nanny (保姆) named Mary Poppins. She 2 by the east wind to Cherry Tree Lane to look after the four children of the Banks' family, including Jane, Michael and two baby twins. But unlike 3 nannies, Mary Poppins could move up banisters (楼梯扶手), pull wonderful things out of her bag and even fly with 4 umbrella! From the moment Mary Poppins stepped through the Banks' door, the children's lives were 5 amazing experiences. Some of 6 adventures (冒险经历) included going to tea party in painting, finding a lost dog and spending a night at the zoo.

The Mary Poppins books are suitable for all age groups. They're not only educational 7 quite fun. P. L. Travers is a great author. Her writing style is special 8 she includes detailed descriptions in stories. They are written in fast-paced (快节奏的) way.

Some readers might find it troubling 9 them. But I think it is a good way to make stories more 10 and fun.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. widen | B. widely | C. width | D. wide |
| 2. A. blow | B. blew | C. is blown | D. was blown |
| 3. A. another | B. others | C. other | D. the others |
| 4. A. the | B. / | C. a | D. an |
| 5. A. full with | B. filled of | C. filled with | D. fill of |
| 6. A. their | B. them | C. themselves | D. theirs |
| 7. A. and | B. also | C. as well | D. but also |
| 8. A. because | B. because of | C. why | D. for |
| 9. A. reading | B. to read | C. read | D. reads |

10. A. interesting

B. interest

C. interested

D. interests

二、完形填空

(本大题共10小题, 每小题1分, 共10分)

2

Nowadays we can see many different kinds of robots in our lives, but do you know when people made the first robots? The first robots were 1 in the 1920s. Robots have appeared in many American 2. In some films, they are stronger, faster and cleverer than people.

In real life, robots are mainly used in factories. They do some dangerous and 3 jobs for humans.

Robots also help 4 people, for example, blind people. Today many blind people have a guide (向导) dog to help them. In the future, guide dogs might be 5 dog. One kind of robot guide dog has wheels. It moves in front of the owner. It is very clever. It knows how 6 its owner walks. So it can always keep the distance. The owner 7 a special belt. This belt sends instructions to the owner from the dog, such as "Stop here", "Turn left" or "Turn right".

Robot are also 8 in American hospitals. They can do simple jobs. At one hospital, for example, a robot takes 9 from the kitchen to patient's rooms. It never gets lost because this robot has a map of the hospital in its electronic (电子的) brain.

Though robots can help people in many ways, they will never 10 humans.

1. A. invented

B. found

C. taken

D. brought

2. A. pictures.

B. schools

C. films

D. companies

3. A. quiet

B. difficult

C. easy

D. lovely

4. A. careful

B. old

C. disabled

D. common

5. A. toy

B. police

C. robot

D. rescue

6. A. well

B. fast

C. slowly

D. dangerously

7. A. wears

B. discovers

C. makes

D. buys

8. A. paid

B. made

C. invented

D. used

9. A. meals

B. tools

C. clothes

D. medicine

10. A. take care of

B. take the place of

C. take part in

D. care for

三、阅读理解

(本大题共20小题, 每小题2分, 共40分)

Once there was a famine (饥荒). A rich cook sent for twenty of the poorest children in the town and said to them, "In this basket there are pieces of bread for each of you. Take it and come back here every day at this time for more."

The hungry children got together around the basket in a hurry, and fought over the bread because each wanted the largest piece. At last they went away even without thanking the good cook. Mary, a poorly-dressed girl, did not fight with the other children, but stood quietly in the distance. When the badly-behaved children had left, Mary took the smallest piece, which was left in the basket. She kissed the cook's hand and went home.

The next day the children were as badly-behaved as before. Mary got a piece of bread almost half the size of the one she got the first day. When she came home, her mother cut the bread. Many new, shining pieces of silver fell out of it.

Her mother was very worried and said, "Take the money back to the cook at once. The silver must have fallen into the dough (面团) by accident. Hurry up, Mary."

When the little girl gave the rich man her mother's message, he said, "There was no mistake. I put the silver pieces into the smallest bread for you as a prize. Always be as satisfied, peaceable and thankful as you now are. Go home now, and tell your mother that the money is yours."

- (1) What did Mary do while the others fought over the bread?
 - A. She stood quietly in the distance.
 - B. She fought over the bread.
 - C. She went home.
 - D. She sent for her mother.
- (2) How did the girl express her thanks to the cook?
 - A. She left quietly without a word.
 - B. She kissed the cook's hand.
 - C. She gave money to the cook.
 - D. She behaved as badly as the other children.
- (3) Why did the cook put the silver pieces into the smallest bread?
 - A. Because he wanted to give them to the poorest child.
 - B. Because Mary's mother was very worried.
 - C. Because he wanted to give them to Mary as a prize.
 - D. Because Mary's family was poor.
- (4) What do you think of Mary's mother?
 - A. She was very rich.
 - B. She was peaceable.
 - C. She was foolish.
 - D. She was very honest.
- (5) What is the passage mainly about?
 - A. Some pieces of bread.
 - B. Some pieces of silver.
 - C. A good girl.
 - D. A rich cook.

Do you want to know what we can do to help make our city a better place to live in? Why not take part in "Clean & Green weekend"? Join us, and you can make new friends and help protect the environment at the same time.

Park Life

Do you like hanging out (闲逛) in the park with your friends? If so, why not take the chance to come with us and tidy up the park as you go? To add some fun, there is a gift for the person who collects the most rubbish! Meet us at the south entrance to Taohe Park at 9 next Saturday if you want to join in.

The Air You Breathe

A great way to make the air cleaner is by planting lots of trees! It is a fact that trees slowly filter (过滤) a lot of pollutants from the air. So come and help us plant some new ones in Fenhe Park at 2 p.m. next Sunday.

War on Graffiti (涂鸦)

Some people think graffiti is cool. Well, it is not! The best way to stop buildings from becoming totally covered in ugly graffiti is to get rid of (处理) it as soon as possible. And that is exactly what we are going to do. We are repainting the school walls from 1 p.m. on Saturday. You don't have to bring any tools, just remember to wear some old clothes!

- (1) The main purpose of "Clean & Green Weekend" is to _____.

A. make our city more beautiful	B. offer the chance to have fun
C. help students meet old friends	D. have a nice weekend
- (2) The students who want to join in the rubbish collecting activity must meet _____.

A. at 1 p.m. on Saturday	B. at 2 p.m. next Sunday
C. at 9 a.m. next Saturday	D. at 3 a.m. on Sunday
- (3) If we're going to repaint the school walls, we need to _____.

A. draw pictures well	B. wear some old clothes
C. bring some tools with us	D. wear some new clothes
- (4) According to the passage, we know _____.

A. graffiti can make the buildings look cool	B. the person who collects rubbish can get a gift
C. we can plant trees to improve the environment	D. we can draw pictures on the wall
- (5) We might read the above passage _____.

A. in a fashion magazine	B. on a school notice board
C. in a newspaper advertisement	D. on a hospital notice board

more expensive. Maybe no one will eat it every day. Instead they will eat more fruits and vegetables. Maybe people will be healthier.

Work in the future will be different, too. Dangerous and hard work will be done by robots. Because of this, many people will not have enough work to do. This will be a problem.

- (1) In the future there will be _____.
A. much more fruits B. more people C. fewer vegetables D. fewer people
- (2) Every family will have at least one _____.
A. robot B. cow C. TV set D. computer
- (3) In the future people don't have to _____.
A. work long hours B. work fast C. walk on foot D. eat rice
- (4) Which of the following changes is not mentioned in the passage?
A. Population B. Food C. Hospital D. Computers
- (5) One big problem in the future is that _____.
A. many people don't have to work
B. many people will not be able to find work
C. people have to work fast
D. all the work will be done by robots

四、阅读填空

(本大题共5小题, 每小题1分, 共5分)

7 Mobile phones are our friends, and we always feel that we can't live without them. With the development of technology, mobile phones change all the time. Can you think of having computer screens or mobile phones that change shapes to tell you when you have a new message? 1

Scientists at the Human Media Lab in Canada invented a special mobile phone called MorePhone. It can be any size and any color. 2 Or you can even jump on it.

It uses very little power, so there is no need for large batteries. It is very light. You can take it with you easily. You can take it when you are on a holiday or when you need to work outside for a long time. 3

Scientists spent about 13 years developing this new phone. 4 "It is not easy to bring a new product to the market because people always don't believe it at first. And you need to show them how good your product is," said one scientist.

It is really a fantastic invention. 5

- A. It can be as thin as a piece of paper.
B. Now they need to encourage people to use it.

- C. And you don't have to worry about the batteries.
- D. Maybe this kind of mobile phone will be popular in the future.
- E. It may sound like an important idea, but in fact, someone has invented it.

五、单词拼写

(本大题共5小题, 每小题1分, 共5分)

- 8 Remember to put away the k_____ after cutting the meat. It's dangerous.
- 9 After working for a long time, I would like to r_____ myself by listening to soft music.
- 10 Don't f_____ the dog with salty food. It'll get ill.
- 11 Few tigers live in the w_____. Most of them are kept in the zoo.
- 12 A terrible s_____ is coming. You'd better stay at home or you will get wet.

六、完成句子

(本大题共5小题, 每小题2分, 共10分)

- 13 昨晚当我在做作业时, 我的弟弟在我旁边读书。
While I _____ my homework, my younger brother _____ his book beside me last night.
- 14 在图书馆保持安静是礼貌的。
_____ polite _____ in the library.
- 15 吃饭之前必须洗手。
Your hands _____ before meals.
- 16 请等我一下, 我会尽快完成的。

Please wait for a while and I will finish it _____.

17 我不再是个孩子了，我能独立完成这项工作。

I'm _____ a kid. I can do it on _____.

七、书面表达

(本大题共1小题，共15分)

18 假设你喜欢养兔子，且认为兔子是最好养的宠物。请你根据下列提示，写一篇文章用英语介绍兔子好养的原因。

提示：

兔子很可爱，抱起来很舒服；

兔子性格温和，从不制造噪音；

兔子喜欢吃青菜不喜欢吃肉；

?? (添加至少一个原因)

要求：1. 必须包含以上要点，可适当发挥；

2. 行文连贯，条理清晰；

3. 80 词左右，可适当发挥；

4. 不透露学校、姓名等任何个人信息，否则不予评分。

I like rabbits.